THE LINDE GROUP



# Catalogue Specialty Gas and Equipment





# Your Specialty Gas team just got bigger and more global.

BOC and Linde have come together to form the world's largest industrial gases company, and our new Linde Specialty Gas division is bigger and more global than ever.

We are focused on just two things: developing better gas technology and serving you wherever you are in the world.

From ultra high purity atmospheric and specialty gases, to custom gas delivery systems and safety products, we are dedicated to finding innovative ways to supply your laboratory and process applications in ways that are safe – both to the environment and to your bottom line.

Talk to Canada's leading Specialty Gas team. Call us at 1-866-385-5349, or visit us online at www.lindecanada.com.



THE LINDE GROUP



# Contents

- 5 Preface
- 10 Pure Gases
- 52 Gas Mixtures
- 88 Special Application Mixtures
- 112 Environmental Mixtures
- 130 Electronic Gases
- 164 Central Gas Supply
- 170 Regulators
- 198 Switchovers and Gas Panels
- 216 HiQ<sup>®</sup> REDLINE Point of Use
- 224 Flowmeters
- 244 Mass Flow Equipment
- 258 Accessories and Ancillary Equipment
- 306 Physical Data
- 334 Index

At Linde, It's All About Our Customers. Customer satisfaction is Linde's focus. Our goal is to respond to your needs as quickly and effectively as possible. The demanding requirements of today's scientific market are the driving force behind the development of all our products, technologies and support services. We assure you of prompt, courteous service with an unparalleled attention to detail.

#### Ordering Procedures

Our bilingual Customer Service team features dedicated professionals who have in-depth industry experience and technical expertise. They understand your requirements and can provide you with assistance on Linde's diverse range of products and services. When you need assistance or technical support, help is only a phone call away.

#### **Customer Service Centre**

Tel. 1-866-385-5349 Fax 1-866-385-5347 scientific@lindecanada.com

Features of Linde Special Products Customer Service:

- Open 8 a.m. to 5 p.m., Monday to Friday, right across Canada
- One-stop centre for advice on all Linde specialty products and services
- Get product quotations with focus on value-added, cost-saving solutions
- Provide Material Safety Data Sheets upon request
- Receive an order confirmation with each transaction
- Review your transaction history and account status
- View and print invoice copies
- Check your cylinder holdings

To help us serve you, please include the following information when you order: vName of purchaser Purchase order number Shipping address Billing address (if different from shipping) In addition, the following information should be included when ordering from these specific product groups: **Pure Gases** 

- Name of gas
- Purity of gas required
- Size and quantity of containers

#### Mixed Gases

• Mixture composition (names and concentrations of gases)

- Size and quantity of containers
- Mixture type (e.g. primary, certified or unanalyzed)

#### Gas Conrol Equipment

- Gas control equipment
- Name
- Model number
- Quantity
- Special instructions (if any)

#### The Linde Gases and Equipment Warranty

Linde warrants that each of the products described in this catalogue shall, at the time of shipment, conform to such description. Upon confirmation, Linde shall replace any product that does not so conform, provided that such product, or an adequate representative sample, is returned to Linde, with transportation charges prepaid and a Linde credit request tag affixed. This warranty shall not apply to any product that has been repaired or altered by anyone other than an authorized employee of Linde, or that has been subject to abuse, misuse, negligence or accident.

There are no warranties which extend beyond the description of each product set forth in this catalogue other than the foregoing warranty, and Linde makes no warranty of merchantability in respect to any such product.

#### User Responsibility

The products described in this catalogue will perform in conformity with the descriptions thereof (if any), when such products are maintained and used in accordance with the instructions provided. The products must be checked periodically. A defective product should not be used. A product that is broken, has parts missing, is plainly worn, is distorted or is contaminated should be replaced immediately. These products should not be repaired or altered. The user of these products shall have sole responsibility for any malfunction which results from improper use, faulty maintenance, improper repair, damage or alteration by anyone other than Linde.

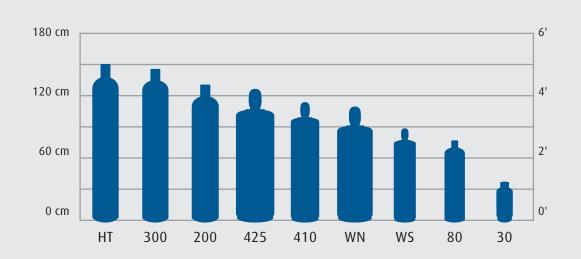
5

# Specialty Gas Cylinder Dimensions

Cylinder Size	Material	Minimal Dimensions Diameter x Height (cap included)	Average Tare Weight (kg)	Water Capacity (L)	Service Pressure (psig)
High Pressure Cylind	ers				
500	Steel	25 x 130 cm (10" x 51")	121	43.0	6,000
HT	Steel	25 x 149 cm (10" x 59")	83	50.0	4,500
HC	Steel	25 x 132 cm (10" x 52")	73	45.1	4,500
300	Steel	25 x 140 cm (10" x 55")	63	49.0	2400
200 and 204 (Nickel lined)	Steel	23 x 130 cm (9" x 51")	55	43.0	2,265 or 2,015
80	Steel	23 x 66 cm (9" x 26")	29	17.0	2,015
30 and 34 (Nickel lined)	Steel	15 x 48 cm (6" x 19")	13	6.75	2,015
10 (formerly DC)	Steel	10 x 33 cm (4" x 13")	5	2.25	2,015
302	Aluminum	25 x 147 cm (10" x 58")	41	46.3	2,216
152	Aluminum	20 x 122 cm (8" x 48")	22	29.5	2,015
82	Aluminum	18 x 84 cm (7" x 33")	14	15.9	2,015
32	Aluminum	18 x 41 cm (7" x 16")	7	5.9	2,015
LB	Steel	5 x 30 cm (2" x 12")	1.6	0.44	1,800
Acetylene Cylinders					
WN	Steel	30 x 124 cm (12" x 49")	80	71.75	250
WS	Steel	20 x 104 cm (8" x 41")	29	23.9	250
Low Pressure Cylinde	ers				
425	Steel	37 x 124 cm (14.5" x 49")	40	108.8	240
LP100	Steel	30 x 140 cm (12" x 55")	51	85.0	480
410	Steel	25 x 140 cm (10" x 55")	41	55.8	480
150LB	Steel	25 x 122 cm (10" x 48")	48	54.4	480
Bulk Containers					
HCl Tonner	Steel	61 x 211 cm (24" x 83")	552	439	800
H <sub>2</sub> S	Steel	76 x 206 cm (30" x 81")	1022	731	800
Transportable Cylind	ers				
6R and 6I	Aluminum (Refillable)	8.3 x 31.5 cm (3.25" x 12.4")	0.7	0.83	1,800
MM58	Aluminum (Disposable)	8.9 x 36.6 cm (3.5" x 14.4")	1.0	1.72	500
MM105	Steel (Disposable)	8.3 x 35.3 cm (3.25" x 13.9")	1.5	1.52	1,000
MM221	Steel (Disposable)	22.9 x 42.5 cm (9" x 16.75")	3.0	12.0	260
MM17	Steel (Disposable)	7 x 27.3 cm (2.75" x 10.75")	0.4	1.0	240

# Cylinder Comparison Chart

BOC	Praxair	Airgas	Air Liquide	Matheson	Spectra	Scott	Linde			
High Pressure Cylinders – Steel										
500	6K	3HP	50XPR	1U	-	-	046			
300	Т	300	50	1L	1	К	049			
200	К	200	44	1A	2	А	044			
80	Q	80	17	2	3	В	016			
30	G	35	7	3	4	С	007			
10	F	7	2	4	5	-	003			
LB	LB	LB	LB	LB	LB	LB	LBS/LBR			
		High	n Pressure Cyli	nders - Alum	inum					
152	AS	150A	30AL	1 R	2A	AL	A31			
82	AQ	80A	_	2R	3A	BL	A16			
32	A3	33A	7AL	3R	4A	CL	A07			
6R	-	-	-	6R	6A	-	-			
			Low Pressu	re Cylinders						
WN	A5	380	69	1B	-	XF	AC390			
WS	CWS	140	23	-	-	-	AC145			
425	FX	350	108	1F	-	XL	110			
LP150	FC		_	1K	_	XG	126			



### General Terms and Conditions of Sale

All sales of the products described in this catalogue shall be governed only by the terms and conditions stated herein. No waiver or change of any of these terms or conditions shall be effective unless made in writing and signed by a duly authorized official of Linde.

In the event of a conflict between any terms and conditions stated on the Buyer's purchase order and Linde's terms and conditions, Linde's full terms and conditions shall prevail.

Buyer shall pay any and all taxes, assessments, excises or impositions levied upon any product or upon any storage, sale, transportation, delivery or use of consumption thereof.

Buyer shall examine and check each product upon receipt and, unless a written claim is delivered to Linde within ten days thereafter, all claims with respect to such product shall be conclusively deemed waived, and the Buyer shall be conclusively deemed to have accepted delivery of such product by Linde as full compliance with all of Linde's obligations to the Buyer with respect to such product.

Linde shall not be liable, under any circumstances, for an amount in excess of the purchase price of any product with respect to which any claim is made. Linde shall not be liable for special damages or for consequential damages under any circumstances. Linde shall not be liable for any failure of or delay in delivery caused by or resulting from any cause whatsoever beyond our reasonable control.

No credit will be allowed for goods or equipment returned without prior written approval.

By acceptance of delivery of each cylinder, fitting or cap, the Buyer agrees to indemnify and hold Linde harmless from and against all loss or damage arising out of injuries to or death of persons and damage to or destruction of property wherever the same may be, in any manner caused by, incident to or connected with any use thereof, or with the contents thereof, subsequent to delivery of the product to the Buyer and prior to the return to Linde.

Suitability of the products ordered for any end use is the sole responsibility of the buyer. All orders accepted by Linde for any product shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the Province of Ontario.

No orders shall be binding unless accepted by Linde in writing, by one of its duly authorized officials.

#### Cylinders

All cylinders remain the property of Linde unless specifically sold outright. Cylinders are offered based on a daily or monthly rental program. Rental rates vary based on the material of construction of the cylinder and valve. On selected products, yearly lease rates are also available.

All cylinders, fittings, and caps provided by Linde in connection with the purchase of gases listed in this catalogue are loaned by Linde to the Buyer. All cylinders will be classified and shipped in compliance with all Transport Canada (TC) regulations.

After the cylinders have been emptied, they are to be promptly returned in good condition and repair, to the point from which they were shipped by Linde. The Buyer shall designate such empty cylinders, fittings and caps on the bill of lading covering the same (which it shall send to Linde) as "empty cylinders returned complete with fittings and caps." Buyers shall pay to Linde on demand the fair value for all cylinders, fittings and caps that have been damaged or not returned to Linde.

Each cylinder shall be marked at the time it is filled by Linde with a label identifying the contents thereof. Caution: the Buyer shall not use any cylinder that is not so marked when received, as use may be hazardous, but shall return each such cylinder to Linde for replacement.

#### Cylinder Information Identification

All Linde compressed gas cylinders, liquefied containers and trailers are marked with appropriate TC specifications and service pressures, and registered ownership symbol(s). Most Linde cylinders are identifiable by cylinder label and ownership name identification on the high pressure cylinder collar.

#### Returns

When empty cylinders, along with fittings and caps, are to be returned, shipping charges must be prepaid, to the location designated on the Linde shipping order which accompanies the cylinder. The customer will be charged for each standard cylinder cap that is damaged or not returned as well as each valve that is damaged or missing.

#### **Customer Cylinders**

Linde will fill customer owned cylinders under the following conditions.

- Linde must receive proof of ownership, and permission in writing prior to filling
- Cylinders must meet TC and Linde safety requirements
- Additional inspection and labeling charges may apply
- Linde will not fill reactive gases in customer owned cylinders
- Linde will not fill products listed in Linde sensitive product guidelines in customer owned cylinders. All product sales must comply with Linde Product Stewardship guidelines.

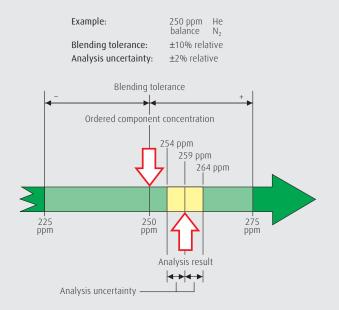
Linde reserves the right to refuse any customer owned cylinder at its discretion.

For a complete outline of our terms and conditions, go to our website: www. lindecanada.com

# Gas Purity and Mixture Accuracy

All gas products are quality controlled. When applicable, an analysis certificate is included with the product. If not included, it can be requested separately at time of order. Please check with your local Linde office to find out what is applicable for the products you order.

- Under the heading 'impurities', the maximum concentration of specified impurities is stated. The actual concentration can be less.
- Purity classification is expressed as a quality code (e.g. 5.5), where the number before the point represents the number of nines and the last number indicates the last decimal (5.5 = 99.9995%, and 6.0 = 99.9999%). The given percentage value represents the defined minimum purity of actual gas. In the case of liquefied gas, the purity always represents the vapourized liquid phase.
- · Standard mixtures are delivered in molar units.
- R&D mixtures are specified by the customer and can be based on volume, weight or molar units or other concentration bases such as, µgram/litre or mg/m<sup>3</sup> on request.
- For all products the material recommendation is valid for cylinder regulators, gas panels and point of use equipment. Central gas supply system recommendations are given with a symbol, and divided into three categories: green, blue and orange. For gas withdrawal with a cylinder regulator, suitable regulators are provided under 'Linde BASELINE™ and HiQ<sup>®</sup> Redline Series'. The recommended cylinder regulators are chosen to secure optimal results at all times.
- If nothing else is stated, the stated pressure is absolute.
- Blending tolerance is the maximum difference between the ordered concentration and the delivered mixture. The blending tolerance varies depending on preparation method and is normally given as percentage relative to the component. A blending tolerance of 10% for a gas mixture with the concentration 250 ppm means that the mixture will contain 250 ppm ±10% of the component. This means a true concentration between 225 ppm and 275 ppm.
- Analysis uncertainty is the maximum difference between the analysis result and the true concentration. Often the uncertainty is the most important quality parameter. The analysis uncertainty

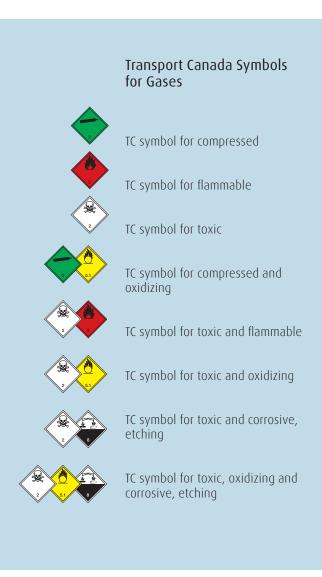


is given as a percentage relative to the analyzed component concentration, which means that 2% analysis uncertainty applied to the blending tolerance example on this page will give an analysis result of 259 ppm ±2%, meaning a true concentration of 254–264 ppm.

- Shelf life is the guaranteed durability time of the analysis result, as long as the mixture has not received improper treatment, and as long as Linde's remarks have been complied with. The shelf lifetime starts when the product is verified/analyzed.
- Pure gases have CAS and UN numbers. The CAS number stands for Chemical Abstract Substance number and is unique for each substance. UN number is a similar type of register number for chemical substances and mixtures issued by the United Nations.

These numbers are given as an aid when searching in international databases.

- Transport data is based on Transport Canada (TC) and is valid for road transport in North America.
- n.a. stands for not applicable, e.g. risks for a ppm gas mixture with air as balance may not have any risk phrase since it is considered as 'polluted' air and not exceeding any safety limits.
- Cylinder size represents common standard sizes. Other sizes can be obtained upon request. Check with your local Linde office for additional information.
- Stated gas volumes/weights refer to minimum content in cases of products with pressure ranges or several supplied pressures.
- Liquefied air gases are delivered in dewars, or tanks at customer premises designed for the purpose. Please contact Linde locally for more specific information.
- Physical data reproduced by permission of DIPPR, the American Institute of Chemical Engineers.
- Note that national laws and regulations govern the permission to produce and use products that may be dangerous due to flammability and/or toxicity. Hence some of the mixtures contained herein may not be permissible in certain local markets.
- Linde reserves the right to make alterations to specifications, quantities, etc., for production or other reasons, subsequent to publication.
- The information contained herein has been prepared by qualified experts within Linde. While we believe that the information is accurate within the limits of the analytical methods employed and is complete to the extent of the specific analyzes performed, we make no warranty or representation as to the suitability of the use of the information for any particular purposes. The information is offered with the understanding that any use of the information is at the sole discretion and risk of the user. In any case Linde's liability arising out of the use of the information contained herein shall be limited to the fee established for providing such information.





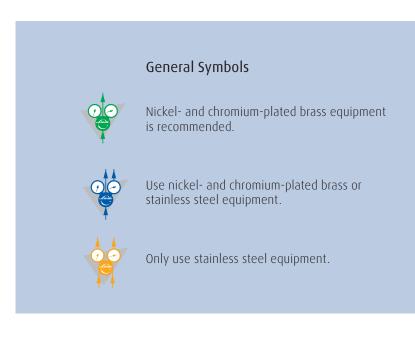
The purity of a gas can often affect the results of a process or the accuracy of a measurement. In many cases, standard gas purities up to 5.0 may be sufficient. However, in some laboratories, a higher standard of reliability may be required in the development phase or for quality control to limit the number of variables.

Linde has a portfolio of more than 100 different products, many of them listed here, along with the various purity levels available. Often it may not just be a question of the purity that matters, but the degree of impurity that makes the real difference meaning, two gases of nominally identical purity may not necessarily have the same effect. Linde can help you determine what product purity will best suit your particular application. For help in choosing the right purity for your application, contact Linde Customer Service or your local Specialty Gas Representative. At Linde, the use of a wide range of state-of-the-art equipment to control production of our high-quality gases and calibration gas mixtures ensures your requirements are supplied in full, on time, in spec.

As a leader in the Canadian market for almost sixty years, Linde continues to work steadily to ensure our high-quality gas products can be used safely and with quality assured. All Specialty Gas regulators, manifolds and supply panels are designed to protect the integrity of the gas stream from supply to delivery point. We have made recommendations for the proper gas regulator for each of our gases listed. Individual information sheets are also available. The benefits of a high purity gas or mixture can be negated with the improper selection of a pressure regulator or gas manifold system. After all, your gas is only as good as your delivery system allows.

Note: Cylinder pressures and contents as listed are based upon the average water capacity of the cylinder, standard atmospheric conditions and temperatures of 21°C. They are subject to variation.

Specifications are expressed in mole/mole basis, gas phase unless otherwise specified.



acetylene* C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>2</sub>	Specifications	Pressure (psig)	Size	Cont m³	ents ft³	Product Code	
Grade 2.6 (99.6%) Atomic Absorption, Purified, A.A.	PH <sub>3</sub> < 15 ppm	250 250	WN WS	10.81 3.69	390 134	24001514 24001515	

\* Dissolved in acetone

 $C_2H_2$ CGA 510 Shipping Name ACETYLENE, DISSOLVED TDG Label Flammable gas CAS Number 74-86-2 MSDS Number 030-01-0003 Hazard Class 2.1 PIN Number UN1001 Molecular Weight 26.04 **Boiling Point** -83.8°C (-118.8°F) Specific Volume 0.918 m<sup>3</sup>/kg (14.7 ft<sup>3</sup>/lb) Flammable Limits 2.5-81 % in Air



Recommended Cylinder Regulator

Equipment Series Material

#### BASELINE™

C1061B

Single Stage Brass

air	Constitutions	Pressure	Size	Contents		Product	
air	Specifications	(psig)	SIZE	M <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>	Code	
Ambient CEM	$CO$ < 0.5 ppm $CO_2$ < 0.5 ppm $NOx$ < 0.1 ppm $SO_2$ < 0.1 ppm         THC       < 0.1 ppm	2,640 2,200 2,000	300 200 152	8.49 6.31 4.07	306 227 143	24070271 24015854 24017298	
<b>Grade 0.1</b> Ultra Zero, Zero 0.1, Zero 1, CO <sub>2</sub> Free	CO < 1 ppm CO <sub>2</sub> < 1 ppm H <sub>2</sub> O < 2 ppm O <sub>2</sub> 20-22% THC < 0.1 ppm	2,640 2,200 2,200	300 200 80	8.49 6.31 2.28	306 227 82	24064466 24064467 24064469	
<b>TOC</b> Total Organic Carbon	CO       < 0.5 ppm	2,640 2,200	300 200	8.49 6.31	306 227	24001980 24001979	
Air Zero Emission Bar 97 Vehicle Emission Zero	CO < 1 ppm CO <sub>2</sub> < 400 ppm NO < 1 ppm THC < 1 ppm	2,640 2,000	300 152	8.49 4.07	306 143	24069023 24001710	
<b>Zero 2</b> Zero Gas	CO       < 5 ppm $CO_2$ < 400 ppm $H_2O$ < 4 ppm $O_2$ 20-22%         THC       < 2 ppm	2,640 2,200 2,200	300 200 80	8.49 6.31 2.38	306 227 82	24064471 24064472 24064473	
<b>Extra Dry</b> E.D., Dry	H <sub>2</sub> O < 10 ppm O <sub>2</sub> 20-22%	2,640 2,200 2,200	300 200 80	8.49 6.31 2.38	306 227 82	24064474 24064475 24064476	
Air Diving Grade	Inquire	2,200	200	6.40	231	24080435	

Air

 CGA
 590 (0

 Shipping Name
 AIR, C

 TDG Label
 Non-fl

 CAS Number
 13225

 MSDS Number
 001-0

 Hazard Class
 2.2

 PIN Number
 UN100

 Molecular Weight
 28.97

 Boiling Point
 1.94.5

 Specific Volume
 0.833

 Flammable Limits
 Non-fl



590 (Diving Grade, 346) AIR, COMPRESSED Non-flammable gas 132259-10-0 001-01-0001 2.2 UN1002 28.97 -194.5°C (-382.1°F) 0.833 m<sup>3</sup>/kg (13.3 ft<sup>3</sup>/lb) Non-flammable

#### **Recommended Cylinder Regulator**

Equipment Series Material

BASELINE™		
C1061B	Single Stage Brass	See page 172
C1061S	Single Stage Stainless Steel	See page 172
C1062B	Dual Stage Brass	See page 176
C1062S	Dual Stage Stainless Steel	See page 176
HiQ <sup>®</sup> REDLINE		
C200/2B	Dual Stage Brass	See page 192
C200/2S	Dual Stage Stainless Steel	See page 192

ammonia NH <sub>3</sub>	Specifications	Pressure (psig)	Size	Cont kg	tents Ib	Product Code
<b>Grade 5.0 (99.999%)</b> Ultra Pure, UHP	$\begin{array}{rrrr} {\sf CH}_4 & < 1 \ {\sf ppm} \\ {\sf CO} & < 1 \ {\sf ppm} \\ {\sf H}_2 {\sf O} & < 5 \ {\sf ppm} \\ {\sf N}_2 & < 5 \ {\sf ppm} \\ {\sf O}_2 & < 1 \ {\sf ppm} \end{array}$	114	152	15.45	34	24063968
<b>Grade 4.0 (99.99%)</b> Anhydrous	H <sub>2</sub> O < 35 ppm Oil < 2 ppm	114 114 114	150 LP100 200	68.07 45.40 22.68	150 100 50	24001518 24001937 24001517



NH₃ CGA

CGA 705 Shipping Name AMMONIA, ANHYDROUS Non-flammable gas, and corrosive TDG Label CAS Number 7764-41-7 **MSDS Number** 012-01-0009 Hazard Class 2.2 (8) **PIN Number** UN1005 Molecular Weight 17.03 **Boiling Point** -33.4°C (-28.0°F) Specific Volume 1.4m<sup>3</sup>/kg (22.6 ft<sup>3</sup>/lb) Flammable Limits 15–28% in Air

#### Recommended Cylinder Regulator

Equipment Series	Material	
BASELINE™		
C1061S	Single Stage Stainless Steel	See page 172
HiQ <sup>®</sup> REDLINE		
C200/1S	Single Stage Stainless Steel	See page 190
S203S	Gas Panel	See page 212

	Constitutions	Pressure	Size	Contents		Product	
argon Ar	Specifications	(psig)	SIZE	M <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>	Code	
<b>Grade 6.0 (99.9999%)</b> Research	CO< 0.1 ppm $CO_2$ < 0.1 ppm	2,640	200	6.73	243	24001524	
<b>BIP®</b> See page 28 for more information. *THC as CH₄	H <sub>2</sub> O < 20 ppb N <sub>2</sub> < 1 ppb O <sub>2</sub> < 10 ppb THC* < 100 ppb	2,640	300	9.18	331	24068702	
Grade 5.3 (99.9993%) UPC, Chromatographic	$H_{2}O$ < 1 ppm $N_{2}$ < 8 ppm $O_{2}$ < 2 ppm THC < 0.5 ppm	2,640 2,200	300 200	9.18 6.73	331 243	24068706 24068701	
<b>Grade 5.0 (99.999%)</b> Ultra Pure, UHP	H <sub>2</sub> O < 2 ppm O <sub>2</sub> < 2 ppm THC < 0.5 ppm	2,640 2,200 2,200	300 200 80	9.18 6.73 2.42	331 243 87	24001306 24000021 24001307	
<b>Grade 4.8 (99.998%)</b> Zero Grade, Prepurified, High Purity, Low Oxygen	H <sub>2</sub> O < 3.5 ppm O <sub>2</sub> < 4 ppm	4,500 2,640 2,200 2,200	HC 300 200 80	13.90 9.18 6.73 2.42	491 331 243 87	24001315 24001311 24001312 24001313	
High Pressure		6,000	500	16.14	570	24017301	



CGA Shipping Name TDG Label CAS Number MSDS Number Hazard Class **PIN Number** Molecular Weight 39.95 **Boiling Point** Specific Volume



580 (4,500 psig 680; 6,000 psig 677) ARGON, COMPRESSED Non-flammable gas 7440-37-1 002-01-0001 (gas) 2.2 UN1006 (gas) -185.9°C (-302.6°F) 0.604 m³/kg (9.7 ft³/lb) Flammable Limits Non-flammable

#### **Recommended Cylinder Regulator**

Equipment Series	Material	
BASELINE™		
C1061B	Single Stage Brass	See page 172
C1062B	Dual Stage Brass	See page 176
C3060	Dual Stage Brass (for CGA 677)	See page 184
HiQ <sup>®</sup> REDLINE		
C200/2B	Dual Stage Brass	See page 192
C200/2S	Dual Stage Stainless Steel	See page 192

argon	Ar	Specifications	Size	Contents		Product	
digon				m <sup>3</sup>	ft³	Code	
<b>Liquid ICP</b> Argon, Refrigerated liquid		H <sub>2</sub> O < 5 ppm O <sub>2</sub> < 3 ppm THC < 0.5 ppm	PLC450 HP 350 PLC230 HP 350 PLC180 HP 350 PLC160 HP 230	299.81 162.80 131.00 119.00	10,588 5,749 4,626 4,202	24078295 24064551 24064553 24064556	

Ar

CGA580Shipping NameARGON, REFRIGHTDG LabelNon-flammableCAS Number7440-37-1MSDS Number15-01-0004 (liqHazard Class2.2PIN NumberUN1951 (liquidMolecular Weight39.95Boiling Point-185.9°C (-302.0)Specific Volume0.604 m³/kg (9)Flammable LimitsNon-flammable



580 ARGON, REFRIGERATED LIQUID Non-flammable gas 7440-37-1 15-01-0004 (liquid refrigerated) 2.2 UN1951 (liquid refrigerated) 39.95 -185.9°C (-302.6°F) 0.604 m<sup>3</sup>/kg (9.7 ft<sup>3</sup>/lb) Non-flammable

#### Recommended Cylinder Regulator

Equipment Series Material

BASELINE
----------

C1061B	Single Stage Brass	See page 172
C1061S	Single Stage Stainless Steel	See page 172

1,3-butadiene C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>6</sub>	Specifi	cations	Pressure (psig)	Size	Cont kg	ents Ib	Product Code
Grade 2.5 (99.5%) Instrument	Inquire		21.4	200	20.41	45	24063918
<b>Grade 2.0 (99% Liquid Phase)</b> <i>CP, Commercial Grade</i>	1-Butene C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>8</sub> Cis-2-butene H <sub>2</sub> O N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> Propylene Sulphur Trans-2-butene	< 1,500 ppm < 1,500 ppm < 2,500 ppm < 10 ppm < 150 ppm < 50 ppm < 5 ppm < 1 ppm < 2,500 ppm	21.4 21.4	425 80	61.23 7.71	135 17	24063921 24080803

C	<sub>4</sub> ŀ	<b>H</b> <sub>6</sub>	
~	~		

CGA Shipping Name TDG Label CAS No. MSDS No. Hazard Class **PIN Number** Molecular Weight 54.09 **Boiling Point** Specific Volume Flammable Limits 2-12 % in air



BUTADIENES, STABILIZED Flammable gas 106-99-0 059-01-0010 2.1 UN 1010 -4.4°C (-24.1°F) 0.43 m<sup>3</sup>/kg (6.9 ft<sup>3</sup>/lb)

#### Recommended Cylinder Regulator

Equipment Series Material

#### BASELINE™

BASELINE		
C1061B	Single Stage Brass	See page 172
C1061S	Single Stage Stainless Steel	See page 172

n-butane C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>10</sub>	Specifications	Pressure	Size	Contents		Product
	opecifications	(psig)		kg	lb	Code
Grade 2.5 (99.5% Liquid Phase)	Air< 500 ppm $CH_4$ < 100 ppm	16	425	54.43	120	24017470
Instrument		16	80	7.26	16	24080857
<b>Grade 2.0 (99% Liquid Phase)</b>	$\begin{array}{ll} {\sf CH}_4 &< 500 \ {\sf ppm} \\ {\sf C}_2{\sf H}_6 &< 1,500 \ {\sf ppm} \\ {\sf C}_3{\sf H}_8 &< 2,500 \ {\sf ppm} \\ {\sf C}_4{\sf H}_{10} &< 3,000 \ {\sf ppm} \\ {\sf H}_2{\sf O} &< 5 \ {\sf ppm} \\ {\sf O}_2 &< 50 \ {\sf ppm} \\ {\sf N}_2 &< 250 \ {\sf ppm} \\ {\sf Pentanes} < 1,500 \ {\sf ppm} \\ {\sf Sulphur} &< 1 \ {\sf ppm} \end{array}$	16	425	54.43	120	24017325
<i>CP</i>		16	200	18.14	40	24017324

$C_4H_{10}$	2
CGA	510
Shipping Name	BUTANE
TDG Label	Flammable gas
CAS Number	106-97-8
MSDS Number	009-01-0003
Hazard Class	2.1
PIN Number	UN 1011
Molecular Weight	58.12
Boiling Point	-0.5°C (31.1°F)
Specific Volume	0.3995 m³/kg (6.4 f³/lb)
Flammable Limits	1.8–8.4 % in Air

#### Recommended Cylinder Regulator

Equipment Series Material

DAJELINE	DAJLINE						
C1061B	Single Stage Brass	See page 172					
C1061S	Single Stage Stainless Steel	See page 172					

carbon dioxide CO	I Specifications I	Pressure (psig) Size	Contents		Product	
	specifications		3120	kg	lb	Code
<b>Grade 5.0 (99.999%)</b> Research	$CH_4 < 0.5 ppm$ CO < 1 ppm $H_2O < 2 ppm$ $N_2 < 8 ppm$ $O_2 < 2 ppm$	830	152	18.14	40	24001530
Grade 4.0 (99.99%) Coleman, Anaerobic	$H_2O < 10 \text{ ppm}$ $N_2 < 50 \text{ ppm}$ $O_2 < 20 \text{ ppm}$ THC < 10 ppm	830 830 830	200 200 (DT) 80	25.85 25.85 9.07	57 57 20	24001324 24062141 24001325
Grade 2.8 (99.8% Liquid Phase) Bone Dry, Commercial		830 830	200 200 (DT)	25.85 25.85	57 57	24070340 24063833



CGA Shipping Name TDG Label **CAS Number MSDS Number Hazard Class** PIN Number Molecular Weight 44.01 **Boiling Point** Specific Volume Flammable Limits Non-flammable



320 CARBON DIOXIDE Non-flammable gas 124-38-9 014-01-0001 (gas) 2.2 UN 1013 (gas) -78.4°C (-109.3°F)  $0.547 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg}$  (8.74 ft<sup>3</sup>/lb)

#### Recommended Cylinder Regulator

Equipment Series Material

BASELINE™	
-----------	--

C1061B	Single Stage Brass	See page 172
C1061S	Single Stage Stainless Steel	See page 172
HiQ <sup>®</sup> REDLINE		
C200/1B	Single Stage Brass	See page 190
C200/2B	Dual Stage Brass	See page 190
C200/1S	Single Stage Stainless Steel	See page 192
C200/2S	Dual Stage Stainless Steel	See page 192

carbon dioxide CO	Consifications	Pressure Size	Contents		Product	
carbon dioxide CO <sub>2</sub>	Specifications	(psig)	SIZE	M <sup>3</sup>	ft³	Code
Lasershield						
Lasershield 4.5 (99.995%)	$H_{2}O < 5 \text{ ppm}$ $O_{2} < 10 \text{ ppm}$ THC < 1 ppm	830	200	25.85	57	24001321
Lasershield 4.0 (99.99%)	$H_2O$ < 10 ppm $N_2$ < 70 ppm $O_2$ < 20 ppm THC < 10 ppm	830	200 PCL230 HP 350	25.85 239.50	57 528	24001418 24064558
Supercritical Fluid						
SFC Grade 5.0 (99.999% Liquid Phase) with Helium Pressure @ 1,500 psig	$H_2O < 1 \text{ ppm}$ $N_2 < 5 \text{ ppm}$ $O_2 < 5 \text{ ppm}$ THC < 50 ppb	830	152 (DT)	18.14	40	24070761
SFC Grade 5.0 (99.999% Liquid Phase) without Helium Pressurization	$H_2O < 1 \text{ ppm}$ $N_2 < 5 \text{ ppm}$ $O_2 < 5 \text{ ppm}$ THC < 50 ppb	830	152 (DT)	18.14	40	24017467



CGA 320 Shipping Name CARBON DIOXIDE Non-flammable gas TDG Label **CAS Number** 124-38-9 **MSDS Number** 014-01-0001 (gas) 023-01-0004 (liquid refrigerated) **Hazard Class** 2.2 PIN Number UN 1013 (gas) UN 2187 (liquid refrigerated) Molecular Weight 44.01 **Boiling Point** -78.4°C (-109.3°F)  $0.547 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg}$  (8.74 ft<sup>3</sup>/lb) **Specific Volume** Flammable Limits Non-flammable

CO<sub>2</sub>

#### **Recommended Cylinder Regulator**

Equipment Series	Material	
BASELINE™		
C1061B	Single Stage Brass	See page 172
C1061S	Single Stage Stainless Steel	See page 172
HiQ <sup>®</sup> REDLINE		
C200/2B	Dual Stage Brass	See page 192
C200/2S	Dual Stage Stainless Steel	See page 192

carbon monoxide CO	Specifications	Pressure	Size	Cont	ents	Product
	specifications	(psig)	5120	M <sup>3</sup>	ft³	Code
<b>Grade 4.0 (99.99%)</b> <i>Research</i>	$\begin{array}{ll} {\rm CO}_2 &< 30 \ {\rm ppm} \\ {\rm H}_2 {\rm O} &< 10 \ {\rm ppm} \\ {\rm N}_2 &< 40 \ {\rm ppm} \\ {\rm O}_2 &< 10 \ {\rm ppm} \\ {\rm THC} &< 10 \ {\rm ppm} \end{array}$	1,650 1,650	200 80	4.79 1.89	173 68	24001324 24063855
Grade 2.3 (99.3%) CP	$CO_2$ < 100 ppm $H_2O$ < 20 ppm $N_2$ < 4,500 ppm $O_2$ < 100 ppm	1,650 1,650	200 80	4.79 1.89	173 68	24001538 24001534
Grade 1.8 (98%) Commercial	H <sub>2</sub> 0 < 20 ppm	1,650 1,650	200 80	4.79 1.89	173 68	24001952 24000046

C0

CGA Shipping Name TDG Label CAS Number **MSDS Number** Hazard Class **PIN Number** Molecular Weight 28.01 **Boiling Point** Specific Volume Flammable Limits 12.5-74 % in Air



CARBON MONOXIDE, COMPRESSED Poison Gas and Flammable gas 630-08-0 013-01-0010 2.3 (2.1) UN 1016 -191.5°C (-312.7°F) 0.8615 m<sup>3</sup>/kg (13.8 ft<sup>3</sup>/lb)

#### **Recommended Cylinder Regulator**

Material Equipment Series BASELINE™ C1061B Single Stage Brass See page 172 Single Stage Stainless Steel C1061S See page 172 Dual Stage Brass C1062B See page 176 C1062S Dual Stage Stainless Steel See page 176

chlorine Cl <sub>a</sub>	Constitutions	Pressure	Size	Cont	ents	Product Code
chionne ci <sub>2</sub>	Specifications	(psig)	SIZE	kg	lb	
Grade 4.0 (99.99%) Ultra Pure, UHP	$CH_4 < 1 \text{ ppm}$ CO < 5  ppm $CO_2 < 30 \text{ ppm}$ $N_2 < 50 \text{ ppm}$ $O_2 < 50 \text{ ppm}$	85 85	30 10	6.80 2.27	15 5	24066844 24017445
Grade 2.5 (99.5% Liquid Phase) High Purity	$CCl_4$ < 50 ppm wt H <sub>2</sub> O < 50 ppm wt Total Chloromethanes < 75 ppm wt	85 85 85	150LB 30 10	68.04 6.80 2.27	150LB 15 5	V24063917 24017627 24000031

 $Cl_2$ 

CGA Shipping Name TDG Label CAS Number **MSDS Number** Hazard Class PIN Number Molecular Weight 70.91 **Boiling Point** Specific Volume Flammable Limits Non-flammable



CHLORINE Poison gas and corrosive 7782-50-5 005-01-0009 2.3 (8) UN 1017 -34.05°C (-29.3°F) 0.3371 m³/kg (5.4 ft³/lb)

#### Recommended Cylinder Regulator

Equipment Series Material

#### **HiQ® REDLINE**

C200/1S

Single Stage Stainless Steel See page 190

deuterium D <sub>2</sub>	Specifications	Pressure (psig)	Size	Contents litres	Product Code
Grade 5.0 (99.999%) Chemical	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	2,000	200	6,200	24081301
Purity, Isotopic 99.8%		1,980	80	2,000	24082033
Research		1,950	10	350	24082040
Grade 4.5 (99.995%) Chemical	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	2,000	200	6,200	24063838
Purity, Isotopic 99.7%		1,980	80	2,000	24001532
Ultra Pure, UHP		1,950	10	350	24001531

n	
υ	2

CGA Shipping Name TDG Label CAS Number MSDS Number Hazard Class **PIN Number** Molecular Weight 4.03 **Boiling Point** Specific Volume Flammable Limits 4.9–75 % in Air



350 DEUTERIUM, COMPRESSED Flammable gas 7782-39-0 036-01-0003 2.1 UN 1957 -249.5°C (-417.3°F)  $5.99 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg}$  (96.0 ft<sup>3</sup>/lb)

#### Recommended Cylinder Regulator

Equipment Series Material

#### 

HIQ <sup>®</sup> REDLINE		
C200/2B	Dual Stage Brass	See page 192
C200/2S	Dual Stage Stainless Steel	See page 192

ethane C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>6</sub>	Specifications	Pressure (psig)	Size	Cont kg	ents Ib	Product Code
Grade 2.0 (99% Liquid Phase) CP		543 543	200 80	14.52 4.54	32 10	24001857 24001537

 $C_2H_6$ CGA 350 Shipping Name ETHANE, COMPRESSED TDG Label Flammable gas CAS Number 78-84-0 **MSDS Number** 038-01-0003 Hazard Class 2.1 PIN Number UN 1035 Molecular Weight 30.07 **Boiling Point** -88.6°C (-127.5°F) 0.7991 m³/kg (12.8 ft³/lb) Specific Volume Flammable Limits 3-12.4 % in Air



Recommended Cylinder Regulator

Equipment Series Material

#### BASELINE™

C1061B

Single Stage Brass

athylana	сц	Specifications	Pressure	Size	Cont	ents	Product
ethylene	$C_2H_4$	specifications	(psig)	2176	kg	lb	Code
<b>Grade 5.0 (99.999%)</b> Research		$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	1,250 1,250	200 30	13.60 2.27	30 5	24063963 24017464
<b>Grade 3.0 (99.9%)</b> Polymer		$H_2O < 5 \text{ ppm}$ $O_2 < 10 \text{ ppm}$	1,250 1,250	200 80	13.60 4.99	30 10	24017335 24017336
Grade 2.5 (99.5%) CP, Technical			1,250 1,250	200 80	13.60 4.99	30 10	24001535 24000036

<b>c</b> <sub>2</sub> <b>··</b> <sub>4</sub>		Η	4
--	--	---	---

CGA Shipping Name TDG Label CAS Number MSDS Number Hazard Class **PIN Number** Molecular Weight 28.05 **Boiling Point** Specific Volume Flammable Limits 3.1-42 % in Air



350 ETHYLENE, COMPRESSED Flammable gas 74-85-1 039-01-0003 2.1 UN 1962 -103.7°C (-154.7°F) 0.8615 m<sup>3</sup>/kg (13.8 ft<sup>3</sup>/lb)

#### Recommended Cylinder Regulator

Equipment Series Material BASELINE™ Single Stage Brass C1061B See page 172 **HiQ® REDLINE** C200/1B Single Stage Brass See page 190

helium He	Specifications	Pressure	Size		ents	Product
	'	(psig)		M <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>	Code
<b>Grade 6.0 (99.9999%)</b> Research	$\begin{array}{ll} \text{CO} & < 0.1 \text{ ppm} \\ \text{CO}_2 & < 0.1 \text{ ppm} \\ \text{H}_2 \text{O} & < 0.2 \text{ ppm} \\ \text{N}_2 & < 0.4 \text{ ppm} \\ \text{O}_2 & < 0.1 \text{ ppm} \\ \text{THC} & < 0.1 \text{ ppm} \end{array}$	2,640 2,200	300 200	7.99 5.93	288 214	24001546 24001544
BIP® See page 28 for more information. *THC as CH <sub>4</sub> ** CFC = Halocarbon	CFC** < 1 ppb H <sub>2</sub> O < 20 ppb N <sub>2</sub> < 1 ppm O <sub>2</sub> < 10 ppb THC* < 100 ppb	2,640	300	7.99	288	24068832
<b>Grade 5.3 (99.9993%)</b> UPC	$\begin{array}{rrrr} {\rm CO}_2 & < 1 \ {\rm ppm} \\ {\rm H}_2 {\rm O} & < 1 \ {\rm ppm} \\ {\rm N}_2 & < 5 \ {\rm ppm} \\ {\rm O}_2 & < 1 \ {\rm ppm} \\ {\rm THC} & < 0.5 \ {\rm ppm} \end{array}$	2,640	300	7.99	288	24069235
<b>Grade 5.0 (99.999%)</b> Ultra Pure, UHP (MCPs available on request)	$\begin{array}{rrrr} {\rm CO}_2 & < 1 \ {\rm ppm} \\ {\rm H}_2 {\rm O} & < 5 \ {\rm ppm} \\ {\rm N}_2 & < 8 \ {\rm ppm} \\ {\rm O}_2 & < 4 \ {\rm ppm} \\ {\rm THC} & < 0.5 \ {\rm ppm} \end{array}$	2,640 2,200 2,000	300 200 80	7.99 5.93 2.18	288 214 80	24001333 24001334 24001335
<b>Grade 4.7 (99.997%)</b> Zero Grade, High Purity	H <sub>2</sub> O < 5 ppm O <sub>2</sub> < 5 ppm THC < 0.5 ppm	2,640 2,200 2,000	300 200 80	7.99 5.93 2.18	288 214 80	24001339 24001340 24001341
Lasershield						
Grade 4.7 (99.997%)	$H_2O$ < 3 ppm $O_2$ < 3 ppm THC < 1 ppm	2,640	300	7.99	288	24001337
Helium Diving Grade		580	200	6.03	217	24079102

Не



CGA 580 Shipping Name HELIUM, COMPRESSED TDG Label Non-flammable gas 7440-59-7 CAS Number **MSDS Number** 033-01-0001 (gas) Hazard Class 2.2 **PIN Number** UN 1046 (gas) Molecular Weight 4.003 **Boiling Point** -268.9°C (-452.1°F) Specific Volume 6.03 m<sup>3</sup>/kg (96.7 ft<sup>3</sup>/lb) Flammable Limits Non-flammable

#### **Recommended Cylinder Regulator**

Equipment Series Material

BASELINE™		
C1061B	Single Stage Brass	See page 172
C1061S	Single Stage Stainless Steel	See page 172
C1062B	Dual Stage Brass	See page 176
C1062S	Dual Stage Stainless Steel	See page 176
HiQ <sup>®</sup> REDLINE		
C200/2B	Dual Stage Brass	See page 192
C200/2S	Dual Stage Stainless Steel	See page 192

helium	Не	Specifications	Pressure (psig)	Size	Contents litres	Product Code
Liquid			PLC500 PLC250	LP 022 LP 022	500 250	24064571 24064575
			PLC100 PLC60	LP 022 LP 022	100 60	24064574 24064573
			PLC30	LP 022	30	24064572

HeCGA580Shipping NameHELIUM, REFRIGTDG LabelNon-flammableCAS Number7440-59-7MSDS Number032-01-0004 (liHazard Class2.2PIN NumberUN 1963 (liquidMolecular Weight4.003Boiling Point-268.9°C (-452.Specific VolumeKon-flammableFlammable LimitsNon-flammable



580 HELIUM, REFRIGERATED LIQUID Non-flammable gas 7440-59-7 032-01-0004 (liquid refrigerated) 2.2 UN 1963 (liquid refrigerated) 4.003 -268.9°C (-452.1°F) 6.03 m³/kg (96.7 ft³/lb) Non-flammable

#### Recommended Cylinder Regulator

Equipment Series Material

#### BASELINE™

C1061BSingle Stage BrassSee page 172C1061SSingle Stage Stainless SteelSee page 172

# BIP<sup>®</sup> Technology

#### Setting the Standard in High Purity Gases

#### The Problem

In gas chromatography, surveys have shown that more than 70% of problems with GC analysis come from the impurities in the carrier gas used. Specifically, levels of Oxygen and Moisture in carrier gases can cause significant damage to expensive columns and the damage is usually done before being detected.

#### The Requirement

In today's competitive process and analytical markets, there is constant pressure to increase productivity, optimize processes and improve quality while minimizing costs. Add in ongoing environmental requirements and you have an increased demand for more accurate and reliable analyses of a wide range of complex chemical compounds. Until now, finding a consistent, premium-grade gas at affordable prices was a formidable challenge.

#### The Process

In-cylinder purification offers you the very highest purity levels for the most demanding laboratory applications. We start with our ultra high purity gas, which is filled into our BIP® cylinders. With total control over the cylinder condition and its contents, Linde is able to guarantee that the gas leaving the BIP® system will remain consistent, cylinder after cylinder, from start to finish.

#### The Solution

Linde BIP® Grade Helium, Nitrogen and Argon have a patented delivery system where the gas purification is built into each cylinder. BIP® allows total control over the cylinder condition and its contents, and lets Linde guarantee that the gas leaving each BIP® cylinder contains less than 10 ppb Oxygen and 20 ppb water. With BIP® cylinders, no special equipment is required, allowing continued use of your current Specialty Gas supply systems.

For more information contact Customer Service.



#### The Benefits

- Each cylinder has an individual internal purifier system to guarantee purity. No rogue cylinder contamination
- Reduces levels of Oxygen and Moisture to ppb levels
- Reduces baseline noise
- Allows better peak separation
- Extends the life of expensive GC columns .
- . Purification processes are proven much more efficient at higher gas pressures. As BIP<sup>®</sup> is always at cylinder pressure, it is much more efficient than downstream external in-line purifiers
- External Filter Systems are costly to maintain, and reduce productivity by taking the focus away from the GC. BIP® removes the requirement, and the expense

#### **BIP®** Equipment Recommendation

High Purity Dual Stage Regulator: Model C200/2B100A580 Brass Model C200/2S100A580 Stainless Steel High Purity Single Stage Gas Supply Panel: S202B100FH1580 Brass Single Gas Panel with Purge S202S100FH1580 Stainless Steel Single Gas Panel with Purge

#### **BIP®** Specifications

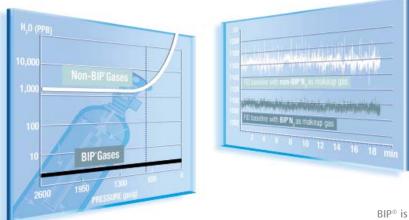
	Arg	jon	Hel	ium	Nitro	ogen
Grade	5.3	BIP®	5.3	BIP®	5.3	BIP®
CFC**	-	-	-	< 1 ppb	-	< 1 ppb
СО	-	-	-	-	< 1 ppm	-
CO <sub>2</sub>	-	-	< 1 ppm	-	< 1 ppm	-
H <sub>2</sub> O	< 1 ppm	< 20 ppb	< 1 ppm	< 20 ppb	< 1 ppm	< 20 ppb
N <sub>2</sub>	< 8 ppm	< 1 ppb	< 5 ppm	< 1ppm	-	-
02	< 2 ppm	< 10 ppb	< 1 ppm	< 10 ppb	< 2 ppm	< 10 ppb
THC*	< 0.5 ppm	< 100 ppb	< 0.5 ppm	< 100 ppb	< 0.5 ppm	< 100 ppb



\*THC as CH₄ \*\* CFC = Halocarbon

Certificate of Conformance on Source Material available on request

Note: These specifications are for the product gas after it has passed through the BIP® purifier system.



hydrogen H <sub>2</sub>	Specifications	Pressure	Size	Cont	ents	Product
	specifications	(psig)	5120	m <sup>3</sup>	ft³	Code
<b>Grade 5.5 (99.9995%)</b> Research	CO< 0.5 ppm $CO_2$ < 0.5 ppm	2,400 2,000	300 200	7.15 5.32	258 192	24001945 24000025
<b>Grade 5.3 (99.9993%)</b> UPC	H <sub>2</sub> O < 2 ppm N <sub>2</sub> < 7 ppm O <sub>2</sub> < 1 ppm THC < 0.5 ppm	2,400 2,000	300 200	7.15 5.32	258 192	24068763 24068836
<b>Grade 5.0 (99.999%)</b> Ultra Pure, UHP	$CO_2$ < 1 ppm $H_2O$ < 3 ppm $N_2$ < 5 ppm $O_2$ < 2 ppm THC < 0.5 ppm	2,400 2,000	300 200	7.15 5.32	258 192	24001876 24001551
Grade 4.0 (99.99%) High Purity, HP, Extra Dry, Prepurified, Purified	$H_2O < 8 \text{ ppm}$ $N_2 < 10 \text{ ppm}$ $O_2 < 5 \text{ ppm}$ THC < 0.5 ppm	2,400 2,000	300 200	7.15 5.32	258 192	24001548 24001554
Zero Gas	H <sub>2</sub> O < 8 ppm THC < 0.5 ppm	2,400 2,200 2,000	300 200 80	7.15 5.32 2.10	258 192 76	24001347 24001565 24001566



#### **Recommended Cylinder Regulator**

Equipment Series Material

BASELINE™		
C1061B	Single Stage Brass	See page 172
C1061S	Single Stage Stainless Steel	See page 172
C1062B	Dual Stage Brass	See page 176
C1062S	Dual Stage Stainless Steel	See page 176
HiQ <sup>®</sup> REDLINE		
C200/2B	Dual Stage Brass	See page 192
C200/2S	Dual Stage Stainless Steel	See page 192

hydrogen chloride HCl	Specifications	Pressure (psig)	Size	Cont kg	ents Ib	Product Code
<b>Grade 2.0 (99% Liquid Phase)</b> Technical Purity		613 613 613	T.C. 200 (DT) 80	272.15 24.95 9.07	600 55 20	24064821 24074379 24063916

Trailers available on request

HCl CGA Shipping Name TDG Label CAS Number MSDS Number Hazard Class **PIN Number** Molecular Weight 36.46 **Boiling Point** Specific Volume



330 HYDROGEN CHLORIDE, ANHYDROUS Poison Gas and Corrosive 7647-01-0 006-01-0023 2.3 (8) UN 1050 -85°C (-121.1°F) 0.6617 m³/kg (10.6 ft³/lb) Flammable Limits Non-flammable

#### Recommended Cylinder Regulator

Equipment Series	Material	
C3210	Single Stage Monel	See page 186
HiQ <sup>®</sup> REDLINE		
C200/15	Single Stage Stainless Steel	See page 190
S203S	Gas Panel	See page 212

hydrogen sulphide	H <sub>-</sub> S	Specifications	Pressure	Size	Cont	ents	Product
nyelegen selpmee	2-		(psig)		kg	lb	Code
<b>Grade 2.5 (99.5%)</b> Ultra Pure, UP, CP		$\begin{array}{rcl} & \text{CO}_2 & < 0.01\% \\ & \text{COS} & < 0.02\% \\ & \text{CS}_2 & < 0.01\% \\ & \text{THC} & < 0.01\% \\ & \text{N}_2 & < 0.01\% \end{array}$	252 252 252	T.C. 200 80	478.54 27.22 9.98	1,055 60 20	V24077329 24082267 24001951

 $H_2S$ CGA 330 Shipping Name HYDROGEN SULPHIDE Poison gas and flammable gas TDG Label CAS Number 7783-06-4 **MSDS Number** 010-01-0010 Hazard Class 2.3 (2.1) **PIN Number** UN 1053 Molecular Weight 34.076 **Boiling Point** -85°C (-60.3°F) 0.70 m<sup>3</sup>/kg (11.23 ft<sup>3</sup>/lb) Specific Volume Flammable Limits 4-44 % in Air

#### **Recommended Cylinder Regulator**

Equipment Series	Material	
C3210	Single Stage Monel	See page 186
HiQ <sup>®</sup> REDLINE		
C200/1S	Single Stage Stainless Steel	See page 190

isobutane C.H	Specifications	Pressure (psig)	Size	Contents		Product
isobutane C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>10</sub>				kg	lb	Code
<b>Grade 2.5 (99.5% Liquid Phase)</b> Instrument, CP	Total impurities < 5,000 ppm $C_2H_6$ < 250 ppm $C_3H_8$ < 1,000 ppm $C_4H_{10}$ < 2,500 ppm $CH_4$ < 100 ppm	31 31	425 200	52.27 15.88	115 35	24017477 24017476

\* Impurities may vary slightly



Shipping Name TDG Label CAS Number MSDS Number Hazard Class PIN Number Molecular Weight 58.124 **Boiling Point** Specific Volume Flammable Limits 1.8-8.4 % in Air



ISOBUTANE Flammable gas 75-28-5 040-01-0003 2.1 UN 1969 -11.7°C (10.9°F)  $0.4034 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg}$  (6.5 ft<sup>3</sup>/lb)

#### Recommended Cylinder Regulator

Equipment Series Material

#### BASELINE™

C1061B

Single Stage Brass

isobutylene C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>8</sub>	Specifications	Pressure (psig)	Size	Cont kg	ents Ib	Product Code
Grade 2.0 (99% Liquid Phase) CP	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>10</sub> < 2,500 ppm H <sub>2</sub> O < 25 ppm n-Butane < 2,500 ppm Pentanes < 500 ppm	24.3 24.3	425 200	52.27 15.88	115 35	24017342 24080150

\* Impurities may vary slightly



Shipping Name ISOBUTYLENE TDG Label Flammable gas CAS No. 115-11-7 MSDS No. 024-01-0003 Hazard Class 2.1 (Flammable) PIN No. UN 1055 Molecular Weight 56.11 **Boiling Point** -6.9°C (19.6°F) Specific Volume 0.4174 m<sup>3</sup>/kg (6.7 ft<sup>3</sup>/lb) Flammable Limits 1.8–9.6 % in Air

 $C_4H_8$ CGA

#### Recommended Cylinder Regulator

Equipment Series Material

#### BASELINE™

C1061B

Single Stage Brass

krypton	Кг	Specifications	Pressure (psig)	Size	Contents litres	Product Code
<b>Grade 5.0 (99.999%)</b> Research		Ar< 2 ppm	1,350 1,500 2,000 1,300 1,050 575 675 350	200 80 10 D1 D2 D2 D3 D3	5,000 2,000 500 400 200 100 50 25	24082137 24017454 24082138 P24081904 P24081912 P24081913 P24081914 P24081915
<b>Grade 4.5 (99.995%)</b> Ultra Pure, UHP		Ar       < 2 ppm	1,350 1,500 2,000 1,300 1,050 575 675 350	200 80 10 D1 D2 D2 D3 D3	5,000 2,000 500 400 200 100 50 25	24082133 24082134 24082135 P24081866 P24081867 P24081901 P24081902 P24081903

All Krypton is filled gravimetrically

- pressure may vary due to temperature

CGA **Shipping Name** TDG Label CAS Number **MSDS Number** Hazard Class **PIN Number** Molecular Weight 83.80 **Boiling Point** Specific Volume Flammable Limits Non-flammable

Кг



580 KRYPTON, COMPRESSED Non-flammable gas 7439-90-9 041-01-0001 2.2 UN 1056 -153.4°C (-244°F)  $0.2878 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg}$  (4.6 ft<sup>3</sup>/lb)

#### Recommended Cylinder Regulator

Equipment Series Material

#### **HiQ® REDLINE**

C200/2B Dual Stage Brass See page 192 C200/2S Dual Stage Stainless Steel See page 192

methane	CH <sub>4</sub>	Specifications	Pressure (psig)	Size	Cont m <sup>3</sup>	ents ft³	Product Code
<b>Grade 4.0 (99.99%)</b> Ultra Pure, UHP		$C_{2}H_{6}$ < 10 ppm $C_{3}$ + < 1 ppm CO < 1 ppm CO <sub>2</sub> < 1 ppm $H_{2}O$ < 2 ppm $N_{2}$ < 75 ppm $O_{2}$ < 2 ppm Sulphur < 1 ppm	2,400 2,000 2,000	300 200 80	9.76 7.09 2.80	352 256 101	24001862 24001561 24001562
Grade 2.0 (99%) Purified, Technical, CP			2,400 2,000 2,000	300 200 80	9.76 7.09 2.80	352 256 101	24063971 24001558 24063914
<b>Grade 1.3 (93%)</b> Natural Gas			2,000	200	7.09	256	24001882

CGA Shipping Name TDG Label CAS Number **MSDS Number** Hazard Class **PIN Number** Molecular Weight 16.04 **Boiling Point** Specific Volume

 $CH_4$ 



METHANE, COMPRESSED Flammable gas 74-82-8 043-01-0003 2.1 UN 1971 -161.5°C (-258.7°F) 1.4795 m<sup>3</sup>/kg (23.7 ft<sup>3</sup>/lb) Flammable Limits 5–15.0 % in Air

#### Recommended Cylinder Regulator

Equipment Series Material **BASELINE**<sup>TM</sup>

BASELINE		
C1061B	Single Stage Brass	See page 172
C1061S	Single Stage Stainless Steel	See page 172
C1062B	Dual Stage Brass	See page 176
C1062S	Dual Stage Stainless Steel	See page 176

monomethylamine CH <sub>3</sub> NH <sub>2</sub>	Specifications	Pressure (psig)	Size	Cont kg	ents Ib	Product Code
Grade 2.5 (99.5% Liquid Phase)		705 705	425 30	57.14 2.27	120 5	V24071993 24017391

CH <sub>3</sub> NH <sub>2</sub>
CGA
Shipping Name
TDG Label
CAS Number
MSDS Number
Hazard Class
PIN Number
Molecular Weigh
Boiling Point
Specific Volume
Flammable Limit



705 METHYLAMINE, ANHYDROUS Flammable gas 74-89-5 029-01-0016 2.1 UN1061 31.058 -6.1°C (21.0°F) 1.4795 m<sup>3</sup>/kg (23.7 ft<sup>3</sup>/lb) ts 5–15.0 % in Air

Equipment Series	Material	
C3210	Single Stage Monel	See page 186
HiQ <sup>®</sup> REDLINE		
C200/15	Single Stage Stainless Steel	See page 190

# Pure Gases

neon Ne	Specifications	Pressure (psig)	Size	Contents litres	Product Code
<b>Grade 5.0 (99.999%)</b> Research	$\begin{array}{rrrr} {\rm CH}_{4} & < 0.5 \ {\rm ppm} \\ {\rm CO} & < 0.5 \ {\rm ppm} \\ {\rm CO}_{2} & < 0.5 \ {\rm ppm} \\ {\rm H}_{2}{\rm O} & < 0.5 \ {\rm ppm} \\ {\rm He} & < 8 \ {\rm ppm} \\ {\rm N}_{2} & < 1 \ {\rm ppm} \\ {\rm O}_{2} & < 0.5 \ {\rm ppm} \end{array}$	2,400 1,760 1,925 1,625 1,250 600 745 350	300 200 80 D1 D2 D2 D3 D3	7,500 5,000 2,000 400 200 100 50 25	24001848 24001853 24077537 P24081857 P24081858 P24081859 P24081870 P24081872
<b>Grade 4.6 (99.996%)</b> Ultra Pure, UHP	$\begin{array}{rrrr} CH_{4} & < 1 \text{ ppm} \\ CO & < 1 \text{ ppm} \\ CO_{2} & < 1 \text{ ppm} \\ H_{2}O & < 1 \text{ ppm} \\ He & < 35 \text{ ppm} \\ N_{2} & < 4 \text{ ppm} \\ O_{2} & < 1 \text{ ppm} \end{array}$	2,400 1,760 1,925 1,625 1,250 600 745 350	300 200 80 D1 D2 D2 D3 D3	7,500 5,000 2,000 400 200 100 50 25	24001849 24001854 24082139 P24081873 P24081874 P24081875 P24081876 P24081877

Ne CGA Shipping Name TDG Label CAS Number **MSDS Number** Hazard Class PIN Number Molecular Weight **Boiling Point** Specific Volume Flammable Limits



NEON, COMPRESSED Non-flammable gas 7440-01-9 042-01-0001 2.2 UN 1065 20.18 -246.1°C (-410.9°F) 1.199 m³/kg (19.2 ft³/lb) Non-flammable

### Recommended Cylinder Regulator

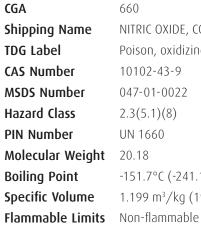
Equipment Series Material

## 

HIQ <sup>®</sup> REDLINE		
C200/2B	Dual Stage Brass	See page 192
C200/2S	Dual Stage Stainless Steel	See page 192

nitric oxide NO	Specifications	Pressure	Size	Contents		Product	
	NO	specifications	(psig)	JIZC	M <sup>3</sup>	ft³	Code
<b>Grade 2.5 (99.5%)</b> Ultra Pure, UHP		$\begin{array}{ll} \text{CO} & < 1,000 \text{ ppm} \\ \text{H}_2\text{O} & < 20 \text{ ppm} \\ \text{N}_2 & < 3,000 \text{ ppm} \\ \text{N}_2\text{O} & < 250 \text{ ppm} \end{array}$	500	152	1.10	38	24074544
Grade 2.0 (99%)			500	200	1.59	56	24017393

NO





660 NITRIC OXIDE, COMPRESSED Poison, oxidizing and corrosive gas 10102-43-9 047-01-0022 2.3(5.1)(8) UN 1660 20.18 -151.7°C (-241.1°F) 1.199 m<sup>3</sup>/kg (19.2 ft<sup>3</sup>/lb) Non-flammable

page 186
page 190
page 212

# Pure Gases

nitrogen N <sub>2</sub>	Specifications	Pressure (psig)	Size	Cont m <sup>3</sup>	ents ft³	Product Code
<b>Grade 6.0 (99.9999%)</b> Research, Low Oxygen	CO< 0.1 ppm $CO_2$ < 0.1 ppm	2,640 2,200	300 200	8.32 6.20	300 224	24077946 24077948
<b>BIP®</b> See page 28 for more information. *THC as CH <sub>4</sub> ** CFC = Halocarbon	$CFC^{**}$ < 1 ppb	2,640	300	8.32	300	24068857
VOC Free (99.9995%)	CO< 0.05 ppm $CO_2$ < 0.3 ppm	2,000	152	3.90	141	24017316
Emission Grade Ambient CEM, Vehicle Emission Zero	CO       < 0.5 ppm	2,640 2,200	300 200	8.32 6.20	300 224	24068858 24017451
Zero 0.2	THC < 0.2 ppm	2,640 2,200 2,200	300 200 80	8.32 6.20 2.25	300 224 81	24001368 24001362 24001363

\*THC as CH<sub>4</sub>



 $N_2$ 580 (4,500 psig 680; 6,000 psig 677) CGA Shipping Name NITROGEN, COMPRESSED TDG Label Non-flammable gas CAS Number 7727-37-9 **MSDS Number** 003-01-0001 (gas) Hazard Class 2.2 PIN Number UN 1066 (gas) Molecular Weight 28.01 **Boiling Point** -195.8°C (-320.4°F) Specific Volume 0.8673 m<sup>3</sup>/kg (13.8 ft<sup>3</sup>/lb) Flammable Limits Non-flammable

Equipment Series	Material	
BASELINE™		
C1061B	Single Stage Brass	See page 172
C1062B	Dual Stage Brass	See page 176
HiQ <sup>®</sup> REDLINE		
C200/2B	Dual Stage Brass	See page 192
C200/2S	Dual Stage Stainless Steel	See page 192

nitrogen (con't) N <sub>2</sub>	Specifications	Pressure (psig)	Size	Cont M <sup>3</sup>	ents ft³	Product Code
<b>Grade 5.3 (99.9993%)</b> UPC	CO       < 1 ppm $CO_2$ < 1 ppm $H_2O$ < 1 ppm $O_2$ < 2 ppm         THC       < 0.5 ppm	2,640 2,640 2,200 2,200	MCP 16-300 300 200 80	133.12 8.32 6.20 2.25	4,701 300 224 81	24068855 24068853 24068852 24068851
<b>Grade 5.0 (99.999%)</b> Ultra Pure, UHP	$H_2O < 1 ppm$ $O_2 < 2 ppm$ THC < 0.5 ppm	2,640 2,200 2,200	300 200 80	8.32 6.20 2.25	300 224 81	24001364 24001365 24001366
<b>Grade 4.8 (99.998%)</b> P.P., Pre-purified	H <sub>2</sub> O < 5 ppm O <sub>2</sub> < 3 ppm THC < 0.5 ppm	2,640 2,640 2,200 2,200	MCP 16-300 300 200 80	133.12 8.32 6.20 2.25	4,701 300 224 81	24073966 24001369 24001370 24001371
High Pressure		6,000 4,500	500 HT	13.70 11.80	494 426	24017315 24001425
Lasershield						
Grade 5.0 (99.999%)	H <sub>2</sub> O < 5 ppm O <sub>2</sub> < 3 ppm THC < 1 ppm	2,640	300	8.32	300	24001422
Grade 4.8 (99.998%)	$\begin{array}{ll} H_2 O & < 5 \text{ ppm} \\ O_2 & < 5 \text{ ppm} \\ THC & < 1 \text{ ppm} \end{array}$	2,640	300	8.32	300	24001360



 N2
 580 (4,500 psig)

 CGA
 580 (4,500 psig)

 Shipping Name
 NITROGEN, COM

 TDG Label
 Non-flammable

 CAS Number
 7727-37-9

 MSDS Number
 003-01-0001 (g

 Hazard Class
 2.2

 PIN Number
 UN 1066 (gas)

 Molecular Weight
 28.01

 Boiling Point
 -195.8°C (-320.4)

 Specific Volume
 Non-flammable

580 (4,500 psig 680; 6,000 psig 677) NITROGEN, COMPRESSED Non-flammable gas 7727-37-9 003-01-0001 (gas) 2.2 UN 1066 (gas) 28.01 -195.8°C (-320.4°F) 0.8673 m³/kg (13.8 ft³/lb)

Equipment Series	Material	
BASELINE™		
C1061B	Single Stage Brass	See page 172
C1062B	Dual Stage Brass	See page 176
C3060	Dual Stage Brass (for CGA 677)	See page 184
HiQ <sup>®</sup> REDLINE		
C200/2B	Dual Stage Brass	See page 192
C200/2S	Dual Stage Stainless Steel	See page 192

# Pure Gases

liquid nitrogen N.	Specifications	Pressure	Size*	Cont	tents	Product
	specifications	(psig)	2176	M <sup>3</sup>	ft³	Code
Liquid Grade 4.8 (99.998%) Nitrogen, Refrigerated Liquid	H <sub>2</sub> O < 5 ppm O <sub>2</sub> < 3 ppm THC < 0.5 ppm	PLC450 PLC230 PLC230 PLC180 PLC160	HP 350 HP 350 LP 050 LP 022 LP 022	246.09 131.00 153.00 125.00 96.00	8,691 6,392 5,403 5,403 4,414	24064570 24064563 24064560 24064569 24064561

\* Subject to local availability

 $N_2$ CGA 580 Shipping Name TDG Label CAS Number **MSDS Number** Hazard Class 2.2 **PIN Number** Molecular Weight 28.01 **Boiling Point** Specific Volume Flammable Limits Non-flammable



NITROGEN, REFRIGERATED LIQUID Non-flammable gas 7727-37-9 016-01-0004 (liquid refrigerated) UN 1977 (liquid refrigerated) -195.8°C (-320.4°F) 0.8673 m<sup>3</sup>/kg (13.8 ft<sup>3</sup>/lb)

### **Recommended Cylinder Regulator**

Equipment Series Material

#### BASELINE™

C1061B

Single Stage Brass

nitrous oxide N <sub>2</sub> O	Specifications	ions Pressure Size	Sizo	Contents		
introds oxide N <sub>2</sub> O	specifications	(psig)	JIZE	kg	lb	Code
<b>Grade 4.0 (99.99%)</b> Ultra Pure, UHP	$\begin{array}{ll} CH_4 & < 2 \ ppm \\ CO & < 2 \ ppm \\ CO_2 & < 2 \ ppm \\ O_2 & < 4 \ ppm \\ N_2 & < 10 \ ppm \end{array}$	745	200	27.22	60	24079024
<b>Grade 2.0 (99% Liquid Phase)</b> <i>CP, Atomic Absorption, A.A.</i>		745 745	200 80	27.22 9.07	60 20	24001383 24001296

 $N_20$ CGA Shipping Name TDG Label **CAS Number MSDS Number** Hazard Class **PIN Number** Molecular Weight 44.01 **Boiling Point** Specific Volume



326 NITROUS OXIDE Non-flammable gas and oxidizing gas 10024-97-2 034-01-0006 2.2 (5.1) UN 1070 -88.5°C (-127.2°F) 0.5431 m³/kg (8.7 ft³/lb) Flammable Limits Oxidizer, supports combustion

#### Recommended Cylinder Regulator

Equipment Series Material

### BASELINE™

Single Stage Brass C1061B See page 172 C1061S Single Stage Stainless Steel See page 172

# Pure Gases

oxygen 0 <sub>2</sub>	Specifications	Pressure (psig)	Size	Cont m <sup>3</sup>	ents ft³	Product Code
<b>Grade 5.0 (99.999%)</b> Research, TOC	Ar       < 5 ppm         CO       < 0.5 ppm         CO2       < 0.5 ppm         H2O       < 1 ppm         Kr       < 1 ppm         N2       < 2 ppm         THC       < 0.5 ppm	2,640 2,200	300 200	9.32 6.76	333 244	24068827 24060140
<b>Grade 4.7 (99.997%)</b> UPC	Ar< 10 ppm	2,640 2,200 2,200	300 200 80	9.32 6.76 2.67	333 244 92	24075459 24001818 24001822
<b>Grade 4.5 (99.995%)</b> Ultra Pure, UHP, Zero 0.2	Ar< 20 ppm	2,640 2,200 2,200	300 200 80	9.32 6.76 2.67	333 244 92	24001826 24001827 24001828
<b>Grade 2.6 (99.6%)</b> Extra Dry	H <sub>2</sub> 0 < 5 ppm	2,640 2,200 2,200	300 200 80	9.32 6.76 2.67	333 244 92	24001395 24001396 24001397
Oxygen Diving Grade			200	6.90	249	24078232

02

CGA Shipping Name TDG Label **CAS Number MSDS Number** Hazard Class **PIN Number** Molecular Weight 32 **Boiling Point** Specific Volume



540 OXYGEN, COMPRESSED Non-flammable gas and oxidizing gas 7782-44-7 026-01-0006 2.2 (5.1) UN 1072 -182.9°C (-297.3°F) 0.7554 m³/kg (12.1 ft³/lb) Flammable Limits Vigorously supports combustion

Equipment Series	Material	
BASELINE™		
C1061B	Single Stage Brass	See page 172
C1062B	Dual Stage Brass	See page 176
HiQ <sup>®</sup> REDLINE		
C200/2B	Dual Stage Brass	See page 192

	Specifications	Pressure	Size	Cont	ents	Product	
propane C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>8</sub>	specifications	(psig)	5120	kg	lb	Code	
<b>Grade 2.5 (99.5% Liquid Phase)</b> <i>Instrument</i>	Air (vapour phase) < 500 ppm	109 109	425 200	45.36 15.88	100 35	24001833 24064067	
Grade 2.0 (99% Liquid Phase)		109 109 109	425 200 80	45.36 15.88 5.90	100 35 13	24064065 24064066 24064055	

 $C_3H_8$ 

CGA Shipping Name TDG Label CAS Number **MSDS No** TC Class **PIN Number** Molecular Weight 44.1 **Boiling Point** Specific Volume Flammable Limits 2.1–9.5 % in Air.



Flammable gas 74-98-6 011-01-0003 2.1 UN 1978 -42.1°C (-43.7°F) 0.5306 m³/kg (8.5 ft³/lb)

PROPANE

### Recommended Cylinder Regulator

Equipment Series Material

#### BASELINE™

C1061B

Single Stage Brass

# Pure Gases

propylene C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>6</sub>	Specifications	Pressure (psig)	Size	Cont kg	ents Ib	Product Code	
<b>Grade 2.5 (99.5% Liquid Phase)</b> <i>Polymer, CP</i>	$\begin{array}{ll} C_{2}H_{6} &< 250 \text{ ppm} \\ C_{3}H_{8} &< 3,500 \text{ ppm} \\ C_{4}H_{10} &< 500 \text{ ppm} \\ CH_{4} &< 100 \text{ ppm} \\ H_{2}O &< 3 \text{ ppm} \\ O_{2} &< 25 \text{ ppm} \\ N_{2} &< 75 \text{ ppm} \\ Sulphur &< 1 \text{ ppm} \end{array}$	136	425	45.36	100	24064073	

Impurities may vary slightly, all measurements are ppm weight unless otherwise stated.

 $C_3H_6$ CGA 510 Shipping Name PROPYLENE TDG Label Flammable gas CAS Number 115-07-1 **MSDS Number** 049-01-0003 Hazard Class 2.1 **PIN Number** UN 1077 Molecular Weight 42.08 **Boiling Point** -47.7°C (-53.9°F) Specific Volume  $0.5656 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg}$  (9.4 ft<sup>3</sup>/lb) Flammable Limits 2.4-11.0 % in Air



**Recommended Cylinder Regulator** 

Equipment Series Material

#### BASELINE™

C1061B

Single Stage Brass

sulphur dioxide SO	Specifications	Pressure	Size	Cont	ents	Product
sulphur dioxide SO <sub>2</sub>	specifications	(psig)	JIZC	kg	lb	Code
<b>Grade 3.8 (99.98% Liquid Phase)</b> Anhydrous	H <sub>2</sub> O < 100 ppm H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> < 25 ppm Non Volatile Residue < 50 ppm	34 34	410 200	68.04 45.36	150 100	24017398 24017397

**SO**<sub>2</sub>

CGA Shipping Name DOT/TDG Label CAS Number MSDS Number Hazard Class PIN Number Molecular Weight 64.06 **Boiling Point** Specific Volume Flammable Limits Non-flammable



660 SULPHUR DIOXIDE Poison gas and corrosive 7446-09-5 007-01-0009 2.3 (8) UN 1079 -10°C (14°F) 0.3683 m³/kg (5.9 ft³/lb)

Equipment Series	Material	
C3210	Single Stage Monel	See page 186
HiQ <sup>®</sup> REDLINE		
C200/1S	Single Stage Stainless Steel	See page 190
S203S	Single Gas Panel	See page 212

# Pure Gases

culobur boyafluarida CC	600	cifications	Pressure	Size	Cont	ents	Product	
sulphur hexafluoride SF <sub>6</sub>	she	ecifications	(psig)	kg	lb	Code		
Grade 4.0 (99.99%) Instrument, Ultra Pure, UHP	Air CF <sub>4</sub>	< 50 ppm < 80 ppm	320 320	200 80	52.16 15.88	115 10	24017484 24068994	
Grade 3.0 (99.9% Liquid Phase wt/wt basis) CP, Insulator	Acidity Air CF <sub>4</sub> H <sub>2</sub> O Oil SO <sub>2</sub> F <sub>2</sub>	< 0.000004 % < 500 ppm < 500 ppm < 25 ppm < 0.0002 % ND	320 320 320	200 80 10	52.16 15.88 2.27	115 10 5	24001844 24001402 24001846	

 $SF_6$ CGA 590 Shipping Name SULPHUR HEXAFLUORIDE TDG Label CAS Number **MSDS No:** Hazard Class 2.2 **PIN Number** Molecular Weight 146.05 **Boiling Point** Specific Volume Flammable Limits Non-flammable



Non-flammable gas 2551-62-4 050-01-0001 UN 1080 -63.8°C (-83.0°F)  $0.16 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg} (2.5 \text{ ft}^3/\text{lb})$ 

### Recommended Cylinder Regulator

Equipment Series Material

### BASELINF™

DAJELINE		
C1061B	Single Stage Brass	See page 172
C1061S	Single Stage Stainless Steel	See page 172

xenon	Хе	Specifications	Pressure (psig)	Size	Contents litres	Product Code
<b>Grade 5.0 (99.999%)</b> 99.999%, Research		Ar< 1 ppm $CF_4$ < 0.5 ppm	900 900 825 750 480 525 300	200 80 10 D1 D2 D2 D3 D3	5,000 2,000 500 400 200 100 50 25	- - P24081856 P24081871 P24081884 P24081854 P24081886
Grade 4.5 (99.999%) Ultra Pure, UHP		Ar       < 10 ppm	900 900 825 750 480 525 300	200 80 10 D1 D2 D2 D3 D3	5,000 2,000 500 400 200 100 50 25	- - - P24081896 P24081897 P24081899 P24081910 P24081911

All Xenon is filled gravimetrically

- pressure may vary due to temperature.

Хе CGA **Shipping Name** TDG Label CAS Number MSDS Number Hazard Class **PIN Number** Molecular Weight 131.3 **Boiling Point** Specific Volume Flammable Limits Non-flammable



580 XENON, COMPRESSED Non-flammable gas 7440-63-3 045-01-0001 2.2 UN2036 -108.1°C (-162.6°F)  $180 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg} (2.9 \text{ ft}^3/\text{lb})$ 

### Recommended Cylinder Regulator

Equipment Series Material

### HIO<sup>®</sup> REDI INF

HIQ <sup>2</sup> KEULINE		
C200/2B	Dual Stage Brass	See page 192
C200/2S	Dual Stage Stainless Steel	See page 192

# **Cryogenic Containers**

Linde has a complete range of advanced cryogenic refrigerators and dewars to meet your needs – flexibly, efficiently and economically. From cryosurgery to sample storage, our comprehensive series of high-performance containers incorporate durable and lightweight construction to maximize holding times for optimum capacities. Combined with our Cryospeed liquid gas service, Linde offers the complete delivery solution for your cryogenic needs.

- Environmental and biological shippers
- High capacity refrigerators for storing large quantities of materials at cryogenic temperatures
- Aluminum refrigerators designed for large vial capacities up to 6,000 vials in box type racks
- Cryogenic dewars for storing and dispensing small amounts of liquid nitrogen
- All Stainless Steel Freezers designed for -190°C vapour storage for large vial capacities up to 80K in box type racks
- XT Series (extended time) Refrigerators designed for long-term storage of materials at cryogenic temperatures
- Liquid nitrogen storage with controllable temperatures between -100°C and -196°C



For complete product details contact Linde Customer Service, or your local Specialty Gas Representative

# Cryospeed Liquid Gas Service

## Cryospeed can provide a wide range of solutions to meet customer requirements, from personal protective equipment and risk management advice, to Cryogenic Gas Safety Workshop programs.

In addition, Cryospeed offers technical and safety advice, either via your local Linde Sales Representative, CSSO or the Linde Customer Service Centre. The CSSO is trained to handle many queries, but will direct more complex ones to appropriate personnel, so as to ensure the customer receives an adequate answer. All queries to the Customer Service Centre are logged, complete with follow-up checks, to ensure that customers' needs are fully met.

#### Reliability of Supply

- No run-outs
- Prescheduled delivery, on-time supply

#### Quality

- Consistent purity
- Dedicated vessel: no cross-contamination

#### Flexibility

- Accessibility to constrained areas
- Flexible schedule

#### Hands-Free Supply

No cylinder handling for permanent installations

#### **Reduced Losses**

- No residual product return as with cylinders
- No safety blow-off from back-up cylinders
- No downtime during delivery

#### Reduction in Labour Costs and Increased Productivity

- Eliminate changeover and its handling costs
- Reduce time for ordering, receiving and inventorying, and storage handling of full and empty cylinders

#### Workplace Safety

- Eliminate job-related injuries associated with cylinder handling
- Eliminate potentially dangerous clutter of cylinders

#### Gas Products

The Cryospeed service is available in Canada's main urban centres, for the following products:

- Argon
- Nitrogen

On site mix (modular units) services are available for fabrication applications:

• Pure Argon and Carbon Dioxide cylinders

Linde can fulfil your full gas requirements, whether via Cryospeed, a full range of cylinder gases, bulk products or any combination of these as your needs and circumstances dictate.

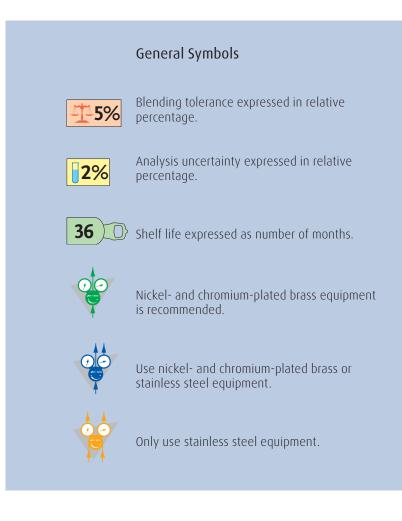




Linde is a recognized leader in the production of specialty gas mixtures used in process and analytical applications across the country. As the first gas company to manufacture mixtures in Canada, we are proud of our competence and production capability to match and surpass most industry and customer demands.

We also like to stress that it is the most appropriate purity or accuracy that is important. It is our business to see the gas or mixture you use is the one that best corresponds to the task you use it for. Sometimes it may not just be a question of the purity that matters, but the degree of impurity that makes the difference - two gases with nominally identical purity may not necessarily have the same effect. Linde's knowledge and long-term experience with an extensive range of applications give us a clear picture of the most widely requested and relevant gas mixtures for each application. This helps us effectively fast-track your selection procedures.

While our mixture listing covers many of today's common requirements, Linde recognizes the infinite combinations our customers may demand, as well as customized mixture tolerances. If you do not see your requirement here, contact our Customer Service Centre and we will create one for you.



# **Mixture Specifications**

Tighter operating controls have been placed on many industries to optimize production, conform to more stringent environmental and personal safety regulations, and adopt higher levels of system automation. All of these factors influence the need for tighter calibration specifications used for process stream monitoring, impurity analysis and control, environmental compliance, health and safety monitoring, and basic research and development.

Linde offers three standards of gas mixtures. The grade availability for each individual component will vary depending on reactivity, stability, certification capabilities and traceablity requirements. Linde also recognizes that some applications may require blending tolerances and/or analytical accuracies that may be outside our standard blends. Linde is pleased to offer mixtures on request that can meet these requirements, including Gravimetric Weight blends and Custom Tolerance mixtures. Contact your Specialty Gas Representative or Customer Service for your special mixture.

#### **Primary Standards**

Primary Standards should be used when the application requires the highest in mixture accuracy and reliability. These mixtures are prepared by weight on high precision electronic balances. While certification accuracy is dependent on the level of the component, typical certification accuracy is either 1% relative or 0.02% absolute: which ever is less. All primary standard blends come with a certification of analysis, shelf life and traceability statements where required.

#### **Certified Standards**

Certified Standards are the most widely-used calibration mixtures. Applications for these standards include: laboratory, instrumentation calibration, biological and medical studies, chemical process industries and environmental control measurements. These mixtures are prepared using either gravimetric, volumetric or partial pressure techniques, where cylinder concentrations are verified using a variety of analytical methods.

#### Unanalyzed

Unanalyzed mixtures are prepared using the same techniques as certified mixtures, but are not checked analytically nor guaranteed.

	Minor		Grade of Mixtures		
	Component Range	Primary Standards	Certified Standard	EPA Protocol	
Blend Tolerance	10 ррb-99 ррb	±25% of each minor			
	100 ррb-999 ррb	component	± 20% or 0.5 ppm	±10% or 0.5 ppm	
	1.0 ppm-9.9 ppm	±10% of each minor component	(whichever is greater) of each minor component	(whichever is greater) of each minor component	
	10 ppm–99 ppm	± 5% of each minor component	±10% or 2 ppm (whichever is greater) of each minor	±5% or 2 ppm (whichever is greater) of each minor component	
	100 ppm-9,999 ppm		component		
	1.0%-50%	± 1% of each minor component	± 5% of each minor component	±5% of each minor component	
Analytical	10 ррb-99 ррb	±20% of each minor			
Tolerance	100 ррb-999 ррb	component	±5% of each minor	±2% of each minor	
	1.0 ppm-9.9 ppm	±2% of each minor	component	component	
	10 ppm–99 ppm	component	120/ of each min	110/ of each mine-	
	100 ppm-9,999 ppm	±1% of each minor	±2% of each minor component	±1% of each minor component	
	1.0%-50%	component	component	component	

#### These tolerances may vary for:

• Mixtures containing low molecular weight gases such as hydrogen and helium

• Mixtures containing components that present adsorption, stability or other blending difficulties

• Multi-component mixtures, due to purity and/or stability of the raw material, as well as the number and concentration of the components

Ammonia in Air 0.1		Туре	CGA	Size	Contents (approx.)	
		турс	CGA	3120	m <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>
1-3.75%	<b>1%</b> 36	Primary	705	200 152	5.91 4.06	213 146
2,000–9,999 ppm	<b></b>			1 J Z	4.00	140
1-3.75%	<b>15% 2% 36</b>	Certified	705	200 152	5.91 4.06	213 146
10 ppm-9,999 ppm	<b>10% 2% 12</b>			132	4.00	140
Ammonia in Helium or N	litrogen*	Туре	CGA	Size	Contents	(approx.)
	nuogen	турс	CUA	JIZC	m³	ft <sup>3</sup>
1-4%	<b>1%</b> 36	Primary	705	200 152	5.35 3.67	143 132
2,000–9,999 ppm	<b>1%</b> 36			1JZ	5.07	152
1-4%	<b>15% 36 0</b>	Certified	705	200 152	5.35 3.67	143 132
10 ppm-9,999 ppm	<b>10% 2% 12</b>			132	5.07	132
*Volumes may vary based on bala	nce gas					
Ammonia in Hydrogen		Туре	CGA	Size	Contents	(approx.)
Animonia in nyarogen		-ypc	CGA	JILC	M <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>
1-4%	<b>1%</b> 36	Primary	705	200 152	5.91 4.06	213 146
2,000–9,999 ppm	<b></b>			152	4.00	140
1-4%	<b>15% 2% 36</b>	Certified	705	200 152	5.91 4.06	213 146
10 ppm-9,999 ppm	<b>10% 2% 12</b>			1JZ	ч.00	0+1



Equipment Series Material BASELINE™

C1062S Dual Stage Stainless Steel See page 176
HiQ® REDLINE
C200/2S Dual Stage Stainless Steel See page 192

Argon in Helium or Nitrogen	*	Туре	CGA	Size	Contents m <sup>3</sup>	(approx.) ft <sup>3</sup>
1–50%	<b>1%</b> 36	Primary	580	300 200	7.97 5.88	287 212
100-9,999 ppm	<b>5% 1% 24</b>			80	2.32	84
1–50%	<b>15% 2% 36 0</b>	Certified	580	300 200	7.97 5.88	287 212
10–9,999 ppm	10% 2% 12			152 80	4.21 2.32	152
5–9.9 ppm	<b>12 20% 5% 12 •</b>			32	0.74	26
1–50%	10% n.a. 36	Unanalyzed	580	300 200	7.97 5.88	287 212
*Volumes may vary based on balance go	75					
Argon in Hydrogen		Туре	CGA	Size	Contents	
5 . 5					m <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>
1–50%	<b>1%</b> 36	Primary	350 350	300 200	7.41 5.50	267 198
100–9,999 ppm	<b>1%</b> 24 0		550	80	2.17	78
1–50%	<b>15% 2% 36 0</b>	Certified	350	300 200	7.41 5.50	267 198
10-9,999 ppm	10% 2% 12			80	2.17	78
5-9.9 ppm	<b>20% 5% 12</b>					
1–50%		Unanalyzed	350	300 200	7.41 5.50	267 198



Equipment Series	Material	
BASELINE™		
C1062B	Single Stage Brass	See page 176
HiQ <sup>®</sup> REDLINE		
C200/2B	Dual Stage Brass	See page 192
C200/2S	Dual Stage Stainless Steel	See page 192

Argon in Oxygen		Tupo	CGA	Size	Contents (approx.)	
Algon in Oxygen		Туре	CUA	2176	M <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>
1-50%	<b>1% 36</b>	Primary	296	300	8.39	303
100-9,999 ppm	<b>1%</b> 24 D			200 80	6.13 2.42	221 87
1-50%	<b>15% 2% 36 0</b>	Certified	296	300	8.39	303
10-9,999 ppm	10% 2% 12 0			200 80	6.13 2.42	221 87
1-50%	10% n.a. 36 D	Unanalyzed	296	300 200	8.39 6.13	303 221



Equipment Series Material
BASELINE™
C1062B Dual Stage Brass See page 176
HiQ® REDLINE

C200/2B

Dual Stage Brass

Benzene in Air 0.1		Τνρο	CGA	Size	Contents (approx.)	
Denzene in Ali 0.1		Туре	CUA	3120	m³	ft <sup>3</sup>
100-200 ppm	<b>1%</b> 36 D	Primary	590	152 32	3.90 0.80	141 29
20–99 ppm	<b>15% 2% 36 0</b>			52	0.00	
20–200 ppm	<b>10% 2% 36</b>	Certified	590	152 32	3.90 0.80	141 29
* May be subject to Flamox review						
Panzana in Nitragan		Туро	CC A	Sizo	Contents	(approx.)
Benzene in Nitrogen		Туре	CGA	Size	Contents m <sup>3</sup>	(approx.) ft <sup>3</sup>
Benzene in Nitrogen 100-200 ppm	<b>1%</b> 36	Type Primary	CGA 350	152	m³ 3.90	ft <sup>3</sup>
ç	<b>1%</b> 36 <b>1</b> <b>5% 2%</b> 36 <b>1</b>				M <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>
100–200 ppm				152	m³ 3.90	ft <sup>3</sup>



Recommended Cylinder Regulator

Equipment Series Material

HiQ<sup>®</sup> REDLINE

C200/2S

Dual Stage Stainless Steel See page 192

n-Butane in Air 0.1		Туре	CGA	Size	Contents m <sup>3</sup>	(approx.) ft <sup>3</sup>
100–200 ppm	<b>5%</b>	Primary	590	300 200	7.83 5.80	277 209
10-99 ppm	<b>15% 36 0</b>			80	2.29	83
1–9.9 ppm	<b>10% 36</b>					
10-200 ppm	<b>10%</b> 2% 36 D	Certified	590	300 200	7.83 5.80	277 209
1–9.9 ppm	<b>120% 5% 36</b>			80	2.29	83
* May be subject to Flamox review						
n-Butane in Helium		Туре	CGA	Size		(approx.)
		Primary	350	300	m <sup>3</sup> 7.15	ft <sup>3</sup> 258
100–9,000 ppm	<b>1%</b> 36 D	PHILIDIY	220	200	5.40	195
50-99 ppm	<b>15% 2% 36</b>			80	2.14	77
10-9,000 ppm	<b>10% 2% 36</b>	Certified	350	300	7.15	258
1–9.9 ppm	<b>120% 5% 36</b>			200 80	5.40 2.14	195 77
n-Putana in Nitragan		Typo	CGA	Size	Contents	(approx.)
n-Butane in Nitrogen		Туре	COA	3120	M <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>
10-9,000 ppm	<b>1%</b> 36 D	Primary	350	300 200	7.56 5.71	273 206
50-99 ppm	<b>—————————————————</b> ———————————————————			80	2.26	82
10-9,000 ppm	<b>10% 2% 36</b>	Certified	350	300 200	7.56 5.71	273 206
1–9.9 ppm	<b>120% 5% 36</b>			80	2.26	82



Equipment Series Material

BASELINE™		
C1062B	Dual Stage Brass	See page 176
HiQ <sup>®</sup> REDLINE		
C200/2B	Dual Stage Brass	See page 192

Carbon Dioxide in Air		Туре	CGA	Size	Contents (approx.)	
		турс		5120	M <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>
1–30%	<u><b>1%</b></u> 36	Primary	590	300 200	8.05 6.52	290 235
100-9,999 ppm	<b>1%</b> 36			80	2.58	93
1–30%	<b>45% 2% 36</b>	Certified	590	300 200	8.05 6.52	290 235
10-9,999 ppm	<u>+10%</u> 2% 36			152 80	3.96 2.58	140 93
0.5-30%	<b>10% n.a.</b> 36	Unanalyzed	590	300 200	8.05 6.52	290 235
Carbon Dioxide in Argon or	Nitrogen*	Туре	CGA	Size	Contents	(approx.)
	Nitrogen	Type	CUA	JIZC	M <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>
1–30%	<b>1% 36</b>	Primary	580	300 200	8.71 7.01	314 253
100–9,999 ppm	<b>45% 1% 36 0</b>			80	2.42	85
1-30%	<b>15% 2% 36 0</b>	Certified	580	300 200	8.71 7.01	314 253
10 –9,999 ppm	<b>10% 2% 36</b>			152 80	4.20 2.42	148 85
0.5-30%	<b>10% n.a.</b> 36	Unanalyzed	580	300 200	8.71 7.01	314 253

\*Volumes may vary based on balance gas



Recommended Cylinder Regulator

Equipment Series Material

### HiQ<sup>®</sup> REDLINE

C200/2B

Dual Stage Brass

Carbon Dioxide in Helium		Туре	CGA	Size	Contents (approx.)	
	IUIII	туре	CUA	3120	M <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>
1-30%	<b>1% 36</b>	Primary	580	300	7.00 5.69	252 205
100–9,999 ppm	<b></b>			200 80	2.25	81
1-30%	<b>1</b> 5% <b>2%</b> 36 <b>0</b>	Certified	580	300 200	7.00 5.69	252 205
10-9,999 ppm	<b>110% 2% 36</b>			152 80	3.72 2.25	131 81
1-30%	<b>10% n.a. 36</b>	Unanalyzed	580	300 200	7.00 5.69	252 205
Carbon Diavida in Ovu		Type	(CA	Cizo.	Contents	(approx.)
Carbon Dioxide in Oxy	gen	Туре	CGA	Size	Contents M <sup>3</sup>	(approx.) ft <sup>3</sup>
Carbon Dioxide in Oxy 1-30%	gen	<b>Type</b> Primary	<b>CGA</b> 296	300	m³ 8.76	ft <sup>3</sup> 316
					M <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>
1–30%	<b>1% 36</b>			300 200 80 300	m <sup>3</sup> 8.76 7.05 2.79 8.76	ft <sup>3</sup> 316 254 101 316
1–30% 100–9,999 ppm 1–30%	1%       1%       36       0         1%       1%       36       0         1%       5%       1%       36       0	Primary	296	300 200 80 300 200 152	m <sup>3</sup> 8.76 7.05 2.79 8.76 7.05 4.22	ft <sup>3</sup> 316 254 101 316 254 149
1–30% 100–9,999 ppm	<b>1% 1% 36 0</b>	Primary	296	300 200 80 300 200	m <sup>3</sup> 8.76 7.05 2.79 8.76 7.05	ft <sup>3</sup> 316 254 101 316 254



Equipment Series Material

### HiQ<sup>®</sup> REDLINE

C200/2B

Dual Stage Brass

Carbon Monoxide in Air		Туре	CGA	Size	Contents	
					<b>M</b> <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>
1-6.25%	<b>1%</b> 36	Primary	590	200	4.80	173
1,000–9,999 ppm	<b>5% 1% 36</b>					
1-6.25%	<b>15% 2% 36</b>	Certified	590	200 152	4.80 3.96	173 143
10-9,999 ppm	<b>10% 2% 24</b>			102	5170	1.15
0.5–9.9 ppm	<b>120% 5% 24</b>					
* May be subject to Flamox review						
Carbon Manavida in Nitraga	_	Tupo	CGA	Size	Contents	(approx.)
Carbon Monoxide in Nitroge	11	Туре	CGA	SIZE	m³	ft <sup>3</sup>
1–50%	<b>1% 36</b>	Primary	350	200	4.74	171
1,000-9,999 ppm	<b>1%</b> 36					
1–50%	<b>15% 2% 36</b>	Certified	350	200 152	4.74 3.90	171 141
10-9,999 ppm	<b>10% 2% 24</b>			152	5.70	
0.5–9.9 ppm	<b>120% 5% 24</b>					
0.1-50%	<b>10% n.a.</b> 36	Unanalyzed	350	200	4.74	171



Recommended Cylinder Regulator

Equipment Series Material

### HiQ<sup>®</sup> REDLINE

Chlorine in Air 0.1		Туре	CGA	Size	Contents (approx.)	
		туре	CUA	3120	M <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>
1-3.5%	<b>12 1</b>	Certified	330	204/200	5.79	209
10-9,999 ppm	<b>10%</b> 2% 6			34/30	0.91	33
5–9.9 ppm	<b>120% 5% 6</b>					
Chloring in Argon Holiu	m or Nitrogon	Typo	CGA	Size	Contents	(approx.)
Chlorine in Argon, Heliu	in or Nillogen	Туре	CUA	2176	<b>M</b> ³	ft <sup>3</sup>
1-3.5%	<b>12 1</b> 2	Certified	330	204/200	5.79	209
10-9,999 ppm	<b>10% 2% 6</b>			34/30	0.91	33
5–9.9 ppm	<b>120% 5% 6</b>					
*Volumes may vary based on bala	ince gas					



Equipment Series Material

HiQ<sup>®</sup> REDLINE

C200/2S

Dual Stage Stainless Steel See page 192

Ethane in Air 0.1		Туре	CGA	Size	Contents M <sup>3</sup>	(approx.) ft <sup>3</sup>
1-1.5%	<b>1%</b> 36	Primary	590	300 200	7.84 5.80	283 209
100–9,999 ppm	<b>1%</b> 36			80	2.29	83
50-99 ppm	<b>15% 2% 36</b>					
1-1.5%	<b>5% 2% 36</b>	Certified	590	300 200	7.84 5.80	283 209
10-9,999 ppm	<b>10% 2%</b> 36			80	2.29	83
1-9.9 ppm	<b>1</b> 20% <b>5% 36</b>					
* May be subject to Flamox review						
Ethane in Nitrogen		Туре	CGA	Size	Contents m <sup>3</sup>	(approx.) ft <sup>3</sup>
1-10%	<b>1%</b> 36	Primary	350	300 200	7.99 5.92	288 213
100–9,999 ppm	<b>1%</b> 36			80	2.34	84
50-99 ppm	<b>15% 36</b>					
1-10%	<b>15% 2% 36</b>	Certified	350	300 200	7.99 5.92	288 213
10-9,999 ppm	<b>10% 2% 36</b>			80	2.34	84
1-9.9 ppm	<b>20% 5% 36</b>					
0.1-10%	<b>10% [n.a.</b> 36 <b>D</b>	Unanalyzed	350	300 200	7.99 5.92	288 213



Equipment Series	Material	
BASELINE™		
C1062B	Dual Stage Brass	See page 176
HiQ <sup>®</sup> REDLINE		
C200/2B	Dual Stage Brass	See page 192

Ethanol in Nitrogen		Туре	CGA	Size	Contents (approx.)		
					m³	ft <sup>3</sup>	
10-300 ppm	<b>10% 2% 12</b>	Certified	350	152 32	3.88 0.78	140 28	



Equipment Series Material BASELINE™

 C1062S
 Dual Stage Stainless Steel
 See page 176

 HiQ® REDLINE
 E

 C200/2S
 Dual Stage Stainless Steel
 See page 192

Ethylene in Air 0.1		Туре	CGA	Size	Contents m <sup>3</sup>	(approx.) ft <sup>3</sup>
1-1.35%	<b>1%</b> 36	Primary	590	300 200	7.82	282 208
100–9,999 ppm	<b>5% 1% 36</b>			152 80	3.90 2.29	141 83
50-99 ppm	<b>15% 2% 36</b>					
1-1.35%	<b>5% 2% 36</b>	Certified	590	300 200	7.82 5.79	282 208
10-9,999 ppm	<b>10% 2%</b> 36			152 80	3.90 2.29	141 83
1-9.9 ppm	<b>20% 5% 36</b>					
* May be subject to Flamox review						
Ethylene in Nitrogen		Туре	CGA	Size	Contents m <sup>3</sup>	(approx.) ft <sup>3</sup>
1–10%	<b>1% 36</b>	Primary	350	300 200	7.92 5.87	286 212
100–9,999 ppm	<b>1%</b> 36			152 80	3.92	142 84
50-99 ppm	<u></u>					
1-10%	<b>15% 2% 36</b>	Certified	350	300 200	7.92 5.87	286 212
10-9,999 ppm	<b>10% 2% 36</b>			152 80	3.92	142 84
1-9.9 ppm	<b>120% 5% 36 •</b>					
0.1-10%	<b>10% n.a.</b> 36	Unanalyzed	350	300 200	7.92 5.87	286 212



Equipment Series	Material	
BASELINE™		
C1062B	Dual Stage Brass	See page 176
HiQ <sup>®</sup> REDLINE		
C200/2B	Dual Stage Brass	See page 192

Ethylene Oxide in Air 0.1 or Nitrogen*		Туре	CGA	Size	Contents (approx.)		
					m <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>	
10 –1000 ppm	<b>10% 2% 6 0</b>	Certified	350	152 32	3.90 0.78	141 28	

\*Volumes may vary based on balance gas



### Recommended Cylinder Regulator

Equipment Series Material **BASELINE™** 

 C1062S
 Dual Stage Stainless Steel
 See page 176

 HiQ® REDLINE
 C200/2S
 Dual Stage Stainless Steel
 See page 192

Helium in Argon or Nitrogen*		Tupo	CGA	Size	Contents (approx.)	
		Туре			M <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>
1-50%	<b>1% 36</b>	Primary	580	300	7.41	267
500-9,999 ppm	<b>1%</b> 12			200 80	5.50 2.17	198 78
1-50%	<b>1</b> 5% <b>2</b> % <b>36</b>	Certified	580	300 200	7.41	267 198
10-9,999 ppm	<b>10% 2% 12</b>			80	2.17	78
1–9.9 ppm	<b>12</b>					
0.1-50%	<b>10% n.a. 36</b>	Unanalyzed	580	300 200	7.41 5.50	267 198

\*Volumes may vary based on balance gas

### Recommended Cylinder Regulator

<b></b>	Y

Equipment SeriesMaterialBASELINE™Ual Stage BrassSee page 176HiQ® REDLINEUal Stage Stainless SteelSee page 192C200/2SDual Stage BrassSee page 192

Hexane in Air 0.1		Туре	CGA	Size	Contents (approx.)	
		турс	CUA	JILC	m <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>
100–700 ppm	<b>1%</b> 36 0	Primary	590	200 152	5.77 3.96	214 144
50-99 ppm	<b>15% 36</b>			32	0.79	28
10-700 ppm	<b>10% 36</b>	Certified	590	200 152	5.77 3.96	214 144
0.5–9.9 ppm	<b>120% 5% 36</b>			32	0.79	28
* May be subject to Flamox review *Concentrations above 700 ppm will be supplied at reduced pressure						
Hexane in Nitrogen		Туре	CGA	Size	Contents (approx.)	
					M³	ft <sup>3</sup>
100-700 ppm	<b>1%</b> 36 0	Primary	350	200 152	5.69 3.90	208 140
50-99 ppm	<b>1</b> 5% <b>2%</b> 36 0			32	0.78	28
10-700 ppm	<b>10% 36</b>	Certified	350	200 152	5.69 3.90	208 140
0.5–9.9 ppm	<b>120% 5% 36</b>			32	0.78	28

\*Concentrations above 700 ppm will be supplied at reduced pressure



## Recommended Cylinder Regulator

Equipment Series Material

DAJELINE			
C1062B	Dual Stage Brass	See page 176	
HiQ <sup>®</sup> REDLINE			
C200/2B	Dual Stage Brass	See page 192	

Hydrogen in Air		Туре	CGA	Size	Contents	
					M <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>
1-2%	<b>1%</b> 12	Primary	590	300 200	7.76 5.75	289 214
1,000-9,999 ррт	<b>1%</b> 12			80	2.27	78
1-2%	<b>1%</b> 12	Certified	590	300 200	7.76 5.75	289 214
10-9,999 ppm	<b>10% 2% 12</b>			80	2.27	78
5–9.9 ppm	<b>12</b> 0% <b>5% 12</b>					
*May be subject to Flamox Review						
Hydrogen in Argon, Helium or Nitrogen*				Contents (approx.)		
nyulogen in Algon, nehulin	or Nitrogen	Туре	CGA	Size	m³	ft <sup>3</sup>
1–50%	<b>1%</b> 12	Primary	350	300 200	7.41 5.50	267 198
1,000–9,999 ppm	<b>1%</b> 12			80	2.17	78
1-50%	<b>12 1</b> 2	Certified	350	300 200	7.41 5.50	267 198
10-9,999 ppm	<b>12</b> 10% <b>2%</b> 12			80	2.17	78
5-9.9 ppm	<b>12</b> 0% <b>5% 12</b>					
0.1-50%	<b>10%</b> n.a. 12	Unanalyzed	350	300 200	7.41 5.50	267 198

\*Volumes may vary based on balance gas



## Recommended Cylinder Regulator

Equipment Series Material

BASELINE™			
C1062B	Dual Stage Brass	See page 176	
HiQ <sup>®</sup> REDLINE			
C200/2S	Dual Stage Stainless Steel	See page 192	
C200/2B	Dual Stage Brass	See page 192	

Hydrogen Chloride in Nitrogen		Туре	CGA	Size	Contents (approx.)		
	liogen	Type	CUA	5120	m <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>	
1–5%	<b>5% 2% 6</b>	Certified	330	204 34	5.79 0.91	209 33	
20–9,999 ppm	<b>10% 2% 6 0</b>			5.			
Hydrogen Cyanide in Nitrogen		Tupo	CGA	Size	Contents	(арргох.)	
		Туре	COA	3120	M <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>	
1-5%	<b>15% 2% 6</b>	Certified	350	200 152	0.82 3.70	30 133	
10-9,999 ppm	<b>10% 2% 6 0</b>			32	0.74	26	
* Concentrations > 2,500 ppm will be supplied at a reduced pressure							
Hydrogen Fluoride in Nitrogen		Tupo	CGA	Cizo	Contents	(арргох.)	
		Туре		Size	m <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>	
100-5,000 ppm	<b>10%</b> 2% 6	Certified	330	204 34	4.34 0.67	157 24	



Equipment Series Material

HiQ<sup>®</sup> REDLINE

C200/2S

Dual Stage Stainless Steel

Hydrogen Sulphide in Hydrogen		Туре	CGA	Size	Contents M <sup>3</sup>	(approx.) ft <sup>3</sup>
1%	<b>15% 2% 6</b>	Certified	330	152 32	3.66 0.72	132 28
10-9,999 ppm	<b>10% 2% 6</b>					
0.5–9.9 ppm	<b>120% 5% 6</b>					
Hydrogen Sulphide in Methane		Туре	CGA	Size	Contents (approx.)	
, , ,					m <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>
1%	<b>12</b> 5% <b>2% 12</b>	Certified	330	152 32	4.90 0.98	177 35
10-9,999 ppm	10% 2% 12					
0.5–9.9 ррт	<b>20% 5% 12</b>					
Hydrogen Sulphide in Nitrogen		Туре	CGA	Size	Contents (approx.)	
					M <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>
1–5%	<b>1% 1</b> % <b>1</b> 2	Primary	330	200 152	5.77 3.99	208 144
1,000-9,999 ppm	<b>1%</b> 12 <b>•</b>			32	0.80	29
1-5%	<b>12</b> 5% <b>2% 12</b>	Certified	330	200 152	5.77 3.99	208 144
10-9,999 ppm	<b>10% 2% 12</b>			32	0.80	29
0.5-9.9 ppm	<b>12</b> 20% <b>5% 12</b>					



Recommended Cylinder Regulator Material

Equipment Series

HiQ<sup>®</sup> REDLINE

C200/2S

Dual Stage Stainless Steel

Isobutane in Air 0.1		Туре	CGA	Size	Contents	(approx.)	
		туре	CUA	JIZE	M <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>	
100-9,000 ppm	<b>₩5% 1%</b> 36 <b>0</b>	Primary	590	300 200	8.01 5.93	289 214	
50-99 ppm	<b>₩5% 2%</b> 36 <b>0</b>			80	2.22	80	
10-9,000 ppm	<b>10% 2% 36</b>	Certified	590	300 200	8.01 5.93	289 214	
1-9.9 ppm	<b>120% 5% 36</b>			80	2.22	80	
*May be subject to Flamox Review							
Isobutane in Nitrogen		Τνορ	CGA	Size	Contents	(approx.)	
isobutane in Nitrogen		Туре	CUA	JIZC	m <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>	
100-9,000 ppm	<b>1%</b> 36 0	Primary	350	300 200	7.71 5.77	278 208	
50-99 ppm	<b>15% 2% 36</b>			80	2.14	77	
10-9,000 ppm	<b>10% 2% 36</b>	Certified	350	300 200	7.71 5.77	278 208	
1–9.9 ppm	<b>20% 5% 36</b>			80	2.14	77	
0.1-0.9%	<b>10% n.a.</b> 36	Unanalyzed	350	300 200	7.71 5.77	278 208	



### Recommended Cylinder Regulator

Equipment Series Material **BASELINE™** 

BASELINE		
C1062B	Dual Stage Brass	See page 176
HiQ <sup>®</sup> REDLINE		
C200/2B	Dual Stage Brass	See page 192

Methane in Air 0.1		Туре	CGA	Size	Contents	
					<b>M</b> <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>
1-2.5%	<b>1%</b> 36	Primary	590	300 200	7.82 5.79	282 209
100-9,999 ррт	<b>₩5% 1%</b> 36 D			80	2.29	83
10-99 ppm	<b>1</b> 5% <b>2%</b> 36 0					
1-2.5%	<b>1</b> 5% <b>2%</b> 36 <b>0</b>	Certified	590	300 200	7.82 5.79	282 209
10-9,999 ppm	<b>10% 2% 36</b>			80	2.29	83
1–9.9 ppm	<b>— 20% 5% 36 •</b>					
*May be subject to Flamox Review						
Methane in Aroon or Nitroa	۵n*	Τνρε	(GA	Size	Contents	(approx.)
Methane in Argon or Nitrog	en*	Туре	CGA	Size	Contents m <sup>3</sup>	(approx.) ft <sup>3</sup>
Methane in Argon or Nitrog 1–10%	en* <u>#1% 1%</u> 36 D	Type Primary	CGA 350	300	m <sup>3</sup> 8.47	ft <sup>3</sup> 305
					M <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>
1-10%	<b>1%</b> 36			300 200	m <sup>3</sup> 8.47 6.20	ft <sup>3</sup> 305 224
1–10% 100–9,999 ppm	<b>1%</b> 36 0 <b>5%</b> 1% 36 0			300 200 80 300	m <sup>3</sup> 8.47 6.20 2.42 8.47	ft <sup>3</sup> 305 224 87 305
1–10% 100–9,999 ppm 50–99 ppm	1%       1%       36       0         1/2       5%       1%       36       0         1/2       5%       2%       36       0	Primary	350	300 200 80	m <sup>3</sup> 8.47 6.20 2.42	ft <sup>3</sup> 305 224 87
1–10% 100–9,999 ppm 50–99 ppm 1–10%	1%       1%       36       0         15%       1%       36       0         15%       2%       36       0         15%       2%       36       0	Primary	350	300 200 80 300 200	m <sup>3</sup> 8.47 6.20 2.42 8.47 6.20	ft <sup>3</sup> 305 224 87 305 224
1–10% 100–9,999 ppm 50–99 ppm 1–10% 10–9,999 ppm	1%       1%       36       0         5%       1%       36       0         5%       2%       36       0         5%       2%       36       0         10%       2%       36       0	Primary	350	300 200 80 300 200	m <sup>3</sup> 8.47 6.20 2.42 8.47 6.20	ft <sup>3</sup> 305 224 87 305 224

\*Volumes may vary based on balance gas



### Recommended Cylinder Regulator

Equipment Series Material

BASELINE™			
C1062B	Dual Stage Brass	See page 176	
HiQ <sup>®</sup> REDLINE			
C200/2B	Dual Stage Brass	See page 192	
C200/2S	Dual Stage Stainless Steel	See page 192	

Mothana in Hydrogon		Τνρο	CGA	Size	Contents	(approx.)
Methane in Hydrogen		Туре	CUA	3120	M <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>
1–10%	<b>1%</b> 36	Primary	350	300 200	7.71 5.34	273 193
100–9,999 ppm	<b>1%</b> 36			80	2.11	76
50–99 ppm	<b>15% 36</b>					
1-10%	<b>15% 36 0</b>	Certified	350	300 200	7.71 5.34	273 193
10-9,999 ppm	<b>10% 36</b>			80	2.11	76
1–9.9 ppm	<b>120% 5% 36</b>					
0.1-10%	<b>10%</b> [n.a. 36 ] ]	Unanalyzed	350	300 200	7.71 5.34	273 193

### Recommended Cylinder Regulator

Equipment Series Material

() Circle

BASELINE™		
C1062B	Dual Stage Brass	See page 176
HiQ <sup>®</sup> REDLINE		
C200/2B	Dual Stage Brass	See page 192
C200/2S	Dual Stage Stainless Steel	See page 192

Methanol in Air 0.1		Туре	CGA	Size		(approx.)	
					m <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>	
10-900 ppm	<b>10% 2% 12</b>	Certified	590	152	2.37	86	
10-900 ppm				32	0.48	18	
Methanol in Nitrogen		<b>T</b>		Ci	Contents (approx.)		
Methanor in Nitrogen		Туре	CGA	Size	<b>m</b> ³	ft <sup>3</sup>	
10-900 ppm	<b>10% 2% 12</b>	Certified	350	152	2.35	85	
				32	0.47	17	



### Recommended Cylinder Regulator

Equipment Series Material
BASELINE™
C1062B Dual Stage Brass S

See page 176

**HiQ® REDLINE** C200/2B

Dual Stage Brass

See page 192

Methyl Mercaptan in or Nitrogen	Helium, Methane	Туре	CGA	Size	Contents m <sup>3</sup>	(approx.) ft ³	
1%	1% 12 0	Certified	350	152 32	3.16 0.63	114 23	
1,000–9,999 ppm	<b>1%</b> 12						



**Recommended Cylinder Regulator** Equipment Series Material

HiQ<sup>®</sup> REDLINE

C200/2S

Dual Stage Stainless Steel See page 192

Nitric Oxide in Helium		Туре	CGA	Size	Contents (approx.)		
		Type	CGA	5120	M <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>	
10-9,900 ppm	<b>10% 2% 24</b>	Certified	660	200 152	5.68 3.90	205 141	
0.4–9.9 ppm	<b>120% 5% 24</b>			32	0.78	28	
Nitric Oxide in Nitrogen		Τνοο	CC 1	Size	Contents (approx.)		
Nithe Oxide in Nitrogen		Туре	CGA	3120	M³	ft <sup>3</sup>	
100–5,000 ppm	<b>1%</b> 24	Primary	660	152	3.90	141	
· · · · · ·				32	0.78	28	
10-9,900 ppm	<b>10% 2% 24</b>	Certified	660	200 152	5.68 3.90	205 141	
0.4–9.9 ppm	<b>120% 5% 24</b>			32	0.78	28	



### Recommended Cylinder Regulator

Equipment Series Material BASELINE™ Dual Stage Stainless Steel See page 176 C1062S HiQ<sup>®</sup> REDLINE See page 192

C200/2S

Dual Stage Stainless Steel

Nitrogen in Argon or Helium*		Туре	CGA	Size	Contents (approx.)	
Nitroyen în Argon or ne		турс	CUA	3120	m <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>
1-50%	<b>1%</b> 24 <b>•</b>	Primary	580	300 200	7.97 5.88	287 212
100-9,999 ppm	<b>5% 1% 24</b>			80	2.33	84
1-50%	<b>5% 2% 24</b>	Certified	580	300 200	7.97 5.88	287 212
10-9,999 ppm	<b>10% 2% 24</b>			80	2.33	84
1-9.9 ppm	<b>20% 5% 24</b>					
0.1-50%	<b>10% n.a. 24</b>	Unanalyzed	580	300 200	7.97 5.88	287 212
*Volumes may vary based on bala	nce gas					
Nitrogen in Hydrogen		Typo	CGA	Size	Contents	(approx.)
		Туре	CUA	3120	m <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>
1-50%	<b>1%</b> 24	Primary	350	300 200	7.27 5.41	262 195
100–9,999 ppm	<b>5% 1% 24</b>			80	2.14	77
1–50%	<b>15% 2</b> % <b>2</b> 4	Certified	350	300 200	7.27 5.41	262 195
10-9,999 ppm	<b>10% 2% 24</b>			80	2.14	77
1–9.9 ppm	<b>20% 5% 24</b>					
0.1-50%	10% n.a. 24 D	Unanalyzed	350	300 200	7.27 5.41	262 195



### Recommended Cylinder Regulator

Equipment Series Material BASELINE™

BASELINE		
C1062B	Dual Stage Brass	See page 176
HiQ <sup>®</sup> REDLINE		
C200/2B	Dual Stage Brass	See page 192

Nitrogen Dioxide in Ai	r 0.1	Туре	CGA	Size	Contents m <sup>3</sup>	(approx.) ft ³	
1%	<b></b> 24 D	Certified	660	152 32	1.20 0.24	43 9	
10–9,999 ppm	<b>10% 2% 6</b>			52	0.21	,	
5-9.9 ppm	<b>1</b> 20% <b>5</b> % <b>6</b>						
Nitrogen Diovide in Nitrogen							
Nitrogen Dioxide in Nit	tronen	Туре	CGA	Size	Contents	(approx.)	
Nitrogen Dioxide in Ni	trogen	Туре	CGA	Size	Contents m <sup>3</sup>	(approx.) ft ³	
Nitrogen Dioxide in Nit	trogen	Туре Certified	<b>CGA</b> 660	152	m <sup>3</sup> 1.20		
					M <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup> 43	
1%	<b>15%</b> 2% 24 D			152	m <sup>3</sup> 1.20	ft <sup>3</sup> 43	

*Note: NO*<sub>2</sub>/*N*<sub>2</sub> *will have a 0.5% O*<sub>2</sub> *content* 



### Recommended Cylinder Regulator

Equipment Series Material
BASELINE™
C1062S Dual Stage Stainless Steel See page 176
HiQ® REDLINE

C200/2S

Dual Stage Stainless Steel

See page 192

Nitrous Oxide in Nitrogen		Туре	CGA	Size	Contents (approx.)	
					M <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>
1-10%	<b>1%</b> 36	Primary	590	300 200	7.96 5.89	287 194
100–9,999 ppm	<b>1%</b> 36			80	2.33	84
10-99 ppm	<b>5% 2% 36</b>					
1–10%	<b>**</b> 5% <b>2%</b> 36 <b>•</b>	Certified	590	300 200	7.96 5.89	287 194
10-9,999 ppm	<b>10% 36</b>			80	2.33	84
1–9.9 ppm	<b>120% 5% 36 •</b>					

### Recommended Cylinder Regulator

() Cinit

Equipment Series	Material	
BASELINE™		
C1062B	Dual Stage Brass	See page 176
HiQ <sup>®</sup> REDLINE		
C200/2B	Dual Stage Brass	See page 192
C200/2S	Dual Stage Stainless Steel	See page 192

Oxygen in Argon or Nitrogen		Туре	CGA	Size	Contents m <sup>3</sup>	(approx.) ft <sup>3</sup>
1–50%	<u><b>1%</b></u> 36	Primary	See note below	300 200	8.39 6.13	303 221
1,000-9,999 ррт	<b>1%</b> 24 0			152	4.21	152
1–50%	<b>15% 2% 36</b>	Certified	See note below	300 200	8.39 6.13	303 221
10-9,999 ppm	<b>10% 2% 12</b>			152	4.21	152
1-9.9 ppm	<b>20% 5% 12</b>					
0.1-50%	<b>10%</b> n.a. 24	Unanalyzed	See note below	300 200	8.39 6.13	303 221
*Volumes may vary based on balance g	as					
Oxygen in Helium		Туре	CGA	Size	Contents m <sup>3</sup>	(approx.) ft <sup>3</sup>
1–50%	<u><b>1%</b></u> <b>36</b>	Primary	See note below	300 200	7.31 5.43	264 196
1,000-9,999 ppm	<b>1%</b> 24 D		Delow	200	5.45	190
1-50%	<b>15% 2% 36</b>	Certified	See note below	300 200	7.31 5.43	264 196
10-9,999 ppm	<b>10% 2% 12</b>		berow	152	3.71	131
1–9.9 ppm	<b>12</b> 0% <b>5% 12</b>					
0.1-50%	10% n.a. 24 D	Unanalyzed	See note below	300 200	7.31 5.43	264 196

Note:  $O_2 \le 5\%$  use CGA 580  $O_2 > 5-23\%$  use CGA 590  $O_2 > 23\%$  CGA 296



### Recommended Cylinder Regulator

Equipment Series Material

BASELINE™C1062BDual Stage BrassSee page 176HiQ® REDLINESee page 192C200/2BDual Stage BrassSee page 192

Drooppo in Air		TVDA	CGA	Size	Contents (approx.)	
Propane in Air		Туре	CUA	3120	M <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>
1-1.1%	<b>1%</b> 36 D	Primary	590	300 200	7.84 5.80	283 209
100-9,999 ppm	<b>1%</b> 36			152	3.96	143
10-99 ppm	<b>15% 2% 36 0</b>					
1-1.1%	<b>15% 2% 36</b>	Certified	590	300 200	7.84 5.80	283 209
10-9,999 ppm	<b>10% 36</b>			152	3.96	143
1–9.9 ppm	<b>120% 5% 36</b>					
* May be sugject to Flamox review						
Dropano in Nitrogon		Туре	CGA	Size	Contents	(approx.)
Propane in Nitrogen		турс	CUA	5120	M <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>
1-4%	<b>1%</b> 36	Primary	350	300 200	7.75 5.80	279 209
100-9,999 ppm	<b>1%</b> 36 0			152	3.98	144
10-99 ppm	<b>∰5% 2% 36 0</b>					
1-4%	<b>15% 2% 36</b>	Certified	350	300 200	7.75 5.80	279 209
10-9,999 ppm	<b>10% 2% 36</b>			152	3.98	144
1–9.9 ppm	<b>120% 5% 36 D</b>					
0.1-4%	<b>10% n.a. 36</b>	Unanalyzed	350	300 200	7.75 5.80	279 209



### Recommended Cylinder Regulator

Equipment Series Material

BASELINE™

C1062B Dual Stage Brass		See page 176	
HiQ <sup>®</sup> REDLINE			
C200/2B	Dual Stage Brass	See page 192	

Propylene in Air 0.1		Туре	CGA	Size		(approx.)
·····					■ m <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>
1%	<b>1% 1% 36</b>	Primary	590	300 200	7.84 5.80	283 209
100-9,999 ppm	<b></b>			152 80	3.96 2.29	143 83
50–99 ppm	<b>15% 2% 24</b>					
1%	<b>15% 2% 36</b>	Certified	590	300 200	7.84 5.80	283 209
10-9,999 ppm	<b>10% 2% 24</b>			152 80	3.96 2.29	143 83
1-9.9 ppm	<b>120% 5% 24</b>					
*May be subject to Flamox Review						
Drapylana Nitragon		Tuese	<b>CC A</b>	<b>C</b> :	Contents	(approx.)
Propylene Nitrogen		Туре	CGA	Size	M <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>
1-6%	<b>1%</b> 36	Primary	350	300 200	6.30 5.53	227 199
100-9,999 ррт	<b>5% 1% 36</b>			80	2.19	79
1-6%	<b>5% 2% 36</b>	Certified	350	300 200	6.30 5.53	227 199
10-9,999 ppm	<b>10% 2% 24</b>			152 80	3.90 2.19	143 79
1-9.9 ppm	<b>120% 5% 24</b>					
0.1-6%	<b>10% n.a.</b> 36	Unanalyzed	350	300 200	6.30 5.53	227 199



### Recommended Cylinder Regulator

Equipment Series Material

BASELINE™		
C1062B	Dual Stage Brass	See page 176
HiQ <sup>®</sup> REDLINE		
C200/2B	Dual Stage Brass	See page 192

Sulphur Dioxide in Air 0.1		Туре	CGA	Size	Contents (approx.)	
					M <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>
1%	<b>15% 2% 24 0</b>	Certified	660	200 152	5.80 3.99	209 144
10-9,999 ppm	<b>10% 24 0</b>			32	0.80	29
0.4–9.9 ppm	<b>120% 5% 24</b>					
Sulphur Diovide in M	litragen	Τνρο	(6)	Sizo	Contents	(approx.)
Sulphur Dioxide in N	Nitrogen	Туре	CGA	Size	Contents M <sup>3</sup>	(approx.) ft <sup>3</sup>
Sulphur Dioxide in M 1%	Nitrogen	<b>Туре</b> Certified	<b>CGA</b> 660	Size 200 152		
	<b>J</b>			200	m³ 5.71	ft <sup>3</sup> 206



Recommended Cylinder RegulatorEquipment SeriesMaterial

HiQ<sup>®</sup> REDLINE

C200/2S

Dual Stage Stainless Steel Se

Sulphur Hexafluoride in Air	0.1	Туре	CGA	Size	Contents M <sup>3</sup>	(approx.) ft <sup>3</sup>
1–10%	<b>1%</b> 36	Primary	590	300 200	8.15 6.06	289 219
100–9,999 ppm	<b>1%</b> 36			80	2.39	84
50-99 ppm	<b>15% 2% 36 0</b>					
1–10%	<b>15% 2% 36</b>	Certified	590	300 200	8.15 6.06	277 219
10-9,999 ppm	<b>10% 2% 36</b>			152 80	3.96 2.39	140 84
1-9.9 ppm	<b>120% 5% 36</b>					
0.1-10%	<b>10% n.a.</b> 36	Unanalyzed	590	300 200	8.15 6.06	289 219
Sulphur Hexafluoride in Nitrogen		Туре	CGA	Size	Contents	(арргох.)
	ogen	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		5120	M <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>
1-10%	<b>1% 36</b>	Primary	580	300 200	8.01 5.93	289 214
100-9,999 ppm	<b>1%</b> 36 0			80	2.35	85
50–99 ppm	<b>15% 2% 36</b>					
1–10%	<b>15% 2% 36</b>	Certified	580	300 200	8.01 5.93	289 214
10-9,999 ppm	<b>10% 2% 36</b>			152 80	3.90 2.35	138 85
1–9.9 ppm	<b>120% 5% 36</b>					
0.1-10%	10% In.a. 36	Unanalyzed	580	300 200	8.01 5.93	289 214

### Recommended Cylinder Regulator

Equipment Series Material

BASELINE™		
C1062B	Dual Stage Brass	See page 176
HiQ <sup>®</sup> REDLINE		
C200/2B	Dual Stage Brass	See page 192
C200/2S	Dual Stage Stainless Steel	See page 192



Vinyl Chloride in Nitrogen		Туре	CGA	Size	Contents m <sup>3</sup>	(approx.) ft <sup>3</sup>	
10-5,000 ppm	<b>10% 2% 36</b>	Certified	350	152 32	4.05 0.82	146 30	
100 ppb – 9.9 ppm	<b>120% 5% 36</b>						

# Moisture Mixtures (as water)

Water in Argon or Nitrogen*	Туре	CGA	Size	Contents m <sup>3</sup>	(approx.) ft <sup>3</sup>	
50–140 ppm Water mixtures only available in size 152 *Volumes may vary based on balance gas	Certified	580	152	3.90	141	
Water in Helium	Туре	CGA	Size	Contents m <sup>3</sup>	(approx.) ft <sup>3</sup>	
50–140 ppmTom 5% 12 DWater mixtures only available in size 152	Certified	580	152	3.74	135	
Water in Hydrogen	Туре	CGA	Size	Contents m <sup>3</sup>	(approx.) ft <sup>3</sup>	
50–140 ppm <b>TOX 5% 12</b> Water mixtures only available in size 152	Certified	350	152	3.66	132	



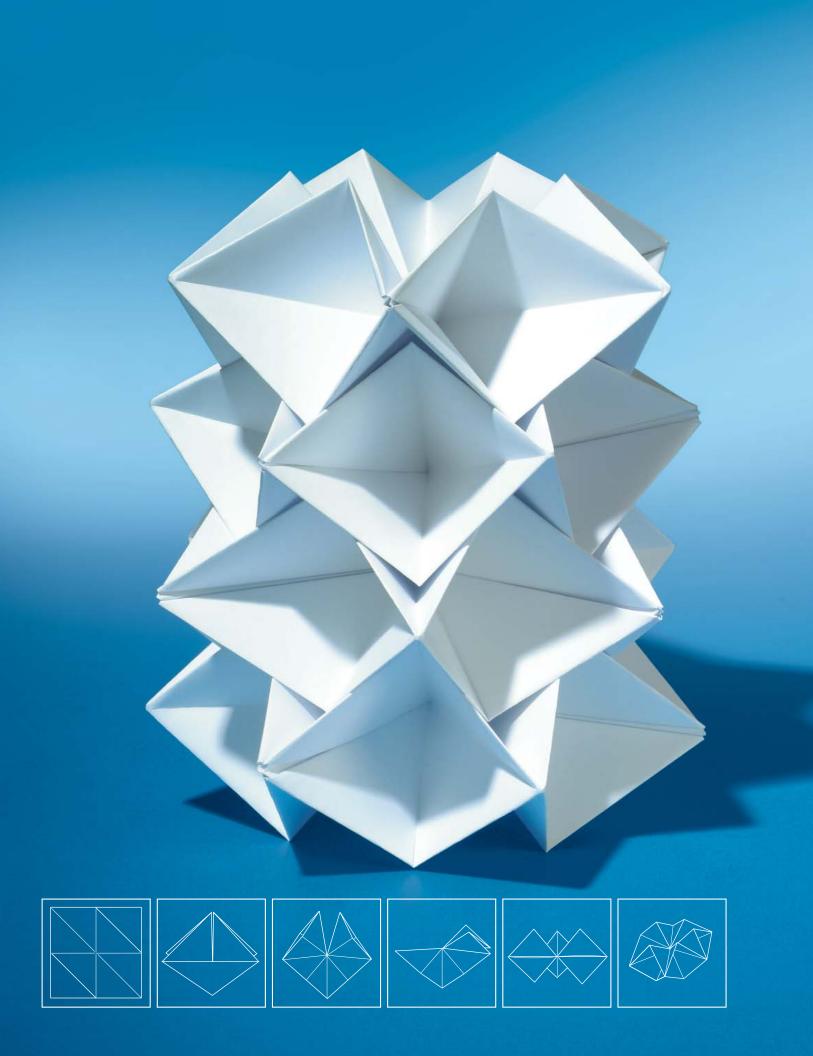
Recommended Cylinder Regulator

Equipment Series Material

**HiQ® REDLINE** 

C200/2S

Dual Stage Stainless Steel



## **Special Application Mixtures**

Linde's knowledge and long-term experience with an extensive range of applications give us a clear picture of the most widely requested and relevant gas mixtures for each application. This helps us effectively fast-track your selection procedures. In many cases we have standard manufactured stock for mixtures used in some of the following applications:

- Diving Gas
- Electron Capture
- Fuel Gases
- Laser Gases
- Nuclear Counter Gases
- Instrument Support

While our mixture listing covers many of today's common requirements, Linde recognizes the infinite combinations our customers may demand. If you do not see your requirement here, contact our Customer Service Centre and we will create one for you.

# Diving Gas Standards

Recent studies have shown that in some cases medical or aviator grade products previously supplied do not meet the specifications for diving gases as published in CSA Z-275.2.92. Linde uses quality controlled raw gas materials to ensure all our diving grade gases and gas mixtures meet these minimum specifications, as well as those published in DND 87-003-000/SG-001 (99-4-12).

Diving Car Standards	CGA	Size	Cont	tents	Product
Diving Gas Standards	CUA	SIZE	M <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>	Code
Oxygen 40% in N <sub>2</sub>	296	200	6.03	206	24075939
Oxygen 60% in N <sub>2</sub>	296	200	6.13	206	24075950
Helium 50% in N <sub>2</sub>	580	200	6.10	206	24079637
Tri Mix He 10% $O_2$ 21% in $N_2$	590	200	5.70	206	24078394
Tri Mix He 20% $O_2 21\%$ in $N_2$	590	200	5.70	206	24078749
Tri Mix O <sub>2</sub> 21% He 35% in N <sub>2</sub>	590	200	5.70	206	24078900
Tri Mix O <sub>2</sub> 18% He 45% in N <sub>2</sub>	590	200	5.70	206	24078978
Tri Mix O <sub>2</sub> 15% He 55% in N <sub>2</sub>	590	200	5.70	206	24078601



Recommended Cylinder Regulator

Equipment Series Material

BASELINE™

C1061B

Single Stage Brass

# Electron Capture Detector (ECD) Mixtures

Methane 4.0 in Argon 5.0	Typical Impurities	CGA	Size	Cont m³	tents ft <sup>3</sup>	Product Code
5% (Ultra P-5)	H <sub>2</sub> O < 1 ppm O <sub>2</sub> < 1 ppm	350	300 200	8.49 6.27	306 226	24017270 24017269
Methane in Argon	Typical Impurities	CGA	Size	Cont m <sup>3</sup>	tents ft <sup>3</sup>	Product Code



### Recommended Cylinder Regulator

Equipment Series Material

BASELINE		
C1062B	Dual Stage Brass	See page 176
HiQ <sup>®</sup> REDLINE		
C200/2B	Dual Stage Brass	See page 192

# Thermal Conductivity Detector Mixture

Hydrogen in Helium	CGA	Size	Cont	ents	Product	
	CUA	JIZC	M <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>	Code	
8.5%	350	200	5.55	200	24017291	



### Recommended Cylinder Regulator

Equipment SeriesMaterialBASELINE™C1062BDual Stage BrassSee page 176HiQ® REDLINEC200/2BDual Stage BrassSee page 192

# Nuclear Counter Mixtures

Butane in Helium	CGA	Size		tents	Product Code
1.3%	350	200	m <sup>3</sup> 5.55	ft <sup>3</sup> 200	24017223
Isobutane in Helium	CGA	Size	Cont m <sup>3</sup>	tents ft <sup>3</sup>	Product Code
0.95%	350	200	5.55	200	24017255
Methane in Argon	CGA	Size	Cont m <sup>3</sup>	ents ft <sup>3</sup>	Product Code
<b>10% (Ultra P-10)</b> H <sub>2</sub> O < 5 ppm O <sub>2</sub> < 5 ppm	350	300 200	8.49 6.27	306 226	24017220 24017219
10% (P-10)	350	300 200	8.49 6.27	306 226	24017217 24017216
Tri-Component Mixture	CGA	Size	Cont m <sup>3</sup>	ents ft <sup>3</sup>	Product Code
8% Methane 46% Nitrogen 46% Helium	350	300	7.35	265	24081883



### Recommended Cylinder Regulator

Equipment Series Material

**BASELINE™** C1062B

See page 176

HiQ<sup>®</sup> REDLINE

C200/2B

Dual Stage Brass

Dual Stage Brass

```
See page 192
```

# Flame Ionization Detector Mixtures

Hydrogen in Helium (Helifuel FID 0.1)	CGA	Size	Cont	ents	Product	
		5120	M <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>	Code	
40%, THC < 0.1 ppm, H <sub>2</sub> 0 < 2 ppm	350	200	5.55	200	24075741	
Hydrogen in Helium (Helifuel FID Zero)	CGA	Size	Cont	ents	Product	
nydrogen in hendin (hender hb zero)	CUA	5120	M <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>	Code	
40%, THC < 0.5 ppm	350	200	5.55	200	24063839	
Hydrogen in Nitrogen (Nitrifuel FID Zero)	CGA	Size	Cont	ents	Product	
nyologen in Nilogen (Nilhuer rid Zelo)		5120	<b>M</b> ³	ft <sup>3</sup>	Code	
40%, THC < 0.5 ppm	350	300	7.71 5.77	278 208	24063964 24063966	
		200	5.77	208	24003966	

Flame Resistance of Cloth Test	Туре	CGA	Size	Cont	ents	Product	
	TYPC	CUA	JIZC	M <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>	Code	
3% Ethane 18% Carbon Monoxide 24% Methane 55% Hydrogen	Certified	350	200	4.51	163	24077793	

Preparation Tolerance is 1% Absolute per component (+/-1%)



Recommended Cylinder Regulator

Equipment Series Material

HiQ<sup>®</sup> REDLINE

C200/2B

Dual Stage Brass

# Flammable Limit Gas Mixtures

Hydrogen in Air		Туре	CGA	Size	Cont m <sup>3</sup>	ents ft <sup>3</sup>	Product Code	
2% (50% LEL)	<b>15% 2% 36</b>	Certified	590	200	5.93	214	24073892	
Methane in Air		Туре	CGA	Size	Cont m³	ents ft <sup>3</sup>	Product Code	
2.50% (50% LEL)	<b>1</b> 5% <b>2% 36</b>	Certified	590	200	5.93	214	24062735	
1.25% (25% LEL)	<b>-</b>	Certified	590	200	5.93	214	24081880	
0.50% (10% LEL)	<b>10% 2% 36</b>	Certified	590	200	5.93	214	24067853	
0.25% (5% LEL)	<b>10% 2% 36</b>	Certified	590	200	5.93	214	24081882	
Propane in Air		Туре	CGA	Size	Cont m³	ents ft <sup>3</sup>	Product Code	
1.1% (50% LEL)	<b>15% 2% 36 0</b>	Certified	590	200	4.38	158	24077253	



### Recommended Cylinder Regulator

Equipment Series Material

BASELINE™		
C1062B	Dual Stage Brass	See page 176
HiQ <sup>®</sup> REDLINE		
C200/2B	Dual Stage Brass	See page 192

# Furnace Atmosphere Mixture

Carbon Dioxide in Carbon Monoxide	CGA	Size	Cont	ents	Product	
			M <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>	Code	
40%	350	152	4.08	147	24081214	



### Recommended Cylinder Regulator

Equipment Series	Material	
BASELINE™		
C1062B	Dual Stage Brass	See page 176
HiQ <sup>®</sup> REDLINE		
C200/2B	Dual Stage Brass	See page 192

# Leak Detection Mixtures

Helium in Nitrogen	CGA	Size	Cont m³	ents ft <sup>3</sup>	Product Code
0.5-10%	580	300 200	7.71 5.77	278 208	- -
Sulphur Hexafluoride in Nitrogen	CGA	Size	Cont m <sup>3</sup>	ents ft <sup>3</sup>	Product Code



### Recommended Cylinder Regulator

Equipment Series Material

BASELINE			
C1062B	Dual Stage Brass	See page 176	
HiQ <sup>®</sup> REDLINE			
C200/2B	Dual Stage Brass	See page 192	

## Laser Mixtures

Lacorshield		Size	Contents		Product
Lasershield	CGA		M <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>	Code
Lasershield 1	580	300	7.46	269	24069564
Lasershield 2	580	300	7.46	269	24069566
Lasershield 3	580	300	7.51	271	24069567
Lasershield 4	580	300	7.54	272	24069568
Lasershield 5	580	300	7.39	266	24069569
Lasershield 6*	350	152	4.01	147	24080543
Lasershield 7	580	300	7.49	271	24073909

Lasershield Components	% CO	% CO <sub>2</sub>	% N <sub>2</sub>	% He
Lasershield 1	-	4.5	13.5	82
Lasershield 2	-	9	13.5	77.5
Lasershield 3	-	12	12	76
Lasershield 4	-	5	55	40
Lasershield 5	-	3.4	15.6	81
Lasershield 6*	4	8	60	28
Lasershield 7	_	1.7	23.4	74.9

\* Requires Aluminum Cylinder

**Guaranteed Specifications** 

- < 5 ppm H<sub>2</sub>O < 5 ppm O<sub>2</sub> < 1ppm THC

**LASERLINE**, developed by Linde AG, represents a complete program of Products (gases and equipment) and Services (installation, consultation and research) managed by a global team of experts with extensive laser experience. The overall goal is to support the laser manufacturers in their effort to foster laser technology and to provide the optimum gas supply solution to the laser user.

LASERLINE is your easy access to more than 20 years of experience in laser processing and laser related gas supply solutions. Our toll-free service hotline 1-866-385-5349 provides you with free advice on laser technology.



LMH-360 complete laser gas supply system for laser resonators that require separate gases.

# Excimer Laser Mixtures

Fluorine in Neon	CGA	Spectra Size	Contents litres	
1%	670/679 670/679 670/679	2 2 3	6,000 5,000 2,000	
Fluorine in Helium or Neon*	CGA	Spectra Size	Contents litres	

Hydrogen Chloride in Helium or Neon*	CGA	Spectra Size	Contents litres
<b>1-5%</b> *Volumes may vary based on balance gas	330 330 330	3 4 5	1,133 566 198
5 % HCl, 1% Hydrogen, in Helium or Neon*	CGA	Spectra Size	Contents litres
<b>1-5%</b> *Volumes may vary based on balance gas	330 330 330	3 4 5	1,133 566 198



# Natural Gas Standards

Linde offers a variety of Natural Gas Cylinder Standards for process, or calibration requirements. From pipeline reference standards to NIST traceable requirements, Linde has the right mix for your application.

BTU Standards	Components	CGA	Size	Cont m <sup>3</sup>	tents ft <sup>3</sup>	Product Code
<b>BTU 1010 Methane Calibration</b> Ideal BTU Value = 1,010 @ 14.696 psia, 60°F (GPA 2172)		350	200	8.10	286	24076292
BTU-1028 Calorific Standard	BalanceMethaneCarbon Dioxide3.00%Ethane3.50%Heptane0.02%Hexane0.05%Isobutane0.40%Isopentane0.15%n-Butane0.40%Nitrogen2.50%Neopentane0.10%Pentane0.15%Propane1.00%	510	425	19.50	68	24075863
BTU Standard 1298, GPA Reference Standard*	BalanceMethaneCarbon Dioxide1%Ethane9%Helium0.5%Isobutane3%Isopentane1%n-Butane3%Nitrogen5%Pentane1%Propane6%	510	425	0.85	30	24082213
Pipeline Natural Gas Standards	Components	CGA	Size	Cont m <sup>3</sup>	tents ft <sup>3</sup>	Product Code
Pipeline Natural Gas	BalanceMethaneCarbon Dioxide1%Ethane1.75%Hexane10 ppmIsobutane0.1%Isopentane20 ppmn-Butane0.1%Nitrogen2%Oxygen0.2%Pentane20 ppmPropane0.1%	350	200	7.22	255	24076293

\*The Gas Processors Association's "GPA Standard of Analysis for Natural Gas and Similar Gaseous Mixtures by Gas Chromatography" (GPA Publication 2261-72) and ASTM's method D-1945-62T recommend this specialty gas mixture for calibration and analysis



**Recommended Cylinder Regulator** 

Equipment Series Material
HiQ® REDLINE
C200/2B Dual Stage Brass See page 192

# Liquid Hydrocarbon Standards

Considered by many as the industry leader in Canada, Linde has been manufacturing quality liquefied Hydrocarbon standards for more than 40 years. With component requirements that sometimes exceed 20 or more, Linde uses special preparation on both steel and aluminum cylinders to ensure stability during the shelf life of the standard.

Liquid Hydrocarbon Standards come with a full length eductor tubes (FLET) and Helium head pressure to retain the consistency of the mixture during use. Cylinder weight contents can vary based on mixture composition and the required liquid fill density. There are more than 100 potential components available and Linde quality controls all materials before mixing to ensure all standards meet our minimal preparation and analytical requirements. Typical balance gases used for Hydrocarbon Standards include:

- 1,3-Butadiene
- Isobutane • 2-Butene
- n-Butane Isopentane Propylene

 1-Butene • Pentane

- Propane
- Liquid standards are also available in Constant Pressure or "Piston" cylinders. Mixture pressure is maintained by pressurizing one side of the floating piston with an inert gas such as helium. The floating piston effectively separates the liquid from the inert gas and the constant pressure on the piston prevents lighter components from volatilizing. Constant Pressure cylinders supply the most accurate liquid phase calibration standards available and should be used for the most demanding applications such as product sales and custody transfer. Typical content is 500 to 1,000 cc. Constant pressure cylinders are supplied by the customer or purchased along with the mixture. Constant Pressure cylinders are shipped in TC approved transport cases.

# Transportables

Many applications require the use of smaller non-standard cylinders, to assist where gas quantity, size and/or weight can be a consideration. Linde's line of small transportable cylinders offers a solution to larger cylinders wherever small gas quantities are required. There are two product families:

Linde Non-refillable containers offer small gas quantities at reduced pressures in portable steel or aluminium cylinders. Often referred to as disposables, or lecture bottles, non-refillable cylinders are purchased with the gas, removing any concern over cylinder rental charges. Non-refillable cylinders can be used with most standard non-poisonous pure gas or gas mixtures, with many available from current production at short notice. To save both time and expense, they are often shipped directly to our customers from the manufacturing plant. The purchaser becomes responsible for the environmental disposal requirements of the cylinders after use.

The Linde ECOCYL® cylinder program offers a unique and environmentally-friendly solution to the problem of cylinder disposal. ECOCYL® cylinders are small, refillable cylinders with a fixed pressure regulator and a flow meter fully integrated into the cylinder's protective cowling. The result is a safe, easy and ready-to-use system. The end user only needs to open the cylinder valve and choose from the preset flow ranges. ECOCYL® cylinders can be used with most standard pure gas or gas mixtures, with many available from current production at short notice.

Linde MM17 Transportable mixtures are certified to the following: 10–25 ppm +/- 10% of the minor component(s); > 25 ppm +/- 5% of the minor component(s). MM17 cylinders are for use for remote safety an industrial hygiene applications. For laboratory calibrations, we recommend our ECOCYL<sup>®</sup> combination package.



## Transportable MM17\*

### Available Binary Mixtures

n-Butane in Air	10% LEL (0.17%), 20% LEL (0.34%), 50% LEL (0.75%)
Carbon Dioxide in Air	100 ppm, 1000 ppm, 2.5%
Carbon Dioxide in Nitrogen	1000 ppm, 2.5%, 5%, 10%
Carbon Monoxide in Air	25 ppm, 50 ppm, 100 ppm, 200 ppm, 300 ppm
Carbon Monoxide in Nitrogen	50 ppm, 1000 ppm
Hexane in Air	1.5% LEL (180 ppm), 2.5% LEL (300 ppm), 4% LEL (480 ppm)
Isobutylene in Air	50 ppm, 100 ppm
Methane in Air	10 ppm, 100 ppm, 20% LEL (1%), 30% LEL (1.5%), 50% LEL (2.5%)
Oxygen in Nitrogen	15%, 19.5%, 20.9%
Propane in Air	10 ppm, 30% LEL (0.66%), 50% LEL (1.1%)

### Technical Data

Content	17L (0.6 ft <sup>3</sup> )
Pressure	240 psi
Dimensions	27.3 x 7.3 cm (10.75" x 2.75")
Internal Volume	1.0 L
Material	Steel
Weight	0.4 kg (1 lb)
Outlet	CGA 600

### Multi Component Blends

C0 <sub>2</sub>	Methane	Pentane	Oxygen	Balance
100 ppm	50% LEL	-	-	Air
100 ppm	-	30% LEL	-	Air
35 ppm	-	10% LEL	18%	Nitrogen
50 ppm	50% LEL	_	12%	Nitrogen
50 ppm	50% LEL	_	17%	Nitrogen
100 ppm	25% LEL	_	17%	Nitrogen
100 ppm	25% LEL	_	19%	Nitrogen
100 ppm	50% LEL	-	12%	Nitrogen
100 ppm	50% LEL	_	16%	Nitrogen
200 ppm	50% LEL	_	19%	Nitrogen

MM17 are available for Air, Argon, Helium, Hydrogen, Nitrogen, and Propane. MM17 cylinders are non-refillable one time use only.

\* Typically sold in cases of 12 cylinders

# Transportables

### Transportable MM105

### Available Binary Mixtures

n-Butane in Air	10% LEL (0.17%), 20% LEL ( 0.34%), 50% LEL (0.75%)
Carbon Dioxide in Air	100 ppm, 1000 ppm, 2.5%, 5%
Carbon Dioxide in Nitrogen	1000 ppm, 2.5%, 5%, 10%
Carbon Monoxide in Air	25 ppm, 50 ppm, 100 ppm, 200 ppm, 300 ppm
Carbon Monoxide in Nitrogen	50 ppm, 1000 ppm
Hexane in Air	1.5% LEL (180 ppm), 2.5% LEL (300 ppm), 4% LEL (480 ppm)
Isobutylene in Air	50 ppm, 100 ppm
Methane in Air	10 ppm, 100 ppm, 20% LEL (1%), 30% LEL (1.5%), 50% LEL (2.5%)
Oxygen in Nitrogen	15%, 19.5%, 20.9%
Propane in Air	10 ppm, 30% LEL (0.66%), 50% LEL (1.1%)

#### Multi Component Blends

····				
C0 <sub>2</sub>	Methane	Pentane	Oxygen	Balance
100 ppm	50% LEL	-	-	Air
100 ppm	_	30% LEL	_	Air
35 ppm	_	10% LEL	18%	Nitrogen
50 ppm	50% LEL	-	12%	Nitrogen
50 ppm	50% LEL	-	17%	Nitrogen
100 ppm	25% LEL	-	17%	Nitrogen
100 ppm	25% LEL	-	19%	Nitrogen
100 ppm	50% LEL	_	12%	Nitrogen
100 ppm	50% LEL	_	16%	Nitrogen
200 ppm	50% LEL	-	19%	Nitrogen

### **Technical Data**

Content	105L (3.7 ft <sup>3</sup> )
Pressure	1,000 psig
Typical Use	Non-flammable mixtures
Dimensions	34.3 x 8.3 cm (13.9" x 3.25")
Internal Volume	1.52 L
Material	Steel
Weight	1.5 kg (3 lbs)
Outlet	C10

MM105 Transportable mixtures are certified to the following analytical uncertainty:

10–25 ppm	+/-10% of the minor
	component(s)
> 25 ppm	+/- 5% of the minor
	component(s)

MM105 cylinders are for use for Safety and Industrial Hygiene applications. For Laboratory small cylinder calibrations, we recommend our ECOCYL<sup>®</sup> combination package.

MM105 are available for Air, Argon, Helium and Nitrogen. MM105 cylinders are non-re-fillable one time use only.

## Transportable MM221

### Available Binary Mixtures

Butane in Air	10% LEL (0.17%), 20% LEL (0.34%), 50% LEL (0.75%)
Carbon Dioxide in Air	100 ppm, 1,000 ppm, 2.5%, 5%
Carbon Dioxide in Nitrogen	1,000 ppm, 2.5%, 5%, 10%
Carbon Monoxide in Air	25 ppm, 50 ppm, 100 ppm, 200 ppm, 300 ppm
Carbon Monoxide in Nitrogen	50 ppm, 1,000 ppm
Hexane in Air	1.5% LEL (180 ppm), 2.5% LEL (300 ppm), 4% LEL (480 ppm)
Isobutylene in Air	50 ppm, 100 ppm
Methane in Air	10 ppm, 100 ppm, 20% LEL (1%), 30% LEL (1.5%), 50% LEL (2.5%)
Oxygen in Nitrogen	15%, 19.5%, 20.9%
Propane in Air	10 ppm, 30% LEL (0.66%), 50% LEL (1.1%)

### Multi Component Blends

C0 <sub>2</sub>	Methane	Pentane	Oxygen	Balance
100 ppm	50% LEL	-	_	Air
100 ppm	-	30% LEL	_	Air
35 ppm	-	10% LEL	18%	Nitrogen
50 ppm	50% LEL	-	12%	Nitrogen
50 ppm	50% LEL	-	17%	Nitrogen
100 ppm	25% LEL	-	17%	Nitrogen
100 ppm	25% LEL	-	19%	Nitrogen
100 ppm	50% LEL	_	12%	Nitrogen
100 ppm	50% LEL	_	16%	Nitrogen
200 ppm	50% LEL	_	19%	Nitrogen

### Technical Data

Content	221L (7.8 ft³)
Pressure	260 psi
Typical Use	Non-flammable mixtures
Dimensions	22.9 x 42.5 cm (9" x 16.75")
Internal Volume	12 L
Material	Steel
Weight	3.0 kg (6.3 lbs)
Outlet	CGA 165

MM221 Transportable mixtures are certified to the following analytical uncertainty:

10–25 ppm	+/-10% of the minor
	component(s)
> 25 ppm	+/- 5% of the minor
	component(s)

MM221 cylinders are for use for Safety and Industrial Hygiene applications. For Laboratory small cylinder calibrations, we recommend our ECOCYL® combination package.

