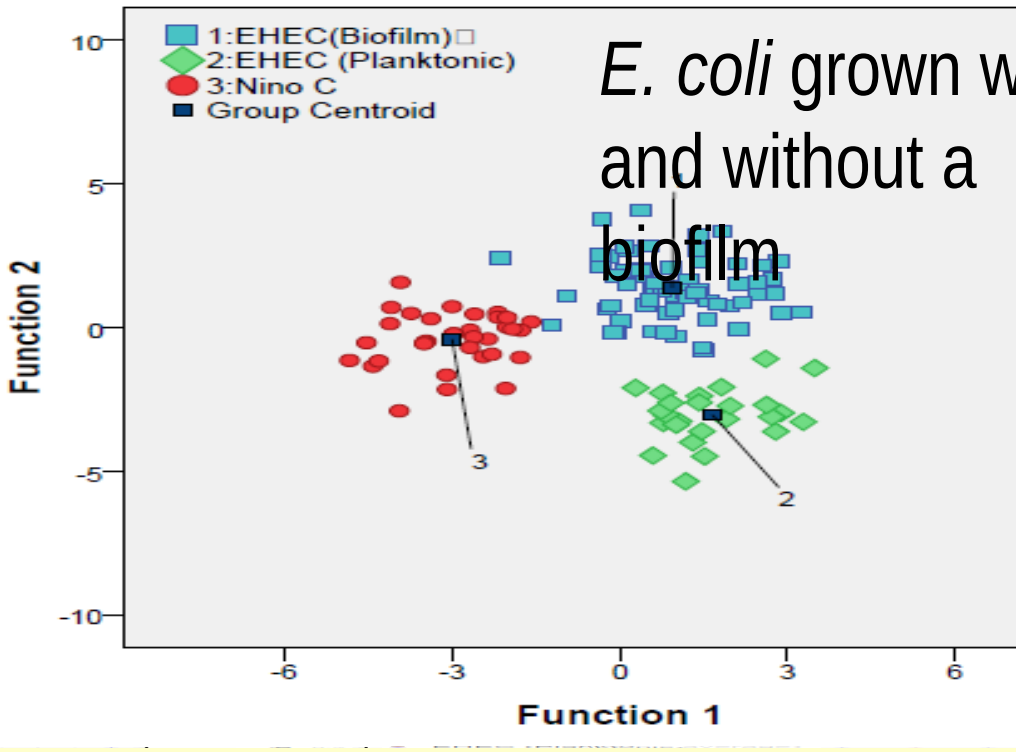
st bacteria prefer to live in biofilms, rather tha
ated cells (planktonic). Biofilms are communiti
sile bacteria embedded in a matrix of extrace
ymeric substances of their own synthesis
ere to a foreign body or a mucosal surface
fer an ability to grow in the presence of antib
overcome host defenses.

Structure Matrix

	Function	
	1	2
.856	-.630*	.215
30.266	.447*	-.292
79.553	.417*	-.328
.914	.239*	.119
39.593a	-.196*	-.143
.560	.104*	.049
.326	.096*	-.002
.618	.083*	.072
35.213	.112	.464*
22.666	-.092	.436*
38.995	-.097	-.127*
03.361	.028	-.123*
06.837	-.019	-.108*



- Our preliminary results show there is an increase in carbo a decrease in magnesium fo EHEC grown in the biofilm s compared to the planktonic (we are trying to understand