

## **The Write Pulse**

Issue no. 9
Punctuation: The Semicolon

To separate independent clauses in a compound sentence when they are not joined by a coordinating conjunction:

Carlos is a great soccer player; he scores at least one goal per game.

Sue won the lottery; she bought a

brand new cherry red Jaguar XJS.

When the idea expressed in each clause has a clear and obvious connection: The fans in the stadium went crazy; it was the winning goal of the World Cup.

My brother's announcement took everyone by surprise; he had been accepted to Harvard Law School.

Used between independent clauses of a compound sentence when they are joined by an adverb: The fans found him charismatic and his teammates were very fond of him; however, his coach did not like his flashy, high-risk style of play.

To separate items in a series if any of the items already contain commas: The team featured three superstars: Sara, the veteran goalkeeper; Fatima, the league's top striker; and Jill, the seventeen year old defensive midfielder.

Helpful Hints

1) Don't overuse semicolons, as this will give your writing a choppy, quality
2) Don't capitalize the word that comes after the semicolon unless it is a proper noun 3) make sure the clauses on each side of the semicolon can stand alone.

Final Thoughts

"I must say I have a great respect for the semicolon; it's a very useful little chap."

-Abraham Lincoln