MM221 are available for Air, Argon, Helium and Nitrogen. MM221 cylinders are non-refillable one time use only.

# Transportables

## Transportable MM58

### Available Binary Mixtures

/	
Ammonia in Nitrogen	25 ppm, 50 ppm, 200 ppm
Butane in Air	10% LEL(0.17%), 20% LEL (0.34%), 50% LEL (0.75%)
Carbon Dioxide in Air	100 ppm, 1,000 ppm, 2.5%, 5%
Carbon Dioxide in Nitrogen	1,000 ppm, 2.5%, 5%, 10%
Carbon Monoxide in Air	25 ppm, 50 ppm, 100 ppm, 200 ppm, 300 ppm
Carbon Monoxide in Nitrogen	50 ppm, 1,000 ppm
Chlorine in Nitrogen	5 ppm, 10 ppm, 50 ppm
Hexane in Air	1.5% LEL (180 ppm), 2.5% LEL (300 ppm), 4% LEL (480 ppm)
Hydrogen in Air	200 ppm, 800 ppm, 50% LEL (2%)
Hydrogen Sulphide in Air	25 ppm, 50 ppm, 100 ppm
Hydrogen Sulphide in Nitrogen	10 ppm, 25 ppm, 50 ppm, 100 ppm
Isobutylene in Air	50 ppm, 100 ppm
Methane in Air	10 ppm, 100 ppm, 20% LEL (1%), 30% LEL (1.5%), 50% LEL (2.5%)
Oxygen in Nitrogen	15%, 19.5%, 20.9%
Propane in Air	10 ppm, 30% LEL (0.66%), 50% LEL (1.1%)

### Multi Component Blends

mora com	Jonenie Bre	1105				
CO	$H_2S$	Methane	02	Pentane	Propane	Balance
-	25 ppm	-	-	25% LEL	-	Nitrogen
35 ppm	10 ppm	-	-	10% LEL	-	Nitrogen
50 ppm	10 ppm	50% LEL	20.9%	-	-	Nitrogen
50 ppm	25 ppm	-	-	-	50% LEL	Nitrogen
50 ppm	25 ppm	-	-	25% LEL	-	Nitrogen
50 ppm	25 ppm	-	-	50% LEL	-	Nitrogen
50 ppm	25 ppm	50% LEL	12%	-	-	Nitrogen
50 ppm	25 ppm	50% LEL	18%	-	-	Nitrogen
50 ppm	25 ppm	50% LEL	19%	-	-	Nitrogen
50 ppm	25 ppm	50% LEL	20.9%	-	-	Nitrogen
100 ppm	25 ppm	-	-	-	50% LEL	Nitrogen
100 ppm	25 ppm	-	-	25% LEL	-	Nitrogen
100 ppm	25 ppm	-	-	50% LEL	-	Nitrogen
100 ppm	25 ppm	50% LEL	18%	-	-	Nitrogen
100 ppm	25 ppm	50% LEL	19%	-	-	Nitrogen
100 ppm	25 ppm	50% LEL	20.9%	_	_	Nitrogen
300 ppm	10 ppm	60% LEL	15%	-	-	Nitrogen

### **Technical Data**

Size	MM58
Content	58 L (7.0 ft³)
Pressure	500 psi
Dimensions	8.9 x 36.6 cm (3.5" x 14.4")
Internal Volume	1.72 L
Material	Aluminum
Weight	1.0 kg (2.2 lbs)
Outlet	C10 (5/8" – 18UNF)

MM58 Transportable mixtures are certified to the following analytical uncertainty:

10-25 ppm	+/-10% of the minor
	component(s)
> 25 ppm	+/- 5% of the minor
	component(s)

MM58 cylinders are for use for Safety and Industrial Hygiene applications. For Laboratory small cylinder calibrations, we recommend our ECOCYL® combination package.

MM58 are available for Air, Argon, Helium and Nitrogen. MM58 cylinders are non-refillable one time use only.

## Portable 6R Cylinder Package – Refillable

### Available Binary Mixtures

-	
Ammonia in Nitrogen	25 ppm, 50 ppm, 200 ppm
Butane in Air	10% LEL (0.17%), 20% LEL (0.34%), 50% LEL (0.75%)
Carbon Dioxide in Air	100 ppm, 1000 ppm, 2.5%, 5%
Carbon Dioxide in Nitrogen	1000 ppm, 2.5%, 5%, 10%
Carbon Monoxide in Air	25 ppm, 50 ppm, 100 ppm, 200 ppm, 300 ppm
Carbon Monoxide in Nitrogen	50 ppm, 1000 ppm
Chlorine in Nitrogen	5 ppm, 10 ppm, 50 ppm
Hexane in Air	1.5% LEL (180 ppm), 2.5% LEL (300 ppm), 4% LEL (480 ppm)
Hydrogen in Air	200 ppm, 800 ppm, 50% LEL (2%)
Hydrogen Sulphide in Air	25 ppm, 50 ppm, 100 ppm
Hydrogen Sulphide in Nitrogen	10 ppm, 25 ppm, 50 ppm, 100 ppm
Isobutylene in Air	50 ppm, 100 ppm
Methane in Air	10 ppm, 100 ppm, 20% LEL (1%), 30% LEL (1.5%) 50% LEL (2.5%)
Oxygen in Nitrogen	15%, 19.5 %, 20.9%
Propane in Air	10 ppm, 30% LEL (0.66%), 50% LEL (1.1%)

### Multi Component Blends

CO	$H_2S$	Methane	02	Pentane	Propane	Balance
-	25 ppm	-	-	25% LEL	-	Nitrogen
35 ppm	10 ppm	_	_	10% LEL	_	Nitrogen
50 ppm	10 ppm	50% LEL	20.9%	-	-	Nitrogen
50 ppm	25 ppm	-	-	-	50% LEL	Nitrogen
50 ppm	25 ppm	-	-	25% LEL	-	Nitrogen
50 ppm	25 ppm	-	-	50% LEL	-	Nitrogen
50 ppm	25 ppm	50% LEL	12%	-	-	Nitrogen
50 ppm	25 ppm	50% LEL	18%	-	-	Nitrogen
50 ppm	25 ppm	50% LEL	19%	-	-	Nitrogen
50 ppm	25 ppm	50% LEL	20.9%	-	-	Nitrogen
100 ppm	25 ppm	-	-	-	50% LEL	Nitrogen
100 ppm	25 ppm	-	-	25% LEL	-	Nitrogen
100 ppm	25 ppm	-	-	50% LEL	-	Nitrogen
100 ppm	25 ppm	50% LEL	18%	_	_	Nitrogen
100 ppm	25 ppm	50% LEL	19%	_	_	Nitrogen
100 ppm	25 ppm	50% LEL	20.9%	-	-	Nitrogen
300 ppm	10 ppm	60% LEL	15%	_	_	Nitrogen

### **Technical Data**

Size	6R/6I
Content	103L (3.6 ft³)
Pressure	1,800 psi
Dimensions	8.3 x 31.5 cm (3.25" x 12.4")
Internal Volume	0.83 L
Material	Aluminum
Weight	0.7 kg (2.2 lbs)
Outlet	CGA 180

6I cylinders are pretreated cylinders for use with low ppm reactive mixtures.

6R cylinders are available for Air, Argon, Helium, Hydrogen, Nitrogen and Oxygen. 6R Cylinders are refillable.

## **ECOCYL**<sup>®</sup>

### Portable Calibration Gas (PCG) Packaging System

#### Portable Calibration Gases Reinvented

Linde's innovative, high-capacity ECOCYL<sup>®</sup> cylinders are an economically superior alternative to comparably-sized disposable cylinders and lecture bottles.

- Completely refillable, conveniently returnable
- Contains up to 300% more product than most comparable disposable cylinders
- ECOCYL<sup>®</sup> yields significantly improved per litre economics
- Eliminates user-supplied regulator/flowmeters

#### ECOCYL<sup>®</sup> is an environmentally responsible solution.

- Refillable empties are returned to Linde
- No piles of lecture bottles and empty disposable cylinders
- No disposal costs can save over \$300 per lecture bottle



#### Environmentally Responsible. Economically Attractive

## Advanced design and self-contained pressure and flow control provide maximum safety and productivity.

- Built-in regulator and multi-setting flowmeter
- Eliminates down time due to lost or broken regulators
- Cowling protects valve and flow control from falls or damaging impacts
- Ergonomic carrying handle is an integral feature of the cowling
- Linde technical and safety support included

#### ECOCYL<sup>®</sup> features precision flow control.

- Requires no costly separate manual flow control valve
- Linde-supplied precision manual flow control valve is built into the cylinder valve
- · Extremely consistent flow at very low flow rates
- Linde is responsible for valve and cylinder maintenance

#### You benefit from product packaging versatility.

- Liquefied and non-liquefied gases
- Flammable gases
- Ideal size and capacity for pharmaceutical and university research settings
- Universal hose barb connection accommodates most common hoses
- Model VAH for acid gases
- Model VSH for alkaline gases
- Wide variety of gases available from Linde

#### ECOCYL<sup>®</sup> is a Linde patented product





Using the shoulder strap, the ECOCYL<sup>®</sup> is easy to carry on long, fixed-sensor calibration tours.

### Lecture Bottles

Product	Grade	Content	CGA Connection	Product Number
Air	Extra Dry	56 L	170	P24017297
Ammonia	4.0	454 g	180	P24001506
Argon	4.8	56 L	170	P24063947
1,3 Butadiene	2.0	170 g	170	P24071365
1-Butene	2.0	170 g	170	P24069797
Boron Trichloride	3.0	170 g	180	P24076988
n-Butane	2.0	170 g	180	P24063924
Carbon Dioxide	2.8	170 g	170	P24063944
Carbon Monoxide	2.3	50 L	170	P24063943
Chlorine	2.5	58 g	180	P24001902
Cis-2-butene	2.5	170 g	170	P24017332
Deuterium	4.5	50 L	170	P24017322
Dimethyl Ether	2.8	170 g	170	P24017353
Ethane	2.0	113 g	170	P24063948
Ethylene	2.5	113 g	170	P24063925
Helium	4.7	50 L	170	P24017304
Hydrogen	4.0	56 L	170	P24017306
Hydrogen Bromide	2.8	5 g	180	P24062105
Hydrogen Chloride	2.5	454 g	180	P24001921
Hydrogen Fluoride	4.0	227 g	180	P24069791
Hydrogen Sulphide	2.5	227 g	180	P24061488
Isobutane	2.5	170 g	170	P24078117
Methane	2.0	56 L	170	P24063946
Methyl Chloride	3.0	227 g	170	P24017363
Methyl Mercaptan	2.5	227 g	180	P24063830
Monomethylamine	2.5	170 g	180	P24017392
Neon	4.6	25 L	170	P24001854
Nitrogen	4.8	56 L	170	P24017308
Nitrous Oxide	4.0	227 g	180	P24069070
Oxygen	2.6	56 L	170	P24064063
Propane	2.5	142 g	170	P24064062
Propylene	2.5	142 g	170	P24017349
Sulphur Dioxide	3.8	454 g	180	P24064059
Sulphur Hexafluoride	3.0	227 g	170	P24017320

Please inquire on availability of other products not shown above

### Transportable Regulators

### Model P2700 Series

### **Fixed Flow Regulators**

#### Description

The P2700 is a compact, fixed flow regulator used with the Linde MM58 and MM105 Transportable series of non-refillable containers. With preset flow ranges, the P2700 is designed for fixed flow of mild corrosive, and non corrosive calibration gases for safety and industrial hygiene gas detection applications.

#### Design Features/Components

Inlet Pressure Outlet Pressure	3,500 psi maximum (24,000 kPa) 30 psig (200 kPa) preset
Flow Settings Connection	0.5, 1.0, 1.5 and 2.5 SLPM
Inlet Outlet	CGA C10: 5⁄8"-18 UNF standard 1⁄8" hose barb

#### Materials of Construction

Body316 stainless steel or brassPiston316 stainless steelValve SealTeflonPiston SealsVitonGauge316 stainless steel

#### Ordering Information

Model	Material of Construction	Outlet Range
P2700	B Brass	A 0.5 SLPM
	S Stainless Steel	B 1.0 SLPM
		C 1.5 SLPM
		D 2.5 SLPM



### Model P2300

### Single Stage Regulator

#### Description

Compact, the P2300 series single stage regulators are designed for use with the Linde MM17 Transportable series of non-refillable containers.

#### Design Features/Components

Inlet Pressure	
Outlet Pressure	
Connection	
Inlet	
Outlet	

3,000 psi maximum (20,700 kPa) Adjustable 0–30 psig

CGA 600 1/8" hose barb

#### Materials of Construction

Body	Brass
Piston	Neoprene
Valve Seal	Teflon
Piston Seals	Viton
Gauge	316 stainless steel

#### Ordering Information

Model Material of Construction
--------------------------------

P2300-600 Brass Variable Flow Regulator with CGA600 inlet connection



### Model P2900 and P2100

### Variable Flow Regulators

#### Description

The P2900 has been developed for applications where variable flow is required. Outlet flow is controlled by a "click" style wheel, with flow indicator, and is complete with inlet gauge for cylinder pressure monitoring. Flow settings in SLPM of 0.25, 0.3, 0.5, 1.0, 1.5, 2.0, 2.5, 3.0, 5.0, 6.0 and 8.0. Recommended for the Linde MM58, 6R, MM105 and Lecture Bottle Transportable series of nonrefillable containers.

### Ordering Information

Model	Material of Construction
P2900-C10	Brass Variable Flow Regulator with C10 inlet connection
P2900-180	Brass Variable Flow Regulator with Lecture Bottle



#### Description

Model  $\dot{P}$ 2100 variable flow regulator is for use with MM221 cylinders. For use with portable and/or laboratory instrumentation that requires calibration.

#### Design Features/Components

- Brass body
- Stainless steel pistons
- Hose barb outlet
- Selectable flow rates from 0-3 SLPM: 0.3, 0.5, 0.7, 0.9, 1.2, 1.5, 2.0, 2.5, 3.0
- 50 psig (340 kPa) delivery pressure

### Materials of Construction

Body	Nickel plated brass
Piston	316 stainless steel
Seat	Teflon
Seals	Viton
Gauge	Nickel plated brass

### Ordering Information

Model	Material of Construction
P2100	Brass Variable Flow Regulator with CGA165 inlet connection

### Model P2500 Series

### Lecture Bottle Regulators

#### Description

Linde offers an economical and lightweight compact regulator for use with corrosive and non corrosive gases in lecture bottles. Recommended for the Linde 6R Transportable series of non-refillable containers.

#### Design Features/Components

- Barstock body
- SS diaphragm
- 1 1/2" inlet and delivery pressure gauges
- Equipped with needle valve
- 1/8" MPTM outlet connection
- 50 micron metal filter protects seat from contamination

#### Ordering Information

Model	Material of Construction	Outlet Range	CGA
P2501	B Brass	A 0-25 psig	170
	S Stainless Steel	B 0-50 psig	
		C 5-100 psig	
P2502	S Stainless Steel	A 0-25 psig	180
		B 0-50 psig	
		C 5-100 psig	





### **Environmental Mixtures**

Environmental issues have a great impact on our daily lives. The background to this is that we are continuously gaining a better understanding of the mechanisms of our ecosystems. To this end, today's industry must carefully monitor its environmental emissions and use precise reference standards to obtain accurate measurements. Linde Specialty Gases, has been a pioneer in producing highly accurate calibration gas standards for a wide variety of emissions applications.

Linde's environmental solutions help ensure regulatory compliance, reduce emissions, increase capacity, improve economics and achieve a broad range of environmental benefits. Linde manufactures EPA Protocol and Environmental Daily Working Standards at our facility in Whitby, Ontario. In addition, Linde can also offer the complete line of Spectra Environmental products. Manufactured in Alpha, New Jersey Spectra Environmental is ISO Certified, and is recognized around the world as the pre-eminent manufacturer of calibration gas standards for the environmental monitoring community.

Among the key environmental market segments we serve are:

- Utilities
- Co-generation
- Pulp and paper plants
- Petrochemical
- Natural gas turbine pumping stations
- Incinerators, including waste-to-energy plants
- Independent testing laboratories doing ambient monitoring (air, soil, and water)
- Environmental laboratories
- Boilers and industrial furnaces
- Cement kilns
- Independent stack testing and remote monitoring stations
- Photochemical air monitoring systems (PAMS)



### EPA Protocol Gas Standards for Continuous Emission Monitoring

40CFR Parts 50, 58, 60 and 75 specify that gaseous pollutant concentration standards used for calibration and audit of continuous emission monitors (CEM) and ambient air quality analyzers be analyzed according to EPA Traceability Protocol for Assay and Certification of Gaseous Calibration Standards 600/R-97/121. Linde EPA Standards are manufactured, analyzed and certified to meet all of the requirements of EPA-600/R-97/121 (Revised 1997).

The following components and concentrations are available from Linde as EPA Protocol Gas Standards either as binary standards or in multi-component blends. You may also specify Spectra manufactured product.

Cylinder content will vary based on the components.

2 Component in Air of Nitroach	0	<b>C</b> :	Contents		
2 Component in Air or Nitrogen	Range	Size	M <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>	
Carbon Dioxide	1-20%	152	3.96	142	
Carbon Monoxide	20–2,500 ppm	32	0.85	31	
Hydrogen Sulphide	> 1 ppm				
Methane	> 1 ppm				
Nitric Oxide	2-3,900 ppm				
Nitrogen Dioxide	20-100 ppm				
Oxygen	1-22.6%				
Propane	> 1 ppm				
Sulphur Dioxide*	20–2,500 ppm				
Sulphur Dioxide**	> 2,500 ppm				
*G1 Method					
**G2 Method					
Multi-Component in Nitrogen	Range	Size	Contents		
More component in Matogen	nonge	5120	<b>M</b> <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>	
Carbon Dioxide	> 400 ppm	152	3.96	142	
Carbon Monoxide	> 20 ppm	32	0.85	31	
Nitric Oxide	> 2 ppm				
Oxygen	> 8%				
Propane	> 1 ppm				
Sulphur Dioxide	> 40 ppm				

### Environmental Daily Standards (EDS1)

Linde's EDS1 standards are designed for daily calibration requirements for continuous emissions monitors as specified in 40CFR60. EDS1 standard comes with a 1% certification of minor components. While directly traceable to a NIST SRM, EDS1 standards are not required to be certified using the EPA 600/R Protocol procedure.

2 Component in Air or Nitrogon	> 1%         152         3.96         142           > 20 ppm         32         0.85         31           > 2 ppm         32         0.85         31           > 2 ppm               5-100 ppm               2-3,900 ppm               0.5-30%	Contents		
2 Component in Air or Nitrogen		512C	M <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>
Carbon Dioxide	> 1%	152	3.96	142
Carbon Monoxide	> 20 ppm	32	0.85	31
Hydrogen Sulphide	> 2 ppm			
Methane	5–100 ppm			
Nitric Oxide	2–3,900 ppm			
Oxygen	0.5-30%			
Propane	> 1 ppm			
Sulphur Dioxide	20 ppm-2%			

*Minor components are directly traceable using NTRM's or SRM and have 1% certification accuracy* 

### Environmental Daily Standards (EDS2)

Linde's EDS2 standards are designed for daily calibration requirements for continuous emissions monitors as specified in 40CFR60. EDS2 standards provide a 2% certification on minor components. While directly trace-able to a NIST SRM, EDS2 standards are not required to be certified using the EPA 600/R Protocol procedure.

CEM Calibration Mixturas	Dagas	Ciro	Contents		
CEM Calibration Mixtures	Range	Size	M <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>	
Carbon Dioxide	> 0.1%	152	3.96	142	
Carbon Monoxide	> 10 ppm	32	0.85	31	
Hydrogen Sulphide	> 2 ppm				
Methane	2–100 ppm				
Nitric Oxide	2-5,000 ppm				
Nitrogen Dioxide	20–100 ppm				
Oxygen	0.1-30%				
Propane	> 1 ppm				
Sulphur Dioxide	> 20 ppm				

### Vehicle Emission Standards

Vehicle Emission Standards	CGA	Size	Cont m <sup>3</sup>	ents ft <sup>3</sup>	Product Code	
High Range Mixture 8% CO, 12% CO <sub>2</sub> , 3,200 ppm C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>8</sub> , 3,000 ppm NO in Nitrogen	165	MM221	221	7.8	P24001933	

### Spectra Gas Environmental Standards

Linde is pleased to offer environmental products manufactured by our sister company, Spectra Gas. The Spectra Environmental Division is recognized around the world as the pre-eminent manufacturer of calibration gas standards for the environmental monitoring community. The dedicated research and development professionals of Spectra allow us to routinely provide you with the leading edge products that you require. Whether it is providing a parts per trillion (ppt) Mercury standard, a 100 component @ 100 parts per billion (ppb) VOC standard, a stable ppm HCl standard, or many other unique standards, analysts know that they can rely upon Spectra.

Your needs may be at the percent level or at the part-per-trillion (ppt) level. You may be monitoring stack emissions, auto emissions or ambient air. In all cases, the Spectra proprietary cylinder passivation processes, combined with the highest quality manufacturing techniques and the latest in analytical analysis, provide you with the standards you require.

Spectra quality and accuracy is a culmination of decades of experience and personnel training resulting in a multi-step manufacturing and analysis process. Spectra Shield<sup>™</sup>, the unique Spectra cylinder cleaning, conditioning and passivation processes ensure you that standards supplied by Spectra are uncontaminated and that the cylinder's contents will be stable for the certified shelf life.

All Spectra Environmental products are produced utilizing the highest quality raw materials. All of the weights, balances and scales are calibrated directly to NIST (National Institute of Standards and Technology), and all standards supplied by Spectra's Environmental Division, including air and nitrogen, are analyzed before shipping. The laboratory uses the latest state-of-the-art equipment and analytical techniques such as:

- NDIR (non-dispersive infrared)
- FTIR (fourier transform infrared)
- GC (gas chromatography)
- MS (mass spectrometer)
- CVAA (cold vapour atomic absorbance)
- Chemiluminescence
- Paramagnetic
- Electrochemical



### Certified Environmental Calibration Standards

# Certified and Primary calibration gas standards are used for instrument calibration and other monitoring and measurement applications where either use of an EPA Protocol calibration standard is not required or an EPA Protocol standard is not available.

As with all environmental standards, Certified Environmental Calibration Standards are produced gravimetrically directly traceable to NIST standards in cylinders that have been individually passivated by the proprietary Spectra Shield™ process.

In addition, where NIST or comparable international standards are available, analysis are performed utilizing these international standards. Where standards are not available from international metrology organizations, Spectra employs in-house developed analysis technology and standards to provide you with the most accurate and reliable standards available.

	Typical Specifications					
	Certified Sta	andards	Primary Standards			
Concentration Range	Blend Tolerance	Analysis	Blend Tolerance	Analysis		
< 100 pb	Inquire	Inquire	Inquire	Inquire		
100 ppb to 999 ppb	±20%	±10%	±10%	±5%		
1 ppm to 999 ppm	±10%	±5%	±5%	±1%		
> 1%	±5%	±2%	±1%	±0.02% absolute		

Each cylinder is individually analyzed and supplied with a Certificate of Analysis (C of A).

Certified and primary calibration gas standards are available in size 152,82 and 32 aluminum cylinders and where appropriate in size 2, 3 and 4 internally polished and passivated steel cylinders

All certified and primary calibration gas standards are filled to the maximum pressure and volume as determined by the cylinder, the vapour pressure of the mixture, or restrictions due to flammable-oxidizer (Flamox) requirements.



### **Certified Environmental Calibration Standards**

Component	Balance	Available Concentrations		
Ammonia (NH <sub>3</sub> )	Zero Air	25 ppm-6% †		
Ammonia (NH <sub>3</sub> )	N <sub>2</sub>	1 ppm-10% <sup>†</sup>		
Benzene (C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>6</sub> )	Zero Air	1 ppm-1000 ppm § †		
Benzene (C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>6</sub> )	N <sub>2</sub>	10 ppb-1000 ppm §		
Carbon Dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> )	Zero Air	1 ppm-20%		
Carbon Dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> )	N <sub>2</sub>	1 ppm-20%		
Carbon Monoxide (CO)	Zero Air	500 ppb-3% <sup>†</sup>		
Carbon Monoxide (CO)	N <sub>2</sub>	500 ppb-20%		
Ethylene Oxide (C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>2</sub> O)	N <sub>2</sub>	1 ppm-1% §		
Hexane (C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>14</sub> )	Zero Air	100 ppb-5000 ppm †		
Hexane $(C_6H_{14})$	N <sub>2</sub>	10 ppb-5000 ppm §		
Hydrogen Chloride (HCl)	N <sub>2</sub>	10 ppm-1%		
Hydrogen Sulphide (H <sub>2</sub> S)	Zero Air	5 ppm-1000 ppm		
Hydrogen Sulphide (H <sub>2</sub> S)	N <sub>2</sub>	1 ppm-3%		
Mercury (Hg)	N <sub>2</sub>	2 ug/m³-60 ug/m³		
Methane (CH <sub>4</sub> )	Zero Air/N <sub>2</sub>	1 ppm-2.5% <sup>†</sup>		
Methane (CH <sub>4</sub> )	N <sub>2</sub>	1 ppm-10%		
Nitric Oxide (NO)	N <sub>2</sub>	500 ppb-2%		
Nitrogen Dioxide (NO <sub>2</sub> )	Zero Air	25 ppm-0.5%		
Phosphine (PH <sub>3</sub> )	N <sub>2</sub>	100 ppb-1,000 ppm		
Propane (C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>8</sub> )	Zero Air	10 ppb-1% §†		
Propane ( $C_3H_8$ )	N <sub>2</sub>	10 ppb-25%		
Sulphur Dioxide (SO <sub>2</sub> )	Zero Air	5 ppm-2%		
Sulphur Dioxide (SO <sub>2</sub> )	N <sub>2</sub>	500 ppb-2%		
Sulphur Hexafluoride (SF $_{6}$ )	Zero Air	100 ppb-1%		
Sulphur Hexafluoride (SF $_{6}$ )	N <sub>2</sub>	100 ppb-1%		
Toluene $(C_6H_5CH_3)$	Zero Air	1 ppm-100 ppm §		
Toluene $(C_6H_5CH_3)$	N <sub>2</sub>	25 ppb-100 ppm §		
Vinyl Chloride (C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>3</sub> Cl)	Zero Air	100 ppb-2000 ppm §		
Vinyl Chloride (C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>3</sub> Cl)	N <sub>2</sub>	100 ppb-2000 ppm §		

<sup>§</sup> Vapour pressure constraints will limit fill pressure/volume at higher concentrations of this standard.
 <sup>†</sup> Flamox constraints will limit fill pressure/volume at higher concentrations of this standard.

Please inquire for other components and concentrations.



### Methods 26, 26A & 321 Calibration Gas Standards

### HCI and HCI/SF<sub>6</sub> Calibration Gas Standards

US EPA Methods 26 and 26A are utilized for the determination of HCI emissions from combustions stacks, primarily waste incinerators. US EPA Method 321 is utilized for HCI emissions from Portland cement plants.

In particular, US EPA Method 321, Gaseous HCI Emissions at Portland Cement Kilns by Fourier Transform Infrared (FTIR) Spectroscopy, states in paragraph 9.1.1 that:

"An HCl standard of approximately 50 ppm in a balance of ultra pure nitrogen is recommended. The  $SF_6$  (tracer) concentration shall be 2–5 ppm depending upon the measurement path length. The spike ratio (spike flow/total flow) shall be no greater than 1:10, and an ideal spike concentration should approximate the native effluent concentration."

Spectra Gases supplies both HCl in nitrogen and HCl spiked with SF6 in nitrogen for use as a calibration standard for US EPA Methods 26, 26A and 321. HCl concentrations below 1000 ppm are supplied in aluminium cylinders that have been passivated by the proprietary Spectra Shield<sup>m</sup> process. HCl concentrations above 1000 ppm are supplied in steel cylinders, which have been highly polished then passivated by the proprietary Spectra Shield<sup>m</sup> process. HCl concentrations above 1000 ppm are supplied in aluminium or steel cylinders these HCl and HCl/SF<sub>6</sub> standards have guaranteed stability periods of 12 months.

Component	Concentration	Blend	Analytical	CGA
HCl balance N <sub>2</sub>	10 ppm to 100 ppm	10%	5%	330
HCl balance $N_2$	100 ppm to 1%	10%	5%	330
HCI/SF <sub>6</sub> balance N <sub>2</sub>	10 ppm HCl/2 ppm SF $_6$	10%	5%	330
$HCI/SF_6$ balance $N_2$	50 ppm HCl/2 pm SF $_6$	10%	5%	330



### Gaseous Mercury (Hg<sup>o</sup>) Calibration Standards

With current and proposed worldwide regulations mandating the monitoring and/or control of mercury emissions, it is extremely important to have a reliable standard for required periodic calibration of the monitoring equipment. Through the efforts of the Research and Development Program of Spectra Gases, and our propriety cylinder passivation procedures, a stable gaseous mercury calibration gas standard is now available.

Spectra supplies mercury calibration gas in high pressure, high volume cylinders. The mercury is present in the metallic state,  $Hg^0$ , in a balance gas of research grade nitrogen,  $N_2$ .

Cylinder Size	152
Cylinder Dimensions (DxH)	20 cm x 122 cm (8" x 48")
Cylinder Weight	22 kg (50 lbs)
Cylinder Internal Volume	30 L (1.06 ft <sup>3</sup> )
Cylinder Gas Volume	4,000 L (141 ft³)
Cylinder Pressure	2,000 psig (14,000 kpa)
Concentration Range <sup>1</sup>	Up to 6 ug/m³
Stability Guarantee <sup>2</sup>	6–12 months
Cylinder Outlet	CGA 660
Recommended Regulator	See below

<sup>1</sup> At concentrations > 30 ug/m<sup>3</sup> cylinder pressure and gas volume are decreased due to vapour pressure constraints. <sup>2</sup> 12 months on concentrations greater 10 ug/m<sup>3</sup>

Spectra recommends that only a pre-conditioned, low internal volume regulator be utilized for mercury calibration gases.

Our Miniature Regulator is well suited for use with mercury standards, providing a low flow rate with accurate pressure control. A metal diaphragm and KEL-F seat, along with pre-conditioning, make this regulator ideally suited for mercury calibration standards.



### VOC Standards Make vs. Buy

Occasionally we receive questions about the advisability and practicality of an air toxics laboratory producing their own VOC standards. In order to provide accurate guidance we queried many laboratories. Both governmental and private laboratory personnel were asked for their opinions on the pros and cons of manufacturing and then utilizing VOC standards for air toxics analysis.

All of the respondents voiced concern over a laboratory being able to product accurate, uniform, and stable standards. Including:

- Training of personnel Where and how were the personnel trained?
- Experience of personnel How many years of experience do the personnel have in VOC standards preparation and analysis? One commentator indicated that the minimum experience level should be five years.
- Quality concerns Is the facility audited to ISO 9000 standards? Is the laboratory's production of VOC standards incorporated in their QA procedures?
- Proper reagents Highest available purity VOC's and VOC free  $N_2$  exclusively utilized. The availability of two discrete batches of reagent indicated to be desirable.
- Proper equipment These include such items as compressors, heated vessels and transfer equipment, N<sub>2</sub> clean-up equipment, gauges, balances, etc. All measurement devices should be NIST traceable and be within current validation period.
- Availability of standards Both liquid and gaseous.
- Stability testing What studies has the laboratory conducted to indicate that the prepared standard is stable for an hour, day, week, month, or year? Several comments were received stating that in their opinion the use of a liquid injection into a Summa canister followed by N<sub>2</sub> pressurization was not an acceptable method of standard preparation.

A number of governmental agency laboratories indicated that they would have potential problems in accepting data obtained utilizing self-made standards unless the standards were analyzed, and the accuracy was certified by an independent laboratory. Alternately the use of commercially produced standards to verify the self-made standards was also indicated to be viable.

100% of the respondents indicated that at first thought the primary reason for producing VOC standards internally was as a cost saving measure. However, they all concluded that in actuality this is not the case. In the words of one laboratory manager:

"As a production laboratory, we make money by running samples, lots of them, and time spent on standards prep is time taken away from something else... running the instrument, crunching data, spitting out reports. It (producing our own standards) would cost us more in the long run!"

There was uniform consensus that once all factors are considered there is no compelling reason for a laboratory to manufacture VOC standards in lieu of purchasing them from a qualified vendor.



### **BTEX Calibration Standards**

### Environmental regulations require accurate, traceable low concentration organic gas calibration standards to calibrate instruments used in:

- Ambient air monitoring
- Measurement of incinerator emissions
- · Measurement of fugitive emissions from chemical processing equipment
- Measurement of industrial stationary sources
- Measurement of landfill gases

Spectra offers a four component, BTEX Standard-1, and a six component, BTEX Standard-2, calibration standards in concentrations from 100 ppb to 10 ppm in a balance gas of VOC zero grade nitrogen ( $N_2$ ). All concentrations are directly traceable to NIST gravimetrically and analytically by comparison with NIST certified standards.

BTEX standards are available in a variety of cylinders; most common are the size 6R, 104 liters at 1800 psig and the 152, 4,000 litres at 2,000 psig.

#### BTEX Standard-1

Benzene (71-43-2) Toluene (108-88-3) Ethyl Benzene (100-41-4) o-Xylene (95-47-6)

#### BTEX Standard-2

Blend Tolerance

**Stability** 

Benzene (71-43-2)	m-Xylene(108-38-3)
Ethyl Benzene (100-41-4)	o-Xylene (95-47-6)
Toluene (108-8-3)	p-Xylene (106-42-3)

**Analytical Accuracy** > 100 ppb-1 ppm ± 5%

Specifications

12 months

100 ppb-1 ppm ± 10% > 1 ppm-10 ppm ± 5%

> 1 ppm-10 ppm ± 1%

#### BTEX Standard-3

Benzene (71-43-2) Ethyl Benzene (100-41-4) Toluene (108-88-3) Tert-butyl Methyl Ether (MTBE) (1634-04-4) m-Xylene (108-38-3) o-Xylene (95-47-6) p-Xylene (106-42-3)

Note: CAS numbers are in brackets, i.e. (00-00-0) Please inquire for information on other concentrations, tolerances, and cylinder sizes.



### Method TO-14A Calibration Standards

#### US EPA's Compendium Method TO-14A, "Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) In Ambient Air Using Specially Prepared Canisters With Subsequent Analysis By Gas Chromatography" is used extensively by analysts for both ambient air studies and indoor air quality (IAQ) studies.

Spectra's TO-14A calibration standards are manufactured using exacting gravimetric techniques with all gravimetric measurements directly traceable to NIST (National Institute of Standards and Technology). Furthermore Spectra's 39 component mix is directly traceable analytically to NIST.

Spectra's base TO-14A calibration standard consists of 39 components at concentrations of either 1 ppm or 100 ppb in a balance of VOC free nitrogen  $(N_2)$  with other concentrations available as custom mixtures. All TO-14A standards have one-year stability. In addition Spectra supplies 41 and 43 component TO-14A standards, as well as, a variety of subsets.

#### 39 Component TO-14A

Benzene (71-43-2) Bromomethane (74-83-9) Carbon Tetrachloride (56-23-5) Chlorobenzene (108-90-7) Chloromethane (74-87-3) 1,2-Dibromoethane (106-93-4) 1,3-Dichlorobenzene (95-50-1) 1,4-Dichlorobenzene (541-73-1) p-Dichlorobenzene (106-46-7) 1,1-Dichloroethane (75-34-3) 1,2-Dichloroethane (107-06-2) 1,1-Dichloroethene (75-35-4) cis-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-59-2) 1,2-Dichloropropane (78-87-5) cis-1.3-Dichloropropene (10061-01-5) trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene (10061-02-6) Chloroethane (75-00-3) Ethyl Benzene (100-41-4) Trichlorofluoromethane (75-69-4) (Halocarbon 11)

Dichlorodifluoromethane (75-71-8) (Halocarbon 12) 1,1,2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane (76-13-1) (Halocarbon 113) Dichlorotetrafluoroethane (76-14-2) (Halocarbon 114) Hexachloro-1.3-Butadiene (87-68-3) Styrene (100-42-5) 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane (79-34-5) Tetrachloroethylene (127-18-4) Toluene (108-88-3) 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene (120-82-1) 1,1,1-Trichloroethane (71-55-6) 1,1,2-Trichloroethane (79-00-5) Trichloroethene (79-01-6) 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6) 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene (108-67-8) Vinyl Chloride (75-01-4) o-Xylene (95-47-6) m-Xylene (108-38-3) p-Xylene (106-42-3)

Note: CAS numbers are in brackets, i.e. (00-00-0) To enhance your QA/QC procedures, Spectra stocks at least two individual batches of each VOC raw material. This allows you to order two independent TO-14A Calibration Standards.

41 Component TO-14A 39 component plus 1,3-Butadiene (106-99-0) and Acrylonitrile (107-13-1)

43 Component TO-14A

41 component plus 3-Chloropropene (107-05-1) and 4-Ethyltoluene (622-96-8)



### Method TO-14A Calibration Standard Subsets

### All are available at standard concentrations of 1 ppm and 100 ppb in a balance gas of VOC free nitrogen $(N_2)$ . Other concentrations are available as custom mixtures.

#### TO-14 A Subset 1 (1 Year stability)

Benzene (71-43-2) Benzyl Chloride \* (100-44-7) Chlorobenzene (108-90-7) \* stability is not guaranteed

#### TO-14 A Subset 2 (1 Year stability)

Acetonitrile (75-05-8) 1,3-Butadiene (106-99-0) Carbon Tetrachloride (56-23-5)

#### TO-14A CFC/HFC Standard (1 Year stability)

Trichlorofluoromethane (Halocarbon 11) (75-69-4) Dichlorodifluoromethane(Halocarbon 12) (75-71-8)

#### TO-14A Internal Standard (1 Year stability)

Bromochloromethane (74-97-5) Chlorobenzene-d5 (3114-55-4) 1,3-Dichlorobenzene (541-73-1) Toluene (108-88-3) o-Xylene (95-47-6)

Chloroform (67-66-3) Methylene Chloride (75-09-2) Trichlorofluoromethane (75-69-4)

1,1,2-Trichloro-1, 2,2-Trifluoroethane (Halocarbon 113) (76-13-1) 1,2-Dichlorotetrafluoroethane (Halocarbon 114) (76-14-2)

1,4-Difluorobenzene (540-36-3)

#### TO-14A Internal Standard/Tuning Standard (1 Year stability)

Bromochloromethane (74-97-5) 1-Bromo-4-Fluorobenzene (4-Bromofluorbenzene) (460-00-4) Chlorobenzene-d5 (3114-55-4) 1,4-Difluorobenzene (540-36-3)

#### **Regulator Recommendation**

Various independent and Agency laboratories have indicated that to ensure repeatability with low level calibration gases it is best to utilize the same regulator for initial assay and for daily usage, thus minimizing the sources for potential variances and possible cross contamination. If a regulator is purchased along with the TO-14A standard, Spectra Gases will perform the initial assay and certification analysis utilizing the regulator and cylinder as a matched set.

#### Standard Available Cylinders

Cylinder Size	Volume	Pressure	CGA	
152	4,000 litres	2,000 psig	350	
6R	104 litres	1,800 psig	180	



### Method TO-15/TO-17 Calibration Standards

# The TO-15/TO-17 Calibration Standard consists of 64 components at standard concentrations of 1 ppm or 100 ppb in a balance gas of VOC free nitrogen ( $N_2$ ). Other concentrations are available as custom mixtures. Stability of 1 ppm TO-15 standard in a size 152 cylinder is 12 months. All other concentrations or cylinder sizes are 6 months.

Whether you are performing Compendium Method TO-15; "Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) In Air Collected in Specially Prepared Canisters And Analyzed by Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry (GC/MS)" or Compendium Method TO-17; "Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds in Ambient Air Using Active Sampling Onto Sorbent Tubes", Spectra's Calibration Standard is the standard of choice.

Acrolein (107-02-8) Acetone (67-64-1) Benzene (71-43-2) Benzyl Chloride\* (100-44-7) Bromoform (75-25-2) Bromomethane (74-83-9) Bromodichloromethane (75-27-4) 1,3-Butadiene (106-99-0) 2-Butanone (MEK) (78-93-3) Carbon Disulphide\* (75-15-0) Carbon Tetrachloride (56-23-5) Chlorobenzene (108-90-7) Chlorethane (75-00-3) Chloroform (67-66-3) Cyclohexane (110-82-7) Chloromethane (74-87-3) Dibromochloromethane (124-48-1) 1.2-Dichlorobenzene (95-50-1) 1,3-Dichlorobenzene (541-73-1) 1,4-Dichlorobenzene (106-46-7) 1,1-Dichloroethane (75-34-3) 1,2-Dichloroethane (107-06-2) 1,1-Dichlorethene (75-35-4) cis-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-59-2) trans-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-60-5) 1,2-Dichloropropane (78-87-5) cis-1,3-Dichloropropene (10061-01-5) trans-1,3-Dichloropropene (10061-02-6) 1,4-Dioxane (123-91-1) Ethanol\* (64-17-5) Ethyl Acetate (141-78-6) Ethyl Benzene (100-41-4) \* No stability quarantee on these compounds. Note: CAS numbers are in brackets, i.e. (00-00-0) 1,2 Dibromoethane (106-93-4) 4-Ethyltoluene (622-96-8) Halocarbon 11 (Trichlorofluoromethane) (75-69-4) Halocarbon 12 (Dichlorodifluoromethane) (75-71-8) Halocarbon 113(1,1,2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane) (76-13-1) Halocarbon 114 (1,2-Dichlorotetrafluoroethane) (76-14-2) Heptane (142-82-5) Hexachloro-1,3-Butadiene (87-68-3) Hexane (110-54-3) 2-Hexanone (MBK) (591-78-6) 4-Methyl-2-Pentanone (MIBK) (108-10-1) Methylene Chloride (75-09-2) Methyl-tert-butylether (MTBE) (1634-04-4) Methylmethacrylate (80-62-8) 2-Propanol (67-63-0) Propylene (115-07-1) Styrene (100-42-5) 1.1.2.2-Tetrachloroethane (79-34-5) Tetrachloroethene (127-18-4) Tetrahydrofuran (109-99-9) Toluene (108-88-3) 1,1,1-Trichloroethane (71-55-6) 1,1,2-Trichloroethane (79-00-5) Trichloroethene (79-01-6) 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene (120-82-1) 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6) 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene (108-67-8) Vinyl Acetate (108-05-4) Vinyl Chloride (75-01-4) o-Xylene (95-47-6) m-Xylene (108-38-3) p-Xylene (106-42-3)

To enhance your QA/QC procedures Spectra stocks at least two individual batches of each VOC raw material allowing you to order two independent TO-15/TO-17 Calibration Standards.



### TO-15/TO-17 Subset Calibration Standards

# The TO-15/TO-17 Subset Calibration Standard consists of 25 components which are not contained in the TO-14 Calibration Standard. It is available from stock at standard concentrations of 1 ppm or 100 ppb in a balance gas of VOC free nitrogen ( $N_2$ ). Other concentrations are available as custom mixtures.

Stability of 1 ppm TO-15 standard in a size 152 cylinder is 12 months. All other concentrations or cylinder sizes are six months.

- Acetone (67-64-1) Allyl Chloride (107-05-1) Benzyl Chloride\* (100-44-7) Bromodichloromethane (75-27-4) Bromoform (75-25-2) 1,3-Butadiene (106-99-0) 2-Butanone (MEK) (78-93-3) Carbon Disulphide\* (75-15-0) Cyclohexane (110-82-7) Dibromochloromethane (124-48-1) trans-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-60-5) 1,4-Dioxane (123-91-1) Ethyl Acetate (141-78-6) \* *No stability guarantee on these components 152, 1 ppm 1 year. All other concentrations, six months.*
- 4-Ethyltoluene (622-96-8) n-Heptane (142-82-5) n-Hexane (110-54-3) 2-Hexanone (MBK) (591-78-6) 4-Methyl-2-Pentanone (MIBK) (108-10-1) Methyl-Tert-Butylether (MTBE) (1634-04-4) 2-Propanol (67-63-0) Propylene (115-07-1) Tetrahydrofuran (109-99-9) Vinyl Acetate (108-05-4) Vinyl Bromide (593-60-2) 2,2,4-Trimethylpentane (540-84-1)

#### Regulator Recommendation

Various independent and Agency laboratories have indicated that to ensure repeatability with low level calibration gases it is best to utilize the same regulator for initial assay and for daily usage, thus minimizing the sources for potential variances and possible cross contamination. If a regulator is purchased along with the TO-15/TO-17 Calibration Standard, Spectra Gas will perform the initial assay and certification of analysis utilizing regulator and cylinder as a matched set.

#### Standard Available Cylinders

Cylinder Size	Volume	Pressure	CGA	
152	4,000 litres	2,000 psig	350	
6R	104 litres	1,800 psig	180	

Stability of 1 ppm standard in a size 152 cylinder is guaranteed for a minimum of 12 months, all other concentrations and cylinder sizes are guaranteed for a minimum of six months.



### U.S. EPA PAMS Calibration Standards

# The United States Environmental Protection Agency's ozone precursor monitoring program known as PAMS, Photochemical Assessment Monitoring System, utilizes Spectra Gases standards for program quality assurance.

Under the 1990 Clean Air Act Amendments, EPA has required more extensive monitoring of ozone and its precursors in areas with persistently high ozone levels (mostly large metropolitan areas). In these areas, the States have established ambient air monitoring sites which collect and report detailed data for volatile organic compounds, nitrogen oxides, ozone and meteorological parameters. Analyses of these data help the EPA and the States to better understand the underlying causes of ozone pollution, to devise effective remedies and measure environmental improvement.

The standard that Spectra supplies is manufactured using exacting micro-gravimetric techniques with all measurements directly traceable to NIST (National Institute of Standards and Technology).

Spectra offers the PAMS standard at the EPA specified concentrations expressed as ppb C (parts per billion expressed as carbon) and also at 100 ppb v/v and 1 ppm v/v. The PAMS calibration standard is supplied in a size 152 cylinder with a guaranteed stability of 12 months or a size 6R cylinder with a six month stability guarantee.

To enhance your QA/QC procedures, Spectra stocks at least two individual batches of each VOC raw material. This allows you to order two independent US EPA PAMS Calibration Standards from Spectra.

#### **Regulator Recommendation**

Various independent and Agency laboratories have indicated that to ensure repeatability with low level calibration gases it is best to utilize the same regulator for initial assay and for daily usage, thus minimizing the sources for potential variances and possible cross contamination. If a regulator is purchased along with the PAMS standard, Spectra Gases will perform the initial assay and certification analysis utilizing the regulator and cylinder as a matched set.

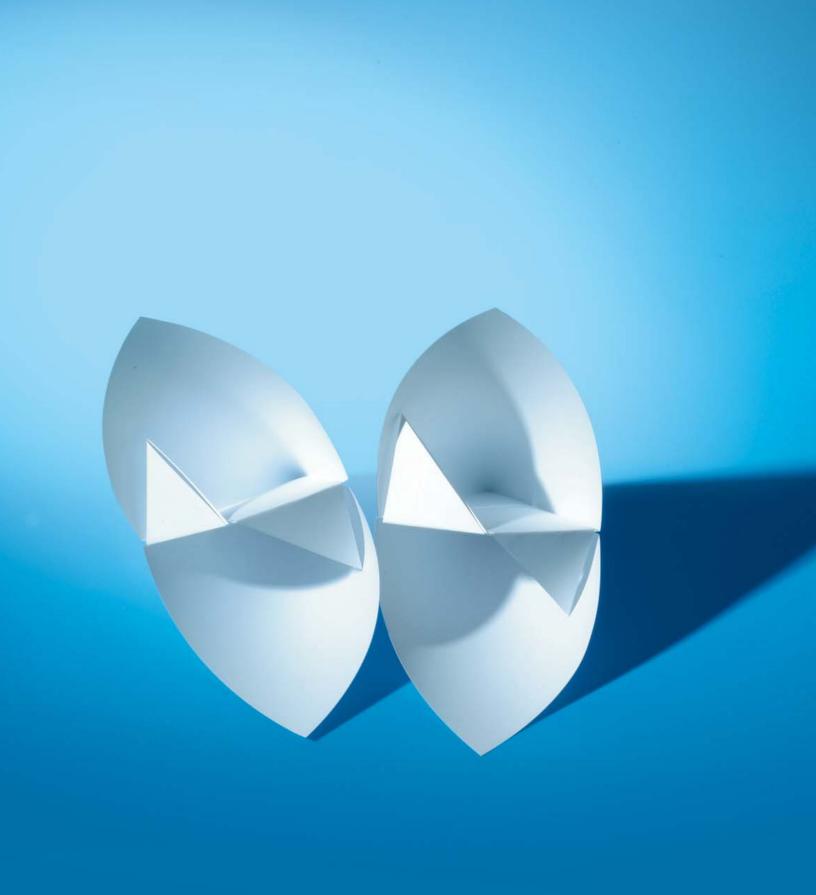


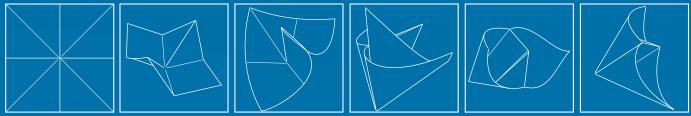
### U.S. EPA PAMS Calibration Standards

### Number following the compounds is the concentration in ppb C (parts per billion expressed as carbon) as specified by the U.S. EPA.

Acetylene 40 (74-86-2) Benzene 30 (71-43-2) n-Butane 40 (106-97-8) 1-Butene 30 (106-98-9) Cis-2-butene 35 (590-18-1) Trans-2-butene 25 (624-64-6) Cyclohexane 40 (110-82-7) Cyclopentane 20 (287-92-3) n-Decane 30 (124-18-5) m-Diethylbenzene 40 (141-93-5) p-Diethylbenzene 25 (105-05-5) 2,2-Dimethylbutane 40 (75-83-2) 2,3-Dimethylbutane 50 (79-29-8) 2,3-Dimethylpentane 50 (565-59-3) 2,4-Dimethylpentane 40 (108-08-7) n-Dodecane 40 (112-40-3) Ethane 25 (74-84-0) Ethyl Benzene 25 (100-41-4) Ethylene 20 (74-85-1) o-Ethyltoluene 30 (611-14-3) m-Ethyltoluene 25 (620-14-4) p-Ethyltoluene 40 (622-96-8) n-Heptane 25 (142-82-5) n-Hexane 30 (110-54-3) 1-Hexane 60 (592-41-6) Isobutane 25 (75-28-5) Isopentane 40 (78-78-4) Isoprene 40 (78-79-5) Note: CAS numbers are in brackets, i.e. (00-00-0) Isopropylbenzene 40 (98-82-8) n-Octane 30 (111-65-9) n-Pentane 25 (109-66-0) 1-Pentene 25 (109-67-1) Methylcyclohexane 30 (108-87-2) Methylcyclopentane 25 (96-37-7) 2-Methylheptane 25 (592-27-8) 3-Methylheptane 25 (589-81-1) 2-Methylhexane 25 (591-76-4) 3-Methylhexane 25 (589-34-4) 2-Methylpentane 20 (107-83-5) 3-Methylpentane 40 (96-14-0) n-Nonane 25 (111-84-2) Cis-2-Pentene 35 (627-20-3) Trans-2-Pentene 25 (646-04-8) Propane 40 (74-98-6) n-Propylbenzene 30 (103-65-1) Propylene 25 (115-07-1) Styrene 40 (100-42-5) Toluene 40 (108-88-3) 1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene 25 (526-73-8) 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 40 (95-63-6) 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene 25 (108-67-8) 2,2,4-Trimethylpentane 30 (540-84-1) 2,3,4-Trimethylpentane 25 (565-75-3) n-Undecane 30 (1120-21-4) o-Xylene 25 (95-47-6) m/p-Xylene (combined) 40 (108-38-3/106-42-3)







### Electronic Grade Gases

Linde is a leading supplier of pure gas products and gas mixtures to the semiconductor manufacturing and electronics industry. The Linde Group has developed and manufactured some of the most unique semiconductor materials available anywhere in the world. We accomplish this by continually developing the most advanced manufacturing processes in our industry. Our cylinder surface treatment technology is just one example of how we support our customers' strict requirements. From research to production, regardless of the specific application, Linde can assist you.

Contact Customer Service for recommended electronic grade gas equipment.

ammania	NILI	Constitutions	Pressure	Size	Contents	
ammonia	NH <sub>3</sub>	Specifications	(psig)	2176	kg	lbs
Nitride 99.9995%		CO       < 0.5 ppm $CO_2$ < 0.5 ppm $H_2O$ < 1 ppm $N_2$ < 1 ppm $O_2$ < 1 ppm         THC (CH <sub>4</sub> )       < 1 ppm	114	152	14	30
Electronic 99.999%		CO       < 0.5 ppm	114 114 114	200 152 32	23 14 2	50 30 3



NH<sub>3</sub>
CGA 660
DISS 720
TDG Label Non-flammable gas and corrosive
Hazard Class 2.2 (8)

		Constitutions	Pressure	<b>C</b> :	Contents	
argon	Ar	Specifications	(psig)	Size	m <sup>3</sup>	ft ³
ULSI 99.9999%		$\begin{array}{rl} \text{CO} + \text{CO}_2 & < 0.1 \text{ ppm} \\ \text{H}_2 & < 0.1 \text{ ppm} \\ \text{H}_2 \text{O} & < 0.2 \text{ ppm} \\ \text{N}_2 & < 0.4 \text{ ppm} \\ \text{O}_2 & < 0.1 \text{ ppm} \\ \text{THC} \left(\text{CH}_4\right) & < 0.1 \text{ ppm} \end{array}$	2,000	152	4.30	152
VLSI 99.999%		$\begin{array}{rl} \text{CO} + \text{CO}_2 & < 1 \text{ ppm} \\ \text{H}_2 \text{O} & < 1 \text{ ppm} \\ \text{N}_2 & < 4 \text{ ppm} \\ \text{O}_2 & < 1 \text{ ppm} \\ \text{THC} (\text{CH}_4) & < 0.5 \text{ ppm} \end{array}$	2,640 2,200	300 200	9.50 7.10	336 250



 Ar

 CGA
 580

 DISS
 718

 TDG Label
 Non-flammable gas

 Hazard Class
 2.2

	۸cЦ	ASH_ Specifications		Pressure	Size	Contents		
arsine	AsH <sub>3</sub>		specifications	(psig)	SIZE	kg	lbs	
VLSI 99.9993%		$Ar + O_2$ $CH_4$ $CO$ $CO_2$ $H_2O$ $N_2$ $PH_3$	< 1 ppm < 0.5 ppm < 0.5 ppm < 0.5 ppm < 1 ppm < 1 ppm < 2 ppm	205 205	152 32	9 1.8	20 4	
Electronic 99.997%		$Ar + O_2$ $CH_4$ $CO$ $CO_2$ $H_2O$ $N_2$ $PH_3$	< 5 ppm < 5 ppm < 1 ppm < 1 ppm < 4 ppm < 5 ppm < 5 ppm	205 205	152 152	9 1.8	20 4	



AsH3CGA350DISS632TDG LabelPoison gas and flammable gasHazard Class2.3 (8)

boron trichloride	boron trichloride BCl <sub>3</sub>	Specifications*	Pressure	Size	Contents		
	DCI <sub>3</sub>	specifications	(psig)	JIZC	kg	lbs	
VLSI 99.999%*		$\begin{array}{rrrr} {\sf CH}_4 &< 0.5 \mbox{ ppm} \\ {\sf Cl}_2 &< 2 \mbox{ ppm} \\ {\sf CO} &< 0.5 \mbox{ ppm} \\ {\sf CO}_2 &< 1 \mbox{ ppm} \\ {\sf COCl}_2 &< 0.5 \mbox{ ppm} \\ {\sf HCl} &< 50 \mbox{ ppm} \\ {\sf N}_2 &< 4 \mbox{ ppm} \\ {\sf O}_2 + \mbox{ Ar } < 1 \mbox{ ppm} \end{array}$	4.4 4.4 4.4	204 84 34	50 18 4.5	110 40 10	
VLSI II 99.999%		$CH_4$ < 0.5 ppm	4.4 4.4 4.4	204 84 34	50 18 4.5	110 40 10	

\* Metal impurities available on request



 BCl<sub>3</sub>
 660

 DISS
 634

 TDG Label
 Poison gas and corrosive

 Hazard Class
 2.3 (8)

boron trifluoride BF		Specifications Pr		Ciro	Contents		
Doron unitionale Br <sub>3</sub>				Size	kg	lbs	
VLSI 99.99%	CO <sub>2</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> SiF <sub>4</sub> SO <sub>2</sub>	< 10 ppm < 15 ppm < 5 ppm < 20 ppm < 10 ppm	1,050 1,030 800	10 6 2	0.7 0.5 0.1	1.6 1 0.15	
Electronic 99.5%	Air SiF <sub>4</sub> SO <sub>2</sub>	< 4000 ppm < 200 ppm < 20 ppm	1,050 1,030 800	10 6 2	0.7 0.5 0.1	1.6 1 0.15	



 BF3

 CGA
 330

 DISS
 642

 TDG Label
 Poison gas

 Hazard Class
 2.3

boron-11 trifluoride	<sup>11</sup> BF <sub>3</sub>	Specifications		Pressure (psig)	Size	Contents g	
VLSI		<sup>11</sup> B Enrichment         > <sup>10</sup> B         <           CO2         <           HF         <           O2         <           SO2         <	< 25 ppm > 99.0% < 1.0% < 25 ppm < 25 ppm < 25 ppm < 25 ppm < 25 ppm < 500 ppm	410 650	6 2	130 70	



 <sup>11</sup>BF<sub>3</sub>

 CGA
 330

 DISS
 642

 TDG Label
 Poison gas

 Hazard Class
 2.3

carbon dioxide	<b>CO</b> <sub>2</sub>	Specifications	Pressure (psig)	Size	Cont kg	tents Ibs	
Ultra -Clean 99.999%		$C_1$ to $C_3$ THCs < 2 ppm $C_4$ + Organic Compounds < 50 ppb $H_2O$ < 2 ppm	838	152	18	40	

*Cylinder will be equipped with dip tube for liquid withdrawal* 



 CO2
 320

 DISS
 716

 TDG Label
 Non-flammable gas

 Hazard Class
 2.2

carbon monoxide CO		Spacificat	Specifications		Size	Contents	
	CU	specifications		(psig)	312C	M <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>
ULSI 99.995%		$C_2H_6$ $C_3H_8$ $CH_4$ $CO_2$ Dimethyl Ether $H_2$ $H_2O$ Iron Pentacarbonyl $N_2$ $O_2$ THC	< 0.5 ppm < 0.5 ppm < 0.5 ppm < 15 ppm < 1 ppm < 1 ppm < 1 ppm < 0.5 ppm < 0.5 ppm < 0.5 ppm < 0.5 ppm	2,000	152	4.00	141



 CO

 CGA
 350

 DISS
 724

 TDG Label
 Poison gas and flammable gas

 Hazard Class
 2.3 (2.1)

chlorine Cl.	Specifications	Pressure	Pressure Size	Contents		
chlorine Cl <sub>2</sub>	specifications	(psig)	3120	kg	lbs	
VLSI 99.999%*	$\begin{array}{rcl} CH_{4} &< 0.5 \ ppm \\ CO &< 0.5 \ ppm \\ CO_{2} &< 5 \ ppm \\ H_{2} &< 1 \ ppm \\ H_{2}O &< 2 \ ppm \\ N_{2} &< 4 \ ppm \\ O_{2} + Ar &< 1 \ ppm \end{array}$	85 85 85	209 89 39	52 20 7	115 44 15	
VLSI II 99.999%	$\begin{array}{rrrr} CH_{4} &< 0.5 \mbox{ ppm} \\ CO &< 0.5 \mbox{ ppm} \\ CO_{2} &< 5 \mbox{ ppm} \\ H_{2} &< 1 \mbox{ ppm} \\ H_{2}O &< 2 \mbox{ ppm} \\ N_{2} &< 4 \mbox{ ppm} \\ O_{2} + \mbox{ Ar } < 1 \mbox{ ppm} \end{array}$	85 85 85	204 84 34	52 20 7	115 44 15	
Electronic 99.99%	$\begin{array}{rcl} CH_{4} & < 2 \text{ ppm} \\ CO_{2} & < 50 \text{ ppm} \\ H_{2} & < 5 \text{ ppm} \\ H_{2} O & < 3 \text{ ppm} \\ N_{2} & < 20 \text{ ppm} \\ O_{2} + \text{Ar} & < 10 \text{ ppm} \end{array}$	85 85 85	204 84 34	52 20 7	115 44 15	

\* Metal impurities available on request



 Cl<sub>2</sub>
 660

 DISS
 728

 TDG Label
 Poison gas and oxidizing gas

 Hazard Class
 2.3 (5.1)

dichlorosilane SiH <sub>2</sub> C	ciu cl	Sn		Pressure	Ciro	Contents	
UICIIIOIOSIIdile	SiH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>	Specifications		(psig)	Size	kg	lbs
ULSI 99%		Al	< 1.0 ppbw	9	204	41	90
		As	< 0.2 ppbw	9	84	14	30
		В	< 0.1 ppbw	9	34	4.5	10
		С	< 1 ppmw				
		Fe	< 50 ppbw				
		Р	< 0.3 ppbw				
		Resistivity	> 400 ohm-cm				
		SiH <sub>3</sub> Cl	< 0.3% wt				
		Total Other Cl	hlorosilanes < 1.0% wt				



 SiH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>
 678

 CGA
 678

 DISS
 636

 TDG Label
 Poison gas and flammable gas

 Hazard Class
 2.3 (2.1)

disilane	Si <sub>2</sub> H <sub>6</sub>	Specifications		Pressure (psig)	Size	Contents g
Electronic 99.998%*		Ar + $O_2$ Chlorosilanes $CO_2$ H <sub>2</sub> O Higher Silanes $(Si_4H_{10} + Si_3H_8)$ N <sub>2</sub> Resistivity SiH <sub>4</sub> Siloxanes THC	< 1 ppm < 0.2 ppm < 1 ppm < 1 ppm < 50 ppm < 2 ppm > 1000 ohm-cm < 1000 ppm < 5 ppm < 1 ppm	33 33	152 32	5,000 500

\* Purity excludes higher silanes and  $SiH_4$ 



 Si<sub>2</sub>H<sub>6</sub>

 CGA
 350

 DISS
 632

 TDG Label
 Flammable gas

 Hazard Class
 2.1

halocarbon 14	Constituent	Specifications		Size	Contents	
carbon tetrafluoride CF <sub>4</sub>	specifical		(psig)	SIZE	kg	lbs
VLSI 99.999%*	Acidity (HF) $CH_4$ $CO + CO_2$ $H_2O$ $N_2$ $O_2$ Other Halocarbons $SF_6$	< 0.1ppmw < 1 ppm < 2 ppm < 0.5 ppm < 20 ppm < 5 ppm < 2 ppm < 1 ppm	2,000 2,000 2,000	200 152 32	32 18 4	70 40 9
Electronic 99.996%*	Acidity (HF) $CH_4$ $CO + CO_2$ $H_2O$ $N_2$ $O_2$	< 1 ppmw < 5 ppm < 15 ppm < 1 ppm < 200 ppm < 40 ppm < 10 ppm < 5 ppm	2,000 2,000 2,000	200 80 30	32 11 4.5	70 24 10

\* Purity excludes air  $(N_2 + O_2)$ 



 CF<sub>4</sub>
 320

 DISS
 716

 TDG Label
 Non-flammable gas

 Hazard Class
 2.2

halocarbon 32 difluoromethane	CH <sub>2</sub> F <sub>2</sub>	Specifications		Pressure (psig)	Size	Cont kg	tents Ibs	
VLSI 99.99%		Acidity CO <sub>2</sub> H <sub>2</sub> O N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> Other Halocarbons	< 0.2 ppmw < 5 ppm < 15 ppm < 40 ppm < 10 ppm < 50 ppm	215 215 215	200 152 30	30 18 7	65 40 15	



 CH2F2

 CGA
 350

 DISS
 724

 TDG Label
 Flammable gas

 Hazard Class
 2.1

halocarbon 116	Specifications		Pressure	Size	Contents		
hexafluoroethane $C_2F_6$	specifi	Cations	(psig)	JIZC	kg	lbs	
VLSI 99.999%*	Acidity (HCl) CO CO <sub>2</sub> H <sub>2</sub> O N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> Other Halocarbor	< 0.1 ppmw < 1 ppm < 1 ppm < 2 ppm < 10 ppm < 2 ppm s < 10 ppm	445 445	200 152	43 30	95 65	
halocarbon 318 octafluorocyclobutane C <sub>4</sub> F <sub>8</sub>	Specifications		Pressure (psig)	Size	Cont kg	ents Ibs	
VLSI 99.99%*	Acidity (HF) Air (N <sub>2</sub> + O <sub>2</sub> ) H <sub>2</sub> O Other HFC	< 1 ppmw < 50 ppm < 10 ppm < 100 ppm	25 25	152 32	20 5	44 11	

\* Purity excludes air  $(N_2 + O_2)$ 



 C2F6, C3F8, C4F8

 CGA
 660

 DISS
 716

 TDG Label
 Non-flammable gas

 Hazard Class
 2.2

helium	Не	Specifications	Pressure	Size	Contents		
nenom	IIC .	specifications	(psig)	5120	M <sup>3</sup>	ft³	
ULSI 99.9999%		CO< 0.05 ppm	2,200 2,000	302 152	6.50 3.80	231 134	
VLSI 99.9995%		$CO_2$ < 0.5 ppm $H_2O$ < 1 ppm $N_2$ < 1 ppm $O_2$ < 0.5 ppm         THC (CH <sub>4</sub> )       < 0.2 ppm	2,200 2,000	302 152	6.50 3.80	231 134	
Electronic 99.999%		$CO_2$ < 0.5 ppm $H_2O$ < 1 ppm $N_2$ < 4 ppm $O_2$ < 1 ppm         THC (CH <sub>4</sub> )       < 0.5 ppm	2,640 2,200	300 200	8.20 6.20	291 219	



 He

 CGA
 580

 DISS
 718

 TDG Label
 Non-flammable gas

 Hazard Class
 2.2

hudsocoo		u a		Pressure	Size	Contents	
hydrogen	H <sub>2</sub>	Specifications		(psig)	3120	M <sup>3</sup>	ft³
VLSI 99.9995%		$CO + CO_2$ $H_2O$ $N_2$ $O_2$ $THC (CH_4)$	< 0.5 ppm < 1 ppm < 1 ppm < 0.5 ppm < 0.5 ppm	2,640	300	8.00	284
Electronic 99.999%		$CO + CO_2$ $H_2O$ $N_2$ $O_2$ $THC (CH_4)$	< 1 ppm < 3 ppm < 4 ppm < 1 ppm < 1 ppm	2,640	300	8.00	284



 H2
 350

 CGA
 350

 DISS
 724

 TDG Label
 Flammable gas

 Hazard Class
 2.1

hydrogen chloride HCl	Specifications	Pressure	Size	Contents		
hydrogen chloride HCl	specifications	(psig)	3120	kg	lbs	
ULSI 99.999%*	CO       < 1 ppm $CO_2$ < 2 ppm $H_2O$ < 1 ppm $N_2$ < 2 ppm $O_2$ < 1 ppm         THC (CH <sub>4</sub> )       < 1 ppm	613	204	27	60	
VLSI 99.999%*	CO       < 1 ppm	613 613	204 34	27 4	60 8	
Electronic 99.997%	CO       < 1 ppm	613	204	27	60	

\* Metal impurities available on request



HCl CGA 330 DISS 634 TDG Label Poison gas and corrosive Hazard Class 2.3 (8)

methylsilane	CH <sub>3</sub> SiH <sub>3</sub>	Specifications		Pressure (psig)	Size	Contents kg	
Electronic 99.98%		Ar + $O_2$ (CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> SiH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>4</sub> Chlorosilanes CO <sub>2</sub> N <sub>2</sub> Other Methylsilanes SiH <sub>4</sub>	< 2 ppm < 100 ppm < 50 ppm < 50 ppm < 10 ppm < 10 ppm < 50 ppm < 50 ppm	193 193	200 30	15 2.5	33 6



CH3SiH3632DISS632TDG LabelFlammable gasHazard Class2.1

nitragon	N	Specifications		Pressure	Size	Contents		
nitrogen	N <sub>2</sub>			(psig)	2176	<b>M</b> ³	ft³	
ULSI 99.9999%		$CO + CO_2$ $H_2$ $H_2O$ $O_2$ $THC (CH_4)$	< 0.2 ppm < 0.1 ppm < 0.2 ppm < 0.1 ppm < 0.1 ppm	2,000	152	4.00	142	
VLSI 99.9995%		$CO + CO_2$ $H_2$ $H_2O$ $O_2$ $THC (CH_4)$	< 0.5 ppm < 1 ppm < 1 ppm < 1 ppm < 0.2 ppm	2,000	152	4.00	142	
Electronic 99.999%		H <sub>2</sub> O O <sub>2</sub> THC (CH <sub>4</sub> )	< 1 ppm < 1 ppm < 0.5 ppm	2,640 2,200	300 200	8.60 6.50	304 230	



 N2

 CGA
 580

 DISS
 718

 TDG Label
 Non-flammable gas

 Hazard Class
 2.2

nitrogen trifluoride NF,	Specifications	Pressure	Size	Contents		
nitrogen trifluoride NF <sub>3</sub>	specifications	(psig)		kg	lbs	
VLSI 99.99%	Acidity (HF)       < 1 ppm $CF_4$ < 40 ppm $CO$ < 1 ppm $CO_2$ < 3 ppm $H_2O$ < 5 ppm $N_2$ < 5 ppm $N_2O$ < 3 ppm $O_2$ + Ar       < 5 ppm $SF_6$ < 10 ppm         THC (CH_4)       < 5 ppm	1,570	204	22	48	
Electronic 99.97%	Acidity (HF)       < 0.3 ppm $CF_4$ < 250 ppr $CO$ < 10 ppm $CO_2$ < 5 ppm $H_2O$ < 1 ppm $N_2$ < 10 ppm $N_2O$ < 5 ppm $N_2O$ < 5 ppm $O_2$ + Ar       < 5 ppm $SF_6$ < 10 ppm         THC (CH_4)       < 5 ppm		204	22	48	



NF<sub>3</sub>
CGA 640
DISS 670
TDG Label Non-flammable gas and oxidizing gas
Hazard Class 2.2

nitrous oxide			Specifications	Pressure (psig)	Size	Contents		
	N <sub>2</sub> 0		specifications			kg	lbs	
VLSI 99.999%		$\begin{array}{c} CH_4\\ CO\\ CO_2\\ H_2O\\ N_2\\ NH_3\\ NO\\ NO_2\\ O_2 + Ar \end{array}$	< 0.5 ppm < 0.1 ppm < 0.5 ppm < 3 ppm < 3 ppm < 1 ppm < 1 ppm < 1 ppm < 1 ppm < 1 ppm	745 745	152 32	18 3	40 6	
Electronic 99.998%		$\begin{array}{c} CH_4\\ CO\\ CO_2\\ H_2O\\ N_2\\ O_2^2 + Ar \end{array}$	< 1 ppm < 1 ppm < 2 ppm < 3 ppm < 10 ppm < 2 ppm	745 745	152 32	18 3	40 6	



 N20

 CGA
 326

 DISS
 712

 TDG Label
 Non-flammable gas and oxidizing gas

 Hazard Class
 2.2 (5.1)

	0	C.	C:(:	Pressure	Size	Contents	
oxygen	02	Specifications		(psig)	2126	M <sup>3</sup>	ft³
ULSI 99.999%		Ar $CO + CO_2$ $H_2O$ Kr $N_2$ THC (CH <sub>4</sub> )	< 5 ppm < 0.5 ppm < 1 ppm < 1 ppm < 2 ppm < 0.5 ppm	2,640 2,200	300 200	9.5 7.1	337 251
VLSI 99.994%		Ar $CO + CO_2$ $H_2O$ $N_2$ THC (CH <sub>4</sub> )	< 35 ppm < 2 ppm < 1 ppm < 10 ppm < 1 ppm	2,640 2,200	300 200	9.5 7.1	337 251



0<sub>2</sub> CGA 540 DISS 714 TDG Label Non-flammable gas and oxidizing gas Hazard Class 2.2 (5.1)

phacabina	DЦ	6	Specifications		Size	Contents	
phosphine	PH <sub>3</sub>	h			3120	kg	lbs
VLSI 99.9992%		$Ar + O_2$ $AsH_3$ $CO$ $CO_2$ $H_2O$ $N_2$ $THC (CH_4)$	< 1 ppm < 2 ppm < 1 ppm < 1 ppm < 1 ppm < 1 ppm < 1 ppm	593 593	152 32	4.5 0.9	10 2
Electronic 99.996%		$Ar + O_2$ $AsH_3$ $CO$ $CO_2$ $H_2O$ $N_2$ $THC (CH_4)$	< 4 ppm < 5 ppm < 1 ppm < 2 ppm < 2 ppm < 20 ppm < 4 ppm	593 593 593 593	200 80 30 7x	7 2 0.9 0.1	15 5 2 0.15



PH3CGA350DISS632TDG LabelPoison gas and flammable gasHazard Class1.3

silane SiH <sub>4</sub>	Specifications	Pressure (psig)	Size	Contents kg
VLSI 99.9995%*†	Chlorosilanes       < 1 ppm         CO       < 0.5 ppm $CO_2$ < 0.5 ppm $H_2$ < 50 ppm $N_2$ < 1 ppm $O_2$ + Ar       < 1 ppm         Resistivity       > 7,500 ohm-cr	950 950 600 n	152 82 32	5 2.5 0.5
Semiconductor 99.995% †	Chlorosilanes< 1 ppmCO< 1 ppm	1100 900 n	204 204	10 5

\* Metal impurities available on request † Purity excludes H<sub>2</sub>



 $SiH_4$ 350 CGA DISS 632 Poison gas and flammable gas TDG Label Hazard Class 2.1

silicon tetrafluoride	SiF <sub>4</sub>	Specifications		Pressure	Size	Contents	
			specifications	(psig)	5120	kg	lbs
VLSI 99.999%		CO CO <sub>2</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> THC	< 0.1 ppm < 2 ppm < 4 ppm < 0.5 ppm < 0.1 ppm	1,000	204	23	50



 SiF<sub>4</sub>

 CGA
 330

 DISS
 642

 TDG Label
 Corrosive

 Hazard Class
 8

culphur boyafluarida	Consilisations	Pressure		Contents		
sulphur hexafluoride SF <sub>6</sub>	Specifications	(psig)		kg	lbs	
VLSI 99.996%	Acidity (HF)       < 0.4 ppmw $CF_4$ < 5 ppm $CO$ < 0.5 ppm $CO_2$ < 0.5 ppm $H_2O$ < 5 ppm $N_2$ < 20 ppm $O_2$ < 5 ppm         THC (CH_4)       < 0.1 ppm	310 310	152 82	30 18	65 40	
Electronic 99.8%	$CF_4$ < 500 ppm $H_2O$ < 70 ppm $N_2$ < 400 ppm $O_2$ < 100 ppm	310 310	200 80	43 18	95 40	



 SF<sub>6</sub>

 CGA
 590

 DISS
 716

 TDG Label
 Non-flammable gas

 Hazard Class
 2.2

trichlorosilane	SiHCl	Specificatio	200	Pressure	Size	Cont	tents	
unchiorosinane	SIRCI	specification	JIIS	(psig)	2176	kg	lbs	
VLSI 99.95%		B C Donor Fe Other Chlorosilanes Resistivity	< 0.06 ppba < 5 ppma < 0.07 ppba < 5 ppba < 500 ppm > 600 ohm-cm	10 10	L600 L100	249 41	550 90	



SiHCl<sub>3</sub> Valve Outlet

TDG Label Hazard Class Vapour: 1/2" FNTP Liquid: 1/2" FNTP Flammable gas and corrosive 4.3

trimothylcilopo (CL	і \ сіц	Specifications Pressure Size C		sure circo	Cont	ontents	
trimethylsilane (CH	I <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> SiH	speci		(psig)	2176	kg	lbs
VLSI 99.999%*		Ar + $O_2$ CO CO_2 H_2O N_2 THC Total Chlorides	< 2 ppm < 2 ppm < 1 ppm < 1 ppm < 1 ppm < 1 ppm < 1 ppm	10 10 10	200 200 30	20 12 3	44 26 7

\* Metal impurities available on request



(CH3)3SiHDISS632TDG LabelFlammable gasHazard Class2.1

tupestop boxofluosido WE	Specifications	Pressure	Size	Contents		
tungsten hexafluoride WF <sub>6</sub>	specifications	(psig)	SIZE	kg	lbs	
ULSI 99.999%*	Acidity (HF)< 10 ppmw	2.4 2.4 2.4	44 41 40	55 13.6 3.4	121 30 7	
Electronic 99.9%*	Acidity (HF)       < 200 ppmw	2.4 2.4 2.4	204 84 34	90.8 45 18	200 100 40	

\* Metal impurities available on request

 $WF_6$ CGA 670 DISS 638 TDG Label Poison gas Hazard Class 2.3

# Electronic Grade Mixtures

arcino		Tupo	CC 1	Cizo.	Contents	
arsine		Туре	CGA	Size	M <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>
10 ppm	Arsine, 4.7 in Argon 5.0	Certified	350	32	0.93	33
5 ppm	Arsine, 4.7 in Argon 5.0	Certified	350	32	0.93	33
10 ppm	Arsine 5.3 in Nitrogen 5.0	Certified	350	152	3.96	140
10 ppm	Arsine 4.7 in Nitrogen 5.0	Certified	350	152	3.96	140
15%	Arsine 5.3 in Hydrogen	Certified	350	2	.024	0.85

Higher purities available on request

cilana		Tupo	(CA	Cizo.	Contents		
silane		Туре	CGA	Size	M <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>	
0.5%	Silane 4.5 in Hydrogen 5.0	Certified	350	200	5.49	194	
5%	Silane 5.5 in Argon 5.0	Certified	350	32	0.96	34	
5%	Silane 4.5 in Argon 5.0	Certified	350	32	0.96	34	
2%	Silane 5.5 in Helium 5.5	Certified	350	200	5.58	197	
2%	Silane 5.5 in Helium 5.5	Certified	350	152	3.79	134	

Higher purities available on request

# Electronic Grade Mixtures

phosphine		Туре	CGA	Size	Contents	
pnospin	phosphilie		CGA	SIZE	M <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup>
5%	Phosphine 4.6 in Nitrogen 5.0	Certified	DISS 632	200	5.35	189
5%	Phosphine 5.2 in Nitrogen 5.0	Certified	DISS 632	200	5.35	189
1%	Phosphine 4.6 in Nitrogen 5.0	Certified	350	30	0.82	29
1%	Phosphine 5.2 in Nitrogen 5.0	Certified	350	30	0.82	29
15%	Phosphine 4.6 in Hydrogen 5.0	Certified	350	12	0.34	12
15%	Phosphine 5.2 in Hydrogen 5.5	Certified	350	12	0.34	12
20%	Phosphine 5.2 in Silane 5.0	Certified	350	200	2.99	106
10%	Phosphine 4.6 in Argon 5.0	Certified	350	200	5.91	209
1%	Phosphine 4.6 in Argon 5.0	Certified	350	152	4.30	152
1%	Phosphine 5.2 in Argon 6.0	Certified	350	200	6.34	224
100 ppm	Phosphine 5.2 in Helium 5.5	Certified	350	152	3.79	134
100 ppm	Phosphine 4.6 in Helium 5.0	Certified	350	152	3.79	134
10 ppm	Phosphine 5.2 in Helium 5.5	Certified	350	152	3.79	134
10 ppm	Phosphine 4.6 in Helium 5.0	Certified	350	152	3.79	134

Higher purities available on request

# Edwards Vacuum Pumps

# From the world leader in vacuum technology, coating systems, components and instrumentation

#### Request an Edwards vacuum technology products catalogue or Laboratory Equipment Application Guide.

#### New Vacuum Products Catalogue features:

- Vacuum pumps and pumping systems
- Turbo molecular pumps
- Scientific vapour pumps
- Measurement and control
- Valves
- Vacuum system components
- Semiconductor pumps
- Exhaust gas management systems
- Vacuum coating systems
- Industrial pumps and systems
- Chemical pumps and systems
- Liquid ring pumps and systems

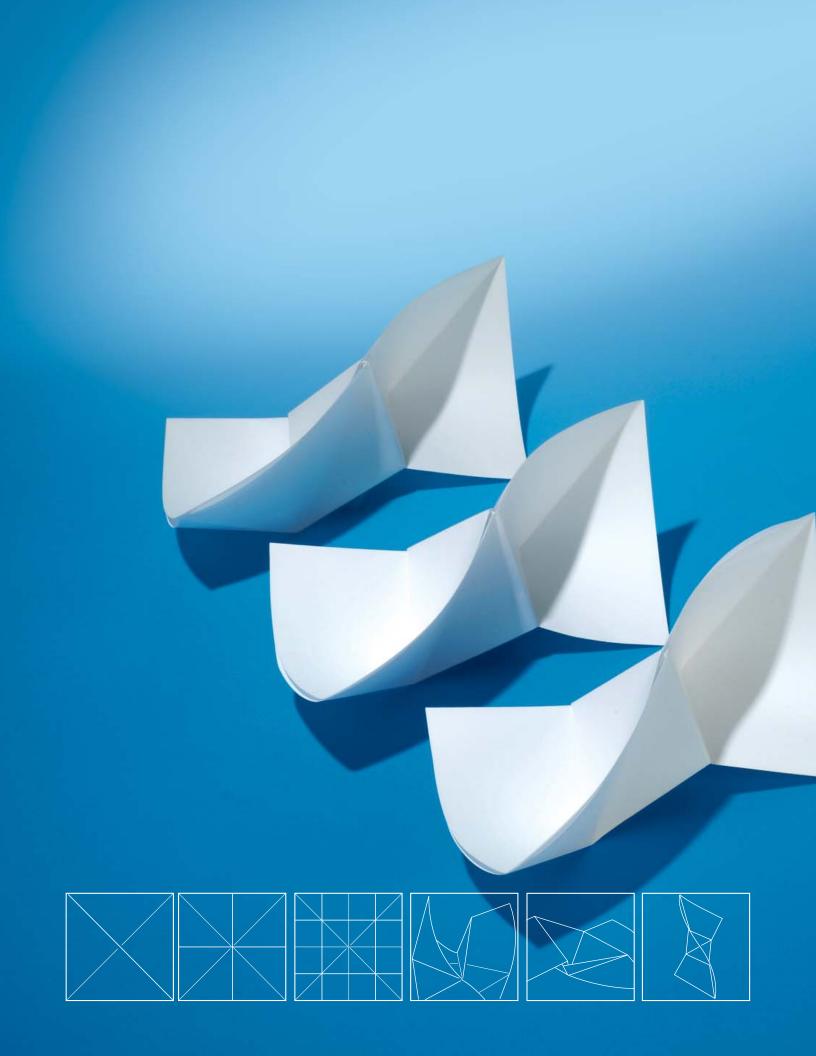
#### The New Laboratory Equipment Guide features:

- Application guide for all our products at a glance
- Vacuum products and accessories for laboratory applications
- Pressure measurement and display options.
- Vacuum systems and accessories for configuring your vacuum system
- Service and support
- Reference guide to common conversion factors

Tel 1-800-387-4076 Fax (905) 501-1225 www.edwardsvacuum.com





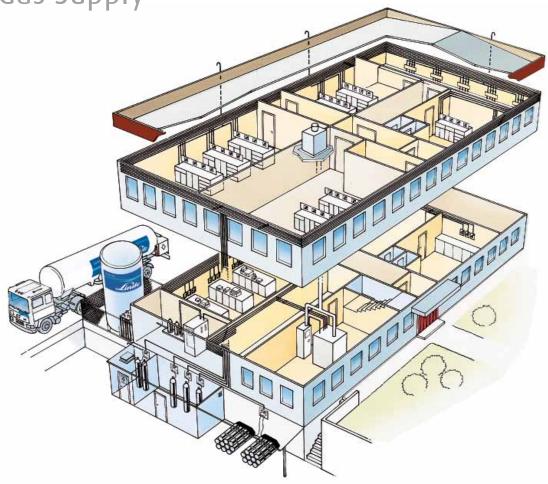


# Central Gas Supply

### The system that gives you control over the gas supply.

Due to their special properties, specialty gases place particular demands on components for distribution, control and monitoring. Either because the applications require that the gases shall maintain their high purity throughout the point of use, or because their chemical and physical properties require special design of the central gas supply system.

# Central Gas Supply



The advantages of a HiQ<sup>®</sup> REDLINE central gas supply system are:

#### **Increased Safety**

- The risk of accidents is reduced, as there is no need to handle gas cylinders inside the work place. Only low-pressure equipment and small gas quantities are present in the work place.
- Gas cylinders are collected under one roof, which facilitates removal from labs and work areas.
- The handling of high-pressure cylinders and the connection of toxic gases should be carried out by trained staff. If a problem with leaking gas should occur, ventilation is essential. This is especially important while handling flammable and toxic gases, and is simplified by the central gas supply approach.

#### Improved Operating Economy

- A continuous gas supply to each work station means less wasted time and fewer unplanned disruptions for changing gas cylinders.
- Fewer and larger gas cylinders which together supply all users, means more effective emptying of the cylinders which in turn give lower costs for gas and cylinder rental as well as transport charges. In addition, the store monitoring and purchasing can be centralized and rationalized.

#### **Better Working Environment**

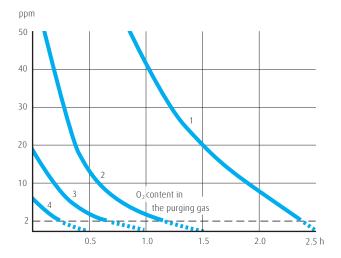
- The work place can be designed more appropriately.
- Heavy gas cylinders containing toxic gases under high pressure can involve great risks, which are now relocated.
- Outlets positioned at every work station are convenient and easy to use.

#### **Turnkey Deliveries**

- Together with the customer we carry out a requirement analysis. Thereafter, planning and installation takes place.
- A service agreement guarantees a troublefree gas supply without unplanned operating stoppages.

#### Quality Requirements Govern the Choice of Material

The gas to be distributed and the level of contamination that can be accepted in the gas determine the choice of component material in a gas supply system. The inner surface finish of components is of great importance to the final purity of the gas at the point of use. A better surface finish will make the pipe system easier to clean and reduce the risk of particles being released into the gas stream.



- 1 = Constant flow 10 l/h
- 2 = 5 x pressurized @ 50 psig/depressurized
- 3 = 7 x pressurized @ 50 psig/depressurized
- 4 = 10 x pressurized @ 50 psig/depressurized

The figure illustrates the relation between purge time, purging method and the purity realized with regard to the oxygen content in a gas system.

#### Copper

Copper has been used within gas supply technology for a long time and is still an option when using industrial grade gas. Make sure only to use cleaned copper tubing.

#### **Stainless Steel**

Over the past years, stainless steel has become the number one choice of material for pure gas applications. This is primarily because the material is easy to clean and can be supplied with a very good surface finish.

The increasing use of chemically reactive gases and the great demands made on purity have also contributed towards this trend towards Stainless steel. Welding methods have been developed which provide advantages with assembly in confined areas and which make it possible to join Stainless steel systems while still maintaining a high level of cleanliness and finish. Stainless steel is also chosen for aesthetic reasons or where the environment is aggressive and can give rise to corrosion. As a general guide the selection of components for a gas supply system is always based on the chosen gas quality.

#### Standard Purity Specialty Gases

(Equivalent to 2.5 [99.5%] to 6.0 [99.9999%]) Component: Stainless steel or brass depending on the gas to be used. Threaded connectors, type NPT, or compression fittings.

Piping: Washed Stainless steel.

Connection: Orbital welding compression couplings, designed to clamp onto the pipe. The coupling requires the pipe to have a good degree of roundness (Stainless steel) and gives a seal equivalent to 10<sup>-6</sup> atm cc/s.

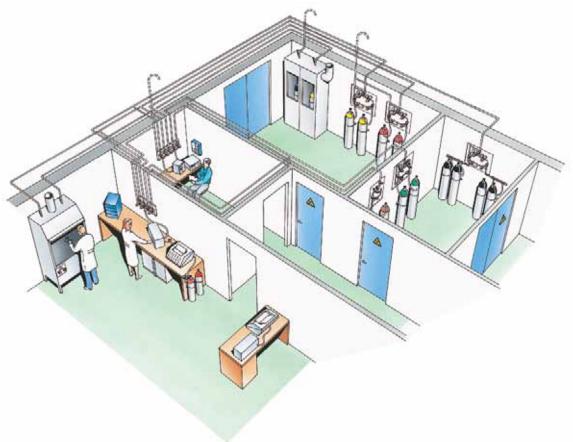
#### Electronic Grade Purity Specialty Gases

(Equivalent to 6.0 [99.9999] or higher) Component: Stainless steel or brass depending on the gas to be used. Threaded connectors, type NPT, or compression fittings.

Piping: Washed stainless steel.

Connection: VCR couplings, welded onto the pipes and valves. Using a pointed profile that, under great pressure from two sides, is pressed into metallic packing and seals the couplings. The coupling gives a seal equivalent to  $10^{-8}$ - $10^{-10}$  atm cc/s.

# Central Gas Supply



### System Design Can Be Broken Down Into Three Stages:

- Determine the maximum contamination level for the gas.
- Select the components to be used for the gas supply system.
- Design, assemble and commission the system. Linde has extensive know-how within the gas industry and experience of gas media and applications – everything from component selection, via system design to installation and start-up – as well as all technical documentation. Linde acts as advisor and consultant together with the user in order to assess the requirements and conditions of the project in question. It is extremely important to look at the system in its entirety, both from an economic and safety point of view.

Highlighted below are some of the areas that greatly affect the whole system.

#### Distribution and Storage

- Arrange if possible a storage area for the gas cylinders in a separate building.
- Connected gas cylinders are placed in a separate area, preferably adjacent to the access area. Avoid transporting gas cylinders indoors.
- The gases are stored (separately) according to fixed directives depending on their physical characteristics.
   Ventilation is provided based on safety requirements regarding the amount and type of gas used.

#### Gas Cabinets and Piping Systems

- Separate gas cabinets should be considered for corrosive gases and toxic gases.
- When using extremely dangerous gases consideration is made to flow control and emergency stop functions.
- Gas piping should be run in such a manner that the risk of mechanical damage is eliminated.

#### **Detection and Alarms**

- The need of detection is assessed. Regard should be taken to future requirements concerning types of gas and suitable flexibility to avoid unnecessary costs at a later stage.
- The possibility of an auto-stop if a leak is indicated. This can be achieved using detection equipment.
- The need of an alarm to an operating centre and/or an evacuation alarm within a certain area is defined.

Linde has well-trained assembly teams with vast experience of specialty gas installations.

### Gas Distribution Equipment

Specialty Gases place particular demands on components for control, distribution and monitoring, either through the application requiring that gas purity be maintained throughout the point of use, or because their chemical and physical properties requires special design of the central gas supply.

Linde offers a variety of supply options designed to maintain the integrity of your gas between the supply cylinder and the instrument or reactor. From simple regulator supply to a fully integrated gas supply system, Linde works with our customers to design and plan the gas supply system to meet not only today's needs, but the needs of the future. BASELINE<sup>™</sup> equipment is the entry point into the world of specialty gas equipment. BASELINE<sup>™</sup> regulators are designed to offer a more stable operation than industrial equipment can provide, at a competitive price. Typical applications are gas and liquid chromatography, carrier gases, zero and span calibration gases, high purity chamber pressurization, liquified hydrocarbon gas control and control of cryogenic gases. BASELINE<sup>™</sup> is designed for control of gases up to 5.0 ultra pure grade materials.

HiQ<sup>®</sup> REDLINE is part of the Linde HiQ<sup>®</sup> program, a worldwide standard product initiative that is synonymous with expertise and performance in specialty gas products. The HiQ<sup>®</sup> REDLINE equipment has an overall superior design and unique style in the marketplace. Specifically, the regulators offered in this product line utilize a bar stock body and premium diaphragm and seal materials. There are several advantages with the HiQ<sup>®</sup> REDLINE bar stock body: reduced internal volumes, which allows for more effective purging and removal of contaminates and moisture; low Ra surface finish, which minimizes particle shedding; and tight grain structure that helps prevent the regulators internal surface from adsorbing contaminates and moisture. These advantages make HiQ® REDLINE equipment a superior product and the best choice for your specialty gas distribution needs.



### Regulators

Regulators are used in gas delivery systems to reduce the pressure from a high pressure source to a safe working pressure for use. A pressure regulator should always be used when positive control of the pressure in a gas stream is required. A pressure regulator is as much a safety device as it is an important tool.

#### **Basic Regulator Types**

There are two basic types of pressure regulators: a single stage type and a dual stage type. The outward appearance of the two distinctly different types is somewhat similar and may be difficult to distinguish. Most pressure regulators are fitted with two gauges to monitor pressures (most line regulators only have one). The high pressure gauge is connected internally to the inlet side of the regulator and is used to monitor the source pressure. The low pressure gauge is connected internally to the outlet side of the regulator and is used to monitor the source pressure.

As an option, an outlet valve is affixed to the outlet port of the regulator. This valve is to be used to turn the flow of gas on or off for brief periods of time. It should never be used to throttle or control the flow of gas emitted from a regulator. This practice could cause serious damage to both the regulator and its operator. Flow should always be controlled by some other piece of equipment such as a rotameter or mass flowmeter.

**Dual Stage** regulators reduce the source pressure down to the desired delivery pressure in two steps. Each stage consists of a spring, diaphragm, and control valve. The first stage reduces the inlet pressure to about three times the maximum working pressure. The final pressure reduction occurs in the second stage. The advantage of a dual stage regulator is its ability to deliver a constant pressure, even with a decrease in inlet pressure. For example, as a cylinder of gas is depleted, the cylinder pressure drops. Under these conditions, single stage regulators exhibit a "decaying inlet characteristic"; where the delivery pressure increases as a result of the decrease in inlet pressure. In a dual stage regulator, the second stage compensates for this increase, providing a constant delivery pressure regardless of inlet pressure conditions. The dual stage regulator is recommended for applications where a continuous supply of gas is required; such as the gas supplied to analytical instruments where constant delivery pressure is critical.

**Single Stage** regulators perform the same function as the two stage regulator using a single step reduction of source to outlet pressure. For this reason, the outlet pressure cannot be as accurately controlled as the source pressure decays. We highly recommend single stage regulators only be used in circumstances where the operator can monitor and adjust the regulator as needed or where the regulator is supplied a nearly constant source pressure.

Line Regulators are single stage regulators that are used to provide point-of-use pressure monitoring and control. For example, a lab may have gas cylinders located in a room on the first floor. The gas may be piped to instruments located in a lab on the second floor. In this case, it is difficult to monitor the gas pressure directly at the instruments, since the regulators are located on the cylinders on the first floor. A line regulator may be installed near the instruments for convenience of monitoring the delivery pressure at the point of use. These regulators are installed directly into gas lines, and have a single delivery pressure gauge.

### Regulators

### BASELINE<sup>™</sup> C1061

### Single Stage Cylinder Regulator

#### Description

The BASELINE™ C1061 Series regulator is intended for primary pressure control of non-corrosive, high purity or liquefied gases up to grade 5.0.

Available in either Chrome plated Brass (B), or 316 Stainless Steel (S), the C1061 offers outlet pressure control up to 500 psig/3,450 kPa, and is available with diaphragm shutoff valve (A), control needle outlet valve (B) or 1/4" FNPT (C).

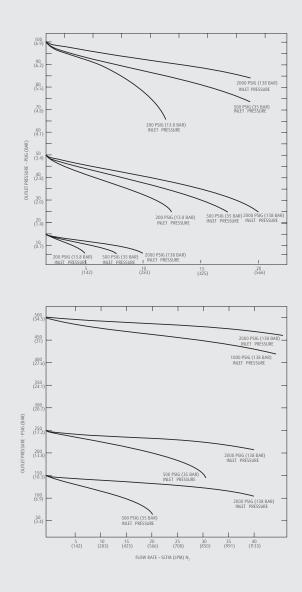
Where required, the C1061 can be supplied with applicable TSSA/CRN registration.

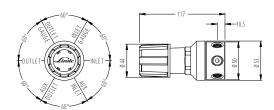


### Technical Data

	psig	kPa		
Max Inlet Pressure	3,000	21,000		
Inlet Pressure Gauge	4,500	31,000		
Outlet Ranges	0-15	0-100		
	0-50	0-340		
	0-100	0-690		
	0-150	0-1,030		
	0-250	0-1,720		
	0-500	0-3,450		
Outlet Gauge Range	30"-0-30	-2-200		
	30"-0-100	-2-700		
	30"-0-200	-2-1,400		
	0-400	0-2,800		
	0-1,000	0-7,000		
Connection				
Inlet Outlet	CGA per gas app 1/4" FNPT or vari	pplication ariable		
	compression fitt	ing		
Operating Temperature	-40°-+60°C	-40°-140°F		
Weight*	1.6 kg	3.5 lb		
*variable based on outlet op	tion			
Flow Capacity (Cv)	0	.1		
Materials of Construc	tion			
Housing/Body	Chrome plated brass barstock with chrome plated zinc bonnet or 316L stainless steel with chrome plated zinc bonnet			
Diaphragm	Stainless steel 316L			
Seals	PTFE			
Seat	PTFE			
Filter	10 micron sinter	ed bronze		
Outlet Valve	Available with d needle valve ou			

### BASELINE<sup>™</sup> C1061 – Single Stage Cylinder Regulator





All measurements in millimeters. Drawings of other types available on request.

Model	Material of Construction	Outlet Range	Outlet Valve	Connection	
				Inlet	Outlet
C1061	B – Brass	015	A – diaphragm	CGA	N4 1/4" FNPT
	S – Stainless Steel	050	B – needle valve		C4 1/4" compression
		100	C – no valve		C8 1/8" compression
		150			C3 3/8" compression
		250			
		500			

# Regulators

### BASELINE<sup>™</sup> CH1061

### High Pressure Single Stage Cylinder Regulator

#### Description

The BASELINE™ CH1061 Series regulator is intended for primary pressure control of non-corrosive, high purity gases up to grade 5.0, with a requirement for inlet pressures up to 4,500 psig/31,000 kPa.

Available in either Chrome plated Brass (B), or 316 Stainless Steel (S), the CH1061 offers outlet pressure control up to 500 psig/3,450 kPa, and is available with diaphragm shutoff valve (A), control needle outlet valve (B) or 1/4" FNPT (C).

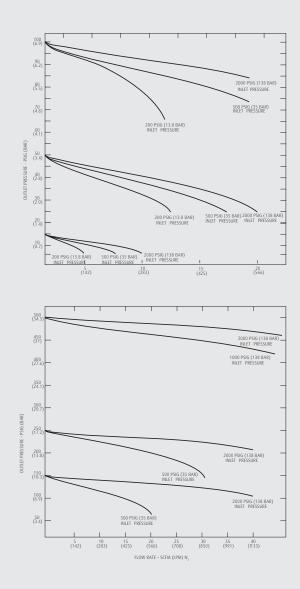
Where required, the CH1061 can be supplied with applicable TSSA/CRN registration.

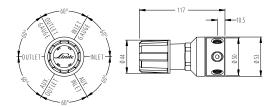


### Technical Data

psig	kPa			
4,500	31,000			
5,000	35,000			
0-50	0-340			
0-100	0-690			
0-150	0-1,030			
0-250	0-1,720			
0-500	0-3,450			
30"-0-100	-2-700			
30"-0-200	-2-1,400			
0-400	0-2,800			
0-1,000	0-7,000			
CGA per gas application 1/4" FNPT or variable Compression fitting				
-40°-+60°C	-40°-140°F			
1.6 kg	3.5 lb			
tion				
0.	1			
tion				
Chrome plated brass barstock with chrome plated zinc bonnet or 316L stainless steel with chrome plated zinc bonnet				
Stainless steel 316L				
PCTFE				
PCTFE				
10 micron sinter	ed bronze			
10 micron sintered bronze Available with diaphragm or needle valve outlet				
	4,500 5,000 0–50 0–100 0–250 0–250 0–500 30"–0–200 0–400 0–1,000 CGA per gas app 1/4" FNPT or vari Compression fitti -40°–+60°C 1.6 kg tion 0. tion Chrome plated b with chrome plated zi Stainless steel 3 PCTFE PCTFE 10 micron sinter			

### BASELINE<sup>™</sup> CH1061 – High Pressure Single Stage Cylinder Regulator





All measurements in millimeters. Drawings of other types available on request.

Model	Material of Construction	Outlet Range	Outlet Valve	Connection	
				Inlet	Outlet
CH1061	B – Brass	050	A – diaphragm	CGA	N4 1/4" FNPT
	S – Stainless Steel	100	B – needle valve		C4 1/4" compression
		150	C – no valve		C8 1/8" compression
		250			C3 3/8" compression
		500			

# Regulators

### BASELINE<sup>™</sup> C1062

### Dual Stage Cylinder Regulator

#### Description

The BASELINE™ C1062 Series regulator is intended for primary pressure control of non-corrosive, high purity gases up to grade 5.0 in applications that require constant pressure control regardless of source supply pressure.

Available in either Chrome plated Brass (B), or 316 Stainless Steel (S), the C1062 offers outlet pressure control up to 250 psig/1,720 kPa, and is available with diaphragm shutoff valve (A), control needle outlet valve (B) or 1/4" FNPT (C).

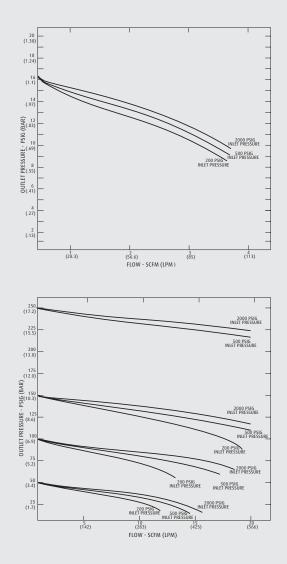
Where required, the C1062 can be supplied with applicable  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{TSSA/CRN}}$  registration.

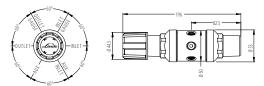


### Technical Data

	pcia	kPa			
Max Inlet Pressure	<b>psig</b> 3,000	21,000			
	4,500	35,000			
Inlet Pressure Gauge		,			
Outlet Ranges	0-15	0-100			
	0-50	0-340			
	0-100	0-690			
	0-150	0-1,030			
	0-250	0-1,720			
Outlet Gauge Range	30"-0-30	-2-200			
	30"-0-100	-2-700			
	30"-0-200	-2-1,400			
	0-400	0-2,800			
Connection Inlet Outlet	CGA per gas application 1/4" FNPT or variable Compression fitting				
Operating Temperature	-40°-+60°C	-40°-140°F			
Weight*	2.1 kg	4.6 lb			
*variable based on outlet op	tion				
Flow Capacity (Cv)	0.	1			
Materials of Construc	tion				
Housing/Body	Chrome plated brass barstock with chrome plated zinc bonnet or 316L Stainless steel with chrome plated zinc bonnet				
Diaphragm	Stainless steel 316L				
Seals	PTFE				
Seat	PTFE				
Filter	10 micron sintered bronze				
Outlet Valve	Available with d needle valve ou				

### BASELINE<sup>™</sup> C1062 – Dual Stage Cylinder Regulator





All measurements in millimeters. Drawings of other types available on request.

Model	Material of Construction	Outlet Range	Outlet Valve	Conne	Connection	
				Inlet	Outlet	
C1062	B – Brass	015	A – diaphragm	CGA	N4 1/4" FNPT	
	S – Stainless Steel	050	B – needle valve		C4 1/4" compression	
		100	C – no valve		C8 1/8" compression	
		150			C3 3/8" compression	
		250				

### Regulators

### BASELINE<sup>™</sup> CH1062

### High Pressure Dual Stage Cylinder Regulator

#### Description

The BASELINE™ CH1062 Series regulator is intended for primary pressure control of non-corrosive, high purity gases up to grade 5.0, in applications that require constant pressure control regardless of source supply pressure, with a requirement for inlet pressures up to 4,500 psig/31,000 kPa.

Available in either Chrome plated Brass (B), or 316 Stainless Steel (S), the CH1062 offers outlet pressure control up to 500 psig/3,450 kPa, and is available with diaphragm shutoff valve (A), control needle outlet valve (B) or 1/4" FNPT (C).

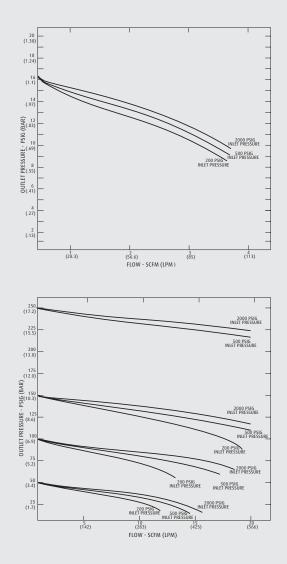
Where required, the CH1062 can be supplied with applicable  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{TSSA/CRN}}$  registration.

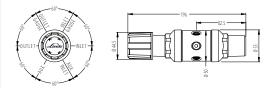


### **Technical Data**

	psig	kPa					
Max Inlet Pressure	4,500	31,000					
Inlet Pressure Gauge	5,000	35,000					
Outlet Ranges	0-50	0-340					
5	0-100	0-690					
	0-150	0-1,030					
	0-250	0-1,720					
Outlet Gauge Range	30"-0-100	-2-700					
5 5	30"-0-200	-2-1,400					
	0-400	0-2,800					
Connection							
Inlet Outlet	blication iable ing						
Operating Temperature	-40°-+60°C	-40°-140°F					
Weight*	2.1 kg	4.6 lb					
*variable based on outlet op	*variable based on outlet option						
Flow Capacity (Cv)	0.1						
Materials of Construction							
Housing/Body	Chrome plated brass barstock with chrome plated zinc bonnet						
Diaphragm	Stainless steel 316L						
Seals	PCTFE						
Seat	PCTFE						
Filter	10 micron sintered bronze						
Outlet Valve	Available with diaphragm or needle valve outlet						

### BASELINE<sup>™</sup> CH1062 – High Pressure Dual Stage Cylinder Regulator





All measurements in millimeters. Drawings of other types available on request.

Material of Construction	Outlet Range	Outlet Valve	Connection	
			Inlet	Outlet
B – Brass	050	A – diaphragm	CGA	N4 1/4" FNPT
S – Stainless Steel	100	B – needle valve		C4 1/4" compression
	150	C – no valve		C8 1/8" compression
	250			C3 3/8" compression
	Construction B – Brass	ConstructionRangeB - Brass050S - Stainless Steel100150	ConstructionRangeOutlet valueB - Brass050A - diaphragmS - Stainless Steel100B - needle value150C - no value	ConstructionRangeOutlet valueConnectionB - Brass050A - diaphragmCGAS - Stainless Steel100B - needle value150C - no valueC

### Regulators

### BASELINE<sup>™</sup> R104

### Four-Port Line Regulator

#### Description

The BASELINE™ R104 Series Line regulator is intended for secondary pressure control of non-corrosive, high purity or liquefied gases up to grade 5.0.

Available in either Chrome plated Brass (B), or 316 Stainless Steel (S), the R104 offers outlet pressure control up to 500 psig/3,450 kPa, and is available with diaphragm shutoff valve (A), control needle outlet valve (B) or 1/4" FNPT (C).

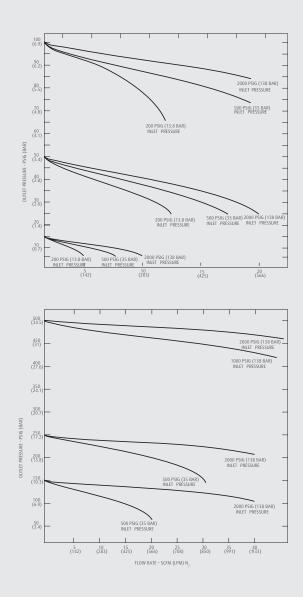
Where required, the R104 can be supplied with applicable  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{TSSA/CRN}}$  registration.

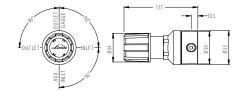


### **Technical Data**

	psig	kPa		
Max Inlet Pressure	3,000	20,700		
Inlet Pressure Gauge	-	-		
Outlet Ranges	0-15	0-100		
	0-50	0-340		
	0-100	0-690		
	0-150	0-1,030		
	0-250	0-1,720		
	0-500	0-3,450		
<b>Connection</b> Inlet Outlet	1/4" FNPT or variable compression fitting 1/4" FNPT or variable compression fitting			
Operating Temperature	-40°-+60°C	-40°-140°F		
Weight*	0.9 kg	1.9 lb		
*variable based on outlet op	otion			
Flow Capacity (Cv)	0.1 for outlet pressure below 50 psig/340 kPa 0.2 for outlet pressure above 50 psig/340 kPa			
Materials of Construc	tion			
Housing/Body	Chrome plated brass barstock with chrome plated zinc bonnet or 316L stainless steel with chrome plated zinc bonnet			
Diaphragm	Stainless steel 316L			
Seals	PTFE			
Seat	PTFE			
Filter	10 micron sintered bronze			
Outlet Valve	Available with diaphragm or needle valve outlet			

#### BASELINE<sup>™</sup> R104 – Four Port Line Regulator





All measurements in millimeters. Drawings of other types available on request.

Model	Material of Construction	Outlet Range	Outlet Valve	Connection	
				Inlet	Outlet
R104	B – Brass	015	A – diaphragm	N4 1/4" FNPT	N4 1/4" FNPT
	S – Stainless Steel	050	B – needle valve	C4 1/4" compression	C4 1/4" compression
		100	C – no valve	C3 3/8" compression	C3 3/8" compression
		150			
		250			
		500			

### Model C81-2

### Dual-Stage General Purpose Low Delivery Pressure Brass Regulator

#### Description

General-purpose regulator designed to reduce full cylinder pressure (maximum 3,000 psig/20,700 kPa) down to very low working pressures (0.1 to 2 psig).

#### **Applications**

- Regulation of fuel supply to burners.
- Purging low-pressure environmental chambers.
- Maintaining low pressure blankets of inert gas on fuel and chemical storage facilities

### Design Features/Components

- General purpose forged brass body
- 2 1/2" inlet and delivery pressure gauges
- Equipped with outlet needle valve
- Porous metal filter protects seat from contamination
- 1/4" MNPT outlet connection

#### Ordering Information

Model*	Delivery Pressure Range	Delivery Pressure Gauge	Cylinder Pressure Gauge
C81-2-CGA	0.1 – 2 psig	0.1 – 3 psig	0 – 3,000 psig
*Note: Some CGA limitations may apply.			

#### Options

Model	Description
CON-0208-BO	1/4" Compression Tube Outlet Connection (Brass)

	psig	kPa		
Max Inlet Pressure	3,000 psig	20,700 kPa		
Flow Capacity (Cv)	0.5	53		
Operating Temperature	-29°-60°C	-20°-140°F		
<b>Porting</b> (Regulator Body)	1/4" [	1/4" FNPT		
Porting Configuration	2 High, 2 Low			
Shipping Weight	3.2 kg	7 lbs		
Materials of Construc	ction			
Gauges	Chrome plated brass			
Body	Chrome plated forged brass			
Bonnet	Chrome plated forged brass (1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup> stages)			
Diaphragms	First Stage – Neoprene Second Stage – Neoprene			
Seats	First Stage – PTFE Second Stage – PTFE			
Seals	Neoprene/Teflon			



### Models C3030 and C3040

## Single-Stage High-Purity/High Delivery Pressure Brass Regulators

#### Description

High-purity brass regulators designed for delivery pressures up to 2,500 psig.

#### **Applications**

- Applications requiring delivery pressures up to 2,500 psig
- Delivery of gas to manufacturing processes, charging of systems, purging

### Design Features/Components

- High-purity brass barstock body
- 316 stainless steel piston (Model C3030 and C3040 Series)
- 2 1/2" inlet and delivery pressure gauges
- Equipped with outlet needle valve
- 1/4" MNPT outlet connection
- Porous metal filter protects seat from contamination
- Panel mountable

#### **Ordering Information**

Model	Delivery Pressure Range	Delivery Pressure Gauge	Cylinder Pressure Gauge
C3030-CGA	100–1,500 psig	0–2,000 psig	0–4,000 psig
C3040-CGA	100 - 2,500 psig	0–3,000 psig	0–4,000 psig

### Options

Model	Description
ADP-0163-B0	Bonnet Vent Fitting to 1/8" Hose
ADP-0162-B0	Bonnet Vent Adapter to 1/8" FNPT
KIT-0204-SA	Bonnet Panel Mounting Kit

	psig	kPa
Maximum Inlet Pressure	3,000	20,700
Maximum Flow Rate (at 2,500 psig, $N_2$ )		
Model 3030	4,600 SCFH	2,170 SLPM
Model 3040	4,600 SCFH	2,170 SLPM
Flow Capacity (Cv)	0.0	)6
Operating Temperature	-26°-74°C	-15°-165°F
<b>Porting</b> (Regulator Body)	1/4" FNPT	
Porting Configuration	2 High,	2 Low
Shipping Weight	2.3 kg	5 lbs
Materials of Construction		
Gauges	Chrome plated b	rass
Body	Nickel plated bra	ass barstock
Bonnet	Nickel plated brass	
Piston	316 stainless steel	
Seat	Kel-F 81	
Seals	Teflon and Viton	A



### Models C3060 and C3060S Series

#### Single-Stage High-Purity/High Delivery Pressure Brass and Stainless Steel Regulator

#### Description

High purity brass or stainless steel regulators designed for delivery pressures up to 6,000 psig.

#### Applications

- Applications requiring up to 6,000 psig delivery pressure
- Delivery of gas to manufacturing processes, charging of systems, • purging

#### Design Features/Components

- High purity brass (C3060 Series) or stainless steel barstock (C3060S) body
- High-purity 303 stainless steel pistons
- 2 1/2" (C3060 Series) or 2" (C3060S Series) inlet and delivery pressure gauges
- Equipped with outlet needle valve (models with CGA connections)
- 1/4" compression fitting
- Porous metal filter protects seat from contamination
- Cleaned for oxygen service to 3,000 psig maximum
- Self-relieving (for use with inert gases) .

#### Ordering Information

Model	Delivery Pressure Range	Delivery Pressure Gauge	Cylinder Pressure Gauge		
Brass Regula	Brass Regulators*				
C3064-1/4	200–4,000 psig	0–5,000 psig	0–7,500 psig		
C3066-1/4	200–6,000 psig	0–7,500 psig	0–7,500 psig		
C3064-CGA	200–4,000 psig	0–5,000 psig	0–7,500 psig		
C3066-677	200–6,000 psig	0–7,500 psig	0–7,500 psig		
*Note: Some CGA limitations may apply.					
Stainless Steel Regulators*					
C3064S-1/4	200–4,000 psig	0–5,000 psig	0–10,000 psig		
C3066S-1/4	200–6,000 psig	0–10,000 psig	0–10,000 psig		
C3064S-CGA	200–4,000 psig	0–5,000 psig	0–10,000 psig		
C3066S-677	200–6,000 psig	0–10,000 psig	0–10,000 psig		
*Note: Some CGA limitations may apply.					

### **Technical Data**

	psig	kPa	
Maximum Inlet Pressure			
Model C3060 Series	6,000 psig	41,400 kPa	
Model C3060S Series	10,000 psig	69,000 kPa	
Maximum Flow Rate (at 5,000 psig, $N_2$ )		C3064 (4,531 SLPM)	
Flow Capacity $(CV)$	0	.06	
Operating Temperature	-40°-74°C	-40°-165°F	
<b>Porting</b> (Regulator Body)	1/4"	FNPT	
Porting Configuration	2 High, 2 Low		
Shipping Weight	3.6 kg	8 lbs	
Materials of Construc	tion		
	C3060 Series	C3060S Series	
Gauges	Nickel plated brass	316 Stainless steel	
Body	Nickel plated brass barstock	303 Stainless steel	
Bonnet	Nickel plated brass	Nickel plated brass	
Piston	303 Stainless steel	303 Stainless steel	
Seat	Vespel	Vespel	
Seals	Viton/teflon	Viton/teflon	
	-		
	PAR)		
100	12		
CED.	1 Kight		



### Model C3200 Series

## Single-Stage High-Purity/High Flow Brass and Stainless Steel Regulator

#### Description

High-purity regulators for use with high flow rate applications.

#### Applications

• Applications requiring a high flow rate, such as purging of large reactor or storage vessels.

### Design Features/Components

- High-purity nickel plated brass barstock or 316 stainless steel body
- 316 stainless steel diaphragm
- Panel mountable
- Bonnets are ported and threaded to pipe gases away from the work area
- · Available as an in-line regulator or a cylinder regulator

### Ordering Information

Model	Delivery Pressure Range	Delivery Pressure Gauge		
Stainless Steel In-Line Regulator Models				
C3200	0-50 psig	0-100 psig		
C3201	0-100 psig	30"-0-200 psig		
C3203	0-150 psig	30"-0-300 psig		
C3204	0 <i>-</i> 250 psig	0-400 psig		
Brass In-Line Regulator Models				
C3240	0-50 psig	0-100 psig		
C3241	0-100 psig	30"-0-200 psig		
C3243	0-150 psig	0-400 psig		
C3244	0-250 psig	0-400 psig		

### Cylinder Regulator Models

Model	Delivery Pressure Range	Delivery Pressure Gauge	Cylinder Pressure Gauge
Stainless Steel	Models	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
C3200-CGA	0-50 psig	0-100 psig	0-3000 psig
C3201-CGA	0-100 psig	30"-0-200 psig	0-3000 psig
C3203-CGA	0-150 psig	30"-0-300 psig	0-3000 psig
C3204-CGA	0-250 psig	0-400 psig	0-3000 psig
Brass Models			
C3240-CGA	0-50 psig	0-100 psig	0-3000 psig
C3241-CGA	0-100 psig	30"-0-200 psig	0-3000 psig
C3243-CGA	0-150 psig	0-400 psig	0-3000 psig
C3244-CGA	0-250 psig	0-400 psig	0-3000 psig
Available CGA's: Brass:	320, 346, 580, 590. Stainle	ss Steel: 320, 326, 330, 34	46, 580, 590, 660, 705

Maximum Inlet Pressure	In-Line Regulator 3,000 psig (20,700 kPa)	Cylinder Regulator 3,000 psig (20,700 kPa)
Maximum Flow Rate (at 2,500	Delivery Pressure	Flow Rate
psig N <sub>2</sub> )	50 psig (340 kPa)	6,000 SCFH (2,832 SLPM)
	100 psig (690 kPa)	9,000 SCFH (4,248 SLPM)
	125 psig (860 kPa)	12,000 SCFH (5,664 SLPM)
	200 psig (740 kPa)	15,000 SCFH (7,080 SLPM)
Flow Capacity (Cv)		1.0
Operating Temperature	-40°-74°C (-40°-165°F)	-40°-74°C (-40°-165°F)
Inlet Ports	1/2" FNPT	1/2" FNPT
Outlet Ports	1/2" FNPT	1/2" FNPT
Outlet Connection	-	1/2" compression
Gauge Ports	1/4" FNPT	1/4" FNPT
Bonnet Vent Port	1/16" FNPT	1/16" FNPT
Shipping Weight	1.8 kg (4 lbs)	2.3 kg (5 lbs)
Materials of Con		l os piskol platod
Body	316 stainless stee brass barstock	i oi nickei plateo
Bonnet	Stainless steel	
Diaphragm		
Seat	Kel-F 81	
Seals	Teflon	



### Model C3210 Series

### Single-Stage Deluxe Corrosion Resistant Monel Regulator

#### Description

Corrosive service regulators constructed of Monel for superior corrosion resistance.

#### Applications

- Pressure regulation of acid forming halogen gases, such as hydrogen bromide, hydrogen chloride, hydrogen fluoride, and silicon tetrafluoride; and fluorine (Model C3225A)
- Dispensing of corrosive calibration gases
- Research and development applications where a corrosion resistant regulator is required for either corrosive ambient conditions or corrosive gas service
- Applications requiring extended regulator lifespan in severe conditions

#### Design Features/Components

- Monel construction for excellent corrosion resistance
- Kel-F seat material for use with chlorinated compounds
- Bronze filled Teflon® for fluorinated compounds (Model C3225A)
- 2 1/2" Monel gauges
- Equipped with Monel needle valve on outlet
- Porous metal filter protects seat from contamination
- 1/4" MNPT outlet connection
- 1/4" Monel compression fitting available as an option

#### Ordering Information

Model*	Delivery Pressure Range	Delivery Pressure Gauge	Cylinder Pressure Gauge
C3215A –CGA	1–50 psig	0–100 psig	None
C3216A -CGA	3–200 psig	0–300 psig	None
C3217A -CGA	1–50 psig	0–100 psig	0–1,000 psig
C3218A -CGA	3–200 psig	0–300 psig	0–1,000 psig
C3219A -CGA	1–50 psig	0–100 psig	0–3,000 psig
C3220A -CGA	3–200 psig	0–300 psig	0–3,000 psig
C3225A -670	1–50 psig	0–100 psig	0–1,000 psig
C3225A -679	1–50 psig	0–100 psig	0–1,000 psig
*Note: Some C	GA limitations m	ay apply.	

Options

options	
Model	Description
4755-CGA	Tee Purge Assembly
4775-CGA	Cross Purge Assembly
CON-0208-MA	1/4" Monel Compression Fitting
402	Check Valve – Monel

	psig	kPa
Maximum Inlet Pressure	3,000	20,700
Model C3225A	1,000	6,900
Maximum Flow Rate		
(at 2,000 psig, N <sub>2</sub> )		
Model C3215A, C3217A, and C3219A	1,500 SCFH	700 SLPM
Model C3216A, C3218A,	600 SCEH	280 SI PM
C3220A	000 5011	200 511 111
Model C3225A	450 SCFH	210 SLPM
Flow Capacity (Cv)	0.1	95
Operating Temperature	7°-66°C	-20°-150°F
Porting (Regulator Body)	1/4"	FNPT
Porting Configuration	2 High,	2 Low
Shipping Weight	2.7 kg	6 lbs
Materials of Construction	-	
Gauges	Monel	
Body	Monel	
Bonnet	Chrome-plated	d brass
Diaphragm	Monel	
Valve Stem	Monel	
Valve Spring	Monel	
Seat	Kel-F	
Seat (Model C3225A)	Bronze filled T	eflon®
Seals	Kel-F	



### Model C3700 Series

#### Low Pressure Line Regulator

#### Description

General-purpose line regulators designed for low inlet pressure and low delivery pressure applications with non-corrosive gases.

#### Applications

- · Control of constant fuel burner flame
- Inert gas blanketing at low pressures

#### Design Features/Components

- Zinc body
- Rubber diaphragm
- 2 1/2" delivery pressure gauge
- Porous metal filter protects seat from contamination
- 1/4" MNPT inlet/outlet connection with loose hose barb
- Pressure adjusting screw protected by "security cap"

#### **Ordering Information**

Model*	Delivery Pressure Range	Delivery Pressure Gauge				
C3701	2–25" water column	0–35" water column				
C3702	0.5–5.0 psig	0-10-30 psig*				
C3703 5–10 psig		0-10-30 psig*				
*Compressed resolution between 10–30 psig						
** The Model 3700 Series cannot be supplied with CGA connections.						

#### Options

Model	Description
	Hose Assembly to connect inlet of Model 3700 Series to outlet of other regulators. Maximum pressure: 250 psig

	psig	kPa	
Max Inlet Pressure	250	1,720	
Maximum Flow Rate (at 200 psig, N <sub>2</sub> )	Model 3701: Less than 35 SLPM Model 3702: 260 SCFH (123 SLPM) Model 3703: 350 SCFH (165 SLPM)		
Flow Capacity (Cv)	0	.8	
Operating Temperature	-40°-65°C	-40°-150°F	
<b>Porting</b> (Regulator Body)	1/4" FNPT		
Materials of Construc	ction		
Gauges	Chrome plated b	rass	
Body	Cast zinc		
Bonnet	Die cast zinc		
Diaphragms	Natural rubber		
Seats	Natural rubber		
Seals	Natural rubber		



### Model R480 Series

### Single Stage High Flow Regulator for Corrosive Gases

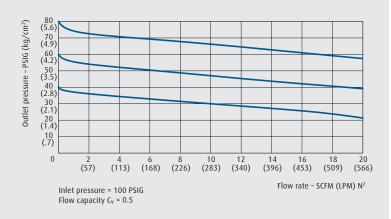
#### Description

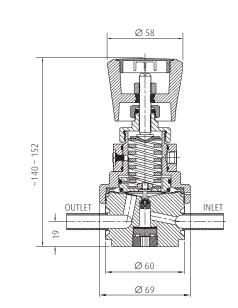
The R480 regulators are intended for primary pressure control of corrosive gases at high flow levels. The regulator has an internally springless and threadless design and positive shut-off seal, tied diaphragm design with positionable captured vent bonnet. Other advantages are: excellent leak integrity (created by metal to metal diaphragm to body seal) and smooth unobstructed flow path that allows for complete purging.



	psig	kPa	
Max primary pressure	3,500	24,000	
Outlet pressure	0-30 0-60 0-100 0-150	0-200 0-400 0-690 0-1,030	
Inboard leak rate	<10 <sup>-9</sup> atm C/sec He		
Connection	Welded tube stubbs		
Operating temperature	-40°-180°C	-40°-350°F	
Materials of Constru	uction		
Housing	Stainless steel 316L/Hastelloy®		
Seals	Stainless steel 316L/Hastelloy®		
Diaphragm	Stainless steel 316L/Hastelloy®		
Seating	Vespel®		

### Model R480 – Single Stage High Flow Regulator for Corrosive Gases





All measurements in millimeters. Drawings of other types available on request.

Model Material of Construction		Outlet Range	Outlet Valve	
R480	S – Stainless Steel	030	C – no valve	
	H – Hastelloy	060		
		100		
		150		

### HiQ<sup>®</sup> REDLINE C200/1

### Single Stage Cylinder Regulator

#### Description

The REDLINE C200/1 Series single stage cylinder regulator has been designed for use with specialty gases where demands for purity integrity, tightness and safety are high. When inlet pressure drops by 145 psig, outlet pressure will rise by less than 1.5 psig.

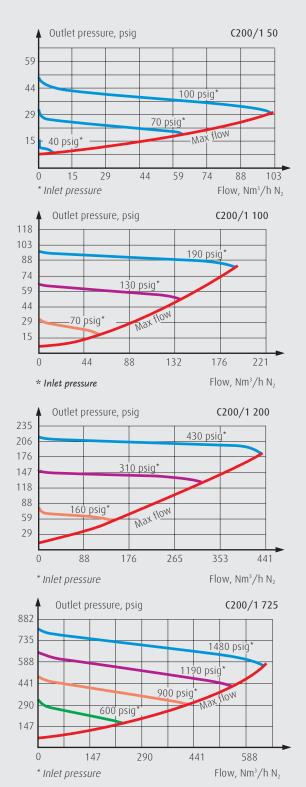
Available in either Chrome plated Brass (B), or 316 Stainless Steel (S), the C200/1 offers outlet pressure control up to 500 psig/ 3,450 kPa, and is available with diaphragm shutoff valve (A) or 1/4" FNPT (C).

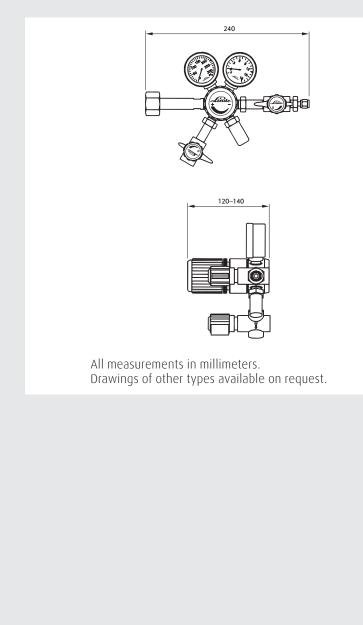
For corrosive gas applications use of a S203 gas panel is recommended.



	psig	kPa
Max Inlet Pressure	3,300	23,000
Inlet Pressure Gauge	4,500	31,000
Flow Capacity (Cv)	0	.1
Outlet Ranges	0-50	0-340
	0-100	0-690
	0-200	0-1,720
	0-725	0-6,240
Outlet Gauge Range	-15-75	-100-510
	-15-150	-100-1,030
	0-360	0-2,540
	0-1,150	0-8,110
Connection Inlet Outlet	CGA per gas app 1/4" FNPT or vari compression fitti	able
Operating Temperature	-40°-60°C	-40°-140°F
Weight*	1.5 kg	3.3 lb
*variable based on ou	itlet option	
Materials of Construc	tion	
Housing/Body	Ni/cr plated bra plated bonnet or steel with chrom	316L stainless
Diaphragm	Hastelloy®	
Seals	PVDF PCTFE	
Seat	PCTFE	
Outlet Valve	Available with d	iaphragm valve

### HiQ<sup>®</sup> REDLINE C200/1 – Single Stage Cylinder Regulator





Model	Material of Construction	Outlet Range	Outlet Valve	Connection	
				Inlet	Outlet
C200/1	B – Brass	050	A – diaphragm	CGA	N4 1/4" FNPT
	S – Stainless Steel	100	C – no valve		C4 1/4" compression
		200			C8 1/8" compression
		725			C3 3/8" compression

### HiQ<sup>®</sup> REDLINE C200/2

#### Dual Stage Cylinder Regulator

#### Description

The REDLINE C200/2 Series dual stage cylinder regulator has been designed for use with specialty gases where demands for purity, integrity, tightness and safety are high. The C200/2 dual stage cylinder regulator is preferred in applications that require constant pressure control, regardless of source supply pressure. When inlet pressure drops by 145 psig , outlet pressure will rise by less than 0.1 psig.

Available in either Chrome plated Brass (B), or 316 Stainless Steel (S), the C200/2 offers outlet pressure control up to 200 psig/ 1,720 kPa, and is available with diaphragm shutoff valve (A) or 1/4" FNPT (C).

For corrosive gas applications use of a S203 gas panel is recommended.



### **Technical Data**

psig	kPa	
3,300	23,000	
4,500	31,000	
0.	1	
0-50 0-100 0-150	0-340 0-690 0-1,030	
-15-75 -15-150 -15-260	-100-510 -100-1,030 -100-1,830	
CGA per gas application 1/4" FNPT or variable compression fitting		
-40°-+60°C	-40°-140°F	
1.5 kg	3.3 lb	
utlet option		
tion		
Ni/cr plated brass with chrome plated bonnet or 316L stainless steel with chrome plated bonnet		
Hastelloy®		
PVDF PCTFE		
	3,300 4,500 0-50 0-100 0-150 -15-75 -15-75 -15-260 CGA per gas app 1/4" FNPT or vari- compression fitti -40°-+60°C 1.5 kg utlet option tion Ni/cr plated bras- plated bonnet or steel with chrom bonnet Hastelloy®	

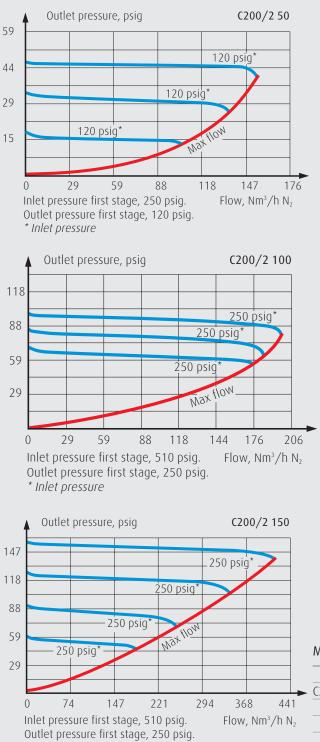
PCTFE

Available with diaphragm valve

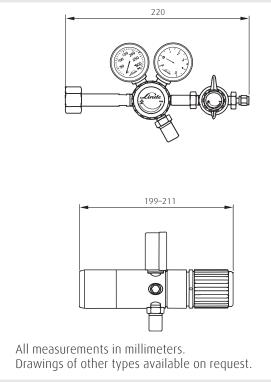
Seat

Outlet Valve

### HiQ<sup>®</sup> REDLINE C200/2 – Dual Stage Cylinder Regulator







	Model	Material of Construction	Outlet Range	Outlet Valve	Conne	ection
					Inlet	Outlet
-	C200/2	B – Brass	050	A – diaphragm	CGA	N4 1/4" FNPT
		S – Stainless Steel	100	C – no valve		C4 1/4" compression
			150			C8 1/8" compression
						C3 3/8" compression

### HiQ<sup>®</sup> REDLINE C12HV/1

### Single Stage Cylinder Regulator

#### Description

The REDLINE C12HV/1 Series single stage cylinder regulator has been designed for use with specialty gases where demands for purity integrity, tightness and safety are high. When inlet pressure drops by 145 psig, outlet pressure will rise by less than 1.5 psig.

Available in either Chrome plated Brass (B), or 316 Stainless Steel (S), the C12HV/1 offers outlet pressure control up to 50 psig/ 340 kPa, and is available with diaphragm shutoff valve (A) or 1/4" FNPT (C).



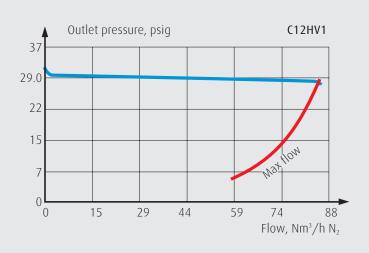
### Technical Data

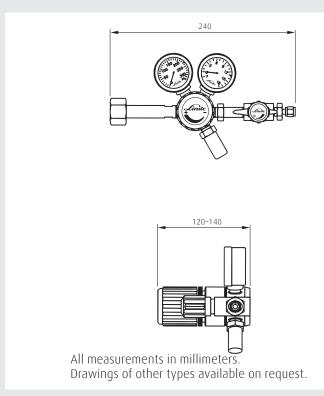
	psig	kPa	
Max Inlet Pressure	175	1,200	
Outlet Pressure (abs.)	1.5–30 3–50	10-200 20-340	
Outlet Gauge Range	-15-50 -15-75	-100-340 -100-510	
Max Flow $(N_2)$	84 SCFH	40 SLPM	
Connection Inlet Outlet	CGA per gas application 1/4" FNPT or variable compression fitting		
Operating Temperature	-40°-50°C	-40°-122°F	
Weight*	1.5 kg	3.3 lb	
*variable based on ou	utlet option		
Materials of Construc	tion		
Housing/Body	Ni/cr plated brass with chrome plated bonnet or 316L stainless steel with chrome plated		

	Donnet	
Seals	PVDF	PCTFE
Membrane	Hastello	У®
Seat	PCTFE	
Outlet Valve	Available	e with diaphragm valve

hopot

### HiQ<sup>®</sup> REDLINE C12HV/1 – Single Stage Cylinder Regulator





Model	Material of Construction	Outlet Range	Outlet Valve	Connection	
				Inlet	Outlet
C12HV/1	B – Brass	030	A – diaphragm	CGA	N4 1/4" FNPT
	S – Stainless Steel	050	C – no valve		C4 1/4" compression
					C8 1/8" compression
					C3 3/8" compression

### HiQ<sup>®</sup> REDLINE R200/1

#### Single Stage Line Regulator

#### Description

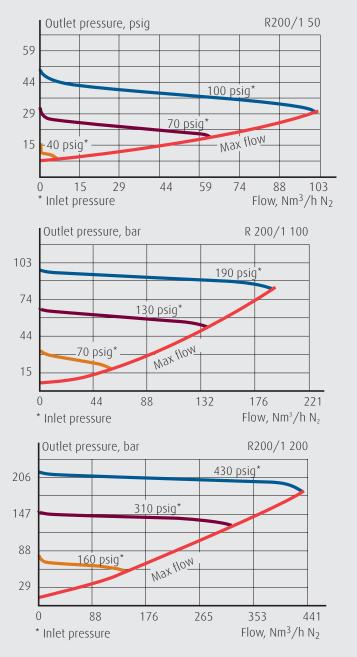
The REDLINE R200/1 Series line regulator intended for use as a second pressure regulating step in a central gas supply system. It is especially developed for pure gases and gas mixtures. The membrane is in Hastelloy<sup>®</sup> so that diffusion into the system is minimized. Three different outlet pressure ranges offer great flexibility for point of use applications. When inlet pressure drops by 145 psig, outlet pressure will rise by less than 1.5 psig.

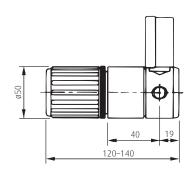
Available in either Chrome plated Brass (B), or 316 Stainless Steel (S), the R200/1 offers outlet pressure control up to 250 psig/ 2,720 kPa, and is available with diaphragm shutoff valve (A) or 1/4" FNPT (C).



	psig	kPa
Max primary pressure	3,300	23,000
Outlet pressure	0-50 0-100 0-200	0-340 0-690 0-1,220
Outlet gauge range	-15-75 -15-150 -15-260	-1-500 -1-1,030 -1-1,720
Connections	14" FNPT or varia compression fitt	
Operating temperature	-40°-50°C	-40°-122°F
Weight	1.3 kg	2.9 lb
Materials of Construc	tion	
Housing/Body	Ni/cr plated bra plated bonnet o steel with chron bonnet	r 316L stainless
Seals	PVDF PCTFE	
Membrane	Hastelloy®	
Seating	PCTFE	

### HiQ<sup>®</sup> REDLINE R200/1 – Single Stage Regulator





All measurements in millimeters. Drawings of other types available on request.

Material of Construction	Outlet Range	Outlet Valve	Connection	
			Inlet	Outlet
B – Brass	50	A – diaphragm	N4 1/4" FNPT	N4 1/4" FNPT
S – Stainless Steel	100	C – no valve	C4 1/4" compression	C4 1/4" compression
	200		C3 3/8" compression	C3 3/8" compression
	B – Brass	B – Brass 50 S – Stainless Steel 100	B – Brass 50 A – diaphragm S – Stainless Steel 100 C – no valve	B - Brass50A - diaphragmN4 1/4" FNPTS - Stainless Steel100C - no valveC4 1/4" compression



## Switchovers and Gas Panels

Specialty Gases place particular demands on components for control, distribution and monitoring, either through the application requiring that gas purity be maintained throughout the point of use, or because their chemical and physical properties requires special design of the central gas supply.

Linde offers a variety of supply options designed to maintain the integrity of your gas between the supply cylinder and the instrument or reactor. From simple regulator supply to a fully integrated gas supply system, Linde works with our customers to design and plan the gas supply system to meet not only today's needs, but the needs of the future.

## Switchovers

### BASELINE<sup>™</sup> C701

### Single Stage, Semi-automatic Switchover

#### Description

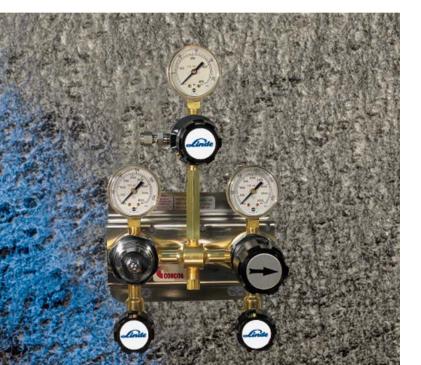
The BASELINE™ C701 Series Switchover is a semi-automatic switchover designed to supply a continuous supply of high purity, non-corrosive gas.

Available inlet options include 3' Stainless steel flex hoses (FH), manifold connectors (MA) or 1/4" FNPT (N4).

Where required, the BASELINE  $\rm M$  C701 can be supplied with applicable TSSA/CRN registration.

A final line regulator (/F models) may be installed on the outlet, delivering consistent pressure control.

Mode	Material of Construction	Outlet Range	Connection		Process Gas Outlet
			Туре	Inlet	
C701	B- Brass	100	FH2	CGA	N4 1/4" FNPT
	S - Stainless Steel	200	MA		C4 1/4" compression
		500	N4		



	psig	kPa		
Max Inlet Pressure	3,000	20,700		
Outlet Pressure	100	690		
	200	1,740		
	500	3,450		
<b>Connection</b> Process Gas In Process Gas Out	1/4" FNPT 1/4" FNPT or 1/4'	'compression		
Flow Capacity (CV)	0.1			
Materials of Constru	ction			
Housing/Body	Chrome Plated Brass Barstock with Chrome Plated Zinc Bonnet or 316L Stainless Steel with Chrome Plated Zinc Bonnet			
Diaphragm	Stainless Steel 3	16L		
Seals	PTFE			
Seat	PTFE			
Filter	10 Micron Sinter	red Bronze		
Operating Temperature	-40-+60°C	-40°F-140°F		

### Model 539 Series IntelliSwitch™

#### IntelliSwitch™ High Flow, Cryogenic or High Pressure Supply Fully Automatic Switchover

#### Description

The IntelliSwitch™ electronic switchover is the next generation of gas management systems. The IntelliSwitch provides continuous gas supply from liquid cylinders, high-pressure cylinders, or a combination of the two allowing the end-user to select the most economical mode of gas supply by the touch of a button. Microprocessor control lowers yearly gas cost by eliminating liquid cylinder vent loss and excess residual return, which makes the IntelliSwitch the perfect choice for laboratory, pilot plant or process applications.

#### **Specifications**

- · Microprocessor control; fully automatic priority assignment
- Field adjustable parameters enables process flexibility
- On-site source selection; liquid cylinder or high-pressure service
- Low loss technology reduces residual return
- Electronic economizer eliminates vent loss from 230, 350 or 500 PSIG liquid cylinders
- Process gas or air actuated pilot valves; simple installation
- RS 232 or 485 communications provides remote monitoring of supply

#### Low Loss Principle

The Low Loss Principle consists of two features, the Look-Back and the Economizer. When the IntelliSwitch electronics sense that the primary bank pressure is low, it automatically switches to the reserve bank. After a period of time, the system looks back at the depleted source to sense if it has rebuilt pressure. If it has, the system switches back and continues to draw product from this source, eliminating false switchovers and reducing residual return.

The Electronic Economizer has selectable settings for 230, 350 & 500 psig liquid cylinders. The IntelliSwitch continuously monitors the pressure in the reserve bank. When the pressure goes above the Economizer setting, the IntelliSwitch will draw gas from the headspace of the reserve bank, preventing vent losses.

### **Technical Data**

Λ

	psig	kPa
Max Inlet Pressure	3,000	20,700
Power Requirements	110 or 220	) VAC
lemperature Range	-18°-60°C	0°-140°F
Flow Capacity (Cv)	1.0	
Filter	40 – mic	ron
Connection Inlet Outlet	1/2" FN 1/2" FN	
Weight	30 kg	67 lbs
Materials	-	
Regulator and Valve Bodies	Brass barstock	
Valve Stems Valve Seats	316L stainless steel PCTFE	
Seals	PTFE and Viton	
Enclosure	Power-coated steel	
		Ø
۲	DELIVERY	w later



### Ordering Information

Model	Outlet Pressure	Right Side Connections	Left Side Connections	Assembly	Inlet
539	2 0–50 psig 3 0–100 psig 4 0–150 psig 5 0–200 psig	<ol> <li>1/2" FNPT</li> <li>Diaphragm Valve with 36" stainless flexible pigtail</li> <li>Diaphragm Valve with 72" stainless flexible pigtail</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>1/2" FNPT</li> <li>Diaphragm Valve with 36" stainless flexible pigtail</li> <li>Diaphragm Valve with 72" stainless flexible pigtail</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>0 110 VAC External Pilot</li> <li>1 220 VAC External Pilot</li> <li>2 110 VAC Internal Pilot</li> <li>3 220 VAC Internal Pilot</li> </ul>	Please specify inlet connection (if applicable) CGA; DIN 477; BS 341
		3 Manifold Connector	3 Manifold Connector		and others available

## Switchovers

### **HiQ® REDLINE A208**

## Single stage, semi-automatic switchover with internal gas purging, designed for high purity gases and mixtures.

#### Description

Gas panel A208 is a semi-automatic switchover designed for uninterrupted gas supply. Switch-over between the two connected cylinders or bundles occurs when the pressure of one side (the primary side) falls below a pre-set pressure level. This is achieved by two integrated regulators (factory-set to slightly different delivery pressure levels) which are connected at their outlet ports.

Available inlet options include 3' Stainless steel flex hoses (FH), Stainless steel coil pigtails (CS), manifold connectors (MA) or 1/4" FNPT (N4).

Semi-automatic switchovers should be connected to an alarm so that the cylinders will be switched on time. The panel can be equipped with contact gauge (/C models) for automatic surveillance. When applicable the panel can be ordered with residual gas line (/R models) connecting the relief valve with the purge outlet.

A final line regulator (/F models) may be installed on the outlet, delivering consistent pressure control.

### **Technical Data**

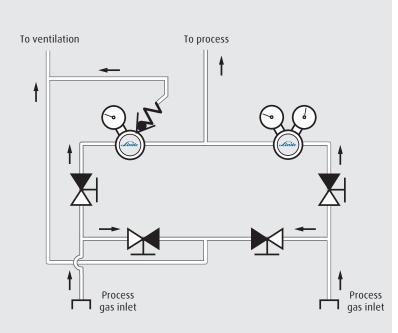
	psig	kPa
Max Inlet Pressure	3,300	23,000
Outlet pressure	8-100	50-690
	35-200	250-1,380
	35-725	250-5,000
Connection		
Process gas in	1/4" FNPT	
Process gas out	1/4" FNPT or 1/4	" compression
Purge gas outlet	1/4" compressi	ON
Material		
Housing	Brass, Ni/Cr pl	ated or
	stainless steel	316L
Operating temperature	-20°-70°C	-4°-158°F

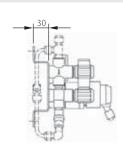
#### Highlights

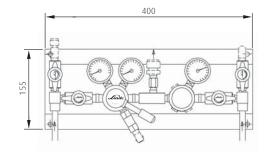
- Continuous supply of pure gases
- Automatic switch over without auxiliary power
- Positive indication of active cylinder
- Process gas purging system
- High flow capacity
- Compact design



### HiQ<sup>®</sup> REDLINE A208 – Semi-automatic Switchover







All measurements in millimeters. Drawings of other types available on request.

Model	Materials of Construction	Outlet Range	Connections		Process Gas Outlet
			Туре	Inlet	
A208	B - Brass	200	FH2	CGA	N4 1/4" FNPT
	S - Stainless Steel	725	FH4		C4 1/4" compression
			CS2		/F050
			MA		/F100
			N4		

## Switchovers

### **HiQ® REDLINE A209**

## Single stage, semi-automatic switchover with external gas purging, designed for reactive, toxic and corrosive gases.

#### Description

Gas panel A209 is a semi-automatic switchover designed for uninterrupted gas supply. Switch-over between the two connected cylinders or bundles occurs when the pressure of one side (the primary side) falls below a pre-set pressure level. This is achieved by two integrated regulators (factory-set to slightly different delivery pressure levels) which are connected at their outlet ports.

Available inlet options include 3' Stainless steel flex hoses (FH), Stainless steel coil pigtails (CS), manifold connectors (MA) or 1/4" FNPT (N4).

Semi-automatic switchover should be connected to an alarm so that the cylinders will be switched on time. The panel can also be equipped with contact gauge (/C models) for automatic surveillance. When applicable the panel can be ordered with residual gas line (/R models) connecting the relief valve with the purge outlet.

A final line regulator (/F models) may be installed on the outlet, delivering consistent pressure control.

### **Technical Data**

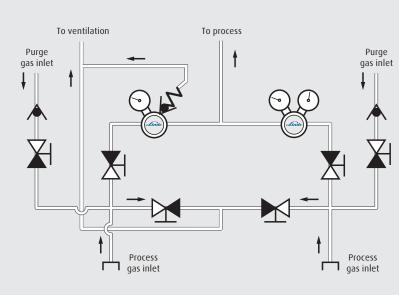
	psig	kPa
Max Inlet Pressure	3,300	23,000
Outlet pressure	8-100	50-690
	35-200	250-1,380
	35-725	250-5,000
Connection		
Process gas in	1/4" FNPT	
Process gas out	1/4" FNPT or 1/4	" compression
Purge gas outlet	1/4" compressi	ON
Material		
Housing	Brass, Ni/Cr pl	ated or
	stainless steel	316L
Operating temperature	-20°-70°C	-4°-158°F

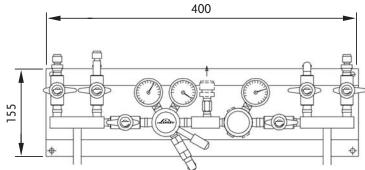
#### Highlights

- Continuous supply of pure gases
- Automatic switch over without auxiliary power
- Positive indication of active cylinder
- Process gas cross-purging system
- High flow capacity
- Compact design



### HiQ® REDLINE A209 – Semi-automatic Switchover





All measurements in millimeters. Drawings of other types available on request.

Model	Materials of Outlet Range	Connections		Process Gas Outlet	
			Туре	Inlet	
A209	B - Brass	200	FH2	CGA	N4 1/4" FNPT
	S - Stainless Steel	725	FH4		C4 1/4" compression
			CS2		/F050
			MA		/F100
			N4		

## Gas Panels

### **HiQ® REDLINE S200**

## Single stage gas supply panel designed for pure gases and mixtures.

#### Description

Gas panel S200 is designed for single cylinders or bundles. It is mounted on a stainless steel console and consists of a pressure regulator, inlet and outlet pressure gauges, a relief valve and a shut-off valve for the process gas.

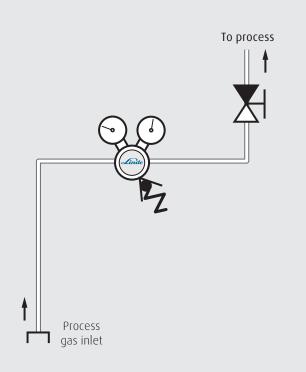
Available inlet options include 3' Stainless steel flex hoses (FH), Stainless steel coil pigtails (CS), manifold connectors (MA) or 1/4" FNPT (N4).

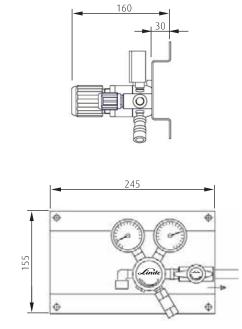
The panel can also be equipped with contact gauge (/C models) for automatic surveillance. When applicable the panel can be ordered with residual gas line (/R models) connecting the relief valve with the purge outlet.

	psig	kPa
Max Inlet Pressure	3,300	23,000
Outlet pressure	8-100 35–200 35–725	50–690 250–1,380 250–5,000
Outlet gauge range	-15-150 0-360 0-1,400	-100-1,030 0-2,500 0-8,100
<b>Connection</b> Process gas in Process gas out	1/4" FNPT 1/4" FNPT or 1/4" compres	ssion
Material Housing	Brass Ni/Cr Stainless ste	•
Seals	PCTFE	PVDF
Membrane	Hastelloy®	
Operating temperature	-20°-70°C	-4°-158°F



### HiQ<sup>®</sup> REDLINE S200 – Single Gas Panel





All measurements in millimeters. Drawings of other types available on request.

Model	Materials of Construction	Outlet Range	Connections		Process Gas Outlet
			Туре	Inlet	
S200	B - Brass	100	FH1	CGA	N4 1/4" FNPT
	S - Stainless Steel	200	CS1		C4 1/4" compression
		725	MA		
			N4		

## Gas Panels

### HiQ<sup>®</sup> REDLINE S201

# Single stage gas supply panel with internal gas purging, designed for high purity gases and mixtures (including flammable).

#### Description

Gas panel S201 is designed for single cylinders or bundles. It is equipped with internal gas purging to avoid contaminants entering the process line after changing the cylinders. It is mounted on a stainless steel console and consists of a pressure regulator, inlet and outlet pressure gauges, a relief valve and shut-off valves for the process gas at the high pressure end and for the purging gas.

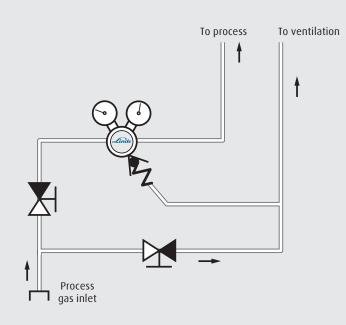
Available inlet options include 3' Stainless steel flex hoses (FH), Stainless steel coil pigtails (CS), manifold connectors (MA) or 1/4" FNPT (N4).

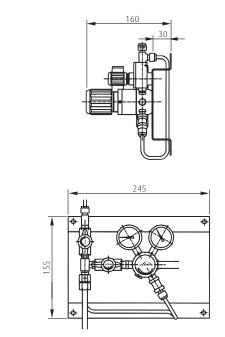
The panel can also be equipped with contact gauge (/C models) for automatic surveillance. When applicable the panel can be ordered with residual gas line (/R models) connecting the relief valve with the purge outlet.

	psig	kPa		
Max Inlet Pressure	3,300	23,000		
Outlet pressure	8-100 35–200 35–725	50-690 250-1,380 250-5,000		
Outlet gauge range	-15-150 0-360 0-1,400	-100-1,030 0-2,500 0-8,100		
Connection				
Process gas in	1/4" FNPT			
Process gas out	1/4" FNPT or			
	1/4" compre			
Purge gas outlet	1/4" compre	ssion		
Material				
Housing	Brass Ni/Cr plated or Stainless steel 316L			
Seals	PCTFE	PVDF		
Membrane	Hastelloy®			
Operating temperature	-20°-70°C	-4°-158°F		



### HiQ<sup>®</sup> REDLINE S201 – Single Gas Panel





All measurements in millimeters. Drawings of other types available on request.

Model	Materials of Construction	Outlet Range	Connections		Process Gas Outlet
			Туре	Inlet	
S201	B - Brass	100	FH1	CGA	N4 1/4" FNPT
	S - Stainless Steel	200	CS1		C4 1/4" compression
		725	MA		
			N4		

## Gas Panels

### **HiQ® REDLINE S202**

## Single stage gas supply panel with internal gas purging, designed for pure gases and mixtures.

#### Description

Gas panel S202 is designed for single cylinders or bundles. It is equipped with internal gas purging to avoid contaminants entering the process line after changing the cylinders. It is mounted on a stainless steel console and consists of a pressure regulator, inlet and outlet pressure gauges, a relief valve and shut-off valves for the process gas at high and low pressure ends and for the purging gas.

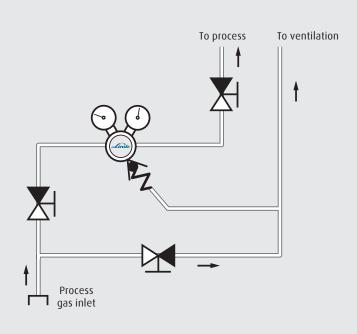
Available inlet options include 3' Stainless steel flex hoses (FH), Stainless steel coil pigtails (CS), manifold connectors (MA) or 1/4" FNPT (N4).

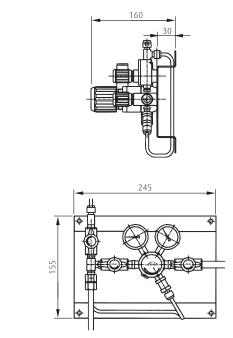
The panel can also be equipped with contact gauge (/C models) for automatic surveillance. When applicable the panel can be ordered with residual gas line (/R models) connecting the relief valve with the purge outlet.

	psig	kPa
Max Inlet Pressure	3,300	23,000
Outlet pressure	8-100 35–200 35–725	50–690 250–1,380 250–5,000
Outlet gauge range	-15-150 0-360 0-1,400	-100-1,030 0-2,500 0-8,100
Connection Process gas in Process gas out	1/4" FNPT 1/4" FNPT or 1/4" compres	
Material Housing	Brass Ni/Cr Stainless ste	
Seals	PCTFE	PVDF
Membrane	Hastelloy®	
Operating temperature	-20°-70°C	-4°-158°F



### HiQ<sup>®</sup> REDLINE S202 – Single Gas Panel





All measurements in millimeters. Drawings of other types available on request.

Model	Materials of Construction	Outlet Range	Connections		Process Gas Outlet
			Туре	Inlet	
S202	B - Brass	100	FH1	CGA	N4 1/4" FNPT
	S - Stainless Steel	200	CS1		C4 1/4" compression
		725	MA		
			N4		

## Gas Panels

### HiQ<sup>®</sup> REDLINE S203

## Single stage gas supply panel with external gas purging, designed for reactive, toxic and corrosive gases.

#### Description

Gas panel S203 is designed for single cylinders or bundles. It is equipped with external gas purging to allow purging of the high pressure side before disconnecting cylinders. It is mounted on a stainless steel console and consists of a pressure regulator, inlet and outlet pressure gauges, a relief valve and shut-off valves for the process gas at high and low pressure ends and for the purging gas.

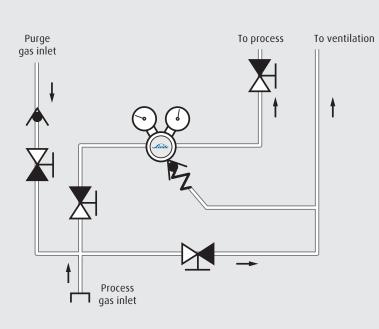
Available inlet options include 3' Stainless steel flex hoses (FH), Stainless steel coil pigtails (CS), manifold connectors (MA) or 1/4" FNPT (N4).

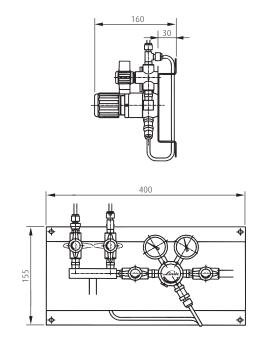
The panel can also be equipped with contact gauge (/C models) for automatic surveillance. When applicable the panel can be ordered with residual gas line (/R models) connecting the relief valve with the purge outlet.

	psig	kPa		
Max Inlet Pressure	3,300	23,000		
Outlet pressure	8-100 35–200 35–725	50-690 250-1,380 250-5,000		
Outlet gauge range	-15-150 0-360 0-1,400	-100-1,030 0-2,500 0-8,100		
Connection				
Process gas in	1/4" FNPT			
Process gas out	1/4" FNPT or			
	1/4" compre			
Purge gas inlet	1/4" compression			
Purge gas outlet	1/4" compre	SSION		
Material				
Housing	Brass Ni/Cr plated or Stainless steel 316L			
Seals	PCTFE	PVDF		
Membrane	Hastelloy®			
Operating temperature	-20°-70°C	-4°-158°F		



### HiQ<sup>®</sup> REDLINE S203 – Single Gas Panel





All measurements in millimeters. Drawings of other types available on request.

Model	Materials of Construction	Outlet Range	Connections		Process Gas Outlet
			Туре	Inlet	
S203	B - Brass	100	FH1	CGA	N4 1/4" FNPT
	S - Stainless Steel	200	CS1		C4 1/4" compression
		725	MA		
			N4		

## Gas Panels

### HiQ<sup>®</sup> REDLINE D204

# Single stage gas supply panel with internal gas purging designed for high purity gases and mixtures (including flammables), with connection for 2x1 cylinder.

#### Description

Gas panel D204 is designed for double cylinders or bundles. It is equipped with internal gas purging to avoid contaminants entering the process line after changing the cylinders. It is mounted on a stainless steel console and consists of a pressure regulator, inlet and outlet pressure gauges, a relief valve and shut-off valves for the process gas at the high pressure end and for the purging gas. The gas supply is uninterrupted during cylinder change. Switch-over is manual.

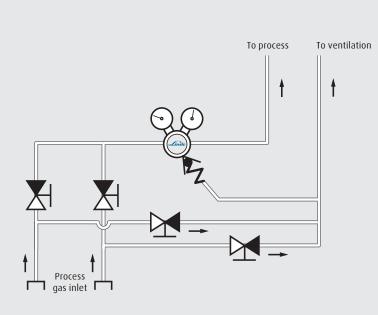
Available inlet options include 3' Stainless steel flex hoses (FH), Stainless steel coil pigtails (CS), manifold connectors (MA) or 1/4" FNPT (N4).

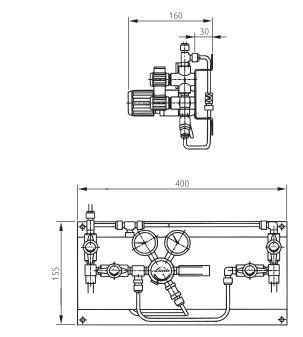
The panel can also be equipped with contact gauge (/C models) for automatic surveillance. When applicable the panel can be ordered with residual gas line (/R models) connecting the relief valve with the purge outlet.

	psig	kPa
Max Inlet Pressure	3,300	23,000
Outlet pressure	8-100 35–200 35–725	50–690 250–1,380 250–5,000
Outlet gauge range	-15-150 0-360 0-1,400	-100-1,030 0-2,500 0-8,100
Connection Process gas in Process gas out	1/4" FNPT 1/4" FNPT or 1/4" compres	ssion
Material Housing	Brass Ni/Cr Stainless ste	
Seals	PCTFE	PVDF
Membrane	Hastelloy®	
Operating temperature	-20°-70°C	-4°-158°F



### HiQ<sup>®</sup> REDLINE D204 – Double Gas Panel





All measurements in millimeters. Drawings of other types available on request.

Model	Materials of Construction	Outlet Range	Connections		Process Gas Outlet
			Туре	Inlet	
D204	B - Brass	100	FH1	CGA	N4 1/4" FNPT
	S - Stainless Steel	200	CS1		C4 1/4" compression
		725	MA		
			N4		



## HiQ<sup>®</sup> REDLINE Point of use – where all the action is

#### The point of use regulator is the second stage of a central gas supply system.

Together with the gas panel, it guarantees a very stable outlet pressure and handles any pressure changes that may be caused in the system. When used together with a semi-automatic switchover, it handles the pressure changes that are due to the changes from the secondary to primary side.

The HiQ<sup>®</sup> REDLINE system is a modular system which allows maximum freedom. Each point of use can be individually equipped or stripped by the functions: shut-off, pressure regulation and flow regulation. In this way the point of use at the work place can be updated at any point to fit the present needs.

#### HiQ<sup>®</sup> Specialty Gas Concept – the visible difference.

HiQ, the specialty gas concept from Linde, can make the difference where that difference really counts. More than just a range of high quality gases and services, this concept represents a commitment. The commitment to quality contributes directly to the success of customers, large and small, around the world. All these customers share a common need for the very highest quality.

HiQ products include gases of the highest purity or mixing accuracy as well as the equipment, gas supply systems, knowledge and service to assure the highest quality from cylinder to point of use. It's that simple. So too is the commitment – to be the best.

Flat, stable baselines. Sound bottom lines. HiQ products contribute daily to flat, stable baselines and enhanced quality. They serve in applications as varied as environmental monitoring and the analysis of packaged food shelf life. They contribute in the development of new production technologies in fields such as petrochemicals and pharmaceuticals. The further technology pushes forward, the further we develop our gases and supply systems, producing new mixtures and gases with impurities down to the parts per billion level.

## Point of Use Regulators

## HiQ<sup>®</sup> REDLINE W40

### Wall Design Point of Use Regulators

#### Description

The point of use regulator is especially developed for specialty gases with high demands of purity, tightness and safety. The W40 point of use regulator is intended for wall-mounting with external gas supply line. Design F is a version with fixed pressure and flow meter.

Model	Туре	Material of Construction	Outlet Range
W40	А	B - Brass	000 (Type A only)
	В	S - Stainless Steel	015
	С		050 (Type F only)
	F		100
			150



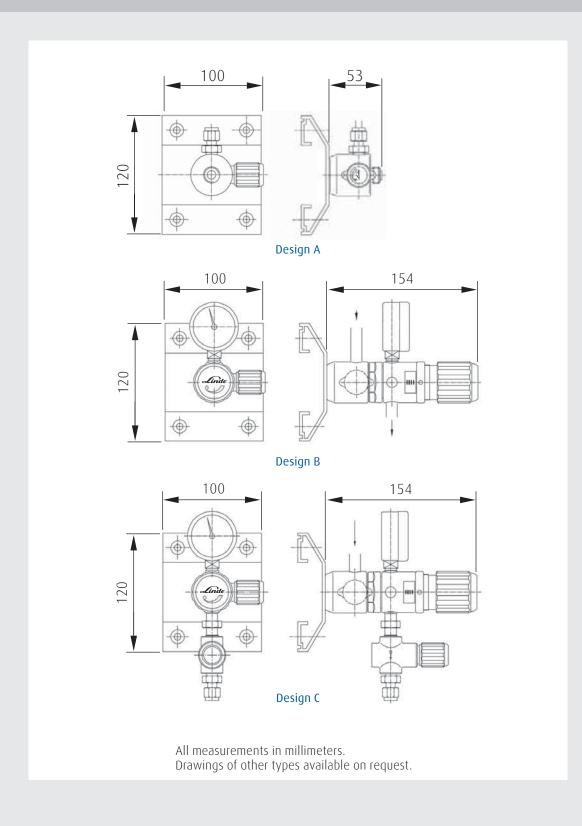
	psig	kPa
Max primary pressure	550	3,800
Secondary pressure	1.5–15 8–100 15–150	10-100 50-690 100-1,030
Pressure gauge scale	-15–20 -15–150 -15–260	-100-140 -100-1,030 -100-1,830
Max flow $(N_2)$		
Model W40BB015 Model W40BB100 Model W40BB150	700 SCFH 2,100 SCFH 3,850 SCFH	330 SLPM 990 SLPM 1,820 SLPM
Materials of Construc	tion	
	Brass, Ni/Cr plat	ed or stainless

	Steel STOL	
Operating temperature	-20°-70°C	-4°-158°F





## HiQ® REDLINE W40 – Wall Design Point of Use Regulators



## Point of Use Regulators

### HiQ<sup>®</sup> REDLINE B40

### Bench Design Point of Use Regulators

#### Description

The point of use regulator is especially developed for specialty gases with high demands of purity, tightness and safety. The B40 point of use regulator is intended for mounting on a bench (e.g. a laboratory desk), with a gas supply line from below through the table stand. Design F is a version with fixed pressure and flow meter.

Model	Туре	Material of Construction	Outlet Range
B40	А	B - Brass	000 (Type A only)
	В	S - Stainless Steel	015
	С		050 (Type F only)
	F		100
			150

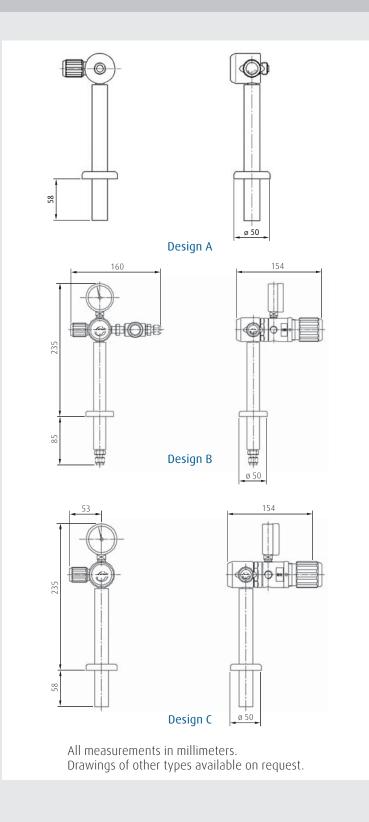
	psig	kPa
Max primary pressure	550	3,800
Secondary pressure	1.5–15 8–100 15–150	10-100 50-690 100-1,030
Pressure gauge scale	-15–20 -15–150 -15–260	-100-140 -100-1,030 -100-1,830
Max flow $(N_2)$		
Model B40BB015 Model B40BB100 Model B40BB150	700 SCFH 2,100 SCFH 3,850 SCFH	330 SLPM 990 SLPM 1,820 SLPM
Materials of Construc	tion	
	Brass, Ni/Cr plat steel 316L	ed or stainless
Operating temperature	-20°-70°C	-4°-158°F







## HiQ<sup>®</sup> REDLINE B40 – Bench Design Point of Use Regulators



# Point of Use Regulators

## HiQ<sup>®</sup> REDLINE L40

### Laboratory Cupboard Design Point of Use Regulators

#### Description

The point of use regulator is especially developed for specialty gases with high demands of purity, tightness and safety. The L40 point of use regulator is intended for mounting with gas supply line hidden behind a wall. Design F is a version with fixed pressure and flow meter.

Model	Туре	Material of Construction	Outlet Range
L40	А	B - Brass	000 (Type A only)
	В	S - Stainless Steel	015
	С		050 (Type F only)
	F		100
			150



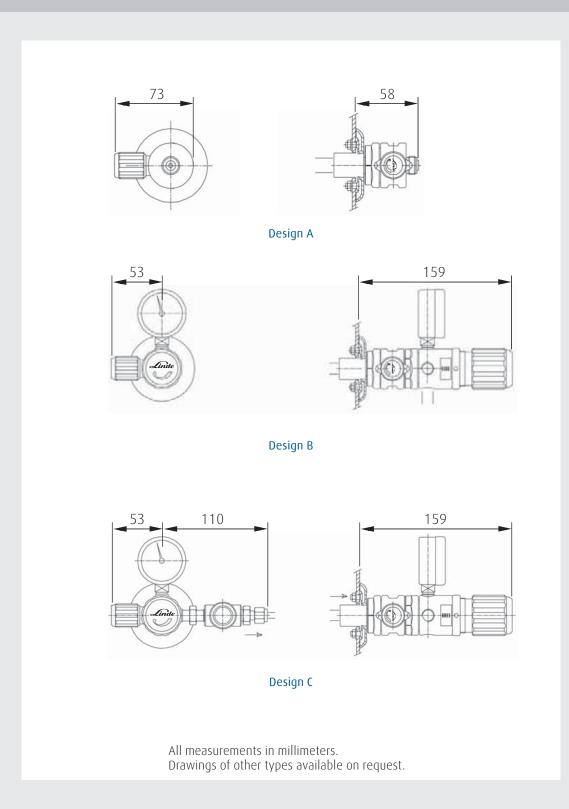
	psig	kPa
Max primary pressure	550	3,800
Secondary pressure	1.5-15 8-100 15-150	10-100 50-690 100-1,030
Pressure gauge scale	-15-20 -15-150 -15-260	-100-140 -100-1,030 -100-1,830
Max flow $(N_2)$		
Model L40BB015 Model L40BB100 Model L40BB150	700 SCFH 2,100 SCFH 3,850 SCFH	330 SLPM 990 SLPM 1,820 SLPM
Materials of Construc	tion	
	Brass, Ni/Cr plat steel 316L	ted or stainless

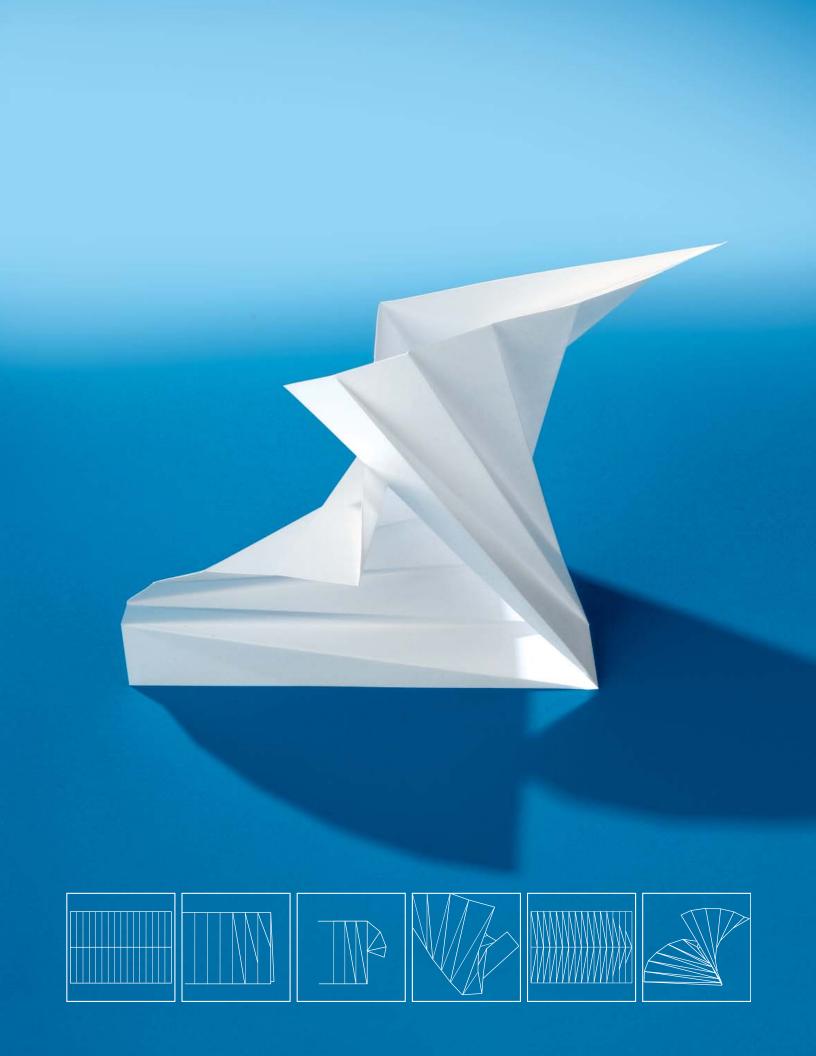
Operating temperature	-20°-70°C	-4°-158°F
temperature		





## HiQ<sup>®</sup> REDLINE L40 – Laboratory Cupboard Design Point of Use Regulators





# Flowmeters are used in fluid systems (liquid and gas) to indicate the rate of flow of the fluid. They can also control the rate of flow if they are equipped with a flow control valve.

Rotameters are a particular kind of flowmeter, based on the variable area principle. They provide a simple, precise and economical means of indicating flow rates in fluid systems.

This variable area principle consists of three basic elements : A uniformly tapered flow tube, a float and a measurement scale. A control valve may be added if flow control is also desired.

In operation, the rotameter is positioned vertically in the fluid system with the smallest diameter end of the tapered flow tube at the bottom. This is the fluid inlet. The float, typically spherical, is located inside the flow tube and is engineered so that its diameter is nearly identical to the flow tube's inlet diameter.

When fluid — gas or liquid — is introduced into the tube, the float is lifted from its initial position at the inlet, allowing the fluid to pass between it and the tube wall. As the float rises, more and more fluid flows by the float because the tapered tube's diameter is increasing. Ultimately, a point is reached where the flow area is large enough to allow the entire volume of the fluid to flow past the float. This flow area is called the annular passage. The float is now stationary at that level within the tube, as its weight is being supported by the fluid forces which caused it to rise. This position corresponds to a point on the tube's measurement scale and provides an indication of the fluid's flow rate.

One way to change the capacity, or flow range, of a rotameter is to change the float material, and thus its density, while keeping the flow tube and float size constant. Floats, which are made from less dense materials, will rise higher in the tube and therefore will yield lower flow capacities for the same diameter flow tube.

Floats made from more dense materials will rise less, thereby yielding higher flow capacities. Relative flow capacities for some common float materials are shown in **Figure 1**.

#### Selecting The Right Size

There are certain factors which affect the measurement of a fluid's flow rate with a rotameter. The fluid's temperature, pressure and specific gravity all impact gas flow measurements.

Flow capacities (ranges) for the flowmeters described in this catalogue are given for air at standard conditions — 14.7 psia (101.3 kPa Abs) and 21°C (70°F). Sizing a meter for a gas other than air, or for your specific application pressure and/or temperature, requires that you first determine the equivalent flow capacity in air at standard conditions. Once determined, the flow capacity tables in this catalogue can be applied directly. Reference scale tables can be requested for each flowmeter ordered which will provide conversion to your desired fluid or conditions.

Note that for flowmeters calibrated at standard conditions with a valve on the inlet, readings on the tube are correct provided that the outlet pressure is close to atmospheric. When the valve is on the outlet, readings are correct if the inlet gas pressure is equal to the pressure for which the tube was calibrated.

For your convenience, **Table 1** provides correction factors for gases other than air at standard conditions. Call a customer service representative if you require further assistance in sizing a rotameter for your particular application.

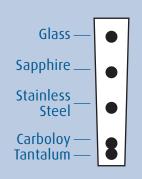


Figure 1

## **Basic Flowmeter Principles**

#### Table 1: Flow Rate Factors for Gases Other Than Air

Gas	Factor	Gas	Factor	Gas	Factor
Acetylene	0.95	Halocarbon 11	2.18	Hydrogen Chloride	1.13
Air	1.00	Halocarbon 12	2.05	Hydrogen Sulfide	1.08
Ammonia	0.77	Halocarbon 13	1.90	Isobutane	1.42
Argon	1.18	Halocarbon 13B	2.27	Isobutylene	1.39
1,3 Butadiene	1.37	Halocarbon 14	1.74	Methane (Natural Gas)	0.75
Butane	1.42	Halocarbon 21	1.89	Methyl Fluoride	1.09
1-Butene	1.39	Halocarbon 22	1.73	Monomethylamine	1.04
Carbon Dioxide	1.23	Halocarbon 23	1.56	Neon	0.83
Carbon Monoxide	0.98	Halocarbon 113	2.54	Nitrogen	0.98
Chlorine	1.57	Halocarbon 114	2.43	Nitrogen Dioxide	1.60
Cracked Ammonia	0.54	Halocarbon 116	2.18	Nitrous Oxide	1.23
Cyclopropane	1.21	Halocarbon 115	2.31	Oxygen	1.05
Difluoroethane	1.51	Halocarbon 142B	1.86	Propane	1.23
Dimethyl Ether	1.26	Halocarbon 152A	1.51	Propylene	1.21
Ethane	1.02	Helium	0.37	Sulfur Dioxide	1.50
Ethylene	0.98	Hydrogen	0.26	Sulfur Hexafluoride	2.25

#### For other gases or for non-standard temperatures and pressures, call a customer service representative.

Note that for flowmeters calibrated at standard conditions with a valve on the inlet, readings on the tube are correct provided that the outlet pressure is close to atmospheric. When the valve is on the outlet, readings are correct if the inlet gas pressure is equal to the pressure for which the tube was calibrated.

To estimate which flow tube should be purchased when measuring the flow of a gas other than air, multiply the flow rate desired by its factor above to find the air flow equivalent. The flow tube whose range (capacity) covers this flow rate should be the one purchased. Be sure to keep units consistent. Air Equivalent = Gas Flow Rate Desired x Factor. These factors assume standard operating conditions: temperature  $21^{\circ}C$  ( $70^{\circ}F$ ); pressure 14.7 psia (101.3 kPa Abs).

#### Flowmeter Measurement Scales

Depending upon the model, the flowmeter's measurement scale can be either direct reading or in reference scale units.

Direct reading tubes are straightforward. The measurement scale on each of these tubes reads actual flow at standard conditions in a choice of English or Metric units. Tubes with direct reading scales include the following series flowmeters:

• FM-1000	• FM-1100	• FM-1127
• PG-1000	• PM-1000	

Reference scale tubes, on the other hand, provide a uniformly calibrated scale in arbitrary millimeter (mm) units. Obtaining actual flow rates with these tubes requires the use of a reference scale flow correlation table (available from Linde) which relates the mm scale reading to an actual flow rate. Reference scale tubes are useful when measuring flow rates for gases other than air and/or for non-standard conditions. Tubes with reference scales include the following series flowmeters:

#### • FM-1050

A sometimes confusing matter in flowmeter size terminology is that variable area flowmeters are often defined by their measurement scale length, that is, the distance between the zero and full scale marking. Scale length is typically indicated in millimeter (mm) units. The FM-1050, for example, uses a 150mm tube and the FM-1000 uses a 65mm tube. Note that this scale length has no relationship at all with whether the flowmeter is a direct reading or a reference scale tube.

### Tube-Cube®

The Tube-Cube<sup>®</sup> is an innovative design developed and patented by Matheson Trigas. It allows the interchange of flow tubes within a single frame. With the Tube-Cube<sup>®</sup> you can quickly and easily change flow ranges without having to disconnect the flowmeter from your system to change the entire frame. The Tube-Cube<sup>®</sup> is standard equipment with the FM-1050 and FM-1000 Series Flowmeters and tube assemblies.

#### Description

The Tube-Cube® was designed from its inception so that it could be fitted into any standard 150 mm or 65 mm flowmeter unit\*. This includes all meters supplied prior to the Tube-Cube<sup>®</sup> style design as well as those of most other manufacturers. Retrofit Kits complete with end seal adapters (filler plugs and O-ring) are available.

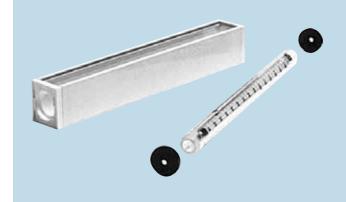
The Tube-Cube® offers you:

- Easier and faster installation
- Automatic centering and alignment
- Elimination of chipped tube ends
- Insurance of safer and proper installation. (Whenever the tube is installed the seals are correctly located)
- Protection from tube breakage because the glass tube is always encased in a protective plastic rectangle that can't roll off a bench
- 1.5 X magnification of meter scale and float for easier, more • accurate reading

The Tube-Cube<sup>®</sup> consists of two side plates of ABS resin, two molded end pieces of high density polypropylene, and a clear molded acrylic front shield which also serves as a magnifying lens. This lens magnifies the flowmeter tube numerals and float by a factor of 1.5 to allow more precise flow reading than is possible with conventional flowmeter shields.

The flowmeter tube end seals are also contained in the Tube-Cube® package. These seals assure that the glass tube is precisely centered and positively retained within the Tube-Cube<sup>®</sup>. These end seals are Viton as standard but are also available with Teflon in fluid contact, Buna N, and EPR (Ethylene Propylene Rubber) when specified as optional extras.

To complete the package, a yellow, flexible, polished vinyl rear panel is fitted into the Tube-Cube<sup>®</sup>. This panel not only provides a reflective, easy tube reading background, but it also acts as a protective rear cube-cover which keeps dust and dirt out of the Tube-Cube® itself.



#### Materials of Construction

Centering Seal	Buna-N, Viton, EPR, Teflon or
	Kalrez
Tube-Cube®	ABS plastic, polypropylene
End Seal Adapters	Filler plugs –aluminum, brass, 316
	stainless steel or Monel O-rings
	– Buna-N, Viton or EPR

(Retro-fit Kits)

#### **Five Easy Steps**







3. Select

1. Loosen end seal

2. Remove Tube-Cube®





4. Reposition Tube-Cube®

5. Tighten end seal

replacement Tube-Cube®





### Model FM-1050 Series

#### High Accuracy Flowmeter (150mm)

#### Description

FM-1050 Series Flowmeters provide the most accurate indication and precise control of fluids available for a wide range of applications. This versatile meter is functionally and dimensionally interchangeable with other current designs while incorporating many innovative features.

All FM-1050 Series glass metering tubes have integral float guides to ensure a guaranteed  $\pm 5 \%$  ( $\pm 1 \%$  with optional calibration) of full-scale accuracy. Both glass and stainless steel floats are included. The meters are available in a range of 150mm reference indicating scales. Be sure to request calibration data for the gas(es) you will be measuring.

Standard with this series is the uniquely designed Tube-Cube<sup>®</sup>. The "cube", a unitized tube holder, aligns the tube quickly and easily for simple tube installation or replacement. The Tube-Cube<sup>®</sup> provides protection during handling, reducing chipped tube ends, broken tubes and misalignment. The 1.5 X scale magnification lens allows for a more accurate reading. End seals in the FM-1050 are direct acting and nonrotating for fast alignment and convenient service access.

There are also three valve options available:

- No valve for those who just want indication
- Utility (six-turn) valve for those who desire control as well as indication
- High accuracy (fifteen-turn) valve, for very precise control and repeatability

#### Design Features/Components

- High-resolution 150mm scale length
- Precision tapered, fluted metering tube
- Low-pressure drop for increased available flow rates at low feed pressures
- Standard front panel mounting requires minimum hardware easy installation, quick access
- Available utility and high accuracy valves do not require special fittings
- Simplified, direct acting, nonrotating compression plug for quick and easy tube sealing



### Specifications

specifications	
Pressure rating	250 psig (1,720 kPa) maximum
Temperature rating	121°C (250°F) maximum
Accuracy	± 5% of full scale flow rate
Optional accuracies	$\pm$ 1% and $\pm$ 3% of full scale for
	reference scales only
Repeatability	0.25% of scale reading
Range	10 to 1, i.e. 100% to 10% of full
	scale mm or linear flow with
	conversion curves and/or factors
Scale Readings	Special direct reading scales
	available
Shipping Weight	0.45 kg (1 lb)

#### Materials of Construction

Wetted End Blocks, Fittings and Internal Parts	Anodized aluminum, brass, 316 stainless steel, Kynar or Monel
Seal Materials	Buna-N or Viton – standard; EPR, Kalrez or Teflon – optional
Side Plates	Painted or anodized aluminum
Metering Tube	Borosilicate glass enclosed in Tube- Cube® holder
Piping Connections	Aluminum, brass, 316 stainless steel or Monel 1/8" FNPT horizontal
Float Materials	Black glass and 316 stainless steel – standard; Sapphire, Carboloy or Tantalum – optional
Scale	Ceramic ink on glass tube, length 150mm

## Flow Tube Capacities for FM-1050 Series Flowmeters, Reference Scales

Tube No.	Float Material	CO <sub>2</sub> (SCCM)	AR (SCCM)	0 <sub>2</sub> (SCCM)	Air (SCCM)	N <sub>2</sub> (SCČM)	Natural Gas (SCCM)	He (SCCM)	H <sub>2</sub> (SCCM)	Utility Valve Size	HA Valve Size
E910	Glass	0.31-108	0.23-88	0.25-97	0.13-104	0.29-108	0.47-162	0.26-144	0.56-269	7	1
E100	Glass & S.S.	6.8-200	4.6-140	5.2-145	6-150	6.5-175	9-270	5.3-160	11.7-360	7	2
E200	Glass & S.S.	11-280	7-220	8-240	10-270	10.5-275	14.5-410	9-260	19-560	7	2
E300	Glass & S.S.	36-750	32-690	35-770	38-840	39-850	56-1180	47-1350	99-2500	7	3
E406	Glass & S.S.	72-1450	75-1490	83-1660	88-1800	90-1850	111-2430	163-3680	278-6509	7	4
		(SLPM)	(SLPM)	(SLPM)	(SLPM)	(SLPM)	(SLPM)	(SLPM)	(SLPM)		
E500	Glass & S.S	0.22-4.4	0.21-41.3	0.24-4.69	0.23-4.6	0.25-5	0.35-6.9	0.51-10.4	0.81-16.2	8	5
E606	Glass & S.S	0.34-66	0.34-6.7	0.38-7.4	0.4-7.6	0.42-7.9	0.53-10	0.81-16.5	1.3-26.4	8	5
E700	Glass & S.S	0.77-14.4	0.76-14.3	0.85-16.1	0.88-16	0.91-17.2	1.26-22.6	2-39.8	3.09-59.6	9	6
E800	Glass & S.S	2.05-37.4	2.06-38.1	2.32-43.1	2.4-44	2.47-46	3.21-59.3	5.71-110.7	8.6-161.1	9	6

All flow rates are at 70°F and 14.7 psia Note: Reference tubes are supplied with correlation charts for air and water flow rates at STP. If you require a correlation chart for other gases or liquids, or at pressures or temperatures other than standard, please indicate such when ordering. \*0–100 calibrated correlated reference tube scale only

#### Ordering Information

Model Series	Number of Metering Tubes	End Blocks/ Seal Materials	Valve Types	Connections	Accessories	Connection Orientation	Flow Tube (Capacities)

#### Model Number Generator For FM-1050 Series Glass Tube Flowmeters

#### **Model Series**

E = Model FM-1050 Glass Tube Flowmeter with 150mm tube

#### Number of Metering Tubes

- 1 = Single Tube Unit
- 2 = Two Tube Unit
- 3 = Three Tube Unit
- 4 = Four Tube Unit

#### End Blocks/Seal Material

- 1 = Aluminum with Buna-N Seals
- 3 = Chrome Plated Brass with Buna-N Seals
- 4 = 316 Stainless Steel with Viton Seals
- 5 = Monel with Viton Seals
- 6 = 316 Stainless Steel with Teflon Seals
- 7 = Monel with Teflon Seals A = Aluminum with Viton Seals
- B = Chrome Plated Brass with Viton Seals D = 316 Stainless Steel with Buna-N Seals

- F = Monel with Buna-N Seals K = Kynar with Viton Seals L = Kynar with EPR Seals
- N = 316 Stainless Steel with Kalrez Seals

E = 316 Stainless Steel with EPR Seals

#### Valve Types

- A = Utility Valve on Inlet
- B = Utility Valve on Outlet
- C = High Accuracy Valve on Inlet
- D = High Accuracy Valve on Outlet G = Valve Plug on Inlet
- H = Valve Plug on Outlet
- K = Valve Cavity only
- Y = No Valve/No Plug
- Connections

### 1 = 1/8" NPT Female

- 2 = 1/4" NPT Female
- 3 = 1/8" Tube

- 4 = 1/4" Tube
- 5 = 1/8" Hose
- 6 = 1/4" Hose (3/16"-3/8" Hose Tapered)
- D = 1/8" NPT Inlet & 1/4" Hose Outlet E = 1/8" NPT Inlet & 1/4" Tube Outlet
- H = 1/8" Tube Inlet & 1/4" Tube Outlet

#### Accessories

- 0 = None
- 1 = Bezel & Bracket Clear Anodized Aluminum
- 5 = Base Plate Assembly
- 7 = Bezel & Bracket Black Anodized Aluminum

#### **Connection Orientation**

1 = Back In and Back Out

#### Flow Tube (Capacities)

EXXX = See Capacity Table For FM-1050 Series Flowmeters

#### Additional Options

- ± 1 % Accuracy, Full Scale, With Certification, Gases, No Direct Read
- ± 2 % Accuracy, Full Scale, With Certification, Gases, No Direct Read
- ± 3 % Accuracy, Full Scale, With Certification, Gases, Direct Read
- Clean for O<sub>2</sub> Service

These are Reference Scale Flowmeters. Be sure to request calibration data for the gas(es) you will be measuring.

### Model FM-1000 Series

#### Compact High Accuracy Flowmeter (65mm)

#### Description

The FM-1000 Series Flowmeters incorporate the innovative design of the FM-1050 in a more compact unit without reducing standards of accuracy. This is the rotameter of choice for those interested in conserving space. The same  $\pm 5\%$  full-scale accuracy is guaranteed for the 65mm scale length of these flowmeters.

Unlike the FM-1050 series which uses reference scales, the FM-1000 Series flowmeters are direct reading for air, and are available in either English or Metric units. Choose between a black glass or a stainless steel float. These flow tubes are fluted to provide better float stability.

The FM-1000 Series glass metering tubes are enclosed in the Tube-Cube<sup>®</sup>. Protection of the tube, magnified tube scale for easy reading and alignment during replacement are afforded with this unitized holder. Integral fluted float guides for optimum float performance are standard with all tubes unless otherwise specified.

Like the FM-1050 there are three valve options available:

- No valve for those who just want indication
- Utility (six-turn) valve for those who desire control as well as indication
- High accuracy (fifteen-turn) valve for very precise control

#### Design Features/Components

- Rugged, compact design
- Precision tapered, fluted metering tube
- Tube-Cube<sup>®</sup> unitized glass tube holding assembly
- Reflective plastic background and 1.5 X magnification lens for excellent readability
- Safety blow-out back panel
- Full 10 to 1 (100% to 10% full scale) metering range
- · Low-pressure drop for increased flow rates at low feed pressures
- Easy installation and quick service access
- Available utility and high accuracy valves do not require special fittings
- Corrosion resistant options: all wetted parts of 316 stainless steel or Monel with Viton or Teflon seals
- Custom scales and flow curves available



#### **Specifications**

Pressure Rating	250 psig (1,720 kPa) maximum
Temperature Rating	121°C (250°F) maximum
Accuracy	±5% of full scale flow rate – contact
	customer service for higher accuracies
Repeatability:	0.25% of scale reading
Range	10–1, i.e., 100% to 10% of full scale
Scale Reading	Direct reading air (special other
	scales available)
Shipping Weight	0.45 kg (1 lb)
Mataciala of Coop	truction

#### Materials of Construction

Wetted End Blocks, Fittings and Internal Parts	Anodized aluminum, brass, 316 stainless steel, Kynar or Monel
Seal Materials	Buna-N or Viton – standard; Teflon, EPR, or Kalrez – option
Side Plates	Painted or anodized aluminum
Metering Tube	Borosilicate glass enclosed in Tube- Cube® holder
Piping Connections	Aluminum, brass, 316 stainless steel or Monel 1/8" FNPT horizontal on inlet and outlet (see Accessories for optional connections)
Float Materials	Black glass or 316 stainless steel –standard; sapphire, ceramic, Carboloy or Tantalum – optional
Scale	Ceramic ink on glass tube, length 65mm

## Flow Tube Capacities for FM-1000 Series Flowmeters, Direct Reading Scales

Float Mate- rial	Tube No.	Air (SLPM)*	Tube No.	Air (SCFH)*	Tube No.	Water (CCM)	Tube No.	Water (GPH)	Utility Valve Size†	HA Valve Size†
Glass	J009	10–130 ccm	J011	0.02-0.024	J013	0.4-1.5	J015	0.004-0.02	7	2
Stainless Steel	J010	20-300 ccm	J012	0.05-0.65	J014	0.5-6.5	J016	0.01-0.1	7	2
Glass	J009	100–500 ccm	J111	0.2-1.1	J113	1-8	J115	0.02-0.13	7	3
Stainless Steel	J010	200–1000 ccm	J112	0.4-2.2	J114	4-24	J116	0.06-0.36	7	3
Glass	J209	0.1-1	J211	0.2-2.8	J213	2-20	J215	0.02-0.32	8	4
Stainless Steel	J210	0.1-2.1	J212	0.2-4.4	J214	5-55	J216	0.05-0.9	8	4
Glass	J409	0.5-5	J411	1-11	J413	10-140	J415	0.1-2.2	8	5
Stainless Steel	J410	0.5-9.5	J412	2-20	J414	20-280	J416	0.2-4.4	8	6
Glass	J509	2-24	J511	5-55	J515	50-600	J518	1-10	9	6
Stainless Steel	J510	2-50	J512	10-100	J516	100-1500	J519	2-24	9	6
Carboloy	J511	5-70	J514	10-150	J517	0.2–2.2 lpm	J520	2-34	9	6

<sup>\*</sup>All air flow rates are at 70°F and 14.7 psia

#### <sup>†</sup>At 10 psig inlet pressure

#### **Ordering Information**

Model Series	Number of Metering Tubes	End Blocks/ Seal Materials	Valve Types	Connections	Accessories	Connection Orientation	Flow Tube (Capacities)

### Model Number Generator For FM-1000 Series Glass Tube Flowmeters

#### **Model Series**

| = Model FM-1000 Glass Tube Flowmeter with 65mm tube

#### Number Of Metering Tubes

- 1 = Single Tube Unit
- 2 = Two Tube Unit
- 3 = Three Tube Unit
- 4 = Four Tube Unit

#### End Blocks/Seal Material

- 1 = Aluminum with Buna-N Seal
- 3 = Chrome Plated Brass with Buna-N Seals 4 = 316 Stainless Steel with Viton Seal
- 5 = Monel with Viton Seal
- 6 = 316 Stainless Steel with Teflon Seals
- 7 = Monel with Teflon Seals
- A = Aluminum with Viton Seals
- B = Chrome Plated Brass with Viton Seals
- D = 316 Stainless Steel with Buna-N Seals

- E = 316 Stainless Steel with EPR Seals F = Monel with Buna-N Seals
- K = Kynar with Viton Seals
- L = Kynar with EPR Seals
- N = 316 Stainless Steel with Kalrez Seal
- Valve Types
- A = Utility Valve on Inlet
- B = Utility Valve on Outlet
- C = High Accuracy Valve on Inlet
- D = High Accuracy Valve on Outlet
- G = Valve Plug on Inlet
- H = Valve Plug on Outlet
- K = Valve Cavity only
- Y = No Valve/No Plug

- Connections
- 1 = 1/8" NPT Female
- 2 = 1/4" NPT Female
- 3 = 1/8" Tube
- 4 = 1/4" Tube
- 5 = 1/8" Hose
- 6 = 1/4" Hose (3/16"-3/8" Hose Tapered)
- D = 1/8" NPT Inlet & 1/4" Hose Outlet
- E = 1/8" NPT Inlet & 1/4" Tube Outlet
- H = 1/8" Tube Inlet & 1/4" Tube Outlet

#### Accessories

- 0 = None1 = Bezel & Bracket— Clear Anodized
- Aluminum 5 = Base Plate Assembly
- 7 = Bezel & Bracket Black Anodized Aluminum

**Connection Orientation** 

1 = Back In and Back Out

#### Flow Tube (Capacities)

JXXX = See Capacity Table For FM-1000 Series Flowmeters

#### Additional Options

- ± 1% Accuracy, Full Scale, With
- Certification, Gases, No Direct Read ± 2% Accuracy, Full Scale, With
- Certification, Gases, No Direct Read ± 3% Accuracy, Full Scale, With
- Certification, Gases, Direct Read Clean for O, Service

The FM-1000 Series are direct reading scale flowmeters for air. Inquire for other tube scales available.

### Model FM-1100 Series and Model FM-1127 Series

#### High Capacity Flowmeters (70MM, 127MM)

#### Description

The FM-1100 and FM-1127 Series Flowmeters are offered as a simplified solution to the problem of fluid flow indication at higher capacity levels than the FM-1050 and FM-1000 Series Flowmeters. These meters are designed to withstand the physical abuse and environmental corrosion of industrial applications.

The FM-1100 is available in several ranges of 70mm direct reading scales, and the FM-1127 in 127mm direct reading scales. Choose between English or Metric units.

A one-piece aluminium channel frame encloses the end blocks, fittings and glass-metering element for maximum meter protection and safety. Eight standard connection variations are made possible by three offthe-shelf end block configurations.

The precision tapered metering tube has integral float guides to ensure float fidelity. The scale is permanently screened on an acrylic window inset in the meter case, which makes it interchangeable for economical alteration of meter applications. A float/scale correlation symbol is marked on the window to eliminate error during application changes. The reading edge of the machined float provides precision read-out delineation. Reading edge instructions are also screened on the scale window.

#### Design Features/Components

- Precision tapered, fluted metering tube
- Fully protected assembly using aluminum meter case
- Unobstructed flow path area for low pressure drop increases available flow rates at low feed pressures
- Precision machined float
- Spring float stops absorb line shock
- Float/Scale correlation symbol and float reading edge instructions permanently screened on meter window
- Corrosion resistant option: all wetted parts of 316 stainless steel, with Viton or EPR seals
- Custom scales and flow curves available



#### Specifications Pressure Rating

Scale Reading

Shipping Weight

Range

	5
Temperature R Accuracy	ating

200 psig (1,380 kPa) maximum @ 93°C (200°F) 121°C (250°F) maximum ±10% of full scale flow rate 10 to 1, i.e., 100% to 10% of full scale Direct reading air (special other scales available) 0.9 kg (2 lbs)

#### Materials of Construction

Wetted End Blocks, Fittings and Internal Parts	Brass or 316 stainless steel
Seal Materials	Buna-N or Viton – standard; Teflon, Kalrez or EPR – optional
Meter Case	Black painted or anodized aluminum with acrylic window
Metering Tube	Borosilicate glass
Piping Connections	Brass or 316 stainless steel 3⁄8" FNPT (see Accessories for optional connections)
Float Material	316 stainless steel
Scale	Permanently screened on inside of meter window, length FM-1100 –70mm or FM-1127 –127mm

## Flow Tube Capacities For FM-1100 And FM-1127 Series Flowmeters, Direct Reading Scales

FM-1100 Serie	2S						
Tube No.	Air (SCFM)*	Tube No.	Air (SLPM)	Tube No.	Water (GPH)	Tube No.	Water (LPM)
A121	0.5-4	A125	10-120	A111	0.1-1	A116	0.5-3.5
A122	1–9	A126	20-260	A112	0.2-2	A117	0.5-8
A123	1-12	A127	20-340	A113	0.2-3	A118	1-10
A124	1-15	A128	50-500	A114	0.5-4	A119	1-15
-	-	-	-	A115	0.5-5	A120	2-20

\*All air flow rates are at 70°F and 14.7 psia

FM-1127 Serie	25						
Tube No.	Air (SCFM)*	Tube No.	Air (SLPM)	Tube No.	Water (GPH)	Tube No.	Water (LPM)
B121	0.2-4	B125	5-120	B111	0.05-1	B116	0.2-3.5
B122	0.5-9	B126	20-260	B112	0.1-2	B117	0.5-8
B123	0.5-11	B127	20-320	B113	0.2-2	B118	0.5-12
B124	1-16	B128	20-500	B114	0.2-4	B119	1-16
-	-	-	-	B115	0.5-5	B120	1-22

\*All air flow rates are at 70°F and 14.7 psia

#### Ordering Information

Mode Serie	End Blocks/ Seal Materials	Valve Types	Connections	Accessories	Connection Orientation	Flow Tube (Capacities)

### Model Number Generator For FM-1000 Series Glass Tube Flowmeters

#### **Model Series**

A = Model FM-1100 Glass Tube Flowmeter with 70mm tube

B = Model FM-1127 Glass Tube Flowmeter with 127mm tube

#### Number Of Metering Tubes

1 = Single Tube Unit

#### End Blocks/Seal Material

- 4 = 316 Stainless Steel with Viton Seals
- 8 = Brass with Buna-N Seals
- C = Brass with Viton Seals
- D = 316 Stainless Steel with Buna-N Seals
- E = 316 Stainless Steel with EPR Seals
- N = 316 Stainless Steel with Kalrez Seals

#### Valve Types J = Valve on Inlet

- L = Valve on Outlet
- Y = No Valve/No Plug

#### Connections

- 2 = 1/4" NPT Female
- 7 = 3/8" NPT Female
- 8 = 1/2" NPT Female

## Accessories

- 0 = None
- 8 = Externally Threaded Connections for
- Panel Mounting

#### Connection Orientation

- 1 = Back In and Back Out
- 2 = Vertical In and Vertical Out
- 3 = Vertical In/Back Out
- 4 = Back In/Vertical Out

#### Flow Tube (Capacities)

AXXX = See Capacity Table For FM-1100 Series Flowmeters BXXX = See Capacity Table For FM-1127 Series Flowmeters

#### Additional Options

- ± 5 % Accuracy, Full Scale, With Certification
   ± 10 % Accuracy, Full Scale, With
- ± 10 % Accuracy, Full Scale, With Certification
- Clean for O<sub>2</sub> Service

These are Direct Reading Scale Flowmeters. Inquire for other tube scales available.

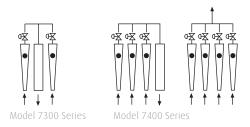
## Model 7300 and 7400 Series

#### **Proportioners and Mixers**

#### Description

Linde's Model 7300 and 7400 Series Flowmeters are 150mm multi-tube flowmeter manifolds used for proportioning or mixing multiple gas streams. They are available in three basic configurations.

- Two gases in One stream out (proportioner)
- Three gases in One stream out (mixer)
- Four gases in One stream out (mixer)



Tubes are available in several 150mm reference scale flow ranges. Be sure to request calibration data for the gases you will be metering. All tubes are supplied with a single glass float.

Standard with the 7300 and 7400 series is the uniquely designed Tube Cube<sup>®</sup>. Also, FM-1050 150mm flow tubes are used.

Tubes are backpressure compensated by mounting the control valve (utility or high accuracy) on the outlet side of the tube. A highly sensitive pressure regulator is recommended for each of the inlet gas streams to avoid fluctuations in gas flow, which could cause inaccuracies in mixing concentration.



#### **Specifications**

Pressure Rating

200 psig (1,380 kPa) maximum Temperature Rating 30°-120°C (20°-250°F)

To ensure that you receive the correct model for your application, please specify:

- Pressure (20 or 50 psig)
- Total flow rate
- Percent of each gas
- Special calibration

## Flow Tube Capacities for 7300 and 7400 Series Proportioners and Mixers, Reference Scales

Tube No.	Float Material	Air (SCCM)	Utility Valve Size	HA Valve Size
E910*	Glass	0.13-104	7	1
E101	Glass	6-60	7	1
E201	Glass	10-100	7	1
E301	Glass	38-380	7	3
E401	Glass	88-880	7	3
(SLPM)				
E501	Glass	0.23-23	8	4
E601	Glass	0.4-4	8	5
E701	Glass	0.88-8.8	9	6
E801	Glass	2.4-24	9	6

All flow rates are at 70°F and 14.7 psia

\*0-100 calibrated correlated reference tube scale only.

#### **Ordering Information**

Model Series	Number of Metering Tubes	End Blocks/ Seal Materials	Valve Types	Connections	Accessories	Connection Orientation	Flow Tube (Capacities)

#### Model Number Generator For FM-1000 Series Glass Tube Flowmeters

#### **Model Series**

F = Model FM-1050 Glass Tube MultiTube Mixers with 150mm tube

G = Model FM-1050 Glass Tube Proportioners with 150mm tube

#### Number Of Metering Tubes\*

- 2 = Two Tube Unit
- 3 = Three Tube Unit
- 4 = Four Tube Unit
- \*Two Tube Only for Proportioners

- End Blocks/Seal Material
- 1 = Aluminum with Buna-N Seals
- 4 = 316 Stainless Steel with Viton Seals
- 6 = 316 Stainless Steel with Teflon Seals
- A = Aluminum with Viton Seals
- D = 316 Stainless Steel with Buna-N Seals E = 316 Stainless Steel with EPR Seals
- N = 316 Stainless Steel with Kalrez Seals

#### Valve Types

- B = Utility Valve on Outlet
- D = High Accuracy Valve on Outlet
- K = Hole Only

#### Connections

- 1 = 1/8" NPT Female
- 2 = 1/4" NPT Female
- 3 = 1/4 NPT Fer 3 = 1/8" Tube
- 4 = 1/4" Tube
- 5 = 1/8" Hose

Accessories

5 = Base Plate Assembly

9 = Clean for Oxygen Service

 $Z = \pm 1\%$  Accuracy (Full Scale)

0 = None

6 = 1/4" Hose (3/16"-3/8" Hose Tapered)

#### Additional Options

• ± 5 % Accuracy, Full Scale, With Certification

EXXX = See Capacity Table For 7300 and

**Connection Orientation** 

Flow Tube (Capacities)

7400 Series Flowmeters

1 = Back In/Back Out

- ± 10 % Accuracy, Full Scale, With Certification
- Silk Screen Charge
- Clean for O<sub>2</sub> Service

### Model PG-1000 Series

#### Economical Flowmeters (50mm)

#### Description

The PG-1000 Series Flowmeters are designed to allow reliable flow indication of gases at low capacities, while maintaining a rugged, economical plastic construction. A glass metering tube ensures dependable, accurate performance throughout the meter's capacity range.

The PG-1000 Series flowmeters are direct reading for air, and are available in either English or Metric units. Choose between a black glass or stainless steel float.

The superior construction features of the PG-1000 Series Flowmeters result in a sturdy design with optimum gas metering characteristics. Complete annealing during production ensures each meter body is stress free. Threadless plastic blocks eliminate crazing and fracture, and the metal support frame absorbs all connection strain.

The glass metering tube is sealed directly into the acrylic body by means of a spring-loaded O-ring, and is interchangeable. The scale is permanently fused on the metering tube, close to the flow area, to reduce parallax and improve readout.

#### Design Features/Components

- Precision tapered glass metering tube
- Aluminum frame absorbs connection strain
- Reduced scale parallax
- Removable tube for capacity change
- 50mm scale length
- Low-end flow measurement of 0.06 SCFH
- 10 to 1 or greater meter range
- Low-pressure drop
- Meter support frame flanges allow variety of panel mounting positions
- Control valve available installed at inlet or outlet



#### **Specifications**

Specifications	
Pressure Rating	100 psig (690 kPa) maximum
Temperature Rating	71°C (160°F) maximum
Accuracy	±10 % of full scale flow rate
Repeatability	1 % of scale reading
Range	10 to 1 or greater, i.e., 100% to 10%
-	of full scale
Scale Readings	Direct reading for air (special other
	direct reading scales available)
Shipping Weight	0.45 kg (1 lb)

#### Materials of Construction

Wetted End Plugs and Valve Parts	Aluminum, Brass, or 316 Stainless Steel
Valve Stem	316 Stainless Steel
Seal Materials	Buna-N, Teflon, EPR, Kalrez, or Viton
Meter Block	Clear, cast acrylic plastic with removable glass metering tube; extruded aluminum support frame
Piping Connections	Aluminum, brass or 316 stainless steel 1/8" FNPT horizontal on inlet and outlet — standard; vertical on inlet and/or outlet — optional
Float Materials Scale	Black glass or 316 stainless steel Ceramic ink on glass tube, length 50mm

## Flow Tube Capacities For PG-1000 Series Flowmeters, Direct Reading Scales

English Scale		Metric	Metric Scale		
Tube No.	Air (SCFH)	Tube No.	Air (SCCM)*	Float Material	
U005	0.01-0.06	U001	2.5-25	Glass	
U006	0.02-0.1	U002	5-50	Glass	
U007	0.02-0.18	U003	20-100	Glass	
U008	0.1-0.4	U004	50-200	Stainless Steel	
U203	0.1-1	U201	50-500	Glass	
U204	0.2-2	U202	100-1000	Stainless Steel	
(SLPM)*					
U305	0.2-4.4	U301	0.1-2	Glass	
U306	1-6	U302	0.2 -3	Stainless Steel	
U307	1-8	U303	0.2-4	Stainless Steel	
U308	1-10	U304	0.5-5	Stainless Steel	

\*All flow rates are at 70°F and 14.7 psia

A 37mm scale is available- please consult Linde.

#### **Ordering Information**

Model Series	Number of Metering Tubes	End Blocks/ Seal Materials	Valve Types	Connections	Accessories	Connection Orientation	Flow Tube (Capacities)

#### Model Number Generator For PG-1000 Series Flowmeters

U = Model PG-1000 Plastic Flowmeter with Glass Flow Tube

#### Number Of Metering Tubes

- 1 = Single Tube Unit
- 2 = Two Tube Unit
- 3 = Three Tube Unit
- 4 = Four Tube Unit

#### End Blocks/Seal Material

- 1 = Aluminum with Buna-N Seals 3 = Chrome Plated Brass with Buna-N Seals
- 4 = 316 Stainless Steel with Viton Seals
- 6 = 316 Stainless Steel with Teflon Seals
- A = Aluminum with Viton Seals
- B = Chrome Plated Brass with Viton Seals
- D = 316 Stainless Steel with Buna-N Seals
- E = 316 Stainless Steel with EPR Seals

M = Aluminum with Buna-N Seals and Brass Adapters

#### Valve Types

- E = Valve on Inlet
- F = Valve on Outlet
- G= Valve Plug on Inlet
- H = Valve Plug on Outlet
- Y = No Valve/No Plug
- ,
- Connections
- 1 = 1/8" NPT Female
- 6 = 1/4" Hose (3/16"-3/8" Hose Tapered)
- D= 1/8" NPT Inlet & 1/4" Hose Outlet

#### Accessories

- 0 = None 1 = Bezel & Bracket – Clear Anodized
- Aluminum
- 2 = Brackets Only
- 5 = Base Plate Assembly
- 7 = Bezel & Bracket Black Anodized Aluminum

#### Connection Orientation

1 = Back In and Back Out

#### Flow Tube (Capacities)

UXXX = See Capacity Table Above

#### Additional Options

- ± 5 % Accuracy, Full Scale, With Certification
- ± 10 % Accuracy, Full Scale, With Certification
- Silk Screen Charge
- Clean for  $O_2$  Service

### Model PM-1000 Series

#### Economical Flowmeters (37mm)

#### Description

The PM-1000 Series acrylic flowmeters are a practical, low-cost approach to low flow rate indication of gases. A broad range of industrial applications involving non-corrosive fluids, normal atmospheres and less stringent accuracy demands are within the scope of this simplified, plain tapered tube design. State-of-the-art manufacturing techniques ensure each meter meets the performance demands of these applications.

The PM-1000 Series are direct reading for air, and are available in either English or Metric units. Choose between a black glass or stainless steel float.

Complete annealing during production ensures each meter body is stress free. No plastic threading is used, eliminating crazing and fracture of the acrylic. An extruded aluminum support frame for the meter body absorbs all connection strain. Support frame flanges and lock nuts provide for a variety of panel mounting arrangements. The simplified design of this meter allows quick, easy maintenance. High impact strength of the acrylic meter block completes this dependable design.

#### Design Features/Components

- Aluminum frame absorbs connections strain
- Reduced scale parallax
- 37 mm scale length
- Low-end flow measurement of 0.2 SCFH
- 10 to 1 or greater meter range
- Low-pressure drop
- Meter support frame flanges allow variety of panel mounting positions
- Control valve available installed at inlet or outlet



#### **Specifications**

specifications	
Pressure Rating	100 psig (690 kPa) maximum
Temperature Rating	71°C (160°F) maximum
Accuracy	±10% of full scale flow rate
Repeatability	1% of scale reading
Range	10 to 1 greater, i.e. 1005 to 10% of
	full scale
Scale Readings	Direct reading air (special other
	direct reading scales available)
Shipping Weight	0.45 kg (1 lb)

#### Materials of Construction

Wetted End Plugs and Valve Parts	Aluminum, brass or 316 Stainless steel
Valve Stem	316 Stainless steel
Seal Materials	Buna-N, Teflon, EPR, Kalrez or Viton
Meter Block	Clear, cast acrylic plastic with plain tapered bore; extruded aluminum support frame
Piping Connections	Aluminum, brass, or 316 stainless steel 1/8" FNPT horizontal on inlet and outlet
Float Materials	Black glass or 316 stainless steel
Scale	Permanently screened on meter body, length 37 mm

## Flow Tube Capacities For PM-1000 Series Flowmeters, Direct Reading Scales

English Scale								
Tube No.	Air (SCFH)*	Tube No.	Water (GPH)	Tube No	Air (SLPM)*	Tube No	Water (CCM)	Float Material
N203	0.2-2.6	N207	0.05-0.4	N201	0.1-1.2	N205	2-24	Glass
N204	0.5-5	N208	0.1-1	N202	0.2-2.4	N206	5-60	Stainless Steel
P403	1-14	P407	0.2-2.2	P401	0.5-6	P405	1-140	Glass
P404	2-26	P408	0.5-5	P402	1-12	P406	20-320	Stainless Steel
Q603	5-60	Q607	1-12	Q601	2.5-30	Q605	50-800	Glass
Q604	20-120	Q608	2-24	Q602	10-55	Q606	100-1500	Stainless Steel

\*All air flow rates are at 70°F and 14.7 psia A 50mm scale is available- please consult Linde.

#### **Ordering Information**



#### Model Number Generator For PG-1000 Series Flowmeters

U = Model PG-1000 Plastic Flowmeter with Glass Flow Tube

#### Model Series

- N= Model PM-1000 Plastic Flowmeter
- with NXXX Flow Tube Capacity P = Model PM-1000 Plastic Flowmeter
- with PXXX Flow Tube Capacity
- Q = Model QXXX Flow Tube Capacity

#### Number Of Metering Tubes

- 1 = Single Tube Unit
- 2 = Two Tube Unit
- 3 = Three Tube Unit
- 4 = Four Tube Unit

#### End Blocks/Seal Material

1 = Aluminum with Buna-N Seals 3 = Chrome Plated Brass with Buna-N Seals

- 4 = 316 Stainless Steel with Viton Seals
- 6 = 316 Stainless Steel with Teflon Seals
- A = Aluminum with Viton Seals
- B = Chrome Plated Brass with Viton Seals
- D = 316 Stainless Steel with Buna-N Seals E = 316 Stainless Steel with EPR Seals
- M= Aluminum with Buna-N Seals and
  - Brass Adapters

#### Valve Types

- E = Valve on Inlet
- F = Valve on Outlet
- G= Valve Plug on Inlet
- H = Valve Plug on Outlet
- Y = No Valve/No Plug

#### Connections

- 1 = 1/8"NPT Female
- 6 = 1/4"Hose (3/16"-3/8"Hose Tapered)
- D= 1/8"NPT Inlet & 1/4"Hose Outlet

#### Accessories

- 0 = None
- 1 = Bezel & Bracket Clear Anodized Aluminum
- 2 = Brackets Only
- 5 = Base Plate Assembly
- 7 = Bezel & Bracket Black Anodized Aluminum

#### **Connection Orientation**

1 = Back In and Back Out

#### Flow Tube (Capacities)

XXX = See Capacity Table For PM-1000 Series Flowmeters

#### Additional Options

- ± 5% Accuracy, Full Scale, With Certification
- ± 10% Accuracy, Full Scale, With Certification
- Silk Screen Charge
- Clean for O<sub>2</sub> Service

# Flowmeter Replacement Parts

### Model FM-1050, FM-1000, FM-1100 and FM-1127 Series

#### Description

The HCJ series Tube-Cube<sup>®</sup> is used in the FM-1000 and comes with a glass (GL), stainless steel (SS) or carboloy (CA) float. The HCE series is used in the FM-1050 and, except for the 0910 tube, comes with both glass and stainless steel floats.

Changing your Tube-Cube<sup>®</sup> size may also necessitate the changing of the valve to maintain an acceptable degree of flow control. Linde valves are self-contained cartridges permitting easy interchange.

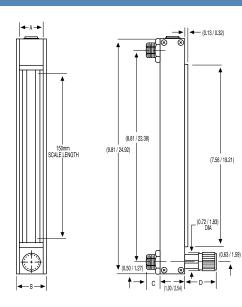
### Ordering Information

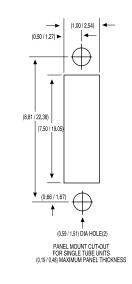
Flow Range Air	Tube- Cube®	Float	Utility Valve Size P/N	High Accuracy Valve Size	Seal Kit Size
FM1050 Series					
0.13-104 SCCM	HCE-0910	GL	7,1	1	1
6-150 SCCM	HCE-0100	GL, S.S.	7,1	2	1
10-270 SCCM	HCE-0200	GL, S.S	7,1	2	1
38-840 SCCM	HCE-0300	GL, S.S	7,1	3	1
88-1800 SCCM	HCE-0406	GL, S.S.	7,1	4	1
0.23-4.6 SLPM	HCE-0500	GL S.S.	8,2	5	1
0.4-7.6 SLPM	HCE-0600	GL, S.S.	8,2	5	1
0.88–16 SLPM	HCE-0700	GL, S.S.	8,3	6	2
2.4-44 SLPM	HCE-0800	GL, S.S.	8.3	6	3
FM1000 Series					
10-130 SCCM	HCJ-009	GL	7,1	2	1
20-300 SCCM	HCJ-010	SS	7,1	2	1
100-500 SCCM	HCJ-0101	GL	7,1	3	1
200-1000 SCCM	HCJ-0110	SS	7,1	3	1
0.1-1 SLPM	HCJ-0209	GL	8,2	4	1
0.1-2.1 SLPM	HCJ-0210	SS	8,2	4	1
0.5-5 SLPM	HCJ-0409	GL	8,2	5	4
0.5-9.5 SLPM	HCJ-0410	SS	8,2	6	4
2-24 SLPM	HCJ-0509	GL	9,3	6	3
2-50 SLPM	HCJ-0510	SS	9,3	6	3
5-70 SLPM	HCJ-0511	CA	9,3	6	3
0.02 – 0.24 SCFH	HCJ-0011	GL	7,1	2	1
0.05-0.65 SCFH	HCJ-0012	SS	7,1	2	1
0.2-1.1 SCFH	HCJ-0111	GL	7,1	3	1
0.4-2.2 SCFH	HCJ-0112	SS	7,1	3	1
0.2-2.2 SCFH	HCJ-0211	GL	8,2	4	1
0.2-4.4 SCFH	HCJ-0212	SS	8,2	4	1
1–11 SCFH	HCJ-0411	GL	8,2	5	4
2–20 SCFH	HCJ-0412	SS	8,2	6	4
5–55 SCFH	HCJ-0512	GL	9,3	6	3
10-100 SCFH	HCJ-0513	SS	9,3	6	3
10-150 SCFH	HCJ-0514	CA	9,3	6	3
Flow Range Air	Flow Tube	١	Window/Sca	le Float	
FM-1100/FM112	7 Series		/		
0.2-4.0 SCFM	TBE-XXXX-GB		YYY-0121-PC	FLT-000	)1-SA
0.5-9.0 SCFM	TBE-XXX-GB		YYY-0122-PC	FLT-000	
0.5-11.5 SCFM	TBE-XXX-GB		YYY-0123-PC	FLT-000	
1-16 SCFM	TBE-XXX-GB		YYY-0124-PC	FLT-000	
5-120 SLPM	TBE-XXX-GB		YYY-0125-PC	FLT-000	
20-260 SLPM	TBE-XXX-GB		YYY-0126-PC	FLT-000	
20-320 SLPM	TBE-XXX-GB		YYY-0127-PC	FLT-000	
20-500 SLPM	TBE-XXX-GB		YYY-0128-PC	FLT-000	
FM-1100 SERIES			FM-1127 SE		
XXXX=0400			XXX=0066		
YYY-WNA			YYY=WNB		

## Flowmeter Engineering Drawings

ł

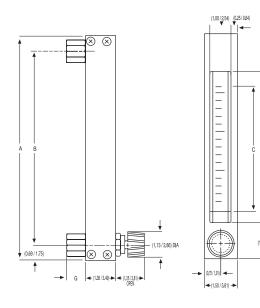
## Model FM-1050 Series Flowmeter

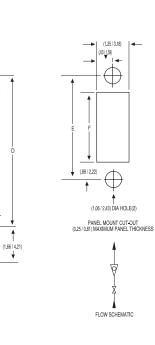




Number of Tubes	1	4	1	В		
1	1.00	2.54	1.25	3.17		
2	2.00	5.08	2.25	5.71		
3	3.00	7.62	3.25	8.25		
4	4.00	10.16	4.25	10.79		
Connections		(	-			
1/8" FNPT	0.	63	1.	60		
1/4" FNPT	0.	74	1.	88		
1/8" Compression*	1.	33	3.	38		
1/4" Compression*	1.	38	3.51			
1/4" Hose	1.	78	4.52			
(3/16"–3⁄8" Tapered)						
1/8" Hose	1.	30	3.	3.30		
*Dimension includes nut – ha	nd tight (na	ot at full co	mpression	)		
Valve Options						
Utility Valve (Full Open)		1.25		3.18		
High Accuracy (Full Open)	) 1.	80	4.	57		

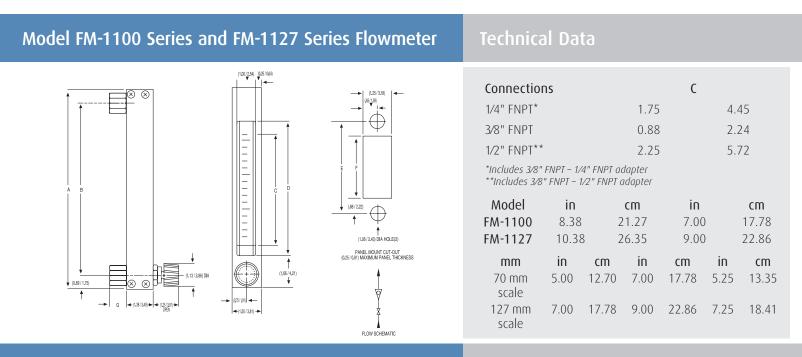
## Model FM-1100 Series Flowmeter



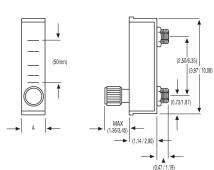


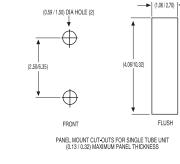
Number of Tubes		Ą	1	В		
1	1.00	2.54	1.25	3.17		
2	2.00	5.08	2.25	5.71		
3	3.00	7.62	3.25	8.25		
4	4.00	10.16	4.25	10.79		
Connections		(	-			
1/8" FNPT	0.	63	1.	60		
1/4" FNPT	0.	74	1.	88		
1/8" Compression*	1.	33	3.	38		
1/4" Compression*	1.38		3.51			
1/4" Hose	1.78		4.52			
(3/16"–3/8" Tapered)						
1/8" Hose	1.	30	3.30			
*Dimension includes nut – han	d tight (na	ot at full cor	mpression)			
Valve Options						
Utility Valve (Full Open)	1.25		3.18			
High Accuracy (Full Open)	1.	80	4.	57		

# Flowmeter Engineering Drawings



## Model PG-1000 Series Flowmeter



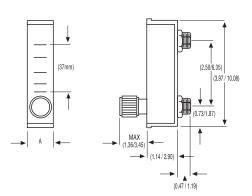


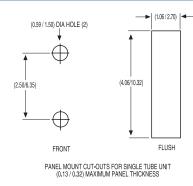
## rechnical Data

Ν

Number of Tubes		A
	in	cm
1	1.00	2.54
2	2.00	5.08
3	3.00	7.62
4	4.00	10.16

## Model PM-1000 Series Flowmeter





ŀ	ł
in	cm
1.00	2.54
2.00	5.08
3.00	7.62
4.00	10.16
	in 1.00 2.00 3.00

## Flowmeter Alarms

### Model C7900 Series

#### Eagle-Eye<sup>™</sup> Flowmeter Alarm

#### Description

The Eagle-Eye alarm is a non-contact sensor designed to alert the user when flow rates exceed defined thresholds. The Eagle-Eye alarm has red and green LED visual indicators and an audible buzzer indicator to provide flow rate status. A single unit can indicate either increased flow rate or decreased flow rate. The use of two units on a single flowmeter can provide both increasing and decreasing flow rates.

#### Design Features/Components

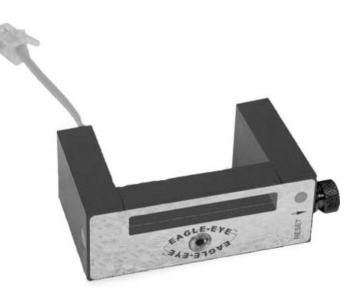
- Integral red and green LED indicators and an audible buzzer provide operating status
- Field installable while flowmeter is in service
- $\cdot$   $\,$  Non-contact sensor is not affected by the fluid in the flow stream
- Multiple operating modes
- Standard unit will alarm until reset by the user
   Automatic reset unit will alarm until flow returns to acceptable levels
- Multiple units may be installed on a single flowmeter to provide both high and low level alarms
- Rugged splash resistant enclosure
- Advance power supply provides a low level digital output representing the operating status

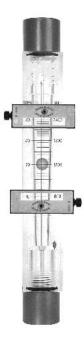
#### Specifications

Body material: ABS Spacer material: SBR Operating temperature range: 0°C (32°F) to 71°C (160°F) Buzzer volume: 90 dB Supply voltage: 5 VDC regulated Supply current: 250 mA

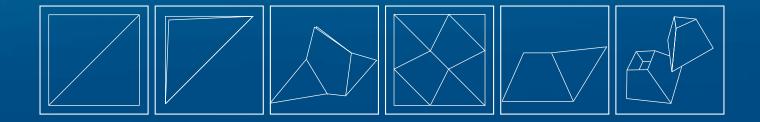
#### **Ordering Information**

Model	Description
C7923-AVA	for use with acrylic flowmeters
C7926-AVA	This unit can only be used on units with special side plates and Tube Cube assemblies.
C7924-AVA	for use with acrylic flowmeters
C7975-AVA	for use with acrylic flowmeters
C7920-PS	basic power supply for all models
C7920-AS	advanced power supply with battery backup and 0-5 VDC logic output for all models









## Mass Flow Equipment

Linde mass flow controllers and mass flowmeters are among the most sophisticated flow sensing and control systems available. These units feature 316 stainless steel flow-sensing transducers and control valves, which are an integral part of the controllers.

Mass flow measuring devices generate a signal, which is proportional to the mass flow of gas, by detecting heat transport in an area of the gas stream. Since the specific heat of any gas is a unique property of the gas, and is essentially independent of pressure considerations, mass flow devices are absolute measuring instruments.

If the signal voltage is used only to indicate flow, the unit is considered a mass flowmeter. If the signal is used in conjunction with a reference signal and a controlling valve, the unit is considered a mass flow controller.

**Series 8170 Mass Flowmeter Systems** consist of a flow transducer, which senses the flow of gas, and a digital readout box that converts the analog signal to a direct reading digital display. Accuracy is ±1% full scale or one digit accuracy in flow control.

Series 8270 Mass Flow Controller Systems consist of a flow transducer that senses the flow of the gas, an electronically linked control valve, and a digital readout and control box that converts the analog signal to a direct reading digital display. Accuracy is  $\pm 1\%$  (up to 30 SLPM) full scale or one digit accuracy in flow control.

Since these systems sense or control mass flow of a gas, the indicated flow is independent of system pressure or minor temperature variations. The systems are also calibrated to specific customer requirements.

## Mass Flow Product Overview

Application	Features	Specifications	Function
Аррисацон	rediules	specifications	Function
<b>8124 Series Totalizer</b> Compiles total amount of gas used over a period of time	<ul> <li>6 digit LED readout</li> <li>2 alarm setpoints</li> <li>Half rack or bench mountable</li> </ul>	Accuracy · ± 1% full scale	Use with 8170 Mass Flowmeter System, 8270 Mass Flow Controller System, or 8280 Dyna-blender to compile the total amount of gas used, regardless of varying flow rates over a period of time.
8170 Series Mass Flowmeter System Flow Measurement	<ul> <li>Flowmeter Transducer (Model 8172/8173 series)</li> <li>8170 digital readout power supply box</li> <li>Control cables &amp; Connectors</li> <li>Swagelok fittings on inlet and outlet</li> <li>High/low alarm setpoints (user selectable)</li> <li>Half rack or bench mountable</li> </ul>	Accuracy • ±3% over 300 SLPM • ±1% full scale for units up to 30 SLPM • ±2% for units 50–300 SLPM Repeatability • 0.2% for units up to 200 SLPM • 0.5% for units over 200 SLPM	Applications requiring monitoring of a single gas flow. May also be used with Model 8124 Totalizer and Model 8280/84. This Model provides flow monitoring only: no flow control.
8175 Series Multiple Mass Flowmeter Readout Box Flow measurement of up to four gas streams	<ul> <li>Includes</li> <li>4 position selector switch</li> <li>Digital display</li> <li>% of range</li> <li>4 individual cables for transducers</li> <li>High/low alarm setpoints for each channel (user selectable) Full rack or bench mountable</li> <li>Required</li> <li>A Model 8172 or 8173 Series Mass Flowmeter for each channel</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Resolution <ul> <li>35 digit display</li> </ul> </li> <li>Power <ul> <li>110 VAC standard, 220 VAC</li> <li>optional</li> </ul> </li> <li>Output <ul> <li>0 - 5 VDC</li> <li>4 - 20 mA (optional)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Continuously monitors up to 4 mass flowmeters (one flowmeter displayed at a time). It is not required to use all 4 stations at the same time; they may be reserved for future expansion.
8270 Series Mass Flow Controller System Flow Measurement and Flow Control	<ul> <li>Flow controller transducer (Model 8272/8273 series)</li> <li>8270 digital readout/power supply box</li> <li>Feedback circuit for flow control</li> <li>Integral control valve</li> <li>Control cables and connectoirs</li> <li>High/low alarm setpoints (user selectable)</li> <li>Half rack or bench mountable</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Accuracy</li> <li>±1% of full scale for units up to 30 SLPM</li> <li>±2% for units up to 200 SLPM</li> <li>Repeatability</li> <li>0.2% for units up to 200 SLPM</li> <li>0.5% for units over 200 SLPM</li> </ul>	Applications requiring monitoring and controlling a single gas flow. May also be used with Model 8124 Totalizer and Model 8280/84

Application	Features	Specifications	Function
8274 Series Multiple Mass Flow Controller Box Flow measurement and flow control of up to four gas streams	<ul> <li>Includes</li> <li>8 position selector switch (4 read and 4 set)</li> <li>Digital display</li> <li>% of range</li> <li>Individual override control valve switches</li> <li>Flow potentiometers for setting flow rate</li> <li>4 individual control cables for transducers</li> <li>High/low alarm setpoints for each channel (user selectable)</li> <li>Full rachor bench mountable Required</li> <li>A Model 8272 or 8273 Series Mass Flow Controller for each channel</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Resolution <ul> <li>3.5 digit display</li> </ul> </li> <li>Power <ul> <li>110 VAC standard, 220 VAC optional</li> </ul> </li> <li>Output <ul> <li>0-5 VDC</li> <li>4-20 mA (optional)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Continously monitors and controls up to 4 mass flow controllers (one controller displayed at a time) Each channel requires the use of a Model 8272 or 8273 Series Mass Flow Controller. It is not required to use all 4 stations at the same time; they may be reserved for expansion.
8280 Series Modular Dyna-Blender Gas Blending	<ul> <li>Includes</li> <li>Mass Flow controller transducer</li> <li>8280 control box with digital readout</li> <li>Control cables for transducer</li> <li>Patch cords for inputs</li> <li>Half rack or bench mountable Required</li> <li>Additional flow monitoring or control systems (8170,8270, or 8280)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Accuracy</li> <li>±1% full scale for units for up to 30 SLPM</li> <li>±2% for units 50–300 SLPM</li> <li>Repeatability</li> <li>0.2% for units up to 200 SLPM</li> <li>0.5% for units over 200 SLPM</li> </ul>	Each 8280 system controls one gas stream only. Use in conjunction with additional 8170, 8270, or 8280 systems for blending of multiple streams. Several units may be used together to blend additional streams.
8284 Series Multichannel Dyna-Blender Gas blending	<ul> <li>Includes</li> <li>4 channels with individual potentiometers and control switches</li> <li>8 position set switch displays reading % of range</li> <li>Control cables for transducers</li> <li>Patch cords for inputs</li> <li>Full rack or bench mountable</li> <li>Required</li> <li>Model 8272 or 8273 Mass Flow Controller transducer for each channel</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Accuracy</li> <li>± 1% full scale for units up to 30 SLPM</li> <li>±2% for units 50–300 SLPM</li> <li>Repeatability</li> <li>0.2% for units up to 200 SLPM</li> <li>0.5% for units over 200 SLPM</li> </ul>	Low cost lending of up to 4 gas streams for laboratory and process applications.

## Mass Flow Equipment

### Model 8170 Series

#### Mass Flowmeter System

#### Description

The complete 8170 Mass Flowmeter System offered by Linde consists of a flowmeter transducer (Model 8172/8173 Series), a digital readout /power supply box and the necessary cable and connectors. These flowmeters can be supplied with either compression fittings (standard) or optional male VCR compatible connections for easy installation into tubing and piping systems.

The Mass Flowmeter System produces a 0-5 VDC signal proportional to 0-100% of flow rate. This output signal from the digital readout box makes the 8170 Series Mass Flowmeters ideal for use with integrators, totalizers and data logging equipment. The Model 8124 Totalizer is used to compile the total amount of gas used over a period of time, regardless of varying flow rates.

The 8170 Mass Flowmeter Digital Readout Box is available standard for rack mounting in a 1/2 EIA rack or for benchtop use. Other standard features are high and low alarm setpoints selected by the user.

#### Design Features/Components

- 6 digits for accuracy
- ±1% accuracy
- 2 alarm setpoints
- Output contacts for alarms
- 0-5 VDC inputs
- Programmable from front panel or front panel with optional RS-232 connector
- Local and remote reset
- Local and remote hold (split timing)
- Bench mount or 1/2 EIA rack mount standard



Materials			
Body	316 Stainless Steel		
By-pass	316 Stainless Steel		
Fittings:	316 Stainless Steel		
Standard Seals	Viton		
Proof Pressure	1500 psig	10,350 kPa	
Minimum Differential Pressure	5 psid (19.5 kPa) (nominal)		
Maximum Operating Press	ure		
(All models)	500 psig	3,450 kPa	
Temperature Range	0°-50°C	32°-122°F	
Ассигасу			
> 300 SLPM	± 3%		
<30 SLPM	± 1% of full scale		
50 – 300 SLPM	± 2% of full scal	e	
Standard Calibration			
Temperature	0°C	32°F	
Temperature Coefficient	0.05% per °C		
Response Time	0.5 seconds to 9 (typical)	8% of scale	
<30 SLPM	2 seconds		
50 – 200 SLPM	3 seconds		
> 200 SLPM	2.5 seconds		
Repeatability			
< 200 SLPM	0.2%		
> 200 SLPM	0.5%		
Flow Capacity	2%–100% of rar	nge selected	
Signal Voltage Output	0-5 VDC		
Voltage Input	115 VAC, 5 Watts, 230 VAC (optional)		
Cable Lengths			
Power Cord	1.8 m (6 ft)		
Signal Cable	2.4 m (8 ft)		
Alarm Contacts (Each Channel)	1 amp at 30 VDC	: maximum	
Shipping Weight	3.6 kg (8 lbs)		

Model	Range in N <sub>2</sub> @ 0°C and 14.7 psia	Standard End Fittings
8170-0411	0–10 sccm	1/4" compression
8170-0421	0–20 sccm	1/4" compression
8170-0431	0–30 sccm	1/4" compression
8170-0451	0–50 sccm	1/4" compression
8170-0412	0–100 sccm	1/4" compression
8170-0422	0–200 sccm	1/4" compression
8170-0432	0-300 sccm	1/4" compression
8170-0452	0–500 sccm	1/4" compression
8170-0413	0-1 SLPM	1/4" compression
8170-0423	0-2 SLPM	1/4" compression
8170-0433	0-3 SLPM	1/4" compression
8170-0453	0-5 SLPM	1/4" compression
8170-0414	0-10 SLPM	1/4" compression
8170-0424	0-20 SLPM	1/4" compression
8170-0434	0-30 SLPM	1/4" compression
8170-0454	0-50 SLPM	3/8" compression
8170-0415	0-100 SLPM	3/8" compression
8170-0425	0-200 SLPM	3⁄8" compression
8170-0435	0-300 SLPM	1/2" compression
8170-0455	0-500 SLPM	1/2" compression
8170-0416	0-1000 SLPM	3/4" compression

## Ordering Information

Model	Description
8124	Totalizer
8124-232	Totalizer with RS-232
Options	

Model	Description
8291	Specific Gas Calibrations (Limitations Apply); Standard Calibration on Nitrogen, Corrected for Direct Reading

Additional Signal Cable Lengths		
CBL-0125-XX	7.62 m (25 ft)	
CBL-0126-XX	15.25 m (50 ft)	
CBL-0127-XX	30.5 m (100 ft)	
8292	230 VAC models	
8293-4	1/4" VCR compatible end fittings	
8293-6	3⁄8"/1⁄2" VCR compatible end fit- tings	
8294	4 – 20 mA output	
8295	PTFE Teflon seals	
MKIT-0015-NB	Neoprene seal kit for ammonia service, up to 30 SLPM	
8124	Totalizer for mass flowmeter	
HAN-0007-AA	Full rack mounting adapter	

## Mass Flow Equipment

### Model 8270 Series

#### Mass Flow Controller System

#### Description

The complete 8270 Mass Flow Controller System offered by Linde consists of a flow controller transducer (Model 8272/8273 Series), a digital readout, power supply box, a feedback circuit to control the flow, an integral control valve and the necessary cable and connectors. An additional feature of the control box is a three-position selector switch to allow the user to conveniently switch between an open position (valve fully open), a closed position (valve fully closed) and a control position (unit functioning as a controller). The first two positions mentioned are override positions. These flow controllers can be supplied with either compression fittings (standard) or optional male VCR compatible connections for easy installation into tubing and piping systems.

In the "operating" or "control" mode the unit functions similar to a mass flowmeter but with the addition of a feedback circuit and control valve, which continuously monitor and control the flow of gas passing through the unit. When there is a flow imbalance sensed, an electronic logic circuit sends power to the control valve to maintain the flow setpoint by either throttling open or closed.

The 8270 Mass Flow Controller Digital Readout Box is available standard for rack mounting in a 1/2 EIA rack or for bench top use. Other standard features are high and low alarm setpoints selected by the user. The Model 8124 Totalizer is also available and can be used to compile the total amount of gas used over a period of time, regardless of varying flow rates.



Materials		
Body	316 Stain	less Steel
By-pass	316 Stainless Steel	
Fittings	316 Stainless Steel	
Valve	316 Stainless Steel	
Standard Seals	Viton	
Valve Shut-off	Normally closed; bubble tig	
Standard Valve Seat	Vit	ON
Proof Pressure	1,500 psig	10,350 kPa
Minimum Differential Pressure (nominal)	5 psig	34.5 kPa
Maximum Differential Pressure	50 psig	345 kPa
Maximum Operating Pre	essure	
< 500 sccm	300 psig	2,070 kPa
500 sccm-30 SLPM	500 psig	3,450 kPa
> 30 SLPM	150 psig	1,035 kPa
Temperature Range	0-50°C	32°-122°F
< 500 sccm	300 psig	2,070 kPa
500 sccm-30 SLPM	500 psig	3,450 kPa
> 30 SLPM	150 psig	1,035 kPa
Temperature Range	0°-50°C	32°-122°F
Accuracy		
> 300 SLPM	± 3%	
< 30 SLPM	± 1% of full scale	
50–300 SLPM	± 2% of full sc	ale
Standard Calibration		
Temperature	0°C	32°F
Temperature Coefficient	< 0.1% per °C	
Response Time	0.5 seconds to	98% of scale
Repeatability		
≤ 200 SLPM	0.2%	
> 200 SLPM	0.5%	
Control Range		
Series	0.2 ccm to 1,00	DO SLPM
Individual Unit	2% to 100% fu 0-5 VDC; 4-20	
Signal Voltage Output	(optional)	
Voltage Input	115 VAC, 10 W (optional)	atts, 230 VAC
Cable Lengths		
Power Cord	1.83 m (6 ft)	
Signal Cable	2.44 m (8 ft)	
Alarm Contacts (Each Channel)	1 amp at 30 VC	)C maximum
Shipping Weight	3.6 kg (8 lbs)	

Model	Range in N, @ 0°C and 14.7 psia	Standard End Fittings
8270-0411	0–10 sccm	1/4" compression
8270-0421	0–20 sccm	1/4" compression
8270-0431	0-30 sccm	1/4" compression
8270-0451	0–50 sccm	1/4" compression
8270-0412	0–100 sccm	1/4" compression
8270-0422	0–200 sccm	1/4" compression
8270-0432	0–300 sccm	1/4" compression
8270-0452	0–500 sccm	1/4" compression
8270-0413	0-1 SLPM	1/4" compression
8270-0423	0-2 SLPM	1/4" compression
8270-0433	0-3 SLPM	1/4" compression
8270-0453	0-5 SLPM	1/4" compression
8270-0414	0-10 SLPM	1/4" compression
8270-0424	0-20 SLPM	1/4" compression
8270-0434	0-30 SLPM	1/4" compression
8270-0454	0-50 SLPM	3/8" compression
8270-0415	0-100 SLPM	3/8" compression
8270-0425	0-200 SLPM	3/8" compression
8270-0435	0-300 SLPM	1/2" compression
8270-0455	0-500 SLPM	1/2" compression
8270-0416	0-1000 SLPM	3/4" compression

Additional Signal Cable Lengths		
CBL-0125-XX	7.62 m (25 ft)	
CBL-0126-XX	15.25 m (50 ft)	
CBL-0127-XX	30.5 m (100 ft)	
8292	230 VAC models	
8293-4	1/4" VCR compatible end fittings	
8293-6	3/8"/1/2" VCR compatible end fittings	
8294	4 – 20 mA Output	
8295	PTFE Teflon seals	
MKIT-0015-NB	Neoprene seal kit for ammonia service, up to 30 SLPM	
8124	Totalizer for mass flow controller	
HAN-0007-AA	Full rack mounting adapter	

### Options

Model	Description
8291	Specific Gas Calibration (Limitations Apply)

## Mass Flow Equipment

### Model 8280 and 8284 Series

#### Dynamic Gas Blending Systems

#### Description

The 8280 and 8284 Series of Dynamic Gas Blending Systems are used to prepare accurate mixtures of different gases. These systems are dynamic with respect to flow conditions and have no ability to store gas for demand usage. These control systems function utilizing the Linde 8272/8273 Series Controller Transducers. There are two basic types of units: a Modular Dyna-Blender and a Multichannel Dyna-Blender.

#### Modular Dyna-Blender Model 8280

Linde's Modular Dyna-Blender, when used with an existing mass flowmeter or controller, accurately blends gases in a dynamic flowing system. Several units can be utilized to make multiple component mixtures. The unit requires the presence of an existing mass flowmeter or mass flow controller for mixing operations, or can be used as a stand alone controller.

The basis of the system is a mass flow controller transducer, which either responds to an external command signal or can be slaved to another mass flowmeter; mass flow controller or even another 8280 Dyna-Blender. This unit can also be used in conjunction with other equipment interfaced through user-supplied circuitry via a 0-5 VDC signal or 4-20 mA signal (optional) for dynamic flow systems. The Model 8124 Totalizer is also available and can be used to compile the total amount of gas used over a period of time, regardless of varying flow rates.

The 8280-control box may be ordered as a stand-alone item, or as part of a system (8280 control box, transducer assembly, and cable – see table for ordering information).

#### Multi-channel Dyna-Blender Model 8280

Linde's Multichannel Dyna-Blender accurately controls the flow rates of four different gases in a dynamic flowing system. Each of the four channels has individual potentiometers and control switches. The single display is operated by an eight-position switch and reads in percent of range. The unit can control gas mixtures up to four components in composition, with user-supplied manifolds.

The gas flow of the system can be controlled by the individual controller, or an external 0-5 VDC or 4-20 mA signal (optional) for remote operation. Each individual channel requires a mass flow controller transducer, which must be ordered separately

	Model 8280	Model 8284		
Voltage Input	115 VAC, 10 Watts	115 VAC, 40 Watts		
Signal Voltage Output	0–5 VDC; 4–20 mA (Optional)	0-5 VDC; 4-20 mA		
Cable Lengths				
Power Cord	1.8 m (6 ft)	1.8 m (6 ft)		
Signal Cable	2.4 m (8 ft)	2.4 m (8 ft)		
Alarm Contacts Maximum				
(Each Channel)	1 amp at 30 VDC	1 amp at 30 VDC		
Rack Mounting	1/2 rack (9.5")	Full rack (19")		
Shipping Weight	3.6 kg (8 lbs)	5.9 kg (13 lbs)		

Model	Range in N <sub>2</sub> @ 0°C and 14.7 psia	Standard End Fittings
8280-0411	0–10 sccm	1/4" compression
8280-0421	0–20 sccm	1/4" compression
8280-0431	0–30 sccm	1/4" compression
8280-0451	0–50 sccm	1/4" compression
8280-0412	0–100 sccm	1/4" compression
8280-0422	0–200 sccm	1/4" compression
8280-0432	0–300 sccm	1/4" compression
8280-0452	0–500 sccm	1/4" compression
8280-0413	0-1 SLPM	1/4" compression
8280-0423	0-2 SLPM	1/4" compression
8280-0433	0-3 SLPM	1/4" compression
8280-0453	0-5 SLPM	1/4" compression
8280-0414	0-10 SLPM	1/4" compression
8280-0424	0-20 SLPM	1/4" compression
8280-0434	0-30 SLPM	1/4" compression
8280-0454	0-50 SLPM	3/8" compression
8280-0415	0-100 SLPM	3/8" compression
8280-0425	0-200 SLPM	3/8" compression
8280-0435	0-300 SLPM	1/2" compression
8280-0455	0-500 SLPM	1/2" compression
8280-0416	0-1000 SLPM	3/4" compression

Note: Model numbers listed above consist of a complete single channel Dyna-Blender System that includes a transducer assembly and 8280-control box.

Description
230 VAC Models
8284 with 4–20 mA Input/Output – Modular Dyna-Blender (4 channel)*
8280 with 4–20 mA Input/Output*
PTFE Teflon Seals
Full Rack Mounting Adapter

\* Note: 0-5 VDC signal included

#### Ordering Information

Model	Description
8280	Modular Dyna-Blender Control Box
8284	Multichannel Dyna-Blender Control Box

The 8280-control box may be ordered as a stand-alone item, or as part of a system (8280 control box, transducer assembly, and cable – see the preceding table for system ordering information).

## Mass Flow Equipment

### Model 8175

#### Multiple Channel Mass Flowmeter Monitoring System

#### Description

The monitoring system box may be used with as many as four separate mass flowmeters to independently monitor up to four separate gas streams. The user of the flowmeters can order these separately and match the appropriate display to the individual application.

This unit allows the continuous monitoring of up to four mass flowmeters. The individual flow rates can be indicated on the digital readout by positioning the selector switch to the desired transducer. The system includes a four-position selector switch, a 0 to 100% of range digital display (only one channel can be read at a time), a power cord and four individual cables for the transducers. Also standard are high and low alarm setpoints (for each channel) selected by the user.

It is not necessary to employ all four stations on the initial system. Positions may be reserved for future expansion. Each individual channel requires a Model 8172 or 8173 Series flowmeter transducer, which must be ordered separately.

## **Technical Data**

Voltage Input Signal Voltage Output **Cable lengths** Power Cord Signal Cable Alarm Contacts (Each Channel) Rack Mounting Shipping Weight 115 VAC, 20 Watts 0-5 VDC

1.8 m (6 ft) 2.4 m (8 ft)

1 amp at 30 VDC maximum Full 19" rack 5.9 kg (13 lbs)

#### Ordering Information

Model	Description
8175	Multiple Mass Flowmeter Monitoring System

#### Options

Model	Description	
8292	230 VAC	
8175-8294	8175 w/4 -20 mA Output	



## Mass Flow Equipment

### Model 8274

### Multiple Channel Mass Flow Controller System

#### Description

This unit allows the independent monitoring and control of up to four mass flow controllers in use. The system continuously and simultaneously adjusts to maintain the preset point for each gas flow rate. The individual setpoint and flow rates can be indicated on the digital readout by positioning the selector switch to the desired controller. The control system includes an eight position (four read and four set) selector switch, a 0 to 100% of range digital display (only one channel can be read at a time), individual override control valve switches, flow potentiometers for setting flow rate, a power cord and four individual cables for the controllers. Also standard are high and low alarm setpoints selected by the user.

It is not necessary to employ all four stations on the initial system. Positions may be reserved for future expansion of the system. Each individual channel requires a Model 8272 or 8273 Series controller transducer, which must be ordered separately.

#### Ordering Information

Model	Description
8274	Multiple Mass Flow Controller System

#### Options

Model	Description
8274	Multiple Mass Flow Controller System
8292	230 VAC
8274-8294	8274 w/ 4 – 20 mA Output

## **Technical Data**

Voltage Input Signal Voltage Output **Cable Lengths** Power Cord Signal Cable **Alarm Contacts** (Each Channel) Rack Mounting Shipping Weight 115 VAC, 40 Watts 0–5 VDC

1.8 m (6 ft) 2.4 m (8 ft)

1 amp at 30 VDC maximum Full 19" rack 5.9 kg (13 lbs)



## Mass Flow Equipment

## Model 8124

#### Totalizer

#### Description

The Model 8124 Totalizer is used to compile the total amount of gas used, regardless of varying flow rates over a period of time. The total is continuously displayed on a six-digit LED readout and the resolution can be changed, depending upon the length of time required. Please specify full-scale flow range of mass flow equipment or range of counts per time frame for factory set-up.

#### Design Features/Components

- 6 digits for accuracy
- ±1% accuracy
- 2 alarm setpoints
- Output contacts for alarms
- 0-5 VDC inputs
- Programmable from front panel or front panel with optional RS-232
   connector
- Local and remote reset
- Local and remote hold (split timing)
- Bench mount or 1/2 EIA rack mount standard



Model	Description
8124	Totalizer
8124-232	Totalizer with RS-232

## Models 8172 and 8272 Series

### Transducer Assemblies

#### Description

Linde affords the user the ability to mix and match components to achieve a customized system. Listed below are the individual model numbers for the transducer assemblies for Linde's Mass Flowmeters and Mass Flow Controllers.

#### Transducer Assemblies for Controllers and Flowmeters

Flowmeter Transducer Model Number	Controller Transducer Model Number	Range in N <sub>2</sub> @ 0°C and 14.7 psia	Standard End Fittings
8172-0411	8272-0411	0–10 sccm	1/4" compression
8172-0421	8272-0421	0–20 sccm	1/4" compression
8172-0431	8272-0431	0–30 sccm	1/4" compression
8172-0451	8272-0451	0–50 sccm	1/4" compression
8172-0412	8272-0412	0–100 sccm	1/4" compression
8172-0422	8272-0422	0–200 sccm	1/4" compression
8172-0432	8272-0432	0–300 sccm	1/4" compression
8172-0452	8272-0452	0–500 sccm	1/4" compression
8172-0413	8272-0413	0-1 SLPM	1/4" compression
8172-0423	8272-0423	0-2 SLPM	1/4" compression
8172-0433	8272-0433	0-3 SLPM	1/4" compression
8172-0453	8272-0453	0-5 SLPM	1/4" compression
8172-0414	8272-0414	0-10 SLPM	1/4" compression
8172-0424	8272-0424	0-20 SLPM	1/4" compression
8172-0434	8272-0434	0-30 SLPM	1/4" compression
8173-0454	8273-0454	0-50 SLPM	3/8" compression
8173-0415	8273-0415	0-100 SLPM	3/8" compression
8173-0425	8273-0425	0-200 SLPM	3/8" compression
8173-0435	8273-0435	0-300 SLPM	1/2" compression
8173-0455	8273-0455	0-500 SLPM	1/2" compression
8173-0416	8273-0416	0-1000 SLPM	3/4" compression

Note: transducer assemblies can be purchased as stand-alone units or as part of the 8170, 8270, or 8280 Mass Flow Systems.

## Technical Data

#### Electrical Components

Model	Description
8170, 8175	Control Box for Mass Flowmeters
8124	Totalizer for Mass Flowmeters
8270, 8274	Control Box for Mass Flow Controllers
CBL-0124-XX	2.4 m (8 ft) standard signal cable
CBL-0125-XX	7.62 m (25 ft) signal cable
CBL-0126-XX	15.24 m (50 ft) signal cable
CBL-0127-XX	30.5 m (100 ft) signal cable



## Accessories and Ancillary Equipment

Gas supply, distribution and flow equipment are only one part of the complete Linde offer. In addition, we offer a comprehensive range of accessories and other safety equipment to compliment our gas supply products. These include:

- Laboratory gas generators for hydrogen, nitrogen and ultra high purity air
- Gas line purification to protect the gas stream, and improve point of use purity performance
  Gas leak detectors, monitors, and fixed detection systems designed to ensure a safe working
- environment when using compressed gases or chemicals
  Cylinder gas cabinets for indoor, or outdoor storage protection for any compressed cylinder
- Cylinder gas cabinets for indoor, or outdoor storage protection for any compressed cylinder gases
- Cylinder blankets
- Valves, gauges and scales

Linde accessories add to our full scope solutions for customer gas handling and distribution supply needs.

## HiQ<sup>®</sup> Specialty Gas Generators

### **Ultra Zero Air Series**

#### Description

The Linde "ZAU" Ultra Zero Air generators reduce HC, NOx and SO<sub>2</sub> pollutants to less than 0.1 ppm, CO<sub>2</sub> to less than 5 ppm and remove all kinds of particles. In the lab, they provide several advantages. Eliminating the need to use and store high-purity air in cylinders saves valuable laboratory floor space. The generator can also be wall-mounted, providing yet another way of saving space. Using an on-site gas generator also eliminates the need to recalibrate instruments after replacing empty cylinders with full ones. The operation of the generator requires low levels of electrical power. This complete turnkey system is engineered with the highest quality components, is easy to install, and requires only minimal annual maintenance. The "ZAU" Ultra Zero Air generator models utilize a 5-stage process to purify ambient air into high-purity analytical grade air. All main components are manufactured with high-grade stainless steel and installed systematically in cabinets for easy access and service.

#### **Product Features**

- Compact size requires minimal space
- Wall-mountable
- Built-in security lock on external housing
- Green, yellow and red indicating lights indicate power, warm-up, ready and fault notification of low/high catalyst temperature, low/ high inlet pressure, and life expectancy/expiration of catalyst
- A digital thermal switch automatically shuts off the power supply to the catalyst in the event that the inlet compressed air is turned off, preventing catalyst damage due to overheating

Model	Description
ZAU 1500	Ultra Zero Air generator 1,500 ml/min
ZAU 3000	Ultra Zero Air generator 3,000 ml/min
ZAU 6000	Ultra Zero Air generator 6,000 ml/min
ZAU 15000	Ultra Zero Air generator 15,000 ml/min
ZAU 30000	Ultra Zero Air generator 30,000 ml/min

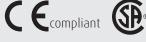
#### Maintenance

ZA-FILT	Replacement ext. air filter, housing and element
ZA-XCART	Replacement cartridge for external air filter
ZA-ICART	Replacement cartridge for internal air filter
ZA-ACC-6	Active carbon column for models 1.5–6 l/min
ZA-ACC-30	Active carbon column for models 15–30 l/min

### **Technical Data**

Max outlet flow Max outlet pressure Inlet air pressure range Product outlet purity	94 psig 65–145 psig Hydrocarbons Carbon dioxide Carbon monoxide Nitrogen oxides Sulfur oxide Ozone Dew point (< 2.5 ppm)	450-1,000 kPa < 0.1 ppm < 5 ppm < 0.1 ppm < 0.1 ppm < 0.1 ppm < 0.1 ppm < 70°C (< 158°F)
Max inlet impurities	Particles (>0.5 m 99.99% Hydrocarbons Carbon dioxide Carbon monoxide Nitrogen oxides	100 ppm 500 ppm 100 ppm
Connections Outlet Inlet Outlet air temperature (ambient) Max inlet temperature Dimensions (WxDxH) Weights ZAU 1500/3000 ZAU 15000/30000	1/4" compression 1/4" compression 15°C 40°C 47 x 25 x 40 cm 15 kg 21 kg 25 kg	n 59°F 104°F

Certification





### Zero Air Series

#### Description

The Linde "ZAGC" Zero Air generators reduce HC pollutants to less than 0.1 ppm and remove all kinds of particles. In the lab, they provide several advantages. Eliminating the need to use and store high-purity air in cylinders saves valuable laboratory floor space. There is no need to continually buy replacement high-purity air in cylinders. Using an onsite gas generator also eliminates the need to recalibrate instruments after replacing empty cylinders with full ones. The operation of the generator requires low levels of electrical power. This complete turnkey system is engineered with the highest quality components, is easy to install, and requires only minimal annual maintenance. The "ZAGC" Zero Air generator models utilize a 3-stage process to purify ambient air into analytical grade air. All main components are manufactured with high-grade stainless steel and installed systematically in cabinets for easy access and service.

#### Product Features:

- Compact size requires minimal space
- Wall-mountable
- Built-in security lock on external housing
- Green, yellow and red indicating lights indicate power, warm-up, ready and fault notification of low/high catalyst temperature, low/ high inlet pressure, and life expectancy/expiration of catalyst
- A digital thermal switch automatically shuts off the power supply to the catalyst in the event that the inlet compressed air is turned off, preventing catalyst damage due to overheating

Model	Description
ZAGC 1500	Zero Air generator 1,500 ml/min
ZAGC 3000	Zero Air generator 3,000 ml/min
ZAGC 6000	Zero Air generator 6,000 ml/min
ZAGC 15000	Zero Air generator 15,000 ml/min
ZAGC 30000	Zero Air generator 30,000 ml/min

#### Maintenance

ZA-FILT	Replacement ext. air filter, housing and element
ZA-XCART	Replacement cartridge for external air filter
ZA-ICART	Replacement cartridge for internal air filter
ZA-ACC-6	Active carbon column for models 1.5–6 l/min
ZA-ACC-30	Active carbon column for models 15–30 l/min

### Technical Data

Max outlet flow Max outlet pressure Inlet air pressure range	1.5; 3.0; 6.0; 94 psig 45–145 psig	15; 30 l/min 650 kPa 300–1,000 kPa
Product outlet purity	Hydrocarbons Carbon monoxide Particles (>0.5 m 99.99%	< 0.1 ppm < 0.1 ppm icron removed)
Max inlet impurities	Hydrocarbons Carbon monoxide	100 ррт 100 ррт
Connections Outlet Inlet Outlet air temperature (ambient) Max inlet temperature Dimensions (WxDxH) Weights ZAGC 1500/3000 ZAGC 6000 ZAGC 15000/30000	1/4" compression 1/4" compression 15°C 40°C 47 x 25 x 40 cm 13 kg 15 kg 22 kg	n 59°F 104°F

Certification



## HiQ<sup>®</sup> Specialty Gas Generators

### Hydrogen Pure Gas Series

#### Description

The HiQ<sup>®</sup> hydrogen generator relies on the newest electrolytic membrane technology, which is significantly cleaner than conventional hydrogen generation. This new technology reduces maintenance and cleaning to a minimum. It permits a chemical-free, trouble-free and long-term production of hydrogen – simply from the electrolysis of deionized water. No free acids or alkalines are used, thus avoiding caustic impurities that might affect hydrogen quality and degrade the system.

#### Features

- LCD-based display and membrane control pad for simple operation
- Multiple alarms (low water level, poor water quality, low pressure, insufficient power supply)
- Requires deionized water instead of caustic electrolytic solutions
- . Replaceable desiccant cartridge provides final purification step to remove moisture
- Cascading flow control allows multiple units to be connected for larger capacity flows (option)
- Cable interface permits remote computer monitoring of all functions (option)

Model	Description
PGH2 100	100 ml/min
PGH2 160	160 ml/min
PGH2 250	250 ml/min
PGH2 500	500 ml/min
PGH2 100-RC	100 ml/min
PGH2 160-RC	160 ml/min
PGH2 250-RC	250 ml/min
PGH2 500-RC	500 ml/min
PGH2 250-CF	250 ml/min
PGH2 500-CF	500 ml/min

#### **Optional Features**

PGH2-PCI-CC	With PC interface and control cable
PGH2-EXT-RC	With handheld external remote control unit
PGH2-H2O-RF	With automatic water refilling option

#### Maintenance

Deionizer bag, replacement
Desicant cartridge with fittings, replacement
Remote control cable (15-conductors) 10m
Remote control cable (15-conductors) 25m
Remote control cable (15-conductors) 50m

## **Technical Data**

Max H <sub>2</sub> flow rate	0.10; 0.16; 0.25; 0.50 l/min		
Delivery pressure	1–100 psig	10–700 kPa	
H, purity	99.999% (5.0)		
Electrolysis cell	Solid polymer membrane		
Safety	Auto shut-off		
Water	Deionized		
User interface	Set points, system status, user parameter		
Display	LCD display with set points, status, alarms		
Options	<ul> <li>I/O board containing:</li> <li>RS232C bi-directional/2 ports RS485</li> <li>Cascading up to 32 units</li> <li>Potential free relay contacts</li> <li>Software for PC-control capability (requires I/O board)</li> </ul>		
Dimensions (WxDxH) Weights	22 x 33 x 40 cm	8.7 x 13 x15.6"	
PGH2 100/160/250 PGH2 500	16.5 kg 18 kg	36 lbs 40 lbs	
Certification	_	_	







## Hydrogen No-Maintenance Series

#### Description

The HiQ<sup>®</sup> hydrogen generator is a no-maintenance device with innovative membrane-technology. Its advanced dual-column drying system automatically removes residual moisture from the hydrogen produced. The column materials are also regenerated automatically, and in the final purification not even a desiccant cartridge is needed.

For the electrolytic dissociation process, the HiQ<sup>®</sup> hydrogen generator requires no caustic chemical solutions. Instead, it uses harmless deionized water to produce a reliable, continuous output of 6.0 hydrogen (>99.9999% pure). System operating status and diagnostic data appear on a user-friendly digital display. In case of an internal error, the unit is put on standby by an auto-shut-off procedure. Selectable, multiple alarms alert to unwanted shifts in operating conditions such as low water level, poor water quality, low pressure (leak) and power supply conditions.

Hydrogen flow and water quality are monitored by continuous LCD indication. The gas delivery pressure is indicated by LCD and can be adjusted manually via a membrane control pad. A cable interface permits remote computer monitoring of all functions.

Model	Description	
NMH2 100	100 ml/min	
NMH2 160	160 ml/min	
NMH2 250	250 ml/min	
NMH2 500	500 ml/min	
NMH2 100-RC	100 ml/min	
NMH2 160-RC	160 ml/min	
NMH2 250-RC	250 ml/min	
NMH2 500-RC	500 ml/min	
NMH2 250-CF	250 ml/min	
NMH2 500-CF	500 ml/min	

#### **Optional Features**

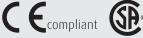
NMH2-PCI-CC	With PC interface and control cable
NMH2-EXT-RC	With handheld external remote control unit
NMH2-H2O-RF	With automatic water refilling option

#### Maintenance

NMH2-DI-Bag	Deionizer bag, replacement
NMH2-RCC-10	Remote control cable (15-conductors) 10m
NMH2-RCC-10	Remote control cable (15-conductors) 25m
NMH2-RCC-10	Remote control cable (15-conductors) 50m

## **Technical Data**

Max H <sub>2</sub> flow rate Delivery pressure H <sub>2</sub> purity Electrolysis cell Safety	0.10; 0.16; 0.25 1–155 psig >99.9999% (>6.0) Solid polymer memi Auto shut-off and lo volume (< 40ml)	10–1,050 kPa brane	
Auto-drying system Water	No maintenance of drying cartridges (exclusive system) Deionized or distilled		
User interface	Set points, system status, user parameter		
Display	LCD display 128 x 64 pixels, set points, status, alarms		
Options	<ul> <li>I/O board containing:</li> <li>RS232C bi-directional/2 ports RS485</li> <li>Cascading up to 32 units</li> <li>Potential free relay contacts</li> <li>Software for PC-control capability (requires I/O board)</li> </ul>		
Dimensions (WxDxH) Woights	23 x 35 x 43 cm	9 x 14 x 17"	
Weights NMH2 100/160/250 NMH2 500	17 kg 18 kg	37.5 lbs 40 lbs	
Certification		<b>A</b>	





## HiQ<sup>®</sup> Specialty Gas Generators

## **BORA Mini Nitrogen Series**

#### Description

Delivering a continuous stream of pure nitrogen gas with low residual oxygen content, the BORA mini series is ideal for operation as nitrogen gas supply for all kinds of laboratory and chromatography applications. BORA mini nitrogen gas generators include an integral oil-free air compressor as standard equipment.

The BORA mini nitrogen gas generator uses the pressure swing adsorption (PSA) system, used in thousands of systems worldwide to remove oxygen, carbon dioxide and water from compressed air. The resulting stream of high purity nitrogen gas is ideal for applications including GC carrier, make-up gas, generally for all low flow applications.

The BORA mini series of nitrogen gas generators are incredibly miniaturized and very silent. Ideal for placement under or on a lab bench, the BORA series is the smallest sized high purity nitrogen generator available worldwide.

#### Advantages

- Nitrogen produced at low pressure and ambient temperature removes the need for high pressure cylinders or liquid dewars
- A constant, uninterrupted gas supply of guaranteed purity eliminates interruptions of analyses to change cylinders and reduces the amount of instrument re-calibrations required
- 99.999%+ (99.99%+ for model B-PSA-1300) pure nitrogen gas produced as standard. No need for costly downstream secondary filtration
- Integral oil-free air compressor guarantees continuous gas supply, independent of inhouse compressed air supply
- BORA mini gas generators are easily installed in the laboratory

Model	Description
B-PSA-500	BORA PSA mini, 500 ml/min, 230V
B-PSA-750	BORA PSA mini, 750 ml/min, 230V
B-PSA-1300	BORA PSA mini, 1300 ml/min, 230V
B-PSA-500/110	BORA PSA mini, 500 ml/min, 110V
B-PSA-750/110	BORA PSA mini, 750 ml/min, 110V
B-PSA-1300/110	BORA PSA mini, 1300 ml/min, 110V

#### Maintenance

B-PSA-AK-500	Annual maintenance kit/500 ml/min
B-PSA-AK-750	Annual maintenance kit/750 ml/min
B-PSA-AK-1300	Annual maintenance kit/1300 ml/min
B-PSA-4000K-500	4000 h filters kit/500 ml/min
B-PSA-4000K-750	4000 h filters kit/750 ml/min
B-PSA-4000K-1300	4000 h filters kit/1300 ml/min
B-PSA-24000K	24000 h maintenance kit

## **Technical Data**

Max. N <sub>2</sub> flow rate (at 20°C, 1 bar)	B-PSA-500 B-PSA-750 B-PSA-1300	500 ml/min 750 ml/min 1300 ml/min
Delivery pressure	58 psig	400 kPa
N <sub>2</sub> purity	B-PSA-500/750 B-PSA-1300	≥99.999% ≥99.995%
Oxygen content	B-PSA-500/750 B-PSA-1300	<10 ppm <50 ppm
Temperature range	10-40°C	50-104°F
Noise level	<50dB(A)	
Power	230V/50Hz; 110V/60Hz	
<b>Dimensions</b> (WxDxH)	35 x 40 x 30 cm	13.8 x 15.7 x 11.8"
Weight	18 kg	40 lbs

Certification



## Nitrogen SIROCCO DS-PSA Series

#### Description

The SIROCCO high purity nitrogen gas generators use the DS-PSA technique. Including integral oil-free air compressors as standard, the generators deliver a continuous stream of 99.999%+ pure nitrogen gas with a minimal residual oxygen content without the need for secondary purification. Version 3A includes a separate and independent compressed instrument air system. The SIROCCO series of nitrogen gas generators is ideal for operation as nitrogen gas supply for all kinds of laboratory and chromatography applications.

SIROCCO DS-PSA nitrogen gas generators use a patented DUAL STEP pressure swing adsorption (DS-PSA) system. Pressure swing adsorption is well known and the DUAL STEP system is a new innovation which is a much more economical and much more efficient technique compared with the traditional standard PSA technique. The DS-PSA system removes oxygen, carbon dioxide and water from compressed air. The resulting stream of high purity nitrogen gas (99.999%) is ideal for laboratory applications including GC carrier gas, make-up gas, and many other applications like ICP etc. Version DS-PSA-N2-3A also produces a 3 l/min flow at a pressure of 73 psi of clean air for other use. The compressed air system includes a filtration and drying system and is completely separated from the N<sub>2</sub> part of the generator.

#### Advantages

- Nitrogen produced at low pressure and ambient temperature removes the need for high pressure cylinders or liquid dewars
- A constant, uninterrupted gas supply of guaranteed purity eliminates interruptions of analyses to change cylinders and reduces the amount of instrument re-calibrations required
- Up to 99.999%+ pure nitrogen gas produced as standard. No need for costly downstream secondary filtration
- Integral oil-free air compressor guarantees continuous gas supply, independent of inhouse compressed air supply
- The gas generators can easily be installed in the laboratory

Model	Description
DS-PSA-N2-3	SIROCCO DS-PSA, 3 I/min, 230V
DS-PSA-N2-3A	SIROCCO DS-PSA, 3 l/min, air, 230V
DS-PSA-N2-5	SIROCCO DS-PSA, 5 l/min, 230V
DS-PSA-N2-3/110	SIROCCO DS-PSA, 3 I/min, 110V
DS-PSA-N2-3A/110	SIROCCO DS-PSA, 3 l/min, air, 110V
DS-PSA-N2-5/110	SIROCCO DS-PSA, 5 I/min, 110V

#### Maintenance

DS-PSA-AK	Annual maintenance kit
DS-PSA-4000K	4000 hours maintenance kit

## **Technical Data**

DS-PSA-3 DS-PSA-5	3 l/min 5 l/min
73 psig	500 kPa
≥99.999%	
<10 ppm	
IP2x (acc. IEC 60529, rev 2.1)	
10°-40°C	50°-104°F
<60dB(A)	
Microprocessor controlled graphic display, 128 x 64 pixels	
230V/50Hz 110V/60Hz	
820W	
48 x 83.5 x 64 cm	19 x 33 x 25.2"
110 kg	243 lbs
	DS-PSA-5 73 psig ≥99.999% <10 ppm IP2x (acc. IEC 6052 10°-40°C <60dB(A) Microprocessor co display, 128 x 64 p 230V/50Hz 110V/60Hz 820W 48 x 83.5 x 64 cm



## HiQ<sup>®</sup> Specialty Gas Generators

## LC/MS 0 Nitrogen Generator Series

#### Description

The HiQ<sup>®</sup> LC/MS 0 series laboratory nitrogen generator is designed to deliver larger capacity flow rates required for LC/MS instrument operation. The LC/MS 0 generator comes without a compressor, and is intended for use where compressed air is available from an external source. No electrical installation is required. The system is built around an integral membrane and can deliver flow rates from 0 to 25 or 0 to 60 l/min with purities ranging from 98% to 99%. The feed pressure must be within the range of 100–155 psig (690–1,030 kPa). For best results the air feed temperature should be 20–25°C (68°–77°F).

The generator is supplied in a wall mounting cabinet.

Model	Description
LCMS-N2-0-25	LC/MS N <sub>2</sub> generator excl. compressor, 25 l/min
LCMS-N2-0-60	$LC/MS N_2$ generator excl. compressor, 60 l/min

#### Maintenance

LCMS-0-25-AK	Annual filter kit for LCMS-N2-0-25
LCMS-0-60-AK	Annual filter kit for LCMS-N2-0-60

## **Technical Data**

Max. N <sub>2</sub> flow rate (at 20°C)	25 I/min or 60 I/min		
Delivery pressure	Inlet pressure minus 15 psi (-100 kPa)		
N <sub>2</sub> purity	98–99% (adjustable)		
Compressed air feed pressure	100–155 psig	690–1,030 kPa	
Temperature range	10°-40°C	50°-104°F	
Residual oil content	t $\leq 0.01 \text{ mg/m}^3$		
Pressure dew point	≤ 3°C ≤ 37°F		
Connections Outlet Inlet	1/4" FNPT 1/4" FNPT		
Noise level	< 45dB(A)		
<b>Dimensions</b> (WxDxH)	28 x 19 x 81 cm	11 x 7.5 x 31.9"	
Weight	22 kg	49 lbs	



## LC/MS 4 Nitrogen Generator Series

#### Description

The HiQ<sup>®</sup> LC/MS 4 laboratory nitrogen generator is specifically designed to deliver larger capacity flow rates required for LC/MS 4 instrument operation. The generator is a stand-alone unit that makes pure nitrogen out of ambient air. The system is built around an integral membrane system and oil-free direct drive compressors that deliver a continuous stream of pure, dry nitrogen. The system can deliver flow rates from 1 to 30 l/m, with purities ranging from 96% to 99.9%. For optimal floor mobility, the units are equipped with self-locking caster wheels.

The built-in air compressor (stage 1) compresses the air up to 45 psi. The first membrane tube removes the moisture and most of the oxygen together with other gases like  $CO_2$ , etc. The permeate from the first membrane tube is released back into the atmosphere. The precleaned air then passes on to the 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> membrane tube where nitrogen with a purity higher than 98% is separated. The permeate from membrane tubes 2 and 3, which is moisture-free and reduced in oxygen content, is collected and recycled back to the inlet of the low-pressure pump.

The pure nitrogen collected after tube 3 is then boosted by a second compressor (stage 2) from 45–120 psig (3,000–8,500 kPa), which is the outlet pressure specification.

#### Advantages

- Flow control valve allows variable flow rates and nitrogen purity levels
- Pressure indication provided for nitrogen supply outlet
- Integral oxygen sensor monitors purity
- Standard integral oil-free direct drive air compressor for turnkey operation
- Self-locking caster wheels provide mobility for installation

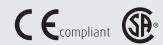
Model	Description	
LCMS-N2-4	LC/MS nitrogen generator with compressors	
Maintenance/Spare Parts		

LCMS-4-AK	Annual maintenance kit for LC/MS 5536 nitrogen	
	generator with compressors	
LCMS-4-02S	Oxygen sensor for 5537 generator with compressors LC/MS nitrogen	

## **Technical Data**

Max. N <sub>2</sub> flow rate Delivery pressure N <sub>2</sub> purity Air quality	15 to 28 l/m (adjustable) 120 psig 860 kPa 98–99% (adjustable) Normal, clean ambient air, relative humidity < 90%	
Temperature range	10°-35°C	50°-95°F
Connections		
Outlet	1/4" FNPT	
Inlet	1/4" FNPT	
Noise level	< 58dB(A)	
Flow capacity	10-30 l/m	
Power consumption	900W	
Dimensions (WxDxH)	31 x 90 x 70 cm	12.2 x 35.4 x 27.6"
Weight	93 kg	204 lbs

Certification





## PUR-Gas<sup>™</sup> In-Line Purifier Systems

### **Model PUR-IL Series**

#### PUR-Gas<sup>™</sup> In-Line Purifiers

#### Description

The PUR-Gas<sup>™</sup> Purifier product line has been expanded to offer a range of high-performance gas purification products in the traditional "In-Line" (trap) design that is commonly utilized for point-of-use purification within the laboratory environment. The "In-Line" purifier configuration allows the purifier to be installed easily into your gas delivery lines\* or mounted on the wall with mounting clips if bench-top space is limited. The unique "End Connectors" allow you to remove the spent purifier without tools and install a replacement in just seconds. During replacement of the purifiers, check valves within the "End Connectors" automatically seal the gas delivery lines to the atmosphere, eliminating diffusion of potential contaminants into the gas stream and maintaining existing gas purity. The PUR-Gas™ "In-Line" Purifiers provide superior contaminant removal to produce 99.9999% purity. \*most purifier positions require no additional support

#### Applications

- Point-of-use purification of all gases utilized with the operation of an FID equipped GC.
- Ideal for purification of carrier gases used with GC/MS, ECD, PID and NPD detectors.
- Removal of hydrocarbons and moisture from FID fuel gases.
- Purification of Nitrogen for LC/MS instruments.

#### Purifier Cartridge Capacity

## **Technical Data**

Operating	150 psig	1,030 kPa
Pressure	maximum	maximum
Maximum Flow	Stainless Steel (std a	all models) or Glass
Rate	w/Polycarbonate Ca	
	model only)	
Dimensions	3.2 cm x 20 cm	
Standard Models	1.26" x 7.9" (w/o End	d Connectors)
(DxL)	3.2 cm x 25.4 cm	
	1.26" x 10" (with En	d Connectors)
End Connectors	1/8" compression, Bras	s or Stainless Steel
	1/4" compression, Bras	s or Stainless Steel
Weight (Standard Models)	1.2 kg	2.65 lbs

#### Design Features/Components

- End Connectors eliminate "tools" typically required to install purifier replacements.
- Replacement purifiers can be installed within seconds, minimizing instrument downtime.
- Check valves integral to "End Connectors" prevent introduction of contaminants into gas delivery lines.
- Removal of hydrocarbons, oxygen and moisture can be performed within a single purifier filter.
- Visual "End Point" Indicator available for Moisture and Oxygen breakthrough optimizes purifier performance and signals time for replacement.

PUR-Gas™ In-Line Model	Gas Purity Outlet	Carrier Gas	Visual Indicator	H <sub>2</sub> 0 Capacity (g)	0 <sub>2</sub> Capacity (ml)	Hydrogen Capacity (g)	Estimated Life Span
Moisture Trap	> 6.0	He H <sub>2</sub>	No	21	N.a.		>2 years
Oxygen Trap	> 6.0	Не	No	N.a.	3,000		>2 years
Hydrocarbon Trap	> 6.0	He H <sub>2</sub> Air	No	n.a.	n.a.	36 (as n-butane)	>2 years
Triple Indicating Trap (moisture + Oxygen + hydrocarbons)	> 6.0	Не	No	3	400	5 (as n-butane)	>2 years
Combi Trap (moisture + Oxygen + hydrocarbons)	> 6.0	He H <sub>2</sub> Air	No	10	N.a.	18 (as n-butane)	>2 years
Triple Trap (moisture + Oxygen + hydrocarbons)	> 6.0	Не	No	6	1,000	12 (as n-butane)	>2 years

#### Ordering Information

#### Standard In-line "Trap" Models

Model	Description
PUR-IL-MT1	PUR-Gas™ In-Line Moisture (H₂O) Trap
PUR-IL-OT1	PUR-Gas™ In-Line Oxygen (O₂) Trap
PUR-IL-HT1	PUR-Gas™ In-Line Hydrocarbon (HC) Trap
PUR-IL-OMT1	PUR-Gas™ In-Line Combi Oxygen/Moisture Trap
PUR-IL-TRT1	PUR-Gas™ In-Line Triple Oxygen/Moisture/HC Trap
PUR-IL-ITRT1	PUR-Gas™ "Breakthrough" In-Line (He filled) Triple Oxygen/Moisture/HC Indicator*
PUR-IL-TRT2	PUR-Gas™ In-Line Triple Oxygen/Moisture/HC Trap (He filled)

\* "Indicating" Traps provide visual indication for determining the optimum time for replacement and maximizing operating effectiveness. (a) The housing for the "Indicating" In-Line Triple Trap is made from glass encased with a polycarbonate coating; all other in-line trap housings are stainless steel material and are "Non-Indicating." (b) The term "He filled" applies to those specific traps that have been purged and filled internally with helium gas; all remaining trap models are filled with argon gas and should be purged after installation.

#### "End-to-End" Tube Connectors (One set required for each In-Line Purifier purchased)

Model	Description
PUR-IL-CBR2	1/8" Brass in-line connector (set of two)
PUR-IL-CBR4	1/4" Brass in-line connector (set of two)
PUR-IL-CSS2	1/8" Stainless steel in-line connector (set of two)
PUR-IL-CSS4	1/4" Stainless steel in-line connector (set of two)
PUR-IL-DTCSS4	1/4" Stainless steel series in-line connector (quantity, one)**
**The "SERIES" In-L	ine Connector is a single connector ONLY used for connecting two or more traps in a direct end-to-end series installation

""The "SERIES" In-Line Connector is a single connector UNLY used for connecting two or more traps in a direct end-to-end series installation arrangement where it is desired to have gas flow from one trap immediately (sequentially) into a second (or even third) trap connected in "Series" with the first trap.

#### **Optional and Replacement Parts**

Model	Description
PUR-IL-WMC4	Wall-Mount Clamp Set (for Standard Models)
PUR-IL-ORS10	Spare O-Ring Set for In-Line Connectors (package of 10)

Product Application Recommendations:

1. End-to-end connectors are primarily intended for use with stainless steel and brass tubing; connections to plastic tubing can be made; however, it is recommended that a metal insert be utilized at each inlet/outlet connection point where plastic tubing connections are required.

2. The proper installation orientation for all purifiers is in the "vertical" position.

3. Mounting screws for Wall-Mount Clamps are not included.

## PUR-Gas<sup>™</sup> Cartridge Purifier Systems

### **Model PUR Series**

#### PUR-Gas<sup>™</sup> Cartridge Purifiers

#### Description

Point-of-use, high-performance gas purifier system designed to provide superior contaminant reduction and utilizes removable purifier cartridges to produce 99.9999% purity. The basic system consists of a purifier cartridge installed on a compatible baseplate. The purifiers can be installed and replaced without interrupting the operating and analytical performance of the system. The metal and glass construction of the purifier cartridges eliminates diffusion of potential contaminants into the gas stream. During replacement of the purifier cartridges, check valves automatically close off the system to the atmosphere, further minimizing the introduction of contaminants.

#### **Applications**

- Point-of-use purification of all gases utilized with the operation of an FID equipped GC.
- Ideal for purification of carrier gases used with GC/MS, ECD, PID and NPD detectors.
- Removal of hydrocarbons and moisture from FID fuel gases.
- Purification of Nitrogen for LC/MS instruments.

#### Design Features/Components

Purifier Cartridge Capacity

- Easy installation enables "no tools required" purifier changeout.
- Multiple purifier baseplates allow customization of the system for specific applications.
- Replacement purifiers can be installed within seconds, minimizing instrument downtime.
- Check valves in baseplate design prevent diffusion of contaminants
- Removal of hydrocarbons, oxygen and moisture can be performed with a single filter.
- Visual indicator on Moisture and Oxygen cartridges signals changeout to maintain uninterrupted service.

## **Technical Data**

Operating Pressure Maximum Flow Rate		150 psig 1,030 kPa maximum maximum GCMS Systems: 3 L/min LCMS Systems: 20 L/min		
Dimensions	& Weight (L x	N х H)		
One positio	n baseplate	8 cm x 9 cm x 3 cm (0.75 kg) 3.125" x 3.56" x 1.12" (1.65 lbs)		
Two positio	n baseplate	8 cm x 20 cm x 3 cm (1.5 kg) 3.125" x 7.87" x 1.12" (3.4 lbs)		
Three position baseplate		8 cm x 30 cm x 3 cm (2.3 kg) 3.125" x 11.81" x 1.12" (5 lbs)		
Purifier Cartridge (new)		3.8 cm x 25.4 cm (0.3 kg) 1.5" dia. x 10" H (0.60 lbs)		
Purifier Cartridge Capacity		(see table below)		
Materials o	of Constructio Baseplate	n Purifier Cartridge		
Body	Aluminum (Anodized)	Internal Structure: Borosilicate Glass External Housing: Polycarbonate Sleeve		

1/8" Brass	-
Compression (Standard)	
1/4" Brass, 1/8" or 1/4"	
SS (Optional)	
Chrome Plated	-
Aluminum	
Viton	-
	Compression (Standard) 1/4" Brass, 1/8" or 1/4" SS (Optional) Chrome Plated Aluminum

<b>_</b>		
Type of Purifier	Outlet Gas Quality	Usable Fo

Tupo of Dusifios	Outlet Gas Quality	Usable For	Usable For Indicator	Capacity		
Type of Purifier			Colour Change	H <sub>2</sub> 0 (gr)	0 <sub>2</sub> (ml)	Hydrocarbons
Moisture	> 6.0	Inert Carrier Gas, air, hydrogen	Brown to white	7.2	-	-
Oxygen	>6.0	Inert Carrier Gas	Green to grey	-	1,000	-
Hydrocarbon	>6.0	Inert Carrier Gas, air, hydrogen	No indicator	-	_	Not specified
Combi (moisture/ hydrocarbon)	>6.0	Inert Carrier Gas, air, hydrogen	Brown to white	3.6	_	Not specified
Triple (moisture/ oxygen/hydrocarbon)	>6.0	Inert Carrier Gas	Brown to white Green to grey	1.8	500	Not specified

The PUR-Gas<sup>™</sup> Cartridge Purifier Systems are available in several baseplate configurations to address a wide variety of analytical applications. The baseplates can be permanently mounted to lab bench surfaces and are available in 1, 2 or 3 purifier positions, allowing the enduser to custom design a gas purifier system for a specific application; or provide the same purifier in a multiple system arrangement to prevent uninterrupted service and changeout convenience.

#### Ordering Information

### Analytical Instrument Gas Purification Systems (Cartridge(s) and Baseplate)

Model	Description	Baseplate Type	Application
PUR-0229	GC/MS Carrier Gas Purification System (includes one position baseplate with 1/8" brass fittings and one triple purifier cartridge for carrier gas)	One position	Standard one position system for purifying the carrier gas used in GC/MS, ECD and NPD detectors
PUR-0223	Same as above with 1/4" Brass fittings		
PUR-0237	Same as above with 1/8" stainless steel fittings		
PUR-0241	Same as above with 1/4" stainless steel fittings		
PUR-0230	GC/MS FID Fuel Gas Purification System includes two-position baseplate, with 1/8" brass fittings and two combi purifiers for both hydrogen and zero air gases)	Two position	Standard two-position system for purifying both hydrogen and zero air fuel gases used in an FID operated GC
PUR-0234	Same as above with 1/4" brass fittings		
PUR-0238	Same as above with 1/8" stainless steel fittings		
PUR-0242	Same as above with 1/4" stainless steel fittings		
PUR-0231	GC/MS FID Gas Purification System (includes a three position base- plate; with 1/8" brass fittings, one triple purifier cartridge for carrier gas and two combi purifiers for both hydrogen and zero air gases)	Three position	Standard three position system
PUR-0235	Same as above with 1/4" brass fittings		
PUR-0239	Same as above with 1/8" stainless steel fittings		
PUR-0243	Same as above with 1/4" stainless steel fittings		
PUR-0232	LC/MS Gas Purification System includes two position baseplate, with 1/4" brass fittings and two charcoal purifiers for nitrogen gas	Two position	Unique two position system for purifying the nitrogen gas utilized in LC/MS instruments
PUR-0244	Same as above with 1/4" SS fittings		

## PUR-Gas<sup>™</sup> Purifier Systems

## Model CTG and BAS Series

### Replacement Purifier Cartridges and Baseplates

### Ordering Information

Model	Description
CTG-0050	Moisture cartridge
CTG-0051	Oxygen cartridge
CTG-0052	Hydrocarbon cartridge
CTG-0053	Triple cartridge ( $O_2 / H_2 O / HC$ )
CTG-0054	Combi cartridge ( $\tilde{H}_{2}O / HC$ )
CTG-0055	LC/MS charcoal cartridge set (2)
CTG-0056	Moisture two pack bundle
CTG-0057	Oxygen two pack bundle
CTG-0058	Hydrocarbon two pack bundle
CTG-0059	Triple two-pack bundle
CTG-0060	Combi two-pack bundle
CTG-0061	GC/MS total gas purifier bundle; 1-triple + 2-combi cartridges
CTG-0062	Triple filter (helium packed)
CTG-0063	Triple filter (helium packed), 2 pack bundle
BAS-0014	1-Position standard baseplate with 1/8" brass fittings
BAS-0015	2-Position standard baseplate with 1/8" brass fittings
BAS-0016	3-Position standard baseplate with 1/8" brass fittings
BAS-0017	2-Position LC/MS baseplate with 1/4" brass fittings
BAS-0018	1-Position standard baseplate with 1/4" brass fittings
BAS-0019	2-Position standard baseplate with 1/4" brass fittings
BAS-0020	3-Position standard baseplate with 1/4" brass fittings
BAS-0022	1-Position standard baseplate with 1/8" SS fittings
BAS-0023	2-Position standard baseplate with 1/8" SS fittings
BAS-0024	3-Position standard baseplate with 1/8" SS fittings
BAS-0026	1-Position standard baseplate with 1/4" SS fittings
BAS-0027	2-Position standard baseplate with 1/4" SS fittings
BAS-0028	3-Position standard baseplate with 1/4" SS fittings
BAS-0029	2-Position LC/MS baseplate with 1/4" SS fittings

### Options

Model	Description
CON-0577	O-ring replacement set
CON-0578	Wall-mount bracket fixture



#### In-Line Purifier Selection and Application Configurations

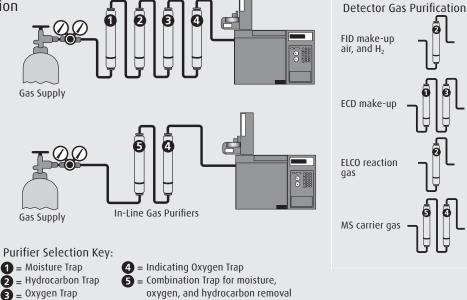
(refer to Selection Chart & Application Diagram below) A clean gas delivered to your analytical instrument supports the ability to produce consistent and reliable results. This also helps to lengthen column life and minimize background detector "noise." Selecting the proper in-line purifiers for your gas application ensures protecting your analytical instruments from exposure to harmful contaminants, which can negatively affect the accuracy of the data and create operating problems. Purifier capacity is a measure of the amount of contaminant a purifier will remove prior to reaching its saturation point; which depends on the adsorbent's performance and volume within the purifier. Ideally, purifiers need to be replaced before they become fully saturated. Purifier replacements are made by either replacing them at predetermined time intervals or by some form of visual indication if the purifier has this feature.

All gas purifiers should be installed in the "vertical" position to optimize contaminant removal and prevent channeling. "Channeling" occurs when a purifier is installed in the horizontal position and there is potential for the adsorbent material to settle within the purifier housing and the gas stream then tends to pass over the adsorbent material rather than through it; thus lowering the contaminant removal efficiency of the purifier.



Analytical Instrument/ System	Type Detector	Gas Stream	Recommended PUR-Gas™ Purifier
Capillary Column GC	ALL	Carrier Gas	Triple; moisture, oxygen and hydrocarbon
	FID	Make-Up	Hydrocarbon
	FID	Air	Moisture and hydrocarbon
	FID	Hydrogen	Moisture and hydrocarbon
	ECD	Make-Up	Triple; moisture, oxygen and hydrocarbon
	ELCD	Reaction Gas	Hydrocarbon
Packed Column GC	ALL	Carrier Gas	Triple; moisture, oxygen and hydrocarbon

## Application Diagram Carrier and FID Gas Purification



## Gas Purifiers

## Model 450B

#### High Pressure Gas Purifier

#### Description

The Model 450B replaceable cartridge gas purifier is useful in many laboratory and industrial applications where the introduction of oil and/or water can result in poor performance or equipment shutdown. It is not uncommon to find varying levels of these impurities in some industrial gases and occasionally even in specialty carrier gases. The small daily operating costs are easily justified by the prevention of a system shutdown and the subsequent cleaning and/or repair costs.

The units are especially useful in GC carrier gas lines to ensure that undesirable moisture does not enter the instrument. Water can contribute to inaccurate results and the rapid deterioration of expensive chromatography column separation phases. The model 8010-purifier shell must be used in conjunction with specially designed replaceable cartridges.

Models 451, 452, or 453 are filled with various adsorbents. Model 454 contains a 5 micron sintered bronze filter element. These cartridges are shipped in hermetically sealed cans with convenient pull-tab tops for easy opening. This improved packaging ensures full retention of capacity in storage until the time of use

#### Materials of Construction

Shell bodyAnodized aluminumShell headNickel plated brassO-ring sealBuna-NCartridges451 Molecular Sieve 13x452 Molecular Sieve 4A453 Activated Charcoal454 Sintered Bronze

#### Specifications

Max. Operating Pressure 3,000 psig (20,700 kPa)		
	500 psig (3,440 kPa) for oxygen	
Operating Temperature	-40°-73.9°C (-40°-+165°F)	
Inlet and Outlet Ports	1/4" FNPT	
Dimensions (DxL)	5 cm x 14.6 cm (2" x 5.75")	
Weight with Cartridge	0.68 kg (1.5 lbs)	
Dew Point Achievable	-73°C (-100°F)	

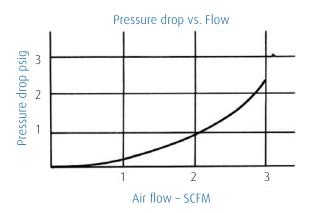


#### Ordering Information

Model	Description	Absorption Capacity	General Application
450B	Purifier Shell Only		
451	Molecular Sieve 13x	6.5 g water	Removal of oil & water
452	Molecular Sieve 4A	7.2 g water	Removal of water
453 <sup>†</sup>	Activated Charcoal Warning: Do not use with oxygen concentrations in excess of 21%)		Removal of heavy hydrocarbons acetone level control in acetylene used for atomic absorption
454§	5 micron sintered bronze element		Particulate removal

<sup>†</sup> Not for use with acetylene

§ For acetone control in acetylene



## Model 460

#### High Capacity Gas Purifier

#### Description

The Model 460 replaceable cartridge gas purifier is similar to the Model 450B but is designed for higher capacities and a lower working pressure. The Model 460 is constructed of an aluminum shell that accepts a large capacity cartridge. This shell may be permanently mounted when installed in the gas line and can be serviced without disturbing the line connections. Spring pressure holds the replaceable cartridge tightly against the bottom gasket to prevent the gas to be purified from bypassing the cartridge. The side inlet is located at the bottom of the unit oriented 90° from the outlet located at the top of the unit.

The model 460-purifier shell must be used in conjunction with specially designed replaceable cartridges (Model 461, 462, or 463) filled with various adsorbents. These are described below. These cartridges are shipped in hermetically sealed cans with convenient pull-tab ends for easy opening. This improved packaging ensures full retention of capacity in storage until the time of use.

#### Materials of Construction

Shell body	Anodized aluminum
Strainer Assembly	Monel <sup>®</sup> and brass
Gaskets	Neoprene
Cartridges	461 Molecular Sieve 13x
Ū	462 Molecular Sieve 4A
	463 Activated Charcoal

#### Specifications

Max. Operating Pressure	350 psig (2,400 kPa)
Operating Temperature	-40°-93.3°C (-40°-+200°F)
Inlet and Outlet Ports	1/4" MNPT
Dimensions (DxL)	12 cm x 39.7 cm (4.75" x 15.6")
Weight with Cartridge	6.5 kg (14.3 lbs)
Dew Point Achievable	-73°C (-100°F)

Model	Description	Absorption Capacity	General Application
460	Purifier Shell Only		
461	Molecular Sieve 13X	126 g water	Removal of oil & water
462	Molecular Sieve 4A	134 g water	Removal of water
463	Activated Charcoal (Warning: Do not use with oxygen concentrations in excess of 21%)		Removal of heavy Hydrocarbons acetone level control in acetylene used for Atomic absorption



Pressure drop vs. Flow

## Oxygen Traps

### Model C6200 Series

#### Oxygen Removing Purifier for Hydrogen

#### Description

This unit is a step above other indicating oxygen traps. The unit comes to you completely assembled and ready for installation. It is ideal for use in-line directly after our C6300 series oxygen removing trap to determine when to replace the larger unit. Used in this way the C6200 unit will last a considerable time if it is monitored regularly. A centimetre scale on the tube helps you to monitor the condition of the reactants.

The C6200 Series actually removes oxygen rather than convert it to another form of contamination. Oxygen reacts with the activated bed material to form manganese oxide that has a deep brown colour providing a dramatic and progressive colour change. The presence of moisture does not affect the oxygen removing capacity of the unit.

#### Design Features/Components

- Reduces oxygen to less than 15 ppb
- Reactive materials are contained in a glass tube protected by a clear plastic outer tube. The reactive materials are only in contact with glass and metal
- Centimeter scale on reaction tube helps to monitor activity.
- The expended reactant material is non-hazardous, nontoxic, non-flammable, and non-reactive
- Mounting clip available for convenient installation.

•	Oxygen removing capacity:	C6200 30mg
		C6250 150mg
•	Operating pressure:	100 psig (690 kPa)
·	Dimensions:	C6200 2.9 x 24.1 cm (1.13" x 9.5")
	(Ø x L)	C6250 3.8 x 26.0 cm (1.5" x 10.25")

#### Ordering Information

Model	Connections
C6200-2*	1/8" compression
C6200-4*	1/4" compression
C6250-2*	1/8" compression
C6250-4*	1/4" compression
C6200C	Mounting clip for C6200
C8012C	Mounting clip for C6250

\*Available with stainless steel compression fittings – add "SS" to part number

## Model C6300 Series

#### Oxygen Traps

#### Description

These C6300 series oxygen traps contain a highly active, metalcontaining, inert supported reagent filled into a one piece aluminum container. The trap is capable of reducing the oxygen content of a gas stream down to 99.99998% of its original concentration. Each unit is filled under a heated flow of ultra high purity helium to eliminate the need for extensive purging prior to GC or GC/MS operation.

The Series C6300 units are ideal for use with hydrogen and inert carrier gases commonly used with TC and FID gas chromatographs as well as argon-methane mixtures used with electron capture gas chromatographs. The all-metal housing virtually eliminates contamination and resultant signal noise that often occur with traps constructed of other materials. These units can also be used to treat carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, alkanes, alkenes, aliphatic hydrocarbon gases and low boiling point aromatics, like benzene and toluene.

#### Design Features/Components

- Reduces oxygen levels to less than 15ppb
- Scrubbing agent sphere size optimized to achieve maximum surface area and capacity to provide twice the surface area and capacity of "look-alike" units
- Filter design and aspect ratio prevents channeling and promotes even flow and efficient scrubbing
- Inlet and outlet fitted with 40 micron stainless steel frits
- All metal construction
- Bed material treated with ultra high purity helium
- Operating pressure: 250 psig (1,720 kPa)
- Oxygen removal capacity: C6300 630 mg
- C6350 2300 mg

   Dimensions:
   C6300 3.2 x 28.6 cm (1.25" x 11.25")

   (Ø x L)
   C6350 6.0 x 43.2 cm (2.4" x 17")

Model	Connections
C6300-2*	1/8" compression
C6300-4*	1/4" compression
C6350-8*	1/2" compression
C6200C	Mounting clip for C6300
C8050C	Mounting clip for C6350





# CO<sub>2</sub> Traps and Indicating Moisture Traps

### Model C6400 Series

#### Carbon Dioxide Traps

#### Description

The C6400 Series carbon dioxide trap is designed to remove CO<sub>2</sub> gas from air, argon, helium, hydrogen, or nitrogen. The trap body is constructed of borosilicate glass with nickel plated end fittings with stainless steel sintered frits.\* The absorption media is a formulation of sodium hydroxide and calcium hydroxide with an high absorptive capacity and indicating properties. Typically, this material will absorb 15–20% of its weight in carbon dioxide before the material is saturated and needs to be replaced.

Replacement is indicated when the normally white colour of the material turns violet. If moisture is detrimental to your system, a moisture trap should be installed down stream from this unit to adsorb water evolved from the absorption of the carbon dioxide.

#### Design Features/Components

- Removes carbon dioxide to less than 0.5 ppm
- Inlet and outlet fitted with 40 micron stainless steel frits
- Reaction with carbon dioxide indicted by colour change from white to violet.

•	co, removing capacity:	C6410 45 grams CO <sub>2</sub>
	2	$C6425 90  grams CO_{2}^{-}$
•	Dimensions:	C6410 3.8 x 31.8 cm (1.5" x 12.5")
	(Ø x L)	C6425 4.4 x 41.9 cm (1.75" x 16.5")

Gas traps should be mounted in a **vertical position** to ensure proper contact of the gas with the adsorbent. Use model 6400C or 8040C mounting clip with C6400 Series carbon dioxide trap.

#### Ordering Information

Model	Description	Connections
C6410-2	Carbon dioxide trap – 100 cc	1/8" compression
C6410-4	Carbon dioxide trap – 100 cc	1/4" compression
C8012C	Mounting clip for C65410 trap	
C6425-2	Carbon dioxide trap – 250 cc	1/8" compression
C6425-4	Carbon dioxide trap – 250 cc	1/4" compression
C8040C	Mounting clip for 6425 trap	
* Add suffix	x "SS" to part number for stainless	steel compression

fittings \* 8050 is a non-indicating trap

### Models C8012, C8020, C8040 and C8050 Series

#### Indicating Moisture Traps

#### Description

These units are designed to remove water, oil and organics from gases commonly used as gas chromatography carrier gases. They are constructed from Lexan® polycarbonate tubing with aluminum end caps sealed with Viton® o-rings, except for the C8050 which has a solid aluminum housing and is thus non-indicating. All units are filled with a mixture of molecular sieve 13X and indicating molecular sieve 4A. These are the highest capacity molecular sieves available and the preferred choice for gas drying. The blue indicating sieves turn buff colour at 20% relative humidity.

#### Design Features/Components

- Reduces water to less than 20 ppb
- Mixed spherically shaped 13X and 4A adsorbents provides superior bed packing with less resistance to flow
- Mounting clip available for convenient installation
- Moisture removal capacity: C8012 21.6 g

		C8020 36.0 g
		C8040 72.0 g
		C8050 132 g
•	Dimensions:	C8012-2 or -4 3.8 x 22.9 cm (1.5" x 9.0")
	(Ø x L)	C8020-2 or -4 3.8 x 31.8 cm (1.5" x 12.5")
		C8040-2 or -4 4.5 x 44.5 cm (1.75" x 17.5")
		C8050-8 (2.4" x 17")
•	Operating Pressure:	C8012, 8020, 8040 125 psig (860 kPa)
	- –	C8050 250 psig (1,720 kPa)

Capacity	Connections
120 cc	1/8" compression
120 cc	1/4" compression
200 сс	1/8" compression
200 сс	1/4" compression
400 cc	1/8" compression
400 cc	1/4" compression
735 сс	1/2" compression
	For mounting 8012 and 8020 units
	For mounting 8040 units only
	For mounting 8050 units only
400 cc	Provides enough for three 120 cc, two 200 cc, or one 400 cc refill
1500 cc	Provides enough for two refills
	120 cc 120 cc 200 cc 400 cc 400 cc 735 cc 400 cc



## Indicating Moisture Traps and Hydrocarbon Traps

### Model C8060

### High Capacity Indicating Moisture Trap

#### Description

This trap is similar to the moisture traps on the opposite page but is capable of higher flow capacity and has greatly increased adsorption capacity. They are filled with a mixture of molecular sieve13X and indicating molecular sieve 4A. These are the highest capacity molecular sieves available and the preferred choice for gas drying. The blue indicating sieves turn buff colour at 20% relative humidity.

#### Design Features/Components

- Reduces water to less than 20 ppb
- Inlet and outlet o-ring sealed connectors are equipped with 100 micron stainless steel sintered frits to prevent particulates from entering your system
- Field refillable
- High flow capacity: up to 20 SCFM
- Maximum operating pressure: 125 psig (860 kPa)
- Moisture removal capacity: 245 g
- Dimensions (LxD): 48.3 x 7.6 cm (19" x 3")
- Connections:- 1/2" compression, stainless steel

Gas traps should be mounted in the **vertical position** to ensure proper contact of the gas with the adsorbent. Two 8060C mounting clips are recommended for proper secure mounting.

#### Ordering Information

Model	Connections
C8060-8SS	1/2" compression, stainless steel
C8060R	Provides enough molecular sieve mix for two refills
C8060C	Mounting clip (two per unit suggested)

## Model C8200 Series

### Hydrocarbon Traps

#### Description

These units are designed to remove organics, such as alcohols, aromatics, chlorinated hydrocarbons, esters, ethers, hydrocarbons, and ketones from air, hydrogen, and inert carrier gases used in gas chromatography. They are constructed of aluminum and filled with extremely high surface area coconut shell based activated carbon.

The C8200 is a refillable purifier. Since impregnated carbons do not readily desorb all compounds, we recommend that the units be changed or refilled on a regular schedule using our C8200R refill kit that provides enough material for two charges of an C8200 or the C8250R which provides one charge of an C8250.

#### Design Features/Components

- Removes organics from air, hydrogen, and inert carrier gases. Does not remove light hydrocarbons like methane.
- Highly active coconut shell based carbon efficiently removes many types of hydrocarbon compounds.
- All metal housing.
- Refillable 200 cc or 1600 cc capacity.
- 40 micron filters on the inlet and outlet.
- Mounting clip available for convenient installation.
- Working pressure: 250 psig (1,720 kPa)
- Dimensions: C8200 3.8 x 31.8 cm (1.5" x 12.5") (Ø x L) C8250 6.1 x 43.2 cm (2.4" x 17")

Gas traps should be mounted in a **vertical position** to ensure proper contact of the gas with the adsorbent. Use model C8012C mounting clip with C8200 Series hydrocarbon trap.

#### Ordering Information

Connections	
1/8" compression	
1/4" compression	
1/2" compression	
Refill kit – contains 3 charge	
Refill kit – contains 2 charges	
Mounting clip for 8200	
Mounting clip for 8250	
	1/8" compression 1/4" compression 1/2" compression Refill kit – contains 3 charge Refill kit – contains 2 charges Mounting clip for 8200

\* Available with stainless steel compression fittings – add "SS" to part number





## Flash Arrestors

## Model 6103A and 6104A Series

#### **Flash Arrestors**

#### Description

The Series 6103A and 6104A Flash Arrestors should be used in applications involving flammable gases. Both the 6103A and 6104A Series are dry type flashback protection devices, featuring high purity materials and design.

The Model 6103A Series is constructed of brass and butyl rubber, and is ideal for protecting fuel systems in laboratory applications.

The Model 6104A Series is constructed of stainless steel, Teflon, and Viton, and is designed for use in high purity flammable gas applications. The Model 6104A is ideal for use with high purity hydrogen systems.

Both the 6103A and 6104A Series Flash Arrestors may be used with the following gases:

#### Design Features/Components

- Prevents dangerous flashbacks.
- Meets OSHA requirements.
- Factory Mutual approved (Model 6103A Brass Flash Arrestor only)
- Provides positive shut-off of gas and checks the reverse flow of gas under most conditions.
- Extinguishes flame within the housing, which prevents the flame front from reaching the gas supply.
- Reusable can be reset and reused after a flashback occurs (maximum of three times recommended).
- No gas flow restrictions under normal conditions since there are no porous filters or other surfaces to become clogged.
- Helium Leak Rate certification available.

Gas	Max. Operating Pressure**		
Acetylene	15 psig		
Natural Gas	15 psig		
Oxygen	150 psig		
Propane	50 psig		
Hydrogen*	50 psig		

The Model 6103A Series Flash Arrestors are Factory Mutual approved for use with the above gases and maximum pressure ratings.

## WARNING: Flash arrestors should not be used with Silane or Nitrous Oxide



#### Specifications

	6103A	6104A
Body	Brass	316 Stainless Steel
Seat	Neoprene	Viton A
0-rings	Neoprene	Viton
Internal parts	Brass and Steel	Stainless Steel
Max service pressure	150 psig (1,030 kP (see gas list)	a)
Dimensions (Ø x L)	5.1 x 8.9 cm (2" x 3 (without fittings)	3.5")
Shipping Weight	0.9 kg (2 lbs)	

### Ordering Information

Model	Inlet Connection	Outlet Connection
6103A-F	1/4" FNPT	1/4" FNPT
6103A-0	1/4" FNPT	1/4" FNPT
6103FL	9/16"-18 LHF	9/16"-18 LHF
61030R	9/16"-18 RHF	9/16"-18 RHF
6104A§	1/4" FNPT	1/4" FNPT
6104A-V4M <sup>†</sup>	1/4" VCR Male	1/4" VCR Male

<sup>§</sup> Flash arrestor ships with labels for flammables and oxidizer for the user to install.

<sup>†</sup> Make VCR x 1/4" NPT, threaded and teflon taped

\*Notes: 1. Tests have proven that the 6103A and 6104A Series Flash Arrestors provide excellent flashback protection for situations in which air accidentally enters the hydrogen system and a flashback results the hydrogen system and a flashback results.

2. However, these Flash arrestors should not be used in installation where it is possible for pure oxygen to enter the hydrogen system.

\*\*See individual model number labels and instructions for full listing.

# Spargers and Multi Station Gas Supply Manifolds

### Model 050-70000 Series

#### Sparger

#### Description

The Series 050-70000 spargers are used to inject an inert gas into a wide variety of liquefied foodstuffs during processing. The sparging technique preserves product quality by flushing out oxygen. The sparging process also fluffs and carbonates the product by super saturating it with tiny gas bubbles. Nitrogen, carbon dioxide, nitrous oxide, or argon are generally the gases of choice for this process.

#### Design Features/Components

- Unique infuser design assures optimum sparging results
- Tee design permits easy removal of infuser assembly for cleaning
- Available in four sizes 1", 1 1/2", 2" and 3"
- Constructed of 304 stainless steel with either ACME threads of quick-clamp sanitary fittings for the food processing industry (Other connection types available on request)
- Complete spargers and infuser assemblies available

#### Ordering Information

Complete Assemblies	1"	1.5"	2"	3"
Complete sparger With ACME threads	050-71000	050-71500	050-72000	050-73000
Complete Sparger With quick-clamp Sanitary fittings	050- 71000TR	050- 71500TR	050- 72000TR	050- 73000TR
Complete Infuser	050-71008	050-71508	050-72008	050-73008

#### Model Example

All components are available. Selection is dependent on actual application and sparger size.

## Model M5 Series

#### Multi-Station Manifold System

#### Description

The Linde Multi-Station Manifold System offers a safe and efficient method of connecting multiple cylinders to a common gas supply line, providing a centralized distribution of gas for both high and low purity delivery requirements. Manifold Systems provide greater safety in the cylinder storage area by reducing repetitive cylinder handling and regulator requirements. Multi-Station Manifold Systems can be used as a manually operated system in conjunction with a line regulator to regulate downstream delivery pressure, or they can be used as an integrated part of a Linde Semi-automatic Switchover System or HiQ® REDLINE Gas Panel.

Furnished in Brass or Stainless Steel, Multi-Station Manifold systems provide delivery service for a broad range of gases and are rated for pressures of up to 3,000 psig (20,700 kPa). All Multi-Station Manifold Systems are single row configurations, with a diaphragm valve for each inlet port. All systems come with mounting brackets/clamps as standard components. Systems can be designed for either right side or left side cylinder set up.

To facilitate connection to cylinders use flexible hoses, or rigid pigtails, with check valves to eliminate contamination. Select models 5381, 5481, 6047 or 6048 for flexible hoses and models 5391 or 5491 for rigid pigtails.

ation
Station
tation
ation

### Model Example

M5SR2 would be a two station Stainless Steel manifold for right side connection.





## Stainless Steel Flexible Hoses and Pigtail Assemblies

### Model 6040 Series

#### **Stainless Steel Flexible Hoses**

#### Description

These all-metal hoses have service pressures of up to 3000 psig. They are manufactured with 1/4" NPT Female connections. These 316 stainless steel hoses are supplied with stainless steel armour for greater safety and kink resistance. The Model 6042U, 6043U, and 6046U hoses have a 90° elbow connector on one end for easy close-quarters installation. Models with union allow easy connection without rotating the hose to tighten.

#### **Ordering Information**

Model	Description	Connector	Length	Shipping Weight
6042	6042 Stainless Steel flex hose	1/4" FNPT	0.45 m (1.5')	0.9 kg (2 lbs)
6042U	6042 Stainless Steel flex hose with Stainless Steel union	1/4" FNPT	0.45 m (1.5')	0.9 kg (2 lbs)
6043	6043 Stainless Steel flex hose	1/4" FNPT	0.9 m (3')	1.4 kg (3 lbs)
6043U	6043 Stainless Steel flex hose with stainless steel union	1/4" FNPT	0.9 m (3')	1.4 kg (3 lbs)
6046	6046 Stainless Steel flex hose	1/4" FNPT	1.8 m (6')	1.8 kg (4 lbs)
6046U	6046 Stainless Steel flex hose with Stainless Steel union	1/4" FNPT	1.8 m (6')	1.8 kg (4 lbs)
6047- CGA	6046 Stainless Steel flex hose with check valve	CGA 346 (Brass)	1.8 m (6')	2.3 kg (5 lbs)
6048- CGA	6046 Stainless Steel flex hose with check valve	CGA 665	1.8 m (6')	2.3 kg (5 lbs)



## Model 5300 and 5400 Series

#### **Pigtail Assemblies**

#### Description

These rigid pigtails provide a convenient means of connecting a cylinder to a manifold or a switchover system. They are available in brass or stainless steel, with or without check valves.

#### Ordering Information

Model	Decription	Connector	Length	Shipping Weight	
5390-CGA	Brass Pigtail	CGA 346 (Brass)	0.9 m (3')	1.4 kg (3 lbs)	
5391-CGA	Brass Pigtail with check Valve	CGA 346 (Brass)	0.9 m (3')	1.8 kg (4 lbs)	
5490-CGA	Stainless Steel Pigtail	CGA 665	0.9 m (3')	1.4 kg (3 lbs)	
5491-CGA	Stainless Steel with check Valve	CGA 665	0.9 m (3')	1.8 kg (4 lbs)	
/					

Brass CGA's available: 296, 300, 320, 326, 346, 350, 510, 540, 580, 590



#### Ordering Information

Model	Decription	Connector	Length	Shipping Weight	
5380-CGA	Stainless Steel flex hose	CGA 346 (Brass)	0.9 m (3')	1.4 kg (3 lbs)	
5381-CGA	Stainless Steel with check Valve	CGA 346 (Brass)	0.9 m (3')	1.8 kg (4 lbs)	
5480-CGA	Stainless Steel flex hose	CGA 665	0.9 m (3')	1.4 kg (3 lbs)	
5481-CGA	Stainless Steel with check Valve	CGA 665	0.9 m (3')	1.8 kg (4 lbs)	
	teel CGA's available: 290 660, 678 (705)	6, 300, 320,	326, 346, 3	350, 510, 540,	

Other Options for Connecting Cylinders to Manifolds or Switchover Systems

Model 6040 Series Stainless Steel Flex Hoses

## Gas Cabinets

### Model 1170 Series

#### Gas Cabinets

#### Description

Linde Gas Cabinets have been designed for the safe use of toxic gases or chemicals in a controlled manner, protecting customers from exposure to dangerous materials. Originally developed for use in semiconductor manufacturing, with updated cylinder storage and building codes to consider, any industry using or processing hazardous chemicals and gases should consider the use of Linde Gas cabinets in strategic locations.

Linde offers two styles of cabinets. The original 1170 Series are designed for indoor applications, while the 1170HH cabinets incorporates several structural features making them weatherproof and are constructed from stainless steel materials to withstand harsh weather effects. Both are designed to meet or exceed Article 80 UFC requirements.

#### Design Features/Components

- Automatic door closure to ensure containment of leaks
- Modular U-Channel Supports make installation of gas control panels, cylinder supports, shelving, and other equipment easy
- Lockable access panel and wire reinforced safety glass viewing window have steel frames and are fully gasketed.
- Non-protruding paddle type latch prevents accidental opening and snagging. It slams and latches at three points and is fitted with a lock for security.
- Neoprene gaskets fit snugly around door to ensure a positive seal
- Interior and exterior is finished with gray 2-part polyurethane paint.
- Flat-top design, with exhaust stack.
- Cylinder restraints to ensure that all cylinders are held securely in place during storage and operation
- Low profile, one-inch reinforced threshold makes cylinder installation and removal easy.
- Standard inlet air louver or optional diffuser plate fitted with an inlet filter (P/N VEN-0101-XX) lets air into the cabinet.
- Rugged exterior construction of 12-gauge cold rolled steel with welding seams.
- Intregral Fire sprinkler head, for extra protection with a fuse rating of 58°C (136°F).



Model	Cabinet Type	Overall Height	Depth	Width	Exhaust Flow Required (SCFM)	Exhaust Stack Diameter	Shipping Weight
1177	1 cylinder	200.1 cm (79")	48.3 cm (19")	45.7 cm (18")	175	10.2 cm (4")	136.1 kg (300 lbs)
1178	2 cylinder	200.1 cm (79")	48.3 cm (19")	66.0 cm (26")	250	15.2 cm (6")	172.4 kg (380 lbs)
1179	3 cylinder	200.1 cm (79")	48.3 cm (19")	101.6 cm (40")	450	20.3 cm (8")	244.9 kg (540 lbs)
1177HH	1 cylinder	200.1 cm (79")	48.3 cm (19")	45.7 cm (18")	175	10.2 cm (4")	136.1 kg (300 lbs)
1178HH	2 cylinder	200.1 cm (79")	48.3 cm (19")	66.0 cm (26")	250	15.2 cm (6")	172.4 kg (380 lbs)
1179HH	3 cylinder	200.1 cm (79")	48.3 cm (19")	101.6 cm (40")	450	20.3 cm (8")	244.9 kg (540 lbs)

### Model 1190

#### Heavy Duty Gas Cabinet

#### Description

Linde HH series cabinets have the same features and benefits of the 1170 series. In addition, the HH series come complete with a rain gutter above the cabinet door to prevent rain from entering the cabinet, stainless steel hinges and hardware, and a rain hat to cover the stack.

Linde cabinets work well with HiQ<sup>®</sup> Redline panels or we can custom design a supply panel to meet your needs. Contact your local Specialty Gas Representative, or Customer Service for a quotation.

The mixing of gases or gas mixtures with different hazard classifications in the same cabinet is not a proper safety procedure. Please review your requirements with your Specialty Gas Representative prior to ordering.

#### **Ordering Information**

Model	Description	
1190	HH Gas cabinet	
11XX-6	Fusable link option	
VEN-0101-XX	Optional diffuser plate with inlet air filter	



Model 1190

## Model 1191

#### Lecture Bottle Storage Cabinet

#### Description

The Model 1191 Lecture Bottle Storage Cabinet ensures safe storage of hazardous gases in lecture bottles. Two lecture bottle holders keep the lecture bottles safely in place. Minimum air velocity of 77'/min at 100 SCFM ensures proper venting to prevent any possible leaks from reaching the work environment. The compact size of the Cabinet allows for placement at the lab bench for easy access and handling. Safety glass window, key lock and NEMA 4 enclosure rating ensure additional safety. Equipped with two Model 504 Cylinder Holders.

#### Construction

Body	14 Gauge Cold Rolled Steel
Door	14 Gauge Cold Rolled Steel
Seams	Continuously welded
Gasket	Oil resistant
Finish	Grey polyester powder
Internal Finish	White enamel
Lecture Bottle Holders	2
Shipping Weight	22.7 kg (50 lbs)
Dimensions	
Cabinet – External	61 x 51 x 22.5 cm (24" x 20" x 8.9")
$(H \times W \times D)$	
Stack – Internal (D x H)	10 x 5 cm (4" x 2")

Model	Description
1191	Lecture Bottle Storage Cabinet



## Gauges

## **Model WG Series**

#### **Economical Gauges**

#### Description

Linde offers a wide variety of economical gauges suitable for most laboratory and pilot plant operations, as well as regulator gauge replacement. All of the gauges offered by Linde are constructed with the inlet located on the bottom of the gauge and are cleaned for oxygen service. The operating temperature range for the economical gauges is from -40°C to 60°C (-40°F to 140°F). Linde Economical Gauges can be registered under TSSA where required.

Linde uses the North American dual unit measurement system for the majority of the gauges supplied. These gauges indicate both psig and kPa units of measure. All economical gauges are  $\pm$  3%-2%-3% accuracy (ANSI/ASME Grade B). Accuracies are stated as a percentage of the full scale reading of the gauge.  $\pm$ 3% for the first third of the scale,  $\pm$ 2% for the middle third of the scale and  $\pm$ 3% for the last third of the scale.

Pressure Range		Brass Code	Stainless Steel Code
psi	kPa		
30" Hg. Vac.		WG210-B	WG210-SS
30"-0-15	30"-0-105	WG152-B	WG152-SS
30"-0-30	30"-0-210	WG153-B	WG153-SS
30"-0-60	30"-0-415	WG154-B	WG154-SS
30"-0-100	30"-0-700	WG155-B	WG155-SS
0-15	0-105	WG211-B	WG211-SS
0-30	0-210	WG212-B	WG212-SS
0-60	0-415	WG213-B	WG213-SS
0-100	0-700	WG214-B	WG214-SS
0-160	0-1115	WG215-B	WG215-SS
0-200	0-1400	WG216-B	WG216-SS
0-300	0-2100	WG217-B	WG217-SS
0-400	0-2800	WG219-B	WG219-SS
0-600	0-4200	WG218-B	WG218-SS
0-1,000	0-7,000	WG290-B	WG290-SS
0-2,000	0-14,000	WG288-B	WG288-SS
0-3,000	0-21,000	WG291-B	WG291-SS
0-5,000	0-35,000	WG292-B	WG292-SS

#### Test Gauges

#### Description

These highly sensitive gauges are accurate to  $\pm 0.25\%$  of full scale. Supplied by Matheson-Trigas, these gauges are typically used to monitor critical process equipment within a facility. For ease of reading, they are 6" in diameter with very precise and incremental measurement graduations and mirrored scales. Construction is Monel and operating temperature range is from -30°C-66°C (-20°-150°F).

#### Ordering Information

psig	kPa	Model Monel
Absolute	0-100	63-5601M
0-14	0-100	63-5615M
0-60	0-400	63-5661M
0-100	0-700	63-5612M
0-200	0-1,400	63-5622M
0-3,500	0-25,000	63-5633M
Shinnina We	inht 0.9 kn (2.1	hs)

Shipping Weight: 0.9 kg (2 lbs)

All Linde Specialty Gas gauges are cleaned for oxygen service. For non-standard gauge requirements, contact Customer Service.



## Excess Flow Control Valve

### **6290 Series**

### **Excess Flow Control Valve**

#### Description

The Model 6290 Series Excess Flow Control Valve is a sensitive excess flow shut-off valve designed to operate with a wide range of inlet pressures. The Excess Flow Control Valve can be installed in any location without affecting performance. The capability of operating from 10 to 3,000 psig allows it to be used either between a high-pressure source and a pressure regulator, or in the low-pressure delivery line to a process. In both applications, this Control Valve will automatically shut off the delivery of gas if the flow exceeds the preset limit.

#### Operation

The shutoff mechanism of the Model 6290 Series Excess Flow Control Valve is incorporated within a stainless steel high purity valve. The actuating knob has been designed to manually operate the valve and clearly indicate the relative operating condition as either "Open" (Reset) or "Auto" (Shut-off).

### Ordering Information

Model	1,000 psig	30 psig	Inlet/Outlet Connections	
6295-A	4 slpm	0.5 SLPM	1/4" FNPT	
6295-C	20 slpm	4 SLPM	1/4" FNPT	
6295-F	100 slpm	25 SLPM	1/4" FNPT	
Note Face Cool is VCD compatible				

Note: Face Seal is VCR compatible



## **Technical Data**

Supply Pressure Differential Pressure Temperature	10 to 3,500 psig (69 to 24,150 kPa) Models A, C: 4 psig (28 kPa) Model F: 12 psig (83 kPa) -23°-93°C (-10°-200°F)
Leak Rate (He)	2 10-9 /
Outboard Inboard	2 x 10 <sup>-9</sup> scc/sec 2 x 10 <sup>-10</sup> scc/sec
Surface Finish	
Shipping Weight:	0.9 kg (2 lbs)
Materials of Constru	uction
Wetted	
Body	316L Stainless Steel
Outboard Seal	Metal to metal
Seat	Kel-F
Poppet	316L Stainless Steel
Diaphragm	Elgiloy
Non-Wetted	
Кпор	Anodized aluminum
Stem	416 Stainless steel (lubricated)
Сар	316 Stainless steel

## Check Valve

## Model 400 Series

#### **Check Valves**

#### Description

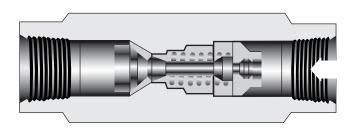
The Model 400 Series Check Valves prevent the reverse flow of gas and thus keep foreign matter out of gas lines, regulators and cylinders ahead of the valve. The valves are spring loaded with a positive stop to prevent over-stressing of the spring by sudden surges in gas pressure. An O-ring at the valve seat ensures quick and efficient sealing.

The valve has a one-piece body, which is available in Brass, Stainless Steel or Monel; and is easily disassembled for cleaning. This valve is designed for operation with pressures up to 3,000 psig; cracking pressure is approximately 1 psig. The flow capacity is 100 SCFH air at 10 psig inlet pressures. The inlet and outlet connections are 1/4" FNPT and the O-ring is replaceable.

#### Ordering Information

Model	Material of Construction
400V	Brass, Viton O-ring, Stainless steel
401V	316 Stainless Steel, Viton O-ring, Stainless steel spring
402V	Monel, Viton O-ring, Monel spring

Shipping Weight: 0.45 kg (1 lb)



## Purge Assemblies

### Model 4700 Series

#### **Cross Purge Assemblies**

#### Design Features/Components

- Eliminates the escape of hazardous gases when changing cylinders
- Reduces danger of contamination from atmospheric moisture and oxygen
- Minimizes the amount of gas lost during cylinder changes
- All stainless steel or corrosion resistant construction
- Rated for 3,000 psig (20,700 kPa)
- Packless valves throughout Purge Assemblies

#### Ordering Information

Model	Material of Construction
4774-CGA	All 316 Stainless steel
4775-CGA	Aluminum – Silicon Bronze with 316 Stainless steel block
Shipping Weight	- 1.4 kg (3 lbs)

Shipping weight: 1.4 kg (S ibs)

#### Options

Model	Description
MSP-0012-XX	Helium Rate Certification (2 x 10 <sup>-8</sup> scc/min for 5 minutes)

Note: Helium leak test can only be performed on cross purge assembly itself or on a new regulator with the cross purge assembly factory installed (order regulator with "no inlet" designation).



#### Tee Purge Assemblies

#### Design Features/Components

- Eliminates the escape of hazardous gases when changing cylinders
- Minimizes the amount of gas lost during cylinder changes
- Brass, Stainless Steel, Monel, or Monel/Al-Si-Bronze construction
- Check valve

#### Ordering Information

Model	Material of Construction
4753-350	Brass
4753-510	Brass
4753-580	Brass
4753-660	Brass
4754-180	Stainless Steel
4754-330	Stainless Steel
4754-350	Stainless Steel
4754-510	Stainless Steel
4754-580	Stainless Steel
4765-660	Stainless Steel
4755-330	Monel
4755-660	Monel
Shipping W	eight: 1.4 kg (3 lbs)

Shipping Weight: 1.4 kg (3 lbs)

Note: CGA's not listed may not be available for use. Please contact any Linde Special Gas Customer service Center for details

When ordering a regulator for use with a cross purge or tee purge assembly, please specify the regulator model number with a "no inlet" designation, using an N4 suffix instead of a CGA number (e.g., C3215A-N4 for a model C3215A with no inlet CGA connection). This designation will provide a regulator with an FNPT inlet instead of a CGA connection, into which the cross purge or tee purge assembly can be installed.

## Scales

### Model CS620 and CS320 Series

#### Electronic Cylinder Scales For Liquefied and Cryogenic Gases

#### Description

The pressure of a liquefied gas remains constant as material is withdrawn as long as a liquid phase remains in the cylinder. When the liquid phase is exhausted the pressure drops very quickly and the cylinder empties without warning. This phenomenon renders a cylinder pressure gauge virtually useless. A similar situation arises when using cryogenic containers of liquid nitrogen, oxygen, and argon. The only way to monitor the contents of a cylinder of liquefied gas or a cryogenic container is by weight.

The CS620 and CS320 series electronic scales are designed to give a positive indication of the amount of product remaining in the cylinder as material is being withdrawn. These units allow the user to electronically subtract the tare weight of the cylinder so that only the net contents can be read directly. The built-in alarm can be set for any weight value from 0-100% of the scales capacity. The units provide a red LED visual alarm and an audible alarm with silence function. An integral solid-state relay is provided for the activation of external alarms or other equipment when the alarm set point is reached.

The scales are ruggedly constructed using one or more load cells in a sturdy stainless steel and/or aluminum diamond plate platform with mechanical stops at 150% of capacity to prevent damage.

The model CS620G-300 with a capacity of 136.1 kg (300 lbs) has a 24.1 x 24.1 cm (9.5" x 9.5" )stainless steel platform that accommodates most compressed gas cylinders. For larger diameter cylinders, the CS320D-500 has a capacity of 226.8 kg (500 lbs) with a 50.8 x 68.6 cm (20" x 27") diamond plate steel platform. The model CS320M-1000 has a 453.6 kg (1,000 lbs) capacity and accommodates cryogenic containers with its 50.8 x 68.6 cm (20" x 27") aluminum diamond plate steel platform. A ramp is available for each model so that cylinders can easily be rolled on and of the scale platform without lifting.

#### Design Features/Components

- Controller has large 2.5 cm (1") high LCD digital display in water resistant housing
- Rugged load cell weighing technology with 136.1 kg, 226.8 kg or 453.6 kg (300, 500 or 1,000 lbs) capacity
- Weight resolution up to 0.1-pound
- Accuracy 0.1% of full scale
- Built-in visual alarm and audible alarm with silence function
- Built-in solid-state relay
- 0-100% of full-scale tare weight adjustment
- 0-100% of full-scale alarm set point adjustment
- Both large and small platform sizes available
- Easy unit conversion from pounds to kilograms

#### Applications

Recommended for use with all liquefied and cryogenic containers in applications where running out of gas will cause a serious disruption in operations or a loss of product.

Model	Total Capacity	Resolution (lbs)	Platform Dimensions (WxDxH)
CS620G-300	136.1 kg (300 lbs)	0.1	23.5 x 23.5 x 3.8 cm (9.25" x 9.25" x 1.5")
CS320D-500	226.8 kg (500)	1.2	50.8 x 68.6 x 4.8 cm (20" x 27" x 1.9")
CS320M-1000	453.6 kg (1,000 lbs)	0.2	50.8 x 68.6 x 4.8 cm (20" x 27" x 1.9")

Options		
620R	Ramp for 620G	22.9 x 13.9 x 3.8 cm (9" x 5.5" x 1.5")
320R	Ramp for 320D & 320M	50.8 x 45.7 x 4.8 cm (20" x 18" x 1.9")





## Model CS900

## Cylinder Scale For Liquefied Gases

## Description

The pressure of a liquefied gas remains constant as material is withdrawn as long as a liquid phase remains in the cylinder. When the liquid phase is exhausted the pressure drops very quickly and empties without warning. This phenomenon renders a cylinder pressure gauge virtually useless. The only way to monitor the contents of a cylinder containing a liquefied gas is by weight.

The CS900 cylinder scale is designed to give a positive indication of the amount of product remaining in the cylinder. It allows the user to subtract the tare weight of the cylinder so that the net contents can be read directly. A colour-coded dial reads in pounds and kilograms. A nonskid ramp is available to make loading cylinders convenient and easy.

The scale is ruggedly constructed and features a stainless steel cover for durability

## Design Features/Components

- Heavy-duty 16 gauge
- Stainless steel cover
- Dual dial scale pounds and kilograms
- Colour-coded, easy to read dial

## **Applications**

Recommended for use with all liquefied gases such as carbon dioxide, ammonia, nitrous oxide, fluorocarbons, hydrogen sulfide, sulfur dioxide, propane and heavier hydrocarbon gases

## **Specifications**

Tare weight range: 0-68 kg (0-150 lbs)Product weight range: 0-68 kg (0-150 lbs)Total capacity: 136.1 kg (300 lbs) in 2 kg (5 lb) divisions Readability: 0.5 kg (1 lb) by estimation Dimensions:  $27.3 \times 26.0 \times 5.0 \text{ cm} (10.8" \times 10.3" \times 2")$ 

Model	Description	
CS900	Scale with non-skid ramp	
CS900-5	Scale only	
CS900-6	Ramp only	





## Lecture Bottle Equipment

## Model 30AR and 4300 Series

## Lecture Bottle Control Valves

#### Description

These Lecture Bottle Control Valves have been specifically designed for use with gases supplied in lecture bottles. These valves function as metering valves and are rough controls for dispensing gas products from lecture bottles. They do not control pressure or backpressure from a source and/or delivery system. If greater accuracy is required for the application, Linde recommends the use of the appropriate lecture bottle regulator listed in the Regulator Section of this catalogue. The Lecture Bottle Control Valves should be used with gases compatible with the materials of construction listed under the Specifications.

## Specifications

	Model 30AR	Model 4313	Model 4323	Model 4333
Body	Chromed Brass	Brass	316 Stainless Steel	AISrBr
Stem	303 Stainless steel	303 Stainless steel	316 Stainless steel	316 Stainless steel
Packing	Teflon	Teflon	Teflon	Teflon
Tubing	N.a.	N.a.	316 Stainless Steel	Monel
al : :		(0.11.)		

Shipping Weight: 0.9 kg (2 lbs)

## Ordering Information

Model	Inlet Connection	Connection	Outlet Dimension Ø	Tubing Rating
30AR	CGA 170	1/4" ID Hose	N.a.	0-3,000 psig (0-20,700 kPa)
4313	CGA 170	1/4" Tube	N.a.	N.a.
4323A	CGA 180	1/4" Tube	25.4 x .64 cm (10"x1/4")	N.a.
4333	CGA 180	1/4" Tube	25.4 x .64 cm (10"x1/4")	N.a.

#### Options

Model	Description
WAS-0038-NA	Replacement gaskets for CGA 170
WAS-0039-PB	Replacement gaskets for CGA 180



## Models 504 & 505

## Lecture Bottle Holders

#### Description

Lecture bottles have rounded ends and require some means of support when in use. The Model 505 Non-Tip Stand is recommended when a regulator or other equipment is attached to the lecture bottle. The Model 504 Wall Mount Bracket is made of plastic coated steel and has spring steel clamps to ensure firm, safe support of the lecture bottle.

Model	Туре
504	Wall mount bracket
505	Non-tip stand
Shipping \	Neight: 0.9 kg (2 lbs)





# Cylinder Restraints and Storage Systems

## Models 510 and 6530 Series

One of the most overlooked and potentially hazardous situations faced by compressed gas users is the proper restraint of compressed gas cylinders. Whether in use or in storage, gas cylinders are required by code to be handled properly to prevent uncontrolled release of the cylinder's contents.

## Wall Mounted Cylinder Holder

Description

This wall mounted cylinder holder secures cylinders to a wall or to the side of a workbench.

## Ordering Information

Model	Descripton	
510-WALL	With cylinder strap	
510 C	With both cylinder strap and chain	
510 R	With ratchet strap	
508 02	Replacement strap	

Shipping Weight: 0.9 kg (2 lbs)

## Safe-T-Rack Gas Cylinder Storage Description

The basic Safe-T-Rack models secure from two to six full size cylinders per rack. Safe-T-Racks are constructed of welded steel and can be anchored in concrete with 1/2" steel anchor bolts. Models come with single restraints. All Safe-T-Racks are finished in a tough exterior grade baked polyurethane finish.

Model	Number of Cylinders		Rack Height	Rack Width	Rack Depth	Shipping Weight
6531	2	23.5 cm (9.25")	76.2 cm (30")	71.1 cm (28")	30.5 cm (12")	40.8 kg (90 lbs)
6532	4	23.5 cm (9.25")	76.2 cm (30")	71.1 cm (28")	60.9 cm (24")	45.4 kg (100 lbs)
6533	6	23.5 cm (9.25")	76.2 cm (30")	71.1 cm (28")	91.4 cm (36")	61.2 kg (135 lbs)





# Cylinder Handling Equipment & Special Cylinder Wrenches

## Models 6502 and 6503

## Cylinder Hand Trucks

## Description

These heavy duty Cylinder Hand Trucks are specifically designed to handle and transport compressed gas cylinders easily and safely over most types of ground surfaces. They will eliminate the cause of serious accidents, which can occur when cylinders are rolled or dragged. These Cylinder Hand Trucks are well balanced and feature rear carriage supports making them exceptionally easy to maneuver within the most crowded laboratory or plant areas.

## Design Features/Components

- Heavy-duty construction for extra strength
- Designed for use with most cylinder sizes; Model 6502 for 1A size cylinders only
- Large high load capacity wheels roll easily over door saddles, floor cracks, or yard areas without loss of control
- Precision balanced for easy loading
- Model 6502 features extra safety by incorporating rigid rear carriage supports
- Load capacity: Model 6502 - 272 kg (600 lbs) Model 6503 - 136 kg (300 lbs)

## Ordering Information

Model	Туре	Shipping Weight
6502	Double Cylinder Hand Truck	38.5 kg (85 lbs)
6503	Single Cylinder Hand Truck	15.9 kg (35 lbs)



Model 6502

Model 6503

## Models 500, 90001 and 90003

## Small Cylinder Stand

## Description

This Cylinder Stand supports the number 3 and 4 size cylinders. It is constructed of nickel-plated steel and is a simple, safe, economical device to stabilize the position of small cylinders. It accommodates cylinders with diameters from  $10.6 \times 18.8 \text{ cm}$  (4" to 7.4").

## Specifications

Size (WxH): 32.4 x 28.5 cm 12.75" x 11.2" Shipping Weight: 1.8 kg (4 lbs)

## Ordering Information

Model	Description
500	Small Cylinder Stand

## Cylinder Wrenches

## Description

The Model 90001 universal cylinder wrench has three openings on one end (11/16", 1 1/8", 1 1/4") for tightening the various cylinder valve connections and most commonly used gas connections. The opposite end has a 3/8" square box for opening cylinder valves that do not have hand wheels.



## Description

The configuration of the Model 90003 special wrench provides an easy method of opening extra tight, hand wheel operated cylinder valves and removing difficult cylinder caps.



# Gas Warmers and Cylinder Blankets

## Model 6284

## In-line Gas Warmers

## Description

The Model 6284 Series Gas Warmer will reduce the problems of regulator icing as gas is withdrawn from the cylinder. Install the warmer between the gas cylinder and your regulator, plug the power line into any convenient 110 VAC source, and maintain the gas flow rate at up to 75 SLPM (160 SCFH).

The warmer is thermostatically controlled to ensure the gas is not overheated and the warmer can be left unattended without gas flow.



## Specifications

Material:	Brass
Dimensions (LxD):	16.5 x 5
Pressure Rating:	3,000 p
Power Requirements:	110VAC
Maximum Heated Flow:	75 SLPN
Heater Temperature:	72°-85°
Shipping Weight:	0.9 kg (

16.5 x 5.5 cm (6.5" x 2.2") 3,000 psig (20,700 kPa) 110VAC/50W 75 SLPM (160 SCFH) 72°–85°C (160°–185°F) ).9 kg (2 lbs)

## **Ordering Information**

Model	Information	•
6284-320	For Carbon Dioxide	
6284-326	For Nitrous Oxide	
6284-580	For Argon	

Only available with CGA connections as listed.

## Model Q2015 Series

## Therma-Cal™ Gas Cylinder Blankets

## Description

The Therma-Cal<sup>™</sup> Gas Cylinder Blanket is used to maintain uniform composition of gas mixtures. Over time, a gas mixture may stratify into layers of the various components. The Therma-Cal<sup>™</sup> Blanket combines the functions of a heating element and an insulating blanket to create convection current within the cylinder, which helps to keep the gas mixed and prevents separation. The cylinder blanket maintains a constant temperature a few degrees warmer on the lower third of the cylinder than on the upper third of the cylinder for ambient temperatures greater than 10°C (50°F). The heating element selfregulates its heat output, providing for the efficient use of electrical power by producing heat only when and where it is needed.



## Design Features / Components

- 2 inch chemical resistant, rigid insulated jacket constructed of flame-retardant silicone impregnated fibreglass to withstand heat up to 260°C (500°F)
  - Velcro fasteners for ease of installation
  - 6-foot standard power cord (other lengths available)
  - Heating design creates convection current inside the cylinder
  - Rated for hazardous Class I, Division I, Groups C & D (Group B is available as an option)

## Ordering Information

Model	Description	Dimensions
Q2015A	1R 150 Watts Fits 152 Cylinder	20.3 x 121 cm (8"x 48")
Q2015A	1A 150 Watts Fits 200 Cylinder	22.9 x 130 cm (9"x 51")
Q2015A	1F 150 Watts Fits 425 Cylinder	38.1 x 109 cm (15"x 43")

## Accessories

Model	Description
121AR	30 cm (12") Rubber Floor Mat (Fits size 1R & 1A Cylinders)
181F	46 cm (18") Rubber Floor Mat (Fits size 1F Cylinders)
510-WALL	Wall Mount Cylinder Holder

## Stationary Gas Detection Systems

## Models 202 and 204

## Alarm Boxes

## Description

Linde offers its 202 and 204 series Gas Detection systems for perimeter and confined space measurement of toxic gases. Linde systems are wall-mounted, microprocessor-based control units. The 202 is a twochannel controller which can be used for one or two sensor channels, while the 204 is a four-channel controller which can be used for up to four sensor channels. Both the 202 and 204 can be used with either our standard sensor transmitter (SM95) or intelligent sensor transmitter (4-201Q).

A front door keypad enables convenient operation of the controller without the need to open the weather proof enclosure. Standard features include: three alarm set points per channel, digital display per channel, common relays (optional individual relays), operates on 110/220 VAC (auto switching), and 24 VDC power supply to power sensor transmitters.

Contact your local Specialty Gas Sales representative or Customer Service to order your stationary gas detection system.

# 

## Models SM95 and 4-20IQ

## Sensors

## Description

Linde offers three different types of sensors, each having certain advantages depending on the application. This gives you the flexibility to choose the best sensor(s) for your particular application. In all, sensors for over 150 different toxic and combustible gases are available to choose from, in concentration ranges from several ppm up to %LEL. The three sensor types are Solid State, Catalytic Bead, and Electrochemical. Generally, these sensors are intended for use in ambient air monitoring. If future needs require, Linde sensor types can be easily retrofitted in the field. A brief description of each sensor type follows.

## Solid State

Solid State sensors are made up of a heated metal oxide material which temporarily changes resistance in the presence of gas. Solid State sensors are available for the detection of over 150 different toxic and combustible gases, in ranges from low ppm to %LEL. A list of gases and ranges appears on the back of this brochure. Solid State sensors come with a one year warranty, and have a life expectancy in excess of ten years.

## Electrochemical

Electrochemical sensors operate by producing a chemical reaction with the gas of interest. Sensors are available for certain toxic gases in ppm ranges, including: NH<sub>3</sub>, CO, Cl<sub>2</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>, HCl, HCN, H<sub>2</sub>S, NO, NO<sub>2</sub>, O<sub>2</sub>, and SO<sub>2</sub>. For some of these gases, electrochemical sensors can offer a fairly high degree of selectivity. Electrochemical sensors have a life expectancy of one to two years and come with a one year warranty.

## Catalytic Bead

Catalytic bead sensors operate by burning combustible gases, raising the temperature of the sensor. This temperature rise changes the resistance of the sensor and produces a signal proportional to the gas concentration. They detect combustible gases in higher concentrations (above 1,000 ppm) only. They are not selective and will respond to a wide range of combustible gases. However, since they only detect higher gas concentrations, they are not prone to interference from many toxic gases. Catalytic Bead sensors have a life expectancy of two years and come with a one year warranty.



## Available Sensor Ranges

Acetic Acid	100, 200 ppm	Deu
Acetone	100, 200, 500, 1000, 5000 ppm, % LEL	Dib Dib
Acetonitrile	100 ppm	Dib
Acetylene	50 ppm, % LEL,	Dicł
1	3% by volume	Dich
Acrolein	50 ppm	Dich
(Acrylaldehyde) Acrylic Acid	100.000	Dich
	100 ppm 50, 60, 80, 100, 200,	Dich
Acrylonitrile	500 ppm, % LEL	Die
Allyl Alcohol	% LEL	Die Die
Allyl Chloride	200 ppm	Diflu
	50, 70, 75, 100, 150,	Difl
	200, 300, 400, 500,	(15)
Ammonia	1000, 2000, 2500,	Dim
	4000, 5000 ppm, 1%,	Dim
	2%, 10% by vol., 10%, 25%, 100% LEL	(DN
Anisole	100 ppm	Èpio
Arsenic	тоо ррпп	Etha
Pentafluoride	5 ppm	Etha
Arsine	1, 10 ppm	
Benzene	50, 75, 100,	Ethy
	1000 ppm, % LEL	Ethy
Biphenyl	50%, 100% LEL	Eth
Boron Trichloride	500 ppm	Ethy Chlo
Boron Trifluoride	500 ppm	Critic
Bromine	20 ppm	Ethy
Butadiene	50, 100, 3,000 ppm, % LEL	e d
Butane	400, 1000 ppm, 100%, 200% LEL	Ethy
Butanol	1000 ppm, 100% LEL	
Butene	100 %LEL	Ethy
Butyl Acetate	100 ppm, % LEL	Lun
	50, 60, 100 ppm,	гыл
Carbon Disulfide	5% by volume	Fluc
	50, 100, 150, 200, 250,	Forr Hale
Carbon Monoxide	300, 500, 1000, 3000,	Hal
	5000 ppm, 3%, 5% by	TION
- I	volume, % LEL	Hal
Carbon Tetrachloride	50, 100, 10000 ppm	Halo
Cellosolve	400	
Acetate	100 ppm	Hal
Chlorine	10, 20, 50, 100, 200 ppm	Hal
Chlorine Dioxide	10, 20 ppm	Fue
Chlorobutadiene	100% LEL	Ker
Chloroethanol	200 ppm	Gas
Chloroform	50, 100, 200 ppm	Ger
Chlorotrifluoroethylene	100% LEL	
Cumene	100% LEL	Нер
Cyanogen Chloride	20 ppm	Hex
Cyclohexane	100 ppm, 100% LEL	Hex
Cyclopentane	50 ppm	Hyd
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		,

uterium	50%, 100% LEL
oorane	10, 50 ppm
promoethane	50 ppm
outylamine	100% LEL
chlorobutene	1% by volume
	50, 100 ppm, % LEL
hlorofluoroethane	
hloropentadiene	50 ppm
chlorosilane	50, 100 ppm
esel Fuel	50 ppm, 100% LEL
ethyl Benzene	100% LEL
ethyl Sulfide	10 ppm
luorochloroethane	100% LEL
luoroethane 52A)	100% LEL
nethyl Ether	100% LEL
nethylamine	20 50 000
MA)	30, 50 ppm
ichlorohydrin	50, 100, 500, 1000 ppm
nane	1000 ppm
nanol	200, 1000, 2000 ppm,
	% LEL
nyl Acetate	200, 1000 ppm, % LEL
nyl Benzene	200 ppm, % LEL
nyl Chloride	100 ppm, % LEL
nyl Iorocarbonate	1% by volume
nyl Ether	100, 800, 1000 ppm, % LEL
nylene	100, 1000, 1200 ppm, % LEL
nylene Oxide	5, 10, 20, 30, 50, 75, 100, 150, 200, 300, 1000, 1500, 2000, 3000 ppm, % LEL
iorine	20, 100 ppm
rmaldehyde	15, 50, 100, 500, 1000 ppm
locarbon-11	1000, 2000, 5000 ppm
locarbon-12	1000, 2000, 3000 ppm
locarbon 22	100, 200, 500, 1000,
locarbon-22	2000 ppm
locarbon-113	100, 200, 500, 1000, 2000 ppm, 1% by vol.
locarbon-114	1000, 2000, 20000 ppm
locarbon-123	1000 ppm
el Oil or	100% LEL
rosene	
soline	100, 1000, 2000, 20000 ppm., % LEL
rmane	10, 50 ppm
ptane	1000 ppm, % LEL
xane	50, 100, 200, 2000, 2500, 3000 ppm, % LEL
xene	% LEL
drazine	5, 10, 20, 100, 1000 ppm, 1% by volume

	50, 100, 200, 500, 1000, 2000, 5000 ppm,
Hydrogen	3%, 5% by Vol., 2% to 100% LEL
Hydrogen Bromide	50 ppm
Hydrogen Chloride	50, 100, 200, 400, 500, 1000 ppm
Hydrogen Cyanide	20, 30, 50, 100, 200, 1000, 10000 ppm
, Hydrogen Fluoride	20, 50, 100, 200 ppm
Hydrogen Sulfide	5, 10, 20, 30, 50, 100, 300, 1000 ppm, % LEL
Isobutane Isobutylene	1000, 3000 ppm, % LEL % LEL
Isopentane	1000 ppm
Isoprene	% LEL 200, 400, 500, 1000
Isopropanol	ppm, % LEL
JP4 JP5	1000 ppm, % LEL 1000, 5000 ppm, % LEL
Methane	100, 200, 1000, 1500, 2000, 5000 ppm, 1%, 2% by volume, 100%, 200% LEL
Methanol	200, 300, 400, 500, 1000, 2000, 5000 ppm, 15%, 30%, 100% LEL
Methyl Acetate	30 ppm
Methyl Acrylate	60 ppm 20, 50, 60, 100, 500,
Methyl Bromide	1000, 10000, 40,000 ppm
Methyl Butanol Methyl Cellosolve	% LEL
	100, 200, 300, 2000,
Methyl Chloride	10000 ppm, % LEL
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	100, 500, 1000, 4000 ppm, 100% LEL
Methyl Hydrazine	
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	200, 500, 2000 ppm, 50%, 100% LEL
Methyl Mercaptan	30 ppm
Methyl Methacrylate	100 ppm, % LEL
Methyl-Tert Butyl Ether	100% LEL
Methylene Chloride	20, 100, 200, 300, 400, 500, 600, 1000, 2000, 3000, 5000 ppm, % LEL
Mineral Spirits	200, 3000 ppm, % LEL
Monochlorobenzene	100% LEL
Monoethylamine Morpholine	30, 100, 1000 ppm 500 ppm
Naptha	1000 ppm, 100% LEL

Natural Gas	1000, 2000 ppm, 2%, 4% by volume, % LEL	
Nitric Oxide	20, 50 ppm	
Nitrogen Dioxide	20, 50, 100 ppm	
Nitrogen Trifluoride	50, 500, 1000 ppm	
Nonane	2000 ppm	
Oxygen	25% by volume	
Pentane	200, 1000 ppm, % LEL	
Perchloroethylene	200, 1000, 2000, 20000 ppm	
Phenol	100 ppm	
Phosgene	50 ppm	
Phosphine	3, 5, 10, 20, 30, 50 ppm	
Phosphorus		
Oxychloride	200 ppm	
Picoline	% LEL	
Propane	100, 1000 ppm, 100% LEL	
Desculase	100, 200, 1000, 5000	
Propylene	ppm, %LEL	
Propylene Oxide	100 ppm, % LEL	
Silane	10, 20, 50 ppm	
Silicon		
Tetrachloride	1000 ppm	
Silicon Tetrafluoride	1000 ppm	
Styrene	200, 300 ppm, % LEL	
Sulfur Dioxide	50, 100 ppm	
Tetrahydrofuran	200, 300, 1000 ppm, % LEL	
Tetraline	100 ppm	
T =	50, 100, 200, 500,	
Toluene	2000, 5000 ppm, % LEL	
Toluene Diisocyanate	15 ppm	
Trichloroethane	50, 100, 500, 1000 ppm, 1% by volume	
Trichloroethylene	50, 100, 200,300, 500, 1000, 2000 ppm, %LEL	
Triethylamine (TEA)	100 ppm	
Trifluoroethanol	25, 100 ppm	
Trimethylamine (TMA)	50 ppm	
Tungsten Hexafluoride	50 ppm	
Turpentine	% LEL	
Vinyl Acetate	1000 ppm, % LEL	
Vinyl Chloride	20, 50, 100, 200, 400, 500, 1000, 4000, 10000 ppm, 10%, 100% LEL	
Vinylidene Chloride	50 ppm	
Xylene	100, 200, 300, 1000 ppm, 1% by volume	

# General Purpose Gas Monitors and Detectors

## Model 8057A

## General Purpose Gas Monitor

## Description

The Model 8057A General Purpose Gas Detector effectively monitors the workplace air for potentially dangerous gas leaks from tubing, equipment, containers, reaction vessels, cylinder valves, and pressurized systems. The unit continuously samples the air for hazardous gases and vapors.

It sounds an audible alarm and flashes an LED lamp when a potentially dangerous concentration of gas is detected. Headphones are provided for use in noisy environments. The entire unit is protected in a leather outer case and comes with shoulder strap and belt loop. Each unit is factory calibrated for maximum sensitivity. Rechargeable NiCad batteries (with charger) are standard.

## Applications

The Model 8057A functions as a personal gas leak detector for production, QC, maintenance, and engineering personnel in a wide variety of process and laboratory locations and environments. Personnel no longer need be within the "sphere of influence" of a large multipoint gas detection system. They can now take their personal gas leak detectors with them, on site where needed.

Since personal protection is only as good as the sampling procedure used, different areas should be checked for gas leaks that could lead to potential worker exposure.

## Design Features/Components

- Solid state/thermal conductivity sensor with a semiconductor platinum filament
- Threshold Limit Value (TLV) for most gases can be detected.
- Audible alarm and flashing LED alerts wearer of potentially dangerous gas levels.
- Small, portable unit weighs only 0.4 kg (0.9 lbs)
- Easily worn on the belt or over shoulder with its carrying strap.
  Rechargeable NiCad batteries (supplied with charger) give long
- operating life

## Specifications

Detection Principle	Solid state/thermal conductivity sensor with low power drain automatic and continuous sampling
Detection Time	5–10 seconds depending on gas, concentration, and sensitivity setting
Detection Indication	Intermittent buzzer and LED lamp
Power Source	Four size "AA" rechargeable NiCad batteries, continuous operating time approx. 3 hrs. with full charge (charger included)
Recharging Time	14 hours from a fully discharged state
Operating	0°-40°C (32°-104°F)
Temperature	
Size (WxHxD)	6.8 x 15.5 x 3.2 cm (2.7" x 6.1" x 1.2")
Weight	0.4 kg (0.9 lbs)
Warranty	1 Year

## **Ordering Information**

Model	Description
8057A	General Purpose Gas Detector, complete with 110 VAC Battery Charger, Four NiCad Batteries, Earphone, Filter Housing with Filter Element, Check Gas Vial, Sampling Probe and Leather Case.
8057-01	Pump Assembly (replacement)
8057-02	Sensor Assembly (replacement)
8057-03	Frame Assembly (replacement)
8057-04	Filter (package of 10) (replacement)
8057-05	Printed Circuit Board (replacement)
8057-06	Check Gas Vial (replacement)
8057-08	Replacement 110 VAC Charger
8057-09	Replacement 220 VAC Charger
8057-10	Viton Probe Tip (replacement)
8057-11	Battery Door (replacement)

For more detailed information, contact Customer Service.



## Model 8066

## LeakHunter Plus<sup>™</sup> Gas Detector

#### Description

The Model 8066 LeakHunter Plus<sup>™</sup> is a truly universal multifunctional leak detector specially engineered to perform superbly in both portable and bench-top applications. The 8066 will detect any gas that has a thermal conductivity that differs from that of the ambient air on which it was zeroed. Its advanced electronic design produces sensitive, stable, accurate readings to both locate and measure a wide variety of gas leaks quickly, precisely, and cleanly.

As a portable detector, the 8066 offers the convenience and flexibility of either one or two-handed operation. The flex-and-stay probe allows you to bend the probe to sniff around obstacles, with a probe extension included to extend your reach. The rechargeable NiCad batteries (included with charger) provide four hours of portable operation.

As a bench top detector, the 8066's detachable probe allows you to position the body of the unit on the bench and perform leak detection procedures with just the probe in hand. The body's no slip feet and a built-in incline stand make for a stable setup and easy viewing. The 8066's power adapter enables continuous AC operation; there's no need to periodically recharge the batteries.

The 8066 LeakHunter  $Plus^{M}$  can be used to simply locate leaks so they can be corrected, or it can be used to also measure how big they are. The following features make it an excellent quantitative leak detector:

- Calibration data for thirteen gases is stored in memory. At the touch of a button, the appropriate calibration data is selected depending upon the target gas to be detected.
- Leak rates are displayed in a large LCD readout. The user easily switches between units of cc/sec, cc/min, ft<sup>3</sup>/min or ppm.
- A peak hold function records and displays the maximum leak rate encountered as the probe passes through the suspect leak area.

• Built-in auto ranging automatically adjusts the instrument's sensitivity to the leak rate.



#### Applications

- In the Laboratory: Instruments such as chromatographs and GC/MS, reaction vessels, sampling cylinders, research apparatus, manifolds, regulators, and valves.
- In the Plant: Pressurized containers and storage vessels, piping, process and gas transfer lines, pilot plant reactions, tracer studies, refrigeration systems.
- On Production Lines: Quality assurance procedures in manufacturing, welds, seals and connectors, valves, waterproof enclosures, refrigeration and air conditioning units and military equipment.
- In the Hospital: Medical gas systems and piping, fittings and apparatus.
- In the Field: Tracer studies, helium and CO<sub>2</sub> pipelines, refrigeration lines.
- Environmental Compliance: Fugitive emissions.

CAUTION. The 8066 is not designed as intrinsically safe and should not be used to detect leaks of combustible gases.

#### Ordering Information

Model	Description
8066	LeakHunter Plus™ Gas Detector complete with "Flex-and- Stay" Standard and Extension Probes, 115 VAC Adapter/ Charger w/NiCad Battery, Durable Carrying Case
8066-220	Same as above except with 220 VAC Charger in Lieu of Charger/Adapter
8066-02	Calibrated Leak Hardware
8066-03	Replacement Standard Probe
8066-04	Replacement Extension Probe
8066-05	Replacement 115 VAC Charger/Adapter
8066-06	Replacement 220 VAC Charger

For more detailed information, request contact Customer Service

## Portable Gas Detection

## Model 8099 Series

## The Gas Sniper Portable Gas Detector

## Description

The Gas Sniper Portable Gas Detector is one of the most versatile portable gas monitors available in the market today, and features ppm, %LEL or %Volume measurement capability to address a wide range of monitoring requirements. The Gas Sniper detects and monitors a wide range of standard gases including many toxic gases such as HCL, H<sub>2</sub>S, NO, and SO<sub>2</sub>. The Gas Sniper has the capability to monitor up to six gases simultaneously and is ideal for performing EPA Method 21 fugitive emission monitoring\*\* of volatile organic compound (VOC) leaks from process equipment.

## Product Features

- · Simultaneous detection of up to six different gases
- Detects over 25 gases including a wide range of toxic gases
- Ergonomic design allows easy handling and transport
- PPM & LEL hydrocarbon detection
- High resolution LCD operating screen provides clear display of gas concentrations, alarms and diagnostic data
- Low flow alarm shuts pump off to avoid damage
- Hydrophobic filters standard in sensing probe
- Autocalibration
- Single gas calibration capability
- Methane elimination switch for environmental applications
- Security "Adjustment Lockout" Switch
- Alkaline or Ni-Cad battery operation
- Up to 30 hours of continuous operation
- Data-logging Kit option (up to four gases only)
- Remote alarm(s) option
- Carry Case option (for base unit and accessories)
- Extension Sensing Probes



## Ordering Information

Model	Description
8099-01	Gas Sniper Portable Gas Detector with LEL/ppm (Methane) Sensor*
8099-02	Gas Sniper Portable Gas Detector with O <sub>2</sub> Sensor
8099-03	Gas Sniper Portable Gas Detector with LEL (Methane), $O_{2'}$ H <sub>2</sub> S & CO Sensor
8099-04	Gas Sniper Portable Gas Detector with 1 Toxic Sensor
8099-05	Gas Sniper Portable Gas Detector with 2 Toxic Sensors

## Options

#### Model Description

	-
8099-SC2	Gas Sniper Portable Gas Detector with 2 Sensors Configured
8099-SC3	Gas Sniper Portable Gas Detector with 3 Sensors Configured
8099-SC4	Gas Sniper Portable Gas Detector with 4 Sensors Configured
8099-SC5	Gas Sniper Portable Gas Detector with 5 Sensors Configured
8099-SC6	Gas Sniper Portable Gas Detector with 6 Sensors Configured

\*The Gas Sniper can be configured with up to six gas sensors; only a maximum of two toxic sensors may be used in the Gas Sniper with any configuration.

\*\*EPA Method 21 requires the use of a monitoring instrument that meets a series of specifications and performance criteria. Additional information can be found under EPA 40 CFR Ch.1, Pt.60, App.A, Method 21.

For additional information, contact Customer Service



## Accessories and Replacement Parts

Model	Description		
8099-NCBATD	Set of 4 Rechargeable Ni-Cad Batteries (Size D)		
8099- NCCHAR115	Ni-Cad Battery Charger, 115 VAC with alkaline recognition		
8099-HT5	1.5 m (5') Teflon Sampling Hose		
8099-HT10	3 m (10') Teflon Sampling Hose		
8099-HP6	1.8 m (6') Polyurethane Sampling Hose with 1641 Fittings		
8099-HP10	3 m (10') Polyurethane Sampling Hose with 1641 Fittings		
8099-HP15	4.5 m (15') Polyurethane Sampling Hose with 1641 Fittings		
8099-HP20	6 m (20') Polyurethane Sampling Hose with 1641 Fittings		
8099-CH115C	115 VAC Cont. Operation Adapter/Battery Charger with 6 m (20') Cable		
8099-ORP-1	O-Ring for Hydrophobic Sensing Probe		
8099-IA90	Internal Alarm-Extra Loud (90 db @ 2') feature, added to Gas Sniper		
8099-MES	External Methane Elimination Switch, Added to Gas Sniper		
8099-RAA20	Remote Audible Alarm with 6 m (20') Cable		
8099-HSP10M	25.4 cm (10") Standard Hydrophobic Sensing Probe with Metal Fittings		
8099-HSP10P	10" Hydrophobic Sensing Probe with Plastic Fittings (Toxic Gases)		
8099-RFE5	Hydrophobic Filter Element (Set of 5)		
8099-DLB	Data Logging Board (Factory Installed)		
8099-DLDK	Data Logging Downloading Kit		
8099-CHAR12	12 V-DC Battery Charger with Cigarette Lighter Plug		
8099-ALKBATD	Set of 4 Alkaline Batteries (Size D)		
8099-CCF1	Carry Case with foam for Gas Sniper and accessories		
8099-INFIT	Standard Inlet Metal Fitting – Quick Disconnect (Female)		
8099-PUMP	Pump (internal) with connector RP-GX-94		
8099-SSPC	Shoulder Strap w/padded cushion		

## Selection Table

Model	Description	Full Scale Range		
Standard Confir	Standard Confined Space Gases			
SGS-CO2-5K	Carbon Dioxide	0-5000 ppm		
SGS-CO2-10K	Carbon Dioxide	0-10,000 ppm		
SGS-CO2-20V	Carbon Dioxide	0-20% Vol		
SGS-CO2-60V	Carbon Dioxide	0-60% Vol		
SGS-CH4-L/P	Hydrocarbons+	0-100% LEL; 0-50,000 ppm		
SGS-02	Oxygen	0-40% Vol		
Toxic Gases*				
SGS-NH3-75	Ammonia	0-75 ppm		
SGS-ASH3-1	Arsine	0-1 ppm		
SGS-ASH3-2	Arsine	0-0.2 ppb		
SGS-BR-1	Bromine	0-1 ppm		
SGS-CO-150	Carbon Monoxide	0-150 ppm		
SGS-CO-500	Carbon Monoxide	0-500 ppm		
SGS-CL2-3	Chlorine	0-3 ppm		
SGS-CLO2-1	Chlorine Dioxide	0-1 ppm		
SGS-B2H6-03	Diborane	0-0.3 ppm		
SGS-B2H6-30	Diborane	0-30 ppm		
SGS-F2-5	Fluorine	0-5 ppm		
SGS-N2H4-5	Hydrazine	0-5 ppm		
SGS-HC-L/AR·	Hydrocarbons+	100% LEL		
SGS-HBR-9	Hydrogen Bromide	0-9 ppm		
SGS-HCL-15/R^	Hydrogen Chloride	0-15 ppm		
SGS-HCL-15	Hydrogen Chloride	0-15 ppm		
SGS-HCN-30	Hydrogen Cyanide	0-30 ppm		
SGS-HF-9	Hydrogen Fluoride	0-9 ppm		
SGS-H2S-1	Hydrogen Sulfide	0-1 ppm		
SGS-H2S-30	Hydrogen Sulfide	0-30 ppm		
SGS-H2S-100	Hydrogen Sulfide	0-100 ppm		
SGS-CH4-L/AR·	Methane+	0-100% LEL		
SGS-N02-15	Nitrogen Dioxide	0-15 ppm		
SGS-NO-100	Nitric Oxide	0-100 ppm		
SGS-03-1	Ozone	0-1 ppm		
SGS-PH3-1	Phosphine	0-1 ppm		
SGS-SIH4-15	Silane	0-15 ppm		
SGS-S02-10	Sulfur Dioxide	0-10 ppm		

\*The Gas Sniper can be configured with up to six gas sensors; only a maximum of two toxic sensors may be used in the Gas Sniper with any configuration. + Flammable gas

*«"AR" denotes gas sensor has "auto ranging" capability; the sensor automatically ranges from % LEL to % Vol in concentration.* 

" $R^{^{\prime}}$ " indicates sensor also has capability to detect  $CL_2$ .

## Toxic Gas Detector System

## Model 8014KA

## Kitagawa Toxic Gas Detector System

## Description

The Kitagawa Toxic Gas Detector System is a complete "sampling and analysis" kit for on-the-spot readings. It is an excellent method for day-to-day checking, screening, QC in the lab or plant and spot testing. Non-technical employees can operate the Kitagawa System with a minimum of training.

The Model 8014KA Toxic Gas Detector System provides accurate, dependable, and reproducible results in determining concentrations of toxic gases and vapours. It has been proven through extensive use by leading industrial companies and government agencies. One constant and reproducible sample volume reduces sampling and analysis errors — as opposed to other pump designs, there are no orifice changes or multiple strokes to keep track of. The same basic sampling technique applies to all Kitagawa Precision Detector Tubes.

Only three easy steps are required to operate the detector:

- (1) break off the tips of a fresh detector tube,
- (2) insert the tube with arrow pointing toward the pump into the pump's sample inlet,
- (3) pull out the pump handle to automatically lock, drawing a 100 cc sample. A proprietary Sample Vue<sup>™</sup> indicator shows when sampling is completed. Only one stroke is needed for most analyses; no need for multiple volumes or stroke counters.

Kitagawa precision detector tubes are formulated with high purity chemical reagents, which absorb and react with the gas or vapour being measured. The reaction causes a colorimetric stain, which varies in length to the concentration of the gas or vapour being measured. The length of stain is normally read directly off a scale printed on each tube. Four types of Kitagawa tubes provide the needed flexibility for different gases and sampling conditions.

## SEI Certification

The Kitagawa precision sampling pump and several detector tubes are certified by the Safety Equipment Institute (SEI). SEI is a recognized organization that offers certification programs to assist the industrial safety equipment industry in providing the worker protective equipment that meets recognized standards.

#### Kitagawa Handbook

This handbook printed in 2006 contains all the information you need to know concerning the Kitagawa Toxic Gas Detector System. Detailed specifications for every tube, applications, system operating principles and much more, are all included in this comprehensive source of information. This book is a valuable reference guide for anyone using a Kitagawa Toxic Gas Detector System.

JARAMAN MARKED J











## **Detector Tubes**

Substance Measuring	To be measured range (ppm)	Tube No.	Substance Measuring	To be measured range (ppm)	Tube No.
Acetaldehyde	0.004-1%	133A	Butyl ether	10-1000	111U(1)
Acetaldehyde	5-140	133SB <sup>3</sup>	Butyl methacrylate	10-1000	111U(2)
Acetic Acid	1-50	2165	Butyric acid	1-50	2165
Acetic anhydride	1-50	2165	Carbon Dioxide	0.10-0.7	126B
Acetone	0.1-5.0%	102SA	Carbon Dioxide	0.1-5.2%	126SA§
Acetone	0.01-4.0%	102SC <sup>3</sup>	Carbon Dioxide	0.05-1.0%	126SB
Acetone	100-5000	102SD§	Carbon Dioxide	100-4000	12655 1265F
Acetylene	50-1000	1015	Carbon Dioxide	0.02-1.4%	1265G
Accivitie	20-300	1015	Carbon Dioxide	1.0-20.0%	1265H
Acetylene/Ethylene	200-2000	280S	Carbon Dioxide	5-50%	126UH
Acrolein	0.005-1.8%	1363	Carbon Disulfide	30-500	141SA*3
Acrylic acid	1-50	2165	Carbon Disulfide	0.8-80	141SB <sup>*§,3</sup>
Acrylonitrile	0.1-3.5%	128SA	Carbon monoxide	30-500	1065
Acrylonitrile	10-500	128B	Carbon Monoxide	5-1000	100
Acrylonitrile	1-120	1285C*3	Carbon Monoxide	10-1000	106B
Acrylonitrile	0.25-20	128SD*	Carbon Monoxide – in	10 1000	1000
Air flow indicator tube		300	presence of ethylene and nitrogen oxides	10-100	106C
Allyl alcohol	10-160	1845	Carbon Monoxide	5 - 2000	106SA
Allyl chloride	0.1-12.0	132SC(1)	Carbon Monoxide	1-50	106SC
Ammonia	0.5-10.0%	105SA	Carbon Monoxide	10-250	1065§
Ammonia	50-900	105SB	Carbon Monoxide	0.1-2.0%	106SH
Ammonia	5-260	105SC§	Carbon Monoxide	0.1-20%	106UH
Ammonia	0.2-20	105SD	Carbon Tetrachloride	0.5-60	147S <sup>*3</sup>
Ammonia	0.5-30%	105SH	Charcoal tube	0.5 00	800B
Ammonia	0.1-1.0%	105SM	Chlorine	1-40	109SA
Ammonia Super-High Sensitivity	10-80 µg/m³	900NHH	Chlorine	0.1-10.0	109SB§
Ammonia Super-High Sensitivity	1–12 µg/m³	901NHL	Chlorine Free residual chlorine	0.05-2	109U 234SA
Anline	1-30	1815	Carbonyl Sulfide	5-60	239S*
Arsine	0.05-2.0	121U	Chloride ion	10-2000	201SA
Arsine	5-160	140SA	Chloride ion	3-200	201SB
Benzaldehyde	5-500	190U(6)	Chloride ion	1-60	201SC
Benzene – in presence			Free residual Chlorine	0.4-5	234SA
of gasoline and/or other aromatic hydrocarbons	5 -200	118SB*	Chlorine Dioxide	1-20	116
Benzene	1-100	118SC§	Chlorobenzene	1-140	1785
	0.1-75	118SD	Chloroform	23-500	152S <sup>*3</sup>
Benzene	0.1-75	118SD 118SE	Chloropicrin	0.05-16	172S <sup>*3</sup>
Benzene Repzyl chloride			Chloroprene	0.5-20	1695
Benzyl chloride	0112.0	132SC(2)	m-Chlorotoluene	0.1-12.0	132SC(3)
Bromine Bromochloro-methane	1-20	114	o-Chlorotoluene	0.1-12.0	132SC(4)
	0.4-80	157SB(1)	p-Chlorotoluene	0.1-12.0	132SC(5)
Bromoform	0.4-80	157SB(2)	Copper ion	1–100 mg/L	2035
Butadiene	0.03-2.6%	168SA	Cresol	0.5-25	183U
Butadiene	30-600	168SB	Crotonaldehyde	5-500	190U(1)
Butadiene	2.5-100	168SC	Cumene	10-1000	111U(4)
Butadiene	0.5-10.0	168SD	Cyanide ion	0.2-5	2045
n-butane	0.05-0.6%	221SA	Cyclohexene	10-1000	111U(5)
1-Butanol	5-100	1900	Cyclohexane	0.01-0.6%	1155
2-Butanol	4-300	1890	Cyclohexanol	5-500	206U
Butyl acetate	15-400	138U	Cyclohexanone	2-100	197U
Butyl acetate	0.01-1.4%	139SB	Decahydrona-phthalene	10-1000	111U(6)

## **Detector Tubes**

Substance Measuring	To be measured range (ppm)	Tube No.	Substa Measu		To be measured range (ppm)	Tube No.
		(=)				
n-Decane	10-1000	111U(7)	Furfuryl A		2-25	2385
Diacetone Alcohol	10-250	190U	Gasoline		0.05-0.6%	1105
Diborane	0.02-5	2425		hydrocarbons	50-1400	1875
o-Dichlorobenzene	5-100	214S	Heptane		50-1400	113SB
p-Dichlorobenzene	10-150	2155	n-hexan		0.05-1.32%	113SA
p-Dichlorobenzene - IAQ,	0.01-0.40	730	n-hexano		50-1400	113SB*
1,1-Dichloroethane	10-160	2355*3	n-Hexan		5-800	113SC
1,1-Dichloroethylene	0.1-12.0	132SC(6)	Hydrazin		0.05-10	2195
1,2-Dichloroethane	5-50	2305*3	Hydroge		0.05-0.8%	1370**
1,2-Dichloroethylene	5-400	145S*3		n Chloride	20-1200	173SA
Dichloromethane	10-1000	1805 <sup>*3</sup>		n Chloride	0.4-40	173SB*§
1,2-Dichloropropane	0.4-80	157SB(3)		n cyanide	0.01-3.0%	112SA
1,3-Dichloropropane	0.1-12.0	132SC(7)		n cyanide	0.5-100	112SB <sup>§,3</sup>
1,3-Dichloropropane	10-500	194S*3		n cyanide	0.3-8	112SC
Dicyclopentadiene	5-500	190U(2)		n Fluoride	0.1-300	156S§
Diethylamine	1-20	222S		n peoxide	0.5-10.0	247S
Diethyl benzene	10-1000	111U(8)		n selenide	1-600	167S
Diethyl ether	0.04-1.4%	107SA	Hydroge		1-60	120SD§
Diethyl ether	20-400	107U	Hydroge		0.2-6.0	1200
Dimethyl ether	0.01-1.2%	1235	Hydroge		0.05-1.2%	120SM
N, N-Dimethylacetamide	5-70	2295	Hydroge		.75-300	120SB
N,N-Dimethyl formamide Dioxane	1-30 0.01-1.4%	196S 139SB	Hydroge	n Sulfide-in e of Sulfur dioxide	0.005-0.16%	120SC
Dioxane	20-1000	1190	Hydroge		0.5-40	120SE
Epichlorohydrin	5-50	1925*	Hydroge		25-2000	1205E
Ethyl acetate	0.1-5.0%	1923 111SA	Hydroge		0.1-4.0%	120SH
Ethyl acetate	10-1000	1110	Hydroge		2-20%	120UH
Ethyl acrylate	5-60	211U		n Sulphide	0.025–0.4 gr/100 cf	120GR
Ethyl alcohol	0.05-5.0%	104SA		n sulphide	0.25-4 gr/100 cf	120GT
Ethyl Benzene	10-500	1795	Hydroge		2.5-40%	120UT**
Ethyl bromide	0.4-80	157SB(4)	, ,	n sulphide-	H2S 1-30	
Ethyl cellusolve	5-500	190U	Mercapta		R•SH 0.5-5	2825
Ethyl Mercaptan	1-160	165SA		gases, qualitative	K 511 0.5 5	131
Ethyl mercaptan in LP Gas	2.5-80	165SB	Iron ion	gases, quantative	50-400	202
Ethyl methacrylate	10-1000	111U(8)	Isoamyla	acetate	10-400	1880
Ethylene	0.1-100	108B	Isobutan		50-1400	113SB
Ethylene	20-1200	1085A	Isobutyle		50-1400	1135B
Ethylene/Acetylene	200-2000 20-30		Isobutyl		0.01-1.4%	139SB
Ethylene oxide	0.1-14.0	280S 122SD	Isobutyl		10-400	1530
Ethylene oxide			Isopenty		10-400	188U
Ethylene dibromide	5-100	122SM	Isobutyl		5-60	211U
	1-50	166S*3	Isobutyl		5-100	208U
Ethylene glycol	$20-250 \text{ mg/m}^3$	232SA*	Isopenty		5-100	2090
Ethylene glycol	3-40 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	232SB*	Isophoro		2-100	197U(1)
Ethylene Oxide	0.01 - 4%	122SA	Isoprene		1-16	190U
Ethylene Oxide	5-100	122SB <sup>++</sup>	Ізоргору		0.01-1.2%	139SB
Ethylene Oxide	1-15	122SC	Ізоргору		10-1000	1110
Formaldehyde	1-35	171SB <sup>*§</sup>	Ізоргору		0.05-2.5%	150SA
Formaldehyde	20-1500	171SA*3	Ізоргору		20-1200	1500
Formaldehyde	0.05-4.0	171SC	Ізоргору		0.01-4.0%	122SA
Formaldehyde – IAQ	0.01-0.48	710	Ізоргору		1-20	2225(1)
Formaldehyde – IAQ	0.05-2.0	710A		l cellosolve	5-500	190U(3)
Furan	0.01-4%	122Sa	ιзομισμγ		000-0	(2)00(3)

Substance	To be measured		Substance	To be measured	
Measuring	range (ppm)	Tube No.	Measuring	range (ppm)	Tube No.
Isopropyl ether	10-1000	111U(9)	Nitrogen Oxides	0.5-30	175U <sup>3</sup>
Isopropyl mercaptan	0.5-10	1300	n-Nonane	10-1000	111U(12)
Mercaptans	0.5-10	130U	Organic Compounds	5-2500	186
·	0.5-5		Organic gases, qualitative		186B
Mercaptans/H <sub>2</sub> S	1-30	2825	Oxygen (Flame req'd)	2-24%	159SA*
Мегсигу vapour	0.1 – 10 mg/m³	142S	Oxygen	2-24%	159SA
Mesityl oxide	5-100	190U	Oxygen (no flame)	2-24%	159SB**
Methyl acetate	0.1-5%	111SA	Oxygen (non-heating	1.5-24%	159SC*
Methyl acrylate	5-60	211U	type)		15750
Methyl alcohol	0.05-6.0%	119SA	Oxygen/Carbon Dioxide	2-10%	2815
Methyl alcohol	20-1000	119U		1-20%	
Methylamine	1-20	227S	Oxygen	0.025-3.0	182UI
n-Methyl aniline	0.2-20	105SD	Ozone	50-1000	182SA
Methyl Bromide	10-500	157SA*3	Ozone	2.5-100	182SB
Methyl Bromide	0.4-80	157SB <sup>*§,3</sup>	Pentane	50-1400	113SB*
Methyl bromide	0.5 - 10	157SC*	Pentyl acetate	10-200	2100
Methyl butyl ketone	5-120	237S(1)	Phosgene Phosphine in acetylene	0.1 - 20	146S <sup>3</sup>
Methyl cellosolve	5-500	1900	Phosphine in acetylene	20-800 5-90	121SA 121SB
Methyl chloroform (1,1,1- Tri-chloroethane)	15-400	160S*3	Phosphine	20-1400	121SB
Methyl cyclohexane	50-1400	113SB	Phosphine	0.25-20	121SC
Methyl cyclohexanol	5-200	1990	Phosphine	100-3200	121SH
Methyl cyclohexanone	2-100	1990	Phosphine	0.05-2.0	1210§
Methyl ether	0.01-1.2%	1235	a-Pinene	2.5-300	1585(1)
Methyl ethyl ketone	0.01-4%	122SA	Propane	0.02-0.5%	125SA
Methyl ethyl ketone	0.01-1.4%	139SB	1-Propanol	5-500	190U(4)
Methyl ethyl ketone	20-1500	1390	Propyl acetate	0.01-1.4%	139SB
Methyl iodide	2-40	176S <sup>*3</sup>	Propyl acetate	20-1000	1510
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	5-300	1550	Propylene	50-1000	1855
Methyl isothiocyanate	10-1000	111U(10)	Propylene glycol	1-15	122SC(2)
Methyl Mercaptan	5-140	164SA	Propylene Oxide	1-15	122SC(1)
Methyl Mercaptan	50-1000	164SH	Propylene oxide	0.05-5.0%	163SA
Methyl Methacrylate	10-160	184S	Pyridine	0.05-10	219S(1)
Methyl styrene	10-500	1935	Pyridine	0.2-20	105SD
Mineral turpentine	10-1000	111U(11)	Salinity	0.01-0.8%	205SL
Monoethanol amine	0.5-50	224SA	Silane	0.5-50	240S
Morpholine	0.2-20	105SD	Silica-gel tube		801
Naphtalene	10-400	1530	Smoke tube (Air Flow		200
Nickel carbonyl	20-700	129	Indicator)		300
Nitric Acid vapour	1-20	233S <sup>3</sup>	Styrene	1 - 100	1585
Nitrogen Dioxide	20-1000	117SA	Sulphide ion	0.5-10	200SB
Nitrogen Dioxide	0.5-30	117SB§	Sulphide ion	2-1000	2005B
Nitrogen dioxide	0.1-1.0	117SD	Sulfur Dioxide	0.1-3.0%	103SA
Nitrogen dioxide –	0.01-0.2	740	Sulfur Dioxide	0.02-0.3%	103SB
IAQ	0.01 0.2	/ 40	Sulfur Dioxide –	0.02-0.3%	103SF
Nitrogen oxide and	NO 10-300		in flue gas		
dioxide -	NO <sub>2</sub> 1-40	174A§	Sulfur Dioxide	1-60	103SD§
separately measurable	2		Sulfur Dioxide	0.25-10	103SE
Nitrogen oxide and dioxide	NO 10-300 NO <sub>2</sub> 1-40	174B	Sulphur dioxide in Carbon dioxide	0.1-25	103SG
Nitrogen Oxides	20-250	175SA*	Sulphuric acid	0.5–5 mg/m³	244U
Nitrogen Oxides	100-2500	175SH	tert-Butyl methyl ether	10-1000	111U(3)

## **Detector Tubes**

Substance Measuring	To be measured range (ppm)	Tube No.		Substance Measuring	To be measured range (ppm)	Tube No.
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	10-100	236S(1)		Trichloroethylene	0.2-36.8	134SB
Tetrachloroethylene	5-300	135SA*3		Trichlorotoluene	0.1-12.0	132SC(8)
Tetrachloroethylene	0.2-10	135SB <sup>3</sup>		Triethylamine	1-20	2135
Tetrachloroethylene	0.1-2.0%	135SG		Trimethylamine	1-20	222S
Tetrachloroethylene	0.05-2%	135SH	_	1.2.4-Trimethylbenzene	10-1000	111U
Tetraethoxysilane	5-160	243U		TWA Carbon monoxide	5-400	500
Tetrahydrofuran	0.1-5.0%	102SA		TWA Ammonia	5-200	501
Tetrahydrofuran	20-400	162U		TWA Hydrogen Sulphide	1-20	502
Toluene	10-500	124SA*§	_	TWA Sulphur dioxide	0.5-20	503
Toluene	2-100	124SB		TWA Toluene	20-200	504
Toluene	100-3000	124SH		Vinyl acetate	5-120	237S
Toluene – IAQ	0.05-1.0	721		Vinyl Chloride	0.05-1%	132SA
o-Toluidine	0.2 - 20	105SD		Vinyl Chloride	5-500	132SB*3
p-Toluidine	0.2-20	105SD		Vinyl Chloride	0.1-12	132SC*§
1,1,2 Trichloroethane	10-100	236S*3		Water Vapour	1.7-33.8mg/l	177SA
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	15-400	160S		Water Vapour	0.05–2.0 mg/l	177U
(Methyl chloroform)			_	Water Vapour	3–80 lb/MMCF	177UL
Trichloroethylene	5-300	134SA <sup>*§,3</sup>	_	Water vapor	2-12 lb/MMCF	177UR
Trichloroethylene	0.05-2%	134SH	_	Xylene	5-1000	143SA§
Trichloroethylene	0.05-2.0%	134SG	_	Xylene	5-200	143SB

- SEI certified. §
- Pending SEI certification.ppm: parts per million mg/m<sup>3</sup>: approximate milligrams of substance per cubic meter of air. Requires refrigeration (2°–10°C; 36°–50°F) for storage All "S" and "U" tubes are direct reading. t
- 3
- All tubes are packaged 10 tubes per box unless otherwise noted.
- \* Five detector tubes, five pretreat tubes per box.
- \*\* Five detector tubes per box.
- + Five detector tubes per box, each tube for one NO/NO<sub>2</sub> test.
- ++  $3 \times 5$  detector tubes per box. Orifice to be inserted in 400B pump before sampling (P/N 001).

Note: all tubes will have a minimum of three months shelf life remaining when shipped, although they will typically contain more.

Model	Description
8014KA	Toxic Gas Detector Kit - with Pump (SEI approved), Spare Parts, Carrying Case and Instruction Card. Order tubes separately.
400B	Precision Sampling Pump (replacement only)
002	Rubber Inlet Flange and Ring (pkg 6) (replacement)
003	Sampling Pump Lubricant (replacement)
017	5 Meter Extension Hose (with tube holder)
108	10 Meter Extension Hose (with tube holder)
300K	Air Flow Indicator Kit - with Aspirator Bulb, Case, and one box 300 Smoke Tubes.
300K2	Continuous Air Flow Indicator Kit
KBOOK	Kitagawa Handbook

# Indoor Air Quality Test Kit

## Model 8078



## What is Indoor Air Quality?

Indoor Air Quality (IAQ) is normally associated with non-industrial environments such as office buildings, schools, hotels, residences, etc. As these structures typically do not employ readily identifiable hazardous materials, the cause of a poor indoor air quality condition can be difficult to troubleshoot.

Tighter building envelopes (designed to minimize heat and air conditioning losses), and HVAC systems balanced to recirculate a greater percentage of their air and bring in less fresh air from outside, tend to concentrate air contaminants over time rather than exhaust them outside or dilute them with fresh air. The contaminants are not actually due to new sources, but are now more noticeable because of their tendency to accumulate. For example, the following contaminants existed long before the problems associated with poor indoor air quality:

Particle board furniture and sub-flooring, foam insulation
Leaky furnaces/boilers, vehicle exhaust entrainment into building
Human respiration
Carpeting, adhesives, paints
Photocopiers, Laser printers
Blueprint duplicators, cleaners
Dry cleaning residue

## Indoor Air Quality Test Kit

## Description

The Linde Model 8078 is a complete kit for analyzing many parameters pertaining to indoor air quality. The heart of the Model 8078 kit is the Linde-Kitagawa precision air-sampling pump. It is used in conjunction with a variety of detector tubes. Included in the kit are tubes for measuring the concentration of formaldehyde, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and organic hydrocarbons. And although not included in the kit as standard, tubes are available for ammonia, ozone and a host of other gases and vapours. Qualitative tubes are also included for analysis of unknown materials. An airflow indicator kit (smoke tubes) is provided for determining ventilation patterns and efficiencies. A 10 m (32.8') extension sampling hose is provided for remote sampling in hard to reach places. All of these products are packaged with relevant maintenance items in a convenient, extremely durable carrying case.



Model	Description
8078	Indoor Air Quality Test Kit, complete with the following items:
	(1) 400A Air Sampling Pump
	(1) 002 Spare Rubber Inlet Flanges (6)
	(1) 003 Maintenance Pump Lubricant
	(5) 106SB Carbon Monoxide Tubes, 5-50 ppm
	(7) 126SC Carbon Dioxide Tubes, 300-7,000 ppm
	(5) 187S General Hydrocarbons Tubes, 50-1,400 ppm
	(10) 171SB Formaldehyde Tubes, 1-35 ppm
	(1) 131 Qualitative Inorganic Tubes
	(2) 186B Qualitative Organic Tubes
	(1) 300K Air Flow Indicator Kit
	(1) 018 10m Extension Sampling Hose
	(1) Hard Shell Carrying Case



## Physical and Chemical Information on Pure Gases

The aim throughout has been to present, in a condensed form, a large amount of accurate, reliable and up-to-date information on the fields of chemistry and physics for pure gases. Chemistry and physics, always closely related sciences, have been brought into more intimate relations by more recent results and research discoveries. The information contained herein can be used for a variety of tasks such as recalculation between volume and weight at a fixed temperature.

Gas Name	Chemical	Liquid Sate					
	Formula	Molecular Weight g/mol	Density at b.p. 1 atm kg/l	Density 20°C kg/l	Vapour Pressure 20°C bar	Specific Heat kJ/kg•K	
Acetylene	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>2</sub>	26.038	0.6179	0.3999	43.41	3.64 (15°C)	
Air, synthetic		28.96	—	—	—	—	
Ammonia	NH <sub>3</sub>	17.031	0.6814	0.6091	8.56	4.4 (-40°C)	
Argon	Ar	39.948	1.3974	—	—	1.1 (b.p.)	
Arsine	AsH <sub>3</sub>	77.945	1.6205	1.3401	14.75	—	
Boron trichloride	BCl <sub>3</sub>	117.17	1.3457	1.3291	1.32	—	
Boron trifluoride	BF3	67.806	1.5716	_	_	_	
1,3-Butadiene	$C_4H_6$	54.092	0.6508	0.6211	2.40	2.22 (15°C)	
n-Butane	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>10</sub>	58.123	20.602	0.5788	2.08	2.35 (15°C)	
iso-Butane	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>10</sub>	58.123	0.5949	0.5585	3.06	1.92 (15°C)	
1-Butene	$C_4H_8$	56.107	0.6261	0.5944	2.57	2.25 (15°C)	
cis-2-Butene	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>8</sub>	56.107	0.6416	0.6227	1.81	—	
iso-Butene	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>8</sub>	56.107	0.6274	0.5951	2.64	0.67 (15°C)	
trans-2-Butene	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>8</sub>	56.107	0.6275	0.6053	1.99	—	
Carbon dioxide	CO <sub>2</sub>	44.01	1.1806	0.774	57.37	1.97 (-20°C)	
Carbon monoxide	CO	28.01	0.790	_	<u> </u>	0.68 (b.p.)	
Carbonyl sulfide	COS	60.076	1.1769	1.0068	11.06	—	
Chlorine	Cl <sub>2</sub>	70.905	1.5622	1.4128	6.80	2.06 (b.p.)	
Cyanogen chloride	CNCI	61.47	1.1969	1.1823	1.35	—	
Cyclopropane	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>6</sub>	42.081	0.6989	0.626	6.29	—	
Deuterium	D <sub>2</sub>	4.032	0.1605	—	<u> </u>	—	
Diborane	B <sub>2</sub> H <sub>6</sub>	27.67	0.4288	—	_	_	
Dichlorosilane	SiH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>	101.01	1.2014	1.1773	1.52	_	
Dimethylamine	$(CH_3)_2NH$	45.084	0.6704	0.6559	1.69	3.02 (0°C)	
Dimethyl ether	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>6</sub> O	46.069	0.7296	0.6633	5.09	_	
2,2-Dimethylpropane	C5H <sub>12</sub>	2.59	0.6036	0.5918	1.46	_	
Ethane	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>6</sub>	30.07	0.5447	0.3385	37.70	3.79 (15°C)	
Ethene	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	28.054	0.5698	_	_	—	
Ethylene oxide	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> O	44.053	0.8827	0.8696	1.47	—	
Ethylamine	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> NH <sub>2</sub>	45.084	0.6869	0.6828	1.15	—	
Ethyl chloride	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> Cl	64.514	0.9064	0.8967	1.34	—	
Fluorine	F <sub>2</sub>	37.997	1.5056	—	_	<u> </u>	

Gas Name	Chemical					
	Formula	Molecular Weight g/mol	Density at b.p. 1 atm kg/l	Density 20°C kg/l	Vapour Pressure 20°C bar	Specific Heat kJ/kg•K
Helium	Не	4.003	0.124	—	—	4.01 (b.p.)
Hydrogen	H <sub>2</sub>	2.016	0.075			8.78 (b.p.)
Hydrogen bromide	HBr	80.912	2.1521	1.7571	21.80	0.92 (15°C)
Hydrogen chloride	HCI	36.461	1.1933	0.8231	42.02	1.70 (b.p.)
Hydrogen fluoride	HF	20.006	0.9552	0.954	1.03	
Hydrogen sulphide	H <sub>2</sub> S	34.082	0.943	0.7886	18.41	1.06 (21°C)
Krypton	Kr	83.8	2.4186			
Methane	CH <sub>4</sub>	16.043	0.4241			3.45 (b.p.)
Methylamine	CH <sub>3</sub> NH <sub>2</sub>	31.057	0.6946	0.6617	2.96	3.28 (-14°C)
Methyl bromide	CH <sub>3</sub> Br	94.939	1.71496	1.6755	1.84	
Methyl chloride	CH <sub>3</sub> Cl	50.487	1.0073	0.9232	4.96	1.57 (20°C)
Methyl mercaptan	CH₃SH	48.109	0.8875	0.8689	1.70	1.85 (b.p.)
Neon	Ne	20.18	1.2039			1.85 (b.p.)
Nitric oxide	NO	30.006	1.2808			2.61 (b.p.)
Nitrogen	N <sub>2</sub>	28.014	0.8078			2.06 (b.p.)
Nitrogen dioxide	NO <sub>2</sub>	46.006	1.453	1.4552	0.96	1.55 (b.p.)
Nitrogen trifluoride	NF <sub>3</sub>	71.002	1.540			
Nitrous oxide	N <sub>2</sub> 0	44.013	1.2225	0.7848	51.27	1.74 (b.p.)
Octafluoropropane	C <sub>3</sub> F <sub>8</sub>	188.02	1.6047	1.345	7.69	0.97 (b.p.)
Oxygen	02	31.999	1.142			1.68 (b.p.)
Phosgene	COCl <sub>2</sub>	98.916	1.4021	1.3743	1.59	
Phosphine	PH <sub>3</sub>	33.998	0.7437	0.5071	35.17	
Propadiene	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	40.065	0.663	0.587	6.34	
Propane	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>8</sub>	44.097	0.583	0.5011	8.39	2.22 (b.p.)
Propene	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>6</sub>	42.081	0.6103	0.5112	10.25	2.57 (15°C)
Ргорупе	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	40.065	0.6721	0.6142	4.94	
<b>R 11</b> Trichlorofluoromethane	CFCl <sub>3</sub>	137.37	0.4795	1.4884	0.89	0.89 (30°C)
<b>R 12</b> Dichlorodifluoromethane	CF <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>	120.91	1.4858	1.3251	5.63	0.98 (30°C)
<b>R 13</b> Chlorotrifluoromethane	CF <sub>3</sub> Cl	104.46	1.5229	0.9279	31.89	1.04 (-30°C)
R 13 b1 Bromotrifluoromethane	CF₃Br	148.91	1.9927	1.5725	14.34	0.88 (25°C)
R 14 Tetrafluoromethane	CF4	1.6067	1.6067			
R 23 Trifluoromethane	CHF <sub>3</sub>	1.4514	1.4514	0.8109	41.98	6.50 (25°C)

Coo Norro	Chemical	Liquid Sate					
Gas Name	Formula	Molecular Weight g/mol	Density at b.p. 1 atm kg/l	Density 20°C kg/l	Vapour Pressure 20°C bar	Specific Heat kJ/kg•K	
R 21 Dichlorofluoromethane	CHFCl2	1.4057	1.4057	1.3794	1.53	0.98 (b.p.)	
R 22 Chlorodifluoromethane	CHF <sub>2</sub> Cl	1.4122	1.4122	1.2125	8.97	1.28 (30°C)	
R 114 1,2-Dichlorotetrafluorethane	$C_2Cl_2F_4$	170.92	1.5184	1.4706	1.84	1.03 (30°C)	
R 115 Chloropentafluoroethane	C <sub>2</sub> CIF <sub>5</sub>	154.47	1.5448	1.3114	8.00	1.19 (30°C)	
R 116 Hexafluoroethane	$C_2F_6$	138.01	1.5979				
R 134a Tetraflouroethane	$C_2H_2F_4$	102.03	1.375	1.224	5.71	1.40 (15°)	
R 142b 1-Chloro-1,1-difluoroethane	$C_2H_3CIF_2$	100.5	1.2002	1.1213	2.90		
R 152a 1,1-Difluoroethane	$C_2H_4F_2$	66.051	1.0141	0.9103	5.18		
Silane	SiH <sub>4</sub>	32.117	0.5826				
Silicon tetrafluoride	SiF <sub>4</sub>	104.08					
Sulphur dioxide	SO <sub>2</sub>	64.065	1.4628	1.3808	3.36		
Sulphur hexafluoride	SF <sub>6</sub>	146.06	1.8449	1.3744	21.61	0.67 (21°C)	
Trimethylamine	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> N	59.111	20.6552	0.6349	1.83		
Tungsten hexafluoride	WF <sub>6</sub>	297.84	3.430		1.10		
Vinyl bromide	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>3</sub> Br	106.95	1.523	1.512	1.18	0.90 (15°C)	
Vinyl chloride	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>3</sub> Cl	62.499	0.9658	0.9115	3.42	1.35 (20°C)	
Vinyl methyl ether	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>6</sub> O	58.08	0.7699	0.7508	1.74	2.14 (0°C)	
Xenon	Хе	131.29	2.9537			0.34 (b.p.)	

Gas Name	Chemical Molecular Formula Weight	Liquid state				
	Formula	G/mol	Density at b.p. 1 atm lb/ft³	Density 20°C Ib/ft³	Vapour Pressure 70°F psi (a)	Specific Heat 70°F BTU/lb•°F
Acetylene	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>2</sub>	26.038	38.539	24.673	646.21	
Air, synthetic		28.96				
Ammonia	NH <sub>3</sub>	17.031	42.500	37.926	128.51	1.150
Argon	Ar	39.948	87.158	73.351		
Arsine	AsH <sub>3</sub>	77.945	101.074	83.396	219.32	
Boron trichloride	BCI <sub>3</sub>	117.17	83.934	82.819	19.91	
Boron trifluoride	BF <sub>3</sub>	67.806	98.024	89.022		
1,3-Butadiene	$C_4H_6$	54.092	40.591	38.686	36.07	0.541
n-Butane	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>10</sub>	58.123	1285.0	36.053	31.29	0.577
iso-Butane	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>10</sub>	58.123	37.105	34.780	45.81	0.576
1-Butene	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>8</sub>	56.107	39.051	37.017	38.58	0.541
cis-2-Butene	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>8</sub>	56.107	40.018	38.794	27.26	0.540
iso-Butene	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>8</sub>	56.107	39.132	37.064	39.59	0.552
trans-2-Butene	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>8</sub>	56.107	39.138	37.706	29.94	
Carbon dioxide	CO <sub>2</sub>	44.01	73.636	47.583	853.66	
Carbon monoxide	CO	28.01	49.274	40.831		
Carbonyl sulfide	COS	60.076	73.405	62.658	164.96	0.328
Chlorine	Cl <sub>2</sub>	70.905	97.437	87.990	101.64	
Cyanogen chloride	CNCI	61.47	74.653	73.667	20.41	0.630
Cyclopropane	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>6</sub>	42.081	43.591	39.011	94.11	
Deuterium	D <sub>2</sub>	40.32	10.010	62.179		
Diborane	B <sub>2</sub> H <sub>6</sub>	27.67	26.745	82.819		
Dichlorosilane	SiH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>	101.01	74.934	73.351	22.90	0.310
Dimethylamine	$(CH_3)_2NH$	45.084	41.814	40.868	25.47	
Dimethyl ether	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>6</sub> O	46.069	45.506	41.300	76.35	
2,2-Dimethylpropane	C5H <sub>12</sub>	2.59	37.647		21.93	
Ethane	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>6</sub>	30.07	33.974	20.844	559.92	
Ethene	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	28.054	35.539	20.844		
Ethylene oxide	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> O	44.053	56.534	54.189	22.13	0.477
Ethylamine	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> NH <sub>2</sub>	45.084	55.055	42.541	17.45	
Ethyl chloride	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> Cl	64.514	42.843			
Fluorine	F <sub>2</sub>	37.997	93.907	62.179		

Gas Name	Chemical Molecular	Molecular Weight	Liquid state				
	Formula	G/mol	Density at b.p. 1 atm lb/ft³	Density 20°C Ib/ft³	Vapour Pressure 70°F psi (a)	Specific Heat 70°F BTU/lb•°F	
Helium	Не	4.003	7.734	73.351			
Hydrogen	H <sub>2</sub>	2.016	4.397	76.162			
Hydrogen bromide	HBr	80.912	134.42	109.30	324.57	0.180	
Hydrogen chloride	HCI	36.461	74.428	51.028	625.37		
Hydrogen fluoride	HF	20.006	59.577	59.381	15.48		
Hydrogen sulphide	H <sub>2</sub> S	34.082	58.817	49.070	274.52		
Krypton	Kr	83.8	150.85	73.351			
Methane	CH <sub>4</sub>	16.043	26.452	83.442			
Methylamine	CH <sub>3</sub> NH <sub>2</sub>	31.057	43.323	41.218	44.63		
Methyl bromide	CH <sub>3</sub> Br	94.939	107.26	104.41	27.76		
Methyl chloride	CH <sub>3</sub> Cl	50.487	62.827	57.494	74.28	0.381	
Methyl mercaptan	CH₃SH	48.109	55.355	54.150	25.67		
Neon	Ne	20.18	75.089	73.351			
Nitric oxide	NO	30.006	79.886	57.943			
Nitrogen	N <sub>2</sub>	28.014	50.384	194.64			
Nitrogen dioxide	NO <sub>2</sub>	46.006	90.626	90.668	14.66		
Nitrogen trifluoride	NF <sub>3</sub>	71.002	96.053	49.070			
Nitrous oxide	N <sub>2</sub> 0	44.013	76.250	48.457	761.88		
Octafluoropropane	C <sub>3</sub> F <sub>8</sub>	188.02	100.09	83.586	115.05		
Oxygen	02	31.999	71.229	62.179			
Phosgene	COCl <sub>2</sub>	98.916	87.452	85.639	24.00		
Phosphine	PH <sub>3</sub>	33.998	46.386	31.441	522.11		
Propadiene	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	40.065	41.352	36.539	94.72		
Propane	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>8</sub>	44.097	36.363	31.175	125.24	0.630	
Propene	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>6</sub>	42.081	38.065	31.792	152.86	0.580	
Ргорупе	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	40.065	41.920	38.241	74.09		
<b>R 11</b> Trichlorofluoromethane	CFCl <sub>3</sub>	137.37	92.279	92.759	13.50	0.117	
<b>R 12</b> Dichlorodifluoromethane	$CF_2CI_2$	120.91	92.672	82.478	84.23	0.231	
R 13 Chlorotrifluoromethane	CF <sub>3</sub> Cl	104.46	94.986	56.927	474.18		
R 13 b1 Bromotrifluoromethane	CF <sub>3</sub> Br	148.91	124.29	97.681	213.69	0.206	
R 14 Tetrafluoromethane	CF4	88.005	100.21	56.927			
R 23 Trifluoromethane	CHF <sub>3</sub>	102.92	87.676	85.949	23.00	0.251	

Gas Name	Chemical	Molecular Weight	Liquid state					
	Formula	G/mol	Density at b.p. 1 atm lb/ft³	Density 20°C Ib/ft³	Vapour Pressure 70°F psi (a)	Specific Heat 70°F BTU/lb•°F		
R 21 Dichlorofluoromethane	CHFCl2	86.468	88.082	75.430	134.12	0.294		
R 22 Chlorodifluoromethane	CHF <sub>2</sub> Cl	70.014	90.527	49.324	625.58			
R 114 1,2-Dichlorotetrafluorethane	C <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> F <sub>4</sub>	170.92	94.706	91.599	27.43	0.155		
R 115 Chloropentafluoroethane	C <sub>2</sub> CIF <sub>5</sub>	154.47	96.352	81.543	119.53			
R 116 Hexafluoroethane	C <sub>2</sub> F <sub>6</sub>	138.01	99.664	81.543				
R 134a Tetraflouroethane	$C_2H_2F_4$	102.03	85.761	76.162	85.69	0.340		
R 142b 1-Chloro-1,1-difluoroethane	$C_2H_3CIF_2$	100.5	74.859	69.809	43.59	0.307		
R 152a 1,1-Difluoroethane	$C_2H_4F_2$	66.051	62.251	56.656	77.60	0.391		
Silane	SiH4	32.117	36.338	31.441				
Silicon tetrafluoride	SiF <sub>4</sub>	104.08						
Sulphur dioxide	SO <sub>2</sub>	64.065		86.004	50.67			
Sulphur hexafluoride	SF <sub>6</sub>	146.06		85.116	321.70			
Trimethylamine	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> N	59.111		39.548	27.52	0.553		
Tungsten hexafluoride	WF <sub>6</sub>	297.84	3.430		1.10			
Vinyl bromide	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>3</sub> Br	106.95		94.220	17.74			
Vinyl chloride	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>3</sub> Cl	62.499		56.785	51.26	0.324		
Vinyl methyl ether	$C_{3}H_{6}O$	58.08		46.780	26.27			
Xenon	Хе	131.29		73.351				

Gas Name	Rel. spec. wgt, air = 1	Density 15°C 1 atm		Gaseous State	
	(15°C. 1 bar)	kg/m <sup>3</sup>	Specific heat (15°C) kJ/kg•K	Thermal conductivity µW/сm•K	Solubility in water at P = 1 bar I/kg
Acetylene	0.91	1.109	1.663	187 (0°C)	0.99 (20°C)
Air, synthetic	1.0	1.21	1.01	255	0.018
Ammonia	0.59	0.728	2.071	221 (0°C)	692 (15°C)
Argon	1.38	1.691	0.52	175 (0.°C)	0.033 (20°C)
Arsine	2.73	3.334	0.488	116 (0°C)	0.20 (20°C)
Boron trichloride	4.19	5.162	0.526	86 (15°C)	Hydrolyzed
Boron trifluoride	2.35	2.882	0.733	157 (°C)	
1,3-Butadiene	1.94	2.547	1.447	132 (0°C)	0.230 (20°C)
n-Butane	2.09	2.537	1.647	138 (0°C)	0.034 (20°C)
iso-Butane	2.08	2.449	1.611	140 (0°C)	0.032 (20°C)
1-Butene	2.01	2.457	1.489	130 (0°C)	
cis-2-Butene	2.00	2.448	1.374	125 (15°C)	
iso-Butene	2.01	2.455	1.553	144 (0°C)	
trans-2-Butene	2.00	1.872	1.533	134 (15°C)	
Carbon dioxide	1.53	1.185	0.834	146 (0°C)	0.851 (20°C)
Carbon monoxide	0.97	2.574	1.04	232 (0°C)	0.022 (20°C)
Carbonyl sulfide	2.11	3.042	0.683	122 (0°C)	
Chlorine	2.49	2.678	0.477	80 (0°C)	2.3 (20°C)
Cyanogen chloride	2.18	1.812	0.733	90 (15°C)	
Cyclopropane	1.48	0.171	1.27	143 (0°C)	
Deuterium	0.14	1.181	7.215	1.301 (0°C)	
Diborane	0.97	4.426	2.031	210 (0°C)	
Dichlorosilane	3.60	1.965	0.603	97 (15°C)	Hydrolyzed
Dimethylamine	1.60	1.988	1.511	157 (15°C)	119 (60°C)
Dimethyl ether	1.63	3.198	1.416	141 (0°C)	
2,2-Dimethylpropane	2.59	1.283	1.614	140 (15°C)	
Ethane	1.05	1.194	1.723	180 (0°C)	0.047 (20°C)
Ethene	0.98	1.911	1.496	180 (0°C)	0.120 (20°C)
Ethylene oxide	1.55		1.054	121 (15°C)	
Ethylamine	1.61	2.819	1.572 (20°C)	162 (20°C)	
Ethyl chloride	2.29	1.608	0.944	108 (15°C)	1.99 (20°C)
Fluorine	1.31	0.169	0.819	238 (0°C)	

Gas Name	Rel. spec. wgt, air = 1	Density 15°C 1 atm		Gaseous State	
	(15°C. 1 bar)	kg/m <sup>3</sup>	Specific heat (15°C) kJ/kg•K	Thermal conductivity µW∕cm∙K	Solubility in water at P = 1 bar I/kg
Helium	0.14		5.193	1,460 (0°C)	0.083 (20°C)
Hydrogen	0.07	0.0852	14.242	1.606 (0°C)	0.0182 (20°C)
Hydrogen bromide	2.82	3.45	0.36	79 (0°C)	467 (25°C)
Hydrogen chloride	1.27	1.552	0.799	134 (0°C)	440 (20°C)
Hydrogen fluoride	0.71		1.456 (20°C)		
Hydrogen sulphide	1.19	1.454	1.00	129 (0°C)	2.5 (20°C)
Krypton	2.90	3.552	0.248	88 (0°C)	0.061 (20°C)
Methane	0.55	0.68	2.201	300 (0°C)	0.033 (20°C)
Methylamine	1.10	1.34	161	191 (0°C)	757 (25°C)
Methyl bromide	3.34	4.106	0.439	71 (15°C)	
Methyl chloride	1.78	2.173	0.791	92 (0°C)	3.4 (0°C)
Methyl mercaptan	1.70	2.084	1.028	127 (15°C)	11.2 (15°C)
Neon	0.70	0.853	1.03	461 (20°C)	0.010 (20°C)
Nitric oxide	1.04	1.27	0.999	235 (0°C)	0.046 (20°C)
Nitrogen	0.97	1.185	1.04	235 (0°C)	0.015 (20°C)
Nitrogen dioxide	2.75		0.815 (25°C)		Hydrolyzed
Nitrogen trifluoride	2.46	3.015	0.75 (25°C)		
Nitrous oxide	1.53	1.873	0.868	155 (0°C)	0.610 (20°C)
Octafluoropropane	6.53	8.163	0.769	100 (0°C)	
Oxygen	1.11	1.354	0.916	242 (0°C)	
Phosgene	3.50	4.308	0.577	83 (15°C)	
Phosphine	1.18	1.449	1.079	192 (0°C)	1.16 (24°C)
Propadiene	1.41	1.725	1.467	136 (0°C)	
Propane	1.56	1.901	1.642	159 (0°C)	0.39 (20°C)
Propene	1.48	1.809	1.498	150 (0°C)	0.182 (20°C)
Ргорупе	1.42	1.728	1.487	137 (0°C)	
<b>R 11</b> Trichlorofluoromethane	4.92		0.567 (25°C)	78 (25°C)	0.180 (25°C)
<b>R 12</b> Dichlorodifluoromethane	4.29	5.231	0.589	84 (0°C)	0.051 (25°C)
<b>R 13</b> Chlorotrifluoromethane	3.65	4.465	0.629	107 (0°C)	0.019 (25°C)
R 13 b1 Bromotrifluoromethane	5.23	6.396	0.457	86 (0°C)	0.004 (25°C)
<b>R 14</b> Tetrafluoromethane	3.05	3.737	0.68	133 (0°C)	0.004 (25°C)
R 23 Trifluoromethane	3.65	4.493	0.582	81 (15°C)	2.070 (25°C)

Gas Name	Rel. spec. wgt, air = 1	Density 15°C 1 atm kg/m³	Gaseous State			
	(15°C. 1 bar)		Specific heat (15°C) kJ/kg•K	Thermal conductivity µW/ст•К	Solubility in water at P = 1 bar I/kg	
R 21 Dichlorofluoromethane	3.04	3.719	0.644	92 (0°C)	0.775 (25°C)	
R 22 Chlorodifluoromethane	2.44	2.986	0.719	109 (0°C)	0.313 (25°C)	
R 114 1,2-Dichlorotetrafluorethane	6.12	7.532	0.673	105 (15°C)	0.017 (25°C)	
R 115 Chloropentafluoroethane	5.48	6.687	0.687	110 (0°C)	0.008 (25°C)	
R 116 Hexafluoroethane	4.84	5.912	0.755	299 (0°C)		
R 134a Tetraflouroethane	3.53	4.415	0.827	133 (0°C)		
R 142b 1-Chloro-1,1-difluoroethane	3.59	4.378	0.804	101 (0°C)		
R 152a 1,1-Difluoroethane	2.34	2.857	1.002	102 (0°C)		
Silane	1.12	1.366	1.307		Insoluble	
Silicon tetrafluoride	3.61	4.431	0.696			
Sulphur dioxide	2.26	2.759	0.617	85 (0°C)	38.2 (20°C)	
Sulphur hexafluoride	5.12	6.261	0.647	116 (0°C)	0.005 (25°C)	
Trimethylamine	2.10	2.59	1.514	143 (15°C0		
Tungsten hexafluoride	10.60		0.379 (25°C)			
Vinyl bromide	3.72	4.653	0.509	88 (0°C)		
Vinyl chloride	2.21	2.703	0.841	105 (0°C)		
Vinyl methyl ether	2.03	2.537	1.334	157 (15°C)		
Xenon	4.56	5.586	0.158	52 (0°C)	0.120 (20°C)	

		Density _		Gaseous State	
Gas Name	Rel. spec. wgt, Air = 1	70°F Ib/ft³	Specific heat (70°F) BTU/lb•°F	Thermal Conductivity BTU/h,ft,°F	Solubility in water ft/lb at°F
Acetylene	0.91	0.068	0.401	0.0121	0.0160 (68°F)
Air, synthetic	1.0	0.075	0.239		0.0003 (68°F)
Ammonia	0.59	0.044	0.492	0.0141	11.0947 (68°F)
Argon	1.38	0.103	0.124	0.0107	0.0005 (68°F)
Arsine	2.73	0.204	0.117	0.0074	0.0032 (68°F)
Boron trichloride	4.19	0.315	0.127	0.0051	Hydrolyzed
Boron trifluoride	2.35	0.176	0.177	0.0094	
1,3-Butadiene	1.94	0.144	0.352	0.0088	0.0037 (69°F)
n-Butane	2.09	0.155	0.400	0.0092	0.0005 (68°F)
iso-Butane	2.08	0.155	0.392	0.0093	0.0005 (68°F)
1-Butene	2.01	0.149	0.361	0.0085	
cis-2-Butene	2.00	0.150	0.333	0.0076	
iso-Butene	2.01	0.149	0.376	0.0095	
trans-2-Butene	2.00	0.150	0.371	0.0081	
Carbon dioxide	1.53	0.114	0.201	0.0093	0.0136 (68°F)
Carbon monoxide	0.97	0.072	0.248	0.0143	0.004 (68°F)
Carbonyl sulfide	2.11	0.157	0.164	0.0077	
Chlorine	2.49	0.186	0.114	0.0051	0.0369 (69°F)
Cyanogen chloride	2.18	0.163	0.176	0.0053	
Cyclopropane	1.48	0.111	0.311	0.0094	
Deuterium	0.14	0.010	1.723	0.0791	
Diborane	0.97	0.072	0.494	0.0137	
Dichlorosilane	3.60	0.217	0.145	0.0058	Hydrolyzed
Dimethylamine	1.60	0.120	0.366	0.0094	1.9079 (140°F)
Dimethyl ether	1.63	0.121	0.343	0.0094	
2,2-Dimethylpropane	2.59	0.195	0.394	0.0084	
Ethane	1.05	0.078	0.418	0.0119	0.0008 (68°F)
Ethene	0.98	0.073	0.362	0.0117	0.0019 (68°F)
Ethylene oxide	1.55	0.117	0.257	0.0072	
Ethylamine	1.61	0.122	0.379	0.0096	
Ethyl chloride	2.29				0.0319 (68°F)
Fluorine	1.31	0.098	0.196	0.0148	

Gas Name	Rel. spec. wgt,	Density 70°F	Gaseous State				
	Air = 1	lb/ft <sup>3</sup>	Specific heat (70°F) BTU/lb•°F	Thermal Conductivity BTU/h,ft,°F	Solubility in water ft/lb at°F		
Helium	0.14	0.010	1.240	0.0882	0.0001 (68°F)		
Hydrogen	0.07	0.005	3.406	0.0983	0.0003 (68°F)		
Hydrogen bromide	2.82	0.211	0.086	0.0050	7.4873 (77°F)		
Hydrogen chloride	1.27	0.095	0.191	0.0083	7.0545 (68°F)		
Hydrogen fluoride	0.71	0.053	0.348				
Hydrogen sulphide	1.19	0.089	0.239	0.0082	0.0401 (68°F)		
Krypton	2.90	0.217	0.059	0.0054	0.0010 (68°F)		
Methane	0.55	0.042	0.529	0.0191	0.0005 (68°F)		
Methylamine	1.10	0.082	0.389	0.0124	12.1369 (77°F)		
Methyl bromide	3.34	0.251	0.106	0.0042			
Methyl chloride	1.78	0.133	0.191	0.0060	0.0545 (32°F)		
Methyl mercaptan	1.70	0.127	0.248	0.0076	0.1796 (59°F)		
Neon	0.70	0.052	0.246	0.0281	0.0002 (68°F)		
Nitric oxide	1.04	0.078	0.239	0.0145	0.0007 (68°F)		
Nitrogen	0.97	0.072	0.248	0.0144	0.0002 (68°F)		
Nitrogen dioxide	2.75	0.121	0.195		Hydrolyzed		
Nitrogen trifluoride	2.46	0.184	0.178	0.0122			
Nitrous oxide	1.53	0.114	0.209	0.0099	0.0098 (68°F)		
Octafluoropropane	6.53	0.498	0.186	0.0066			
Oxygen	1.11	0.083	0.219	0.0150	0.0005 (68°F)		
Phosgene	3.50	0.263	0.139	0.0049			
Phosphine	1.18	0.089	0.260	0.0121	0.0186 (75°F)		
Propadiene	1.41	0.105	0.355				
Propane	1.56	0.116	0.399	0.0104	0.0006 (68°F)		
Propene	1.48	0.111	0.364	0.0099	0.0029 (68°F)		
Ргорупе	1.42	0.106	0.359	0.0091			
<b>R 11</b> Trichlorofluoromethane	4.92		0.135	0.0045	0.0029 (77°F)		
<b>R 12</b> Dichlorodifluoromethane	4.29	0.319	0.142	0.0054	0.0008 (77°F)		
<b>R 13</b> Chlorotrifluoromethane	3.65	0.273	0.152	0.0069	0.0003 (77°F)		
R 13 b1 Bromotrifluoromethane	5.23	0.391	0.110	0.0056	0.0001 (77°F)		
R 14 Tetrafluoromethane	3.05	0.228	0.165	0.0085	0.0001 (77°F)		
R 23 Trifluoromethane	3.65	0.274	0.140	0.0048	0.0332 (77°F)		

Gas Name	Rel. spec. wgt,	Density 70°F Ib/ft³	Gaseous State			
	Air = 1		Specific heat (70°F) BTU/lb•°F	Thermal Conductivity BTU/h,ft,°F	Solubility in water ft/lb at°F	
R 21 Dichlorofluoromethane	3.04	0.227	0.156	0.0060	0.0124 (77°F)	
R 22 Chlorodifluoromethane	2.44	0.182	0.174	0.0069	0.0050 (77°F)	
R 114 1,2-Dichlorotetrafluorethane	6.12	0.459	0.162	0.0063	0.0003 (77°F)	
R 115 Chloropentafluoroethane	5.48	0.408	0.166	0.0071	0.0001 (77°F)	
R 116 Hexafluoroethane	4.84	0.361	0.183	0.0197		
R 134a Tetraflouroethane	3.53	0.270	0.200	0.0074		
R 142b 1-Chloro-1,1-difluoroethane	3.59	0.267	0.194	0.0066		
R 152a 1,1-Difluoroethane	2.34	0.174	0.243	0.0066		
Silane	1.12	1.115	0.083	0.316	insoluble	
Silicon tetrafluoride	3.61	0.271	0.168			
Sulphur dioxide	2.26	0.169	0.148	0.0054	0.6125 (68°F)	
Sulphur hexafluoride	5.12	0.382	0.157	0.0076	0.0001 (77°F)	
Trimethylamine	2.10	0.158	0.367	0.0086		
Tungsten hexafluoride	10.60					
Vinyl bromide	3.72	0.284	0.123	0.0051		
Vinyl chloride	2.21	0.165	0.204	0.0068		
Vinyl methyl ether	2.03	0.155		0.0094		
Xenon	4.56	0.341	0.038	0.0032	0.0019 (68°F)	

	Boiling Po	int (1 atm)		Critical Point		Flammability in Air	
Gas Name	Temperature °C	Heat of Vapourization Kj/kg	Temperature °C	Pressure bar	Density Kg/l	Lower Limit % Volume	Upper Limit % Volume
Acetylene	-84.15	634.2	35.17	61.391	0.2305	2.2	85.0
Air, synthetic			-141.7	36.6	0.331		
Ammonia	-33.43	1,369.8	132.5	112.78	0.235	15.0	27.0
Argon	-185.87	161.2	-122.29	48.981	0.5356	n.a.	n.a.
Arsine	-62.48	211.5	99.85	65.500	0.797	5.8	n.a
Boron trichloride	12.5	204.3	178.8	38.706	0.7899	n.a	n.a
Boron trifluoride	-99.8	254.3	-12.25	49.852	0.5486	n.a	n.a
1,3-Butadiene	-4.41	415.6	152.22	43.299	0.2449	2.0	12.0
n-Butane	-0.5	389	152.03	37.969	0.228	1.8	8.4
iso-Butane	-11.72	368.1	134.99	36.480	0.2213	1.8	8.4
1-Butene	-6.25	400	146.44	40.196	0.2339	1.6	10.0
cis-2-Butene	3.72	417.6	162.43	42.058	0.2398	1.7	9.7
iso-Butene	-6.89	395.9	144.75	39.990	0.2349	1.8	9.6
trans-2-Butene	0.88	408.2	155.48	41.024	0.2356	1.7	9.7
Carbon dioxide		347.6	31.04	73.815	0.4682	n.a	n.a
Carbon monoxide	-191.45	211	-140.23	34.988	0.3009	12.5	74.0
Carbonyl sulfide	-50.15	311.7	105.65	63.490	0.4447	12.0	29.0
Chlorine	-34.03	287.9	144	77.108	0.573	n.a.	n.a
Cyanogen chloride	12.85	435	175.85	59.900	0.3771		
Cyclopropane	-32.78	477.2	124.76	55.749	0.2585		
Deuterium	-249.5	293.2	-234.8	16.617	0.0669	5.0	75.0
Diborane	-92.5	516.8	16.65	40.530	0.1599	0.9	98.0
Dichlorosilane	8.3	249.5	175.85	44.300	0.443	4.1	98.8
Dimethylamine	6.88	590.8	164.5	53.094	0.2411	2.8	14.4
Dimethyl ether	-24.84	468.1	126.95	53.702	0.271	3.4	27.0
2,2-Dimethylpropane	9.5	315.2	160.63	31.992	0.2377	1.4	7.5
Ethane	-88.6	488.5	32.27	48.801	0.2033	3.0	12.4
Ethene	-103.68	479.9	9.21	50.318	0.2174	3.1	32.0
Ethylene oxide	10.7	583.3	196.0	71.941	0.314	3.0	100.0
Ethylamine	16.58	606.6	183.0	56.235	0.2477		
Ethyl chloride	12.27	383.6	187.2	52.689	0.3226		
Fluorine	-188.2	171.7	-128.84	52.152	0.574	n.a	n.a

Cac Name	Boiling Point (1 atm) Critical Point Fla		Critical Point			Flammab	Flammability in Air	
Gas Name	Temperature °C	Heat of Vapourization Kj/kg	Temperature °C	Pressure bar	Density Kg/l	Lower Limit % Volume	Upper Limit % Volume	
Helium	-268.93	20.8	-267.95	2.2750	0.0699	N.a.	n.a.	
Hydrogen	-252.76	442.8	-239.97	13.130	0.0314	4.0	74.5	
Hydrogen bromide	-66.7	223.2	90	85.518	0.807	n.a.	n.a.	
Hydrogen chloride	-85	444.6	51.5	83.087	0.450	n.a	n.a	
Hydrogen fluoride	19.52	49.7	188	64.848	0.2899	n.a	n.a	
Hydrogen sulphide	-60.35	554.2	100.38	89.629	0.3461	4.0	44.0	
Krypton	-153.35	108.4	-63.8	55.020	0.9189	n.a	n.a	
Methane	-161.49	508.9	-82.57	46.043	0.1616	5.0	15.0	
Methylamine	-6.33	840.7	156.9	74.575	0.2017	4.9	20.7	
Methyl bromide	3.56	255.7	193.85	80.000	0.6086	10.0	16.0	
Methyl chloride	-24.22	426.8	143.1	66.793	0.3632	10.7	17.4	
Methyl mercaptan	5.96	510.8	196.8	72.346	0.3318	4.0	22.0	
Neon	-246.06	84.8	-228.75	26.530	0.4839	n.a	n.a	
Nitric oxide	-151.77	451.6	-93	64.848	0.520	n.a	n.a	
Nitrogen	-195.8	197.9	-147.05	33.944	0.3109	n.a	n.a	
Nitrogen dioxide	20.85	828.5	158.2	101.33	0.5577	n.a	n.a	
Nitrogen trifluoride	-129	163	-39.15	42.28	0.568	n.a	n.a	
Nitrous oxide	-88.48	390.9	36.42	72.447	0.452	n.a	n .a.	
Octafluoropropane	-36.75	104.8	71.9	26.8	0.6718	n.a		
Oxygen	-182.98	213.3	-118.57	50.430	0.436	n.a	n.a	
Phosgene	7.56	250.5	181.85	56.742	0.520	n.a	n.a	
Phosphine	-87.74	412.2	51.6	65.355	0.300			
Propadiene	-34.5	514.1	120	54.70	0.2473			
Propane	-42.04	426.3	96.67	42.492	0.2174	2.2	9.5	
Propene	-47.69	438.8	92.42	46.650	0.2234	2.0	10.5	
Ргорупе	-23.21	555.3	129.24	56.276	0.2443	1.7	12.0	
<b>R 11</b> Trichlorofluoromethane	23.82	183.1	198.05	44.076	0.5539			
R 12 Dichlorodifluoromethane	-29.79	170.4	111.8	41.249	0.5572	n.a	n.a	
<b>R 13</b> Chlorotrifluoromethane	-81.41	149.4	528.81	39.460	0.5794	n.a	n.a	
R 13 b1 Bromotrifluoromethane	57.89	117.7	67	39.719	0.7446	n.a	n.a	
<b>R 14</b> Tetrafluoromethane	-128.06	132.8	-45.65	37.389	0.6286	n.a	n.a	
R 23 Trifluoromethane	8.9	239.4	178.43	51.838	0.5251	n.a	N.Ə	

	Boiling Point (1 atm)		Critical Point			Flammability in Air	
Gas Name	Temperature °C	Heat of Vapourization Kj/kg	Temperature °C	Pressure bar	Density Kg/l	Lower Limit % Volume	Upper Limit % Volume
R 21 Dichlorofluoromethane	-40.83	233.5	96.15	49.710	0.5209	n.a	n.a
R 22 Chlorodifluoromethane	-82.16	237.3	25.74	48.362	0.5252	n.a	n.a
R 114 1,2-Dichlorotetrafluorethane	3.77	135.4	145.7	32.627	0.582	n.a.	N.a.
R 115 Chloropentafluoroethane	-39.11	125.1	80	31.573	0.613	n.a.	n.a.
R 116 Hexafluoroethane	-78.2	116.8	19.65	29.790	0.6161	n.a.	n.a.
R 134a Tetraflouroethane	-26.0	216.6	101.15	40.64	0.5687	n.a.	n.a.
R 142b 1-Chloro-1,1-difluoroethane	-10.01	223.5	137.05	41.239	0.4351	9.0	15.0
R 152a 1,1-Difluoroethane	-25.8	329	113.45	44.988	0.3649	4.0	18.0
Silane	-112.15	387.8	3.450	48.43	0.242	1.0	100
Silicon tetrafluoride		142.9	-14.15	37.186	0.6308	n.a.	n.a.
Sulphur dioxide	-10.02	385.4	157.6	78.841	0.5251	n.a.	n.a.
Sulphur hexafluoride	-63.9	111	45.54	37.600	0.7357	n.a.	n.a.
Trimethylamine	2.87	396.6	160.1	40.733	0.2327	2.0	11.6
Tungsten hexafluoride	17.06	87.9	169.85	42.70	1.307	n.a.	n.a.
Vinyl bromide	15.8	231.1	199.85	71.8	0.593		24.9
Vinyl chloride	-13.37	365.2	158.85	56.700	0.3492	4.0	22.0
Vinyl methyl ether	5.5	421.3	163.85	46.7	0.3162	2.6	39.0
Xenon	-108.12	96.1	16.59	58.404	1.01126	n.a.	N.a.

Gas Name	Boiling Po	int (1 atm)		Critical Point		Flammability in Air	
	Temperature °F	Heat of Vapourization 70°F BTU/lb	Temperature °F	Pressure psi (a)	Density Ib/ft³	Lower Limit % Volume	Upper Limit % Volume
Acetylene	-119.45	126.391	95.33	890.42	14.39	2.2	85.0
Air, synthetic	-317.81		-221.24	547.18	19.54		
Ammonia	-28.15	508.275	270.52	1635.77	14.67	15.0	27.0
Argon	-302.55		-188.10	710.43	33.44	n.a.	n.a.
Arsine	-80.44	70.307	211.75	950.02	49.75	5.8	n.a.
Boron trichloride	54.52	85.871	353.86	561.40	49.31	n.a.	n.a.
Boron trifluoride	-147.62		9.97	723.06	34.24	n.a.	n.a.
1,3-Butadiene	24.08	167.210	306.02	628.01	15.29	2.0	12.0
n-Butane	31.12	156.668	305.67	550.71	14.23	1.8	8.4
iso-Butane	10.92	143.318	275.00	529.11	13.81	1.8	8.4
1-Butene	20.77	159.146	295.61	583.01	14.60	1.6	10.0
cis-2-Butene	38.72	171.736	324.39	610.01	14.97	1.7	9.7
iso-Butene	19.62	157.215	292.57	580.02	14.66	1.8	9.6
trans-2-Butene	33.60	166.781	311.88	595.02	14.71	1.7	9.7
Carbon dioxide	-69.81	61.891	87.89	1070.62	29.23	n.a.	n.a.
Carbon monoxide	-312.59		-220.39	507.47	18.78	12.5	74.0
Carbonyl sulfide	-58.23	107.332	222.19	920.87	27.76	12.0	29.0
Chlorine	-29.23	108.285	291.22	1118.38	35.77	n.a	n.a
Cyanogen chloride	55.20	183.806	348.55	868.80	23.54		
Cyclopropane	-26.98	176.402	256.59	808.59	16.14		
Deuterium	-417.07		-390-62	241.01	4.18	5.0	75.0
Diborane	-134.48		61.99	587.85	9.98	0.9	98.0
Dichlorosilane	46.96	104.154	348.55	642.53	27.66	4.1	98.8
Dimethylamine	44.40	244.023	328.12	770.08	15.05	2.8	14.4
Dimethyl ether	-12.69	177.401	260.53	778.90	16.92	3.4	27.0
2,2-Dimethylpropane	49.12	131.442				1.4	7.5
Ethane	-127.46	86.369	90.11	707.81	12.69	3.0	12.4
Ethene	-154.60		48.60	729.82	13.57	3.1	32.0
Ethylene oxide	51.28	245.385	384.82	1043.44	19.60	3.0	100.0
Ethylamine	61.86	257.945	361.42	815.64	15.46		
Ethyl chloride							
Fluorine	-306.74		-199.89	756.42	35.83	N.a.	n.a.

Cac Nama	Boiling Po	int (1 atm)		Critical Point		Flammability in Air	
Gas Name	Temperature °F	Heat of Vapourization 70°F BTU/lb	Temperature °F	Pressure psi (a)	Density Ib/ft³	Lower Limit % Volume	Upper Limit % Volume
Helium	-452.05		-450.29	33.00	4.36	N.a.	n.a.
Hydrogen	-422.95		-399.93	190.44	1.96	4.0	74.5
Hydrogen bromide	-88.04	69.029	194.02	1240.36	50.38	N.a.	n.a.
Hydrogen chloride	-120.98	113.120	124.72	1205.10	28.09	N.a.	n.a.
Hydrogen fluoride	67.16		370.42	940.56	18.10	N.a.	n.a.
Hydrogen sulphide	-76.61	182.314	212.70	1299.99	21.60	4.0	44.0
Krypton	-244.01		-82.82	798.02	57.36	n.a.	n.a.
Methane	-258.66		-116.61	667.81	10.09	5.0	15.0
Methylamine	20.63	335.510	314.44	1081.64	12.59	4.9	20.7
Methyl bromide	38.43	106.708	380.95	1160.33	37.99	10.0	16.0
Methyl chloride	-11.58	164.406	289.60	968.77	22.67	10.7	17.4
Methyl mercaptan	42.75	212.839	386.26	1049.31	20.71	4.0	22.0
Neon	-410.89		-379.73	384.79	30.21	N.a.	n.a.
Nitric oxide	-241.17		-135.38	940.56	32.46	N.a.	n.a.
Nitrogen	-320.42		-232.67	492.33	19.41	N.a.	n.a.
Nitrogen dioxide	69.55		316.78	1469.70	34.82	N.a.	n.a.
Nitrogen trifluoride	-200.29		-38.72	657.02	37.33	N.a.	n.a.
Nitrous oxide	-127.24	70.666	97.58	1050.78	28.22	N.a.	n.a.
Octafluoropropane	-34.13	33.672	161.44	388.72	39.26	N.a.	n.a.
Oxygen	-297.34		-181.41	731.44	27.22	n.a	n.a.
Phosgene	45.63	104.449	359.35	822.99	32.46	N.a.	n.a.
Phosphine	-125.91	116.744	124.90	947.92	18.73		
Propadiene	-30.08	186.405	248.02	793.37	15.44		
Propane	-43.65	146.960	206.03	616.31	13.57	2.2	9.5
Propene	-53.82	147.470	198.38	676.62	13.94	2.0	10.5
Ргорупе	-9.76	208.082	264.65	816.23	15.25	1.7	12.0
<b>R 11</b> Trichlorofluoromethane	74.90	79.208	388.51	639.2/8	34.58		
<b>R 12</b> Dichlorodifluoromethane	-21.60	61.154	233.26	598.28	34.78	N.a.	n.a.
R 13 Chlorotrifluoromethane	-114.52	24.064	83.88	572.33	36.17	N.a.	n.a.
R 13 b1 Bromotrifluoromethane	-72.18	35.406	152.62	576.09	46.48	N.a.	n.a.
<b>R 14</b> Tetrafluoromethane	-198.49		-50.15	542.29	39.24	N.a.	n.a.
R 23 Trifluoromethane	48.04	100.250	353.19	751.86	32.78	N.a.	N.a.

Gas Name	Boiling Poi	int (1 atm)		Critical Point		Flammab	ility in Air
Gas Name	Temperature °F	Heat of Vapourization 70°F BTU/lb	Temperature °F	Pressure psi (a)	Density Ib/ft³	Lower Limit % Volume	Upper Limit % Volume
R 21 Dichlorofluoromethane	-41.47	79.594	205.09	721.00	32.52	n.a.	n.a.
R 22 Chlorodifluoromethane	-115.87	33.395	78.35	701.45	32.79	n.a.	n.a.
R 114 1,2-Dichlorotetrafluorethane	38.81	55.491	294.28	473.23	36.33	n.a.	n.a.
R 115 Chloropentafluoroethane	-38.38	41.375	176.02	457.94	38.27	n.a.	n.a.
R 116 Hexafluoroethane	-108.74		67.39	432.08	38.46	N.a.	n.a.
R 134a Tetraflouroethane	-14.78	78.666	214.09	589.45	31.69	N.a.	n.a.
R 142b 1-Chloro-1,1-difluoroethane	14.00	87.570	278.71	598.13	27.16	9.0	15.0
R 152a 1,1-Difluoroethane	-14.42	121.954	236.23	652.51	22.78	4.0	18.0
Silane	-169.85		25.81	702.48	15.11	1.0	100
Silicon tetrafluoride	-139.25		6.55	539.35	39.38	N.a.	n.a.
Sulphur dioxide	13.98	152.612	315.70	1143.52	32.78	N.a.	n.a.
Sulphur hexafluoride	-83.00	28.302	113.99	545.35	45.93	N.a.	n.a.
Trimethylamine	37.19	162.632	320.20	590.80	14.53	2.0	11.6
Tungsten hexafluoride						N.a.	n.a.
Vinyl bromide	60.46	98.433	391.75	1041.39	33.38		24.9
Vinyl chloride	7.95	140.958	317.95	822.38	21.80	4.0	22.0
Vinyl methyl ether	41.92	174.163	326.95	677.34	17.27	2.6	39.0
Xenon	-162.60		61.88	847.10	69.46	N.a.	n.a.

# Material Compatibility

Gas Name	Chemical formula	Aluminum	Brass	Carbon steel	Соррег	Monel®	Polyethene	PVC	Stainless steel	Buna® N	Butyl rubber	Kel-F®	Neoprene®	Nylon®	Teflon®	Viton®
Acetylene	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>2</sub>	1	✓ 2	1	×	×	×	1	1		✓	1	1		1	$\checkmark$
Air, synthetic		<ul> <li>Image: A start of the start of</li></ul>	✓	<ul> <li>Image: A second s</li></ul>	1	✓	✓	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	<b>√</b>
Ammonia	NH <sub>3</sub>	1	×	<ul> <li>Image: A second s</li></ul>	✓ <sub>1</sub>	×		1	1		1	1	1	×	1	×
Argon	Ar	1	1	1	1	✓	✓	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	<b>v</b>
Arsine	AsH <sub>3</sub>	×	<ul> <li>Image: A second s</li></ul>	1	1	1	✓	1	1	1		1	1		1	
Bosron trichloride	BCl <sub>3</sub>	1	<ul> <li>Image: A second s</li></ul>	1	×	1	1	1	1		1	1	×		1	
Boron trifluoride	BF <sub>3</sub>	✓ <sub>1</sub>	×	✓ <sub>1</sub>	×	✓ <sub>1</sub>	1	1	✓ <sub>1</sub>		<ul> <li>Image: A second s</li></ul>	1	1		1	
1,3-Butadiene	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>6</sub>	1	1	~	~	1	1	1	1	×	×	1	1		1	
n-Butane	$C_4H_{10}$	1	1	1	~	1	×	1	1	1	×	1	1		1	
iso-Butane	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>10</sub>	1	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	×	1	1		1	
1-Butene	$C_4H_8$	1	1	1	1	1	×	1	1	1	×	1	1		1	
cis-2-Butene	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>8</sub>	1	1	1	1	1	×	1	1	1	×	1	1		1	
iso-Butene	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>8</sub>	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		X	1	1		1	
trans-2-Butene	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>8</sub>	1	1	1	1	1	X	1	1	1	X	1	1		1	
Carbon dioxide	CO <sub>2</sub>	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	×	1	1	1		1	1
Carbon monoxide	СО	1	1		1	1	1	1	1	×	×	1	×		1	
Carbonyl sulfide	COS	✓ <sub>1</sub>	✓ <sub>1</sub>	✓ <sub>1</sub>	✓ <sub>1</sub>	✓ <sub>1</sub>		1	✓ <sub>1</sub>			1		1	1	<i>✓</i>
Chlorine	Cl <sub>2</sub>	×	×	1	×	1	×	1	1	1		1	×	×	1	1
Cholorine triflouride	CIF <sub>3</sub>	✓ <sub>13</sub>	×	✓ <sub>10</sub>	1	1		X	✓ <sub>10</sub>	×	X	✓ <sub>13</sub>	×		1	
Cyanogen	CNCN			1	×				1			1			1	
Cyanogen chloride	CNCI				×				1			1			1	
Cyclopropane	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>6</sub>	1	1	1	1	1	X	1	1	1	X	1	1		1	
Deuterium	D <sub>2</sub>	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		1	
Diborane	B <sub>2</sub> H <sub>6</sub>	1	1	1	1	1			1			1		1	1	1
Dichlorosilane	SiH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>	×	×	X	×	X	<b>√</b> <sub>7</sub>		1	×	X	✓ <sub>10</sub>	X	×	✓ <sub>11</sub>	1
Dimethylamine	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NH	×	×	1	×	X	1	1	1	×	X	✓			1	×
Dimethyl ether	C2H60	1	1	1	1	1			1	1	X	×	X		1	
2,2-Dimethylpropane	C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>12</sub>	1	1	1	~	1	X	1	1	1	X	~	1		1	×
Ethane	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>6</sub>	1	~	<ul> <li>Image: A start of the start of</li></ul>	~	1	1	1	1	1	X	1	1		1	
Ethene	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	1	~	✓	~	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	✓

Chemical formula	Aluminum	Brass	Carbon steel	Соррег	Monel®	Polyethene	PVC	Stainless steel	Buna® N	Butyl rubber	Kel-F®	Neoprene®	Nylon®	Teflon®	Viton®	
$C_2H_4O$	×	×	1	×				1	×	×	~	×		~	×	
C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> NH <sub>2</sub>	1	×	1	×	1	1	1	1		1	1	1		1		
C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> Cl	✓ <sub>1</sub>	$\checkmark_{1}$	$\checkmark_1$	✓ <sub>1</sub>	✓ <sub>1</sub>		×	$\checkmark_1$	<ul> <li>Image: A second s</li></ul>	×	1	1		1	1	
F,	1	1	1	1	1	X	×	1	X	×	1	×		1	X	

Ethylene Ethylami Ethyl chl Fluorine Germane Helium Hydroge	ne oride	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> O C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> NH <sub>2</sub> C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> Cl F <sub>2</sub>	×	× ×	<ul> <li>Image: A second s</li></ul>	×	1										
Ethyl chl Fluorine Germane Helium	oride	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> Cl	✓ ✓_1	X			<b>_</b>			$\checkmark$	×	×	1	×		<ul> <li>Image: A start of the start of</li></ul>	×
Fluorine Germane Helium			✓ <sub>1</sub>		$\checkmark$	×	1	✓	1	1		1	1	1		1	
Germane Helium	!	F <sub>2</sub>		$\checkmark_1$	$\checkmark_{i}$	$\checkmark_1$	$\checkmark_{i}$		X	$\checkmark_1$	1	×	1	1		1	1
Helium	!	-	1	1	1	1	1	×	X	1	×	×	1	×		1	×
		GeH <sub>4</sub>	1	1	1	1	1			1			1		1	1	1
Hydroge		Не	1	1	1	1	1	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	n	H <sub>2</sub>	1	1	1	1	1	✓		1	<ul> <li>Image: A second s</li></ul>	1	1	1	1	1	1
Нудгоде	n bromide	HBr	×	✓ <sub>1</sub>	✓ <sub>1</sub>	✓ <sub>5</sub>	×	✓	1	✓ <sub>1</sub>	×	×	1	×		1	1
Нудгоде	n chloride	HCI	×	✓ <sub>1</sub>	✓ <sub>1</sub>	×	✓ <sub>8</sub>	$\checkmark$	✓ <sub>7</sub>	✓ <sub>1</sub>		×	✓ <sub>10</sub>	×		✓ <sub>11</sub>	1
Нудгоде	n fluoride	HF	×	✓ <sub>3</sub>	✓ <sub>9</sub>	×	✓ <sub>3</sub>	✓ <sub>7</sub>	X	×			✓ <sub>10</sub>	1		✓ <sub>11</sub>	1
Нудгоде	n selenide	HSe	×	×	1	×	×			1			1		1	<ul> <li>Image: A start of the start of</li></ul>	1
Нудгоде	n sulphide	H <sub>2</sub> S	✓ <sub>1</sub>	<b>X</b> <sub>1</sub>	1	1	1	1	1	$\checkmark_1$	1	<ul> <li>Image: A second s</li></ul>	✓ <sub>10</sub>	1		✓ <sub>11</sub>	
Krypton		Kr	1	1	1	1	1	✓	1	1	<ul> <li>Image: A second s</li></ul>	1	1	1	1	1	1
Methane		CH <sub>4</sub>	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	<ul> <li>Image: A second s</li></ul>	×	1	1	1	1	1
Methylar	nine	CH <sub>3</sub> NH <sub>2</sub>	1	×	1	×	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		1	1
Methyl b	romide	CH <sub>3</sub> Br	<b>X</b> <sub>6</sub>	1	$\checkmark_{1}$	×	✓. 1	×	×	✓ <sub>1</sub>	×	×	1	×		1	
Methyl c	hloride	CH <sub>3</sub> Cl	<b>X</b> <sub>6</sub>	1	$\checkmark_{1}$	×	✓ <sub>1</sub>	×	×	✓ <sub>1</sub>	×	×	1	×		1	
Methyl fl	uoride	CH <sub>3</sub> F	1	1	1	1	1		1	1	~		1	1		1	1
Methyl n	nercaptan	CH <sub>3</sub> SH	×	×	1	×	×	1	1	1		1	1	1		1	
Neon		Ne	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	~	1	1	1	1	1
Nitric oxi	de	NO	✓ <sub>1</sub>	×	$\checkmark_{1}$	<b>X</b> 1	1	1	1	$\checkmark_1$		1	1	1		1	1
Nitrogen		N <sub>2</sub>	1	1	1	1	1	✓	1	1	<ul> <li>Image: A start of the start of</li></ul>	1	1	1	1	1	1
Nitrogen	dioxide	NO <sub>2</sub>	✓ <sub>1</sub>	×	$\checkmark_{1}$	×	1	1	×	1			1			1	×
Nitrogen	trifluoride	NF <sub>3</sub>			✓ <sub>10</sub>	✓ <sub>13</sub>	✓ <sub>10</sub>			✓ <sub>10</sub>			1			1	
Nitrous c	xide	N <sub>2</sub> 0	×	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	<b>√</b>	1	1		1	1
Octafluo	opropane	C <sub>3</sub> F <sub>8</sub>	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			1			1	
Oxygen		02	×	1	<ul> <li>Image: A second s</li></ul>	1	1	X	X	~		<ul> <li>Image: A second s</li></ul>	~	1		~	1
Phosgen	e	COCl <sub>2</sub>	×	<ul> <li>Image: A second s</li></ul>	✓ <sub>1</sub>	$\checkmark_1$	1	1	✓ <sub>7</sub>	✓ <sub>1</sub>	~	1	~	1		~	1
Phosphir	ie	PH <sub>3</sub>	×		1		×			~			~		1	~	
Propane		C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>8</sub>	~	1	1	1	1	X	$\checkmark$	~	$\checkmark$	X	~	1		~	1

# Material Compatibility

Gas Name	Chemical formula	Aluminum	Brass	Carbon steel	Соррег	Monel®	Polyethene	PVC	Stainless steel	Buna® N	Butyl rubber	Kel-F®	Neoprene®	Nylon®	Teflon®	Viton®
Propene	$C_{3}H_{6}$	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	×	×	1	1		1	1
Propyne	$C_3H_4$	1	1	1	1	×	1		1			1	1		~	
R 11 Trichlorofluoromethane	CFCl <sub>3</sub>	1	1	1	1	1			1	1		1	×		~	1
R 12 Dichlorodifluoromethane	CF <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>	1	1	✓	1	1	1	<ul> <li>Image: A second s</li></ul>	1	1	×	1	1		×	1
R 13 Chlorotrifluoromethane	CF <sub>3</sub> Cl	1	1	<ul> <li>Image: A second s</li></ul>	1	1		1	1	1	1	1	<ul> <li>Image: A second s</li></ul>	1	1	
R~13 b1 Bromotrifluoromethane	CF <sub>3</sub> Br	1	1	✓	1	1	×	<ul> <li>Image: A second s</li></ul>	1	1	1	1	1	1	~	
<b>R 14</b> Tetrafluoromethane	CF <sub>4</sub>	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		1	<ul> <li>Image: A second s</li></ul>	1	1	1	
R 21 Dichlorofluoromethane	CHFCl <sub>2</sub>	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	×	×	<ul> <li>Image: A second s</li></ul>	×	1	1	
R 22 Chlorodifluoromethane	CHF <sub>2</sub> Cl	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	×	1	<ul> <li>Image: A second s</li></ul>	1	×	×	×
R 23 Trifluoromethane	CHF <sub>3</sub>	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		1	1	1		1	
R 114 1,2-Dichlorotetrafluorethane	C <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> F <sub>4</sub>	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		1	1
R 115 Chloropentafluoroethane	C <sub>2</sub> CIF <sub>5</sub>	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		1	
R 116 Hexafluoroethane	C2F6	1	1	1	1	1			1			1			1	
R 142b 1-Chloro-1,1-difluoroethane	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>3</sub> ClF <sub>2</sub>	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		1	×
R 152a 1,1-Difluoroethane	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> F <sub>2</sub>	1	1	1	1	1	✓ <sub>7</sub>	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Silane	SiH <sub>4</sub>	1	1	1	1	1			1			1	1	1	1	1
Silicon tetrafluoride	SiF <sub>4</sub>	×		✓ <sub>9</sub>	✓ <sub>1</sub>	1	✓ <sub>7</sub>	X	×			✓ <sub>10</sub>	1		✓ <sub>11</sub>	
Sulphur dioxide	SO <sub>2</sub>	✓ <sub>1</sub>	✓ <sub>1</sub>	✓ <sub>1</sub>		✓ <sub>1</sub>			✓ <sub>1</sub>	×	1	✓ <sub>10</sub>	×	×	✓ <sub>11</sub>	
Sulphur hexafluoride	SF <sub>6</sub>	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Trimethylamine	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> N	×	×	1	×	×	1	1	1	×	1	1	1		1	×
Tungsten hexafluoride	WF <sub>6</sub>	✓ <sub>13</sub>		✓ <sub>10</sub>	✓ <sub>13</sub>	✓ <sub>10</sub>			✓ <sub>10</sub>			1			1	
Vinyl bromide	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>3</sub> Br	✓ <sub>1</sub>	×	1	×	×	1	1	1		1	1	X	1	1	
Vinyl chloride	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>3</sub> Cl	✓ <sub>1</sub>	✓ <sub>1</sub>	✓ <sub>1</sub>	$\checkmark_1$	✓ <sub>1</sub>	1		✓ <sub>1</sub>		1	1	1	1	1	1
Vinyl methyl ether	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>6</sub> O	1	<u> </u>	1	1	1	1	1	1		1	✓	1		✓	
Xenon	Хе	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

- Leaend
- ✓ Good
- / Fair
- Avoid

Avoid in presence of moisture <65% Cu Avoid in presence of oxygen

5 In absence of oxygen

Possible forming of spontaneously flammable compounds <50°C (120°F) <100°C (210°F) 9 <150°C (300°F) 10 <180°C (360°F) 11 <250°C (480°F) 12 <350°C (660°F) 13 <400°C (750°F)

## **Conversion Tables**

## Dew Point – Moisture

Dew	Point	Moi	sture	Dew	Point	Mois	sture
°C	°F	vpm	Mg/m³	°C	°F	vvpm	Mg/m³
-20	-4.0	1,030	790	-55	-67.0	20.6	15.7
-21	-5.8	940	710	-56	-68.8	18.2	13.8
-22	-7.6	860	640	-57	-70.6	15.9	11.1
-23	-9.4	765	580	-58	-72.4	13.9	10.6
-24	-11.2	697	527	-59	-74.2	12.1	9.2
-25	-13.0	625	478	-60	-76.0	10.6	8.0
-26	-14.8	553	430	-61	-77.8	9.2	7.0
-27	-16.6	517	390	-62	-79.6	8.0	6.2
-28	-18.4	467	352	-63	-81.4	6.98	5.3
-29	-20.2	426	318	-64	-83.2	6.08	4.6
-30	-22.0	380	288	-65	-85.0	5.28	4.0
-31	-23.8	342	260	-66	-86.8	4.58	3.5
-32	-25.6	309	232	-67	-88.6	3.96	3.0
-33	-27.4	276	210	-68	-90.4	3.40	2.6
-34	-29.2	249	188	-69	-92.2	2.94	2.2
-35	-31.0	222	168	-70	-94.0	2.53	1.9
-36	-32.8	200	151	-71	-95.8	2.17	1.7
-37	-34.6	179	135	-72	-97.6	1.87	1.4
-38	-36.4	162	122	-73	-99.4	1.61	1.2
-39	-38.2	144	109	-74	-101.2	1.37	1.0
-40	-40.0	128	97	-75	-103.0	1.17	0.9
-41	-41.8	114	86	-76	-104.8	1.01	0.8
-42	-43.6	102	77	-77	-106.6	0.86	0.7
-43	-45.4	90	68.5	-78	-108.4	0.73	0.6
-44	-47.2	80	61.0	-79	-110.2	0.62	0.5
-45	.49.0	71.9	54.1	-80	-112.0	0.52	0.4
-46	-50.8	63.5	48.0	-81	-113.8	0.50	0.34
-47	-57.6	56.2	42.5	-82	-115.6	0.38	0.29
-48	-54.4	49.9	37.8	-83	-117.4	0.32	0.24
-49	-56.2	44.0	33.3	-84	-119.2	0.26	0.19
-50	-58.0	39.0	29.5	-85	-121.0	0.22	0.17
-51	-59.8	34.2	26.0	-86	-122.8	0.19	0.14
-52	-61.6	30.4	23.0	-87	-124.6	0.16	0.12
-53	-63.4	26.7	20.3	-88	-126.4	0.11	0.10
-54	-65.2	23.4	17.8	-89	-128.6	0.11	0.08

## **Conversion Tables**

## Pressure units (1 bar = 14.5 psi)

psi	Bar	kPa
1	0.07	7
2	0.14	14
5	0.34	34
10	0.69	69
20	1.38	138
30	2.07	207
50	3.45	345
100	6.89	690
300	20.68	2,068
500	34.47	3,447
1,000	68.95	6,895
2,000	137.90	13,790
4,000	275.79	27,579
		1
bar	psi	kpa
0.1	1.45	10
0.5	7.25	50
1	14.50	100
2	29.00	200
5	72.52	500
10	145.03	1,000
20	290.06	2,000
50	725.15	5,000
100	1,450.30	10,000
200	2,900.60	20,000
300	4,350.90	30,000
400	5,801.20	40,000

## Tightness – Leakage

cm³/sec (helium)	Time for leakage of 1 cm³ helium at 1atm
1 x 10 <sup>-1</sup>	10 seconds
1 x 10 <sup>-2</sup>	1.5 minutes
1 x 10 <sup>-3</sup>	15.0 minutes
1 x 10 <sup>-4</sup>	3 hours
1 x 10 <sup>-5</sup>	30 hours
1 x 10 <sup>-6</sup>	12 days
1 x 10 <sup>-7</sup>	4 months
1 x 10 <sup>-8</sup>	3 years
1 x 10 <sup>-9</sup>	30 years
1 x 10 <sup>-10</sup>	300 years
1 x 10 <sup>-11</sup>	3,000 years
1 x 10 <sup>-12</sup>	30,000 years

## Gas – Mass – Liquid

	m³ gas (+15°C,		Litre liquid (boiling point
1 m <sup>3</sup>	1013 mbar)	kg	1013 mbar)
Acetylene	1.0	1.11	-
Argon	1.0	1.69	1.21
Helium	1.0	0.169	1.35
Hydrogen	1.0	0.085	1.20
Carbon Dioxide	1.0	1.87	2.29
Nitrogen	1.0	1.19	1.47
Oxygen	1.0	1.36	1.19
Propane	1.0	1.90	3.28
1 kg			
1 kg	0.000	1.0	
Acetylene	0.902	1.0	-
Argon	0.591	1.0	0.717
Helium	5.91	1.0	7.98
Hydrogen	11.74	1.0	14.10
Carbon Dioxide	0.534	1.0	1.22
Nitrogen	0.843	1.0	1.24
Oxygen	0.738	1.0	0.876
Propane	0.525	1.0	1.72
1 litre liquid			
Acetylene	-	-	-
Argon	0.825	1.39	1.0
Helium	0.741	0.125	1.0
Hydrogen	0.832	0.071	1.0
Carbon Dioxide	0.436	0818	1.0
Nitrogen	0.681	0.807	1.0
Oxygen	0.842	1.14	1.0
Propane	0.305	0.582	1.0

## ppm (part per million) – percentage

1 ppm	=	0.000%	
10 ppm	=	0.001%	
100 ppm	=	0.01%	
1,000 ppm	=	0.1%	
10,000 ppm	=	1.0%	
10,000 ppm	=	10.0%	
1,000,000 ppm	=	1000.0%	

## Safety

#### Cylinder Handling

Safety is of paramount importance. There are no higher priorities than the health and safety of our employees, customers, suppliers and community. Below you will find important information on the safe handling and storage of our gas cylinders.

- Always wear gloves, safety glasses, and safety shoes with protective metal toes when moving cylinders.
- Always secure cylinders with proper restraint devices, to prevent them from falling over.
- Move cylinders only with approved cylinder hand carts.
- Do not roll a cylinder when there is adequate space to use a cart.
- Do not drag or slide cylinders.
- Review your intended path and ensure it is clear of obstructions (stones, ice, etc.). Always plan an emergency escape.
- Always keep the cylinder protective cap secured when the cylinder is not in use.
- Use only proper equipment to remove cylinder caps.
- Never tamper with the pressure relief device (part of the valve) on the cylinder.
- Do not remove or alter the product identification label.
- Firmly secure the cylinder prior to connecting valves or regulators.
- Do not move a cylinder with a regulator or valve attached.
- Close the valve and replace the cylinder thread cap (if supplied) and the cylinder valve cap prior to returning the empty cylinder to storage or your supplier. Suppliers may not transport cylinders without their protective valve cap.
- Ensure the supply line is empty before disconnection.
- After use, mark the cylinder with "MT" using an appropriate tag before returning to cylinder storage or your supplier.

If for any reason your cylinder has fallen, remember that it has a potential weight of up to 90.7 kg (200 lbs). Ensure you are wearing proper gloves and safety shoes before moving a cylinder. Remember to keep your back straight and bend your knees when lifting a cylinder. Inspect the cap area for damage before moving it and ensure it is not bent or loose. Lift the cylinder to an upright position, then inspect the cylinder and cap area again before use.

The effects of the unintentional release of energy by a compressed gas cylinder can have devastating results. Over 68 kg (150 lbs) of steel, traveling at high speed, can cause severe damage, personal injury and even death.

ALWAYS KNOW THE PROPERTIES OF A GAS PRIOR TO ITS USE!

#### Connecting and Using Regulators

- 1 Remove the protective valve cap and the valve dust cap (if supplied) from your cylinder.
- 2 Inspect the valve to make sure there is no foreign matter that could affect the connection.
- **3** Make sure the regulator has compatible materials of construction, and has the right cylinder connection. In many cases, the CGA connection is stamped into the side of the connection.
  - Never change connections or use adaptors.
  - Soft materials are used in a regulator to create pressure seals. These become enriched over time, and you can at best contaminate your gas line. At worst, you could end up mixing flammable and oxidizing gases which could cause a fire or explosion.
- 4 Make sure the cylinder and regulator are angled slightly so you are not looking directly into the regulator gauges.
- 5 Before you open the cylinder valve, check to make sure the hand knob is turned fully out, and not putting any pressure on the load spring. Turn the hand knob counter-clockwise to ensure this.
- 6 Be sure the outlet valve (if attached) is closed, so you do not flow gas before you are ready.
- 7 Slowly open the cylinder valve. Turn the valve all the way open. Once done, turn it closed by onequarter of a turn. By doing this, you can ensure that *if* the contents of the cylinder leak out, the operator will know that the cylinder is empty by being able to slightly turn the valve. Many cylinder valves are damaged due to operators overstressing the valve by trying to open an already-open cylinder valve.
- 8 Once the inlet pressure is in the gas chamber, check the cylinder connection for leaks.
- **9** Slowly turn in the hand knob to get your required outlet pressure, then open your outlet valve. The gas can be used safely.
- 10 When you finish using your regulator for the day, turn off the cylinder, let the gas bleed out through your system, turn out the hand knob to release spring tension, and close the outlet valve. When required, remove your regulator, and replace the dust plug and valve safety cap.

Note: Never leave pressure in a regulator.

# Safety

#### **Emergency Planning**

Wherever compressed gases are handled, a written emergency plan should be in place that covers the steps to be taken in the event of an accidental release of gas. This plan should consider the nature of the gases being handled (i.e., that is their chemical and physical properties) especially their toxicity, flammability and corrosiveness.

The plan should have alarm and evacuation protocols, assigned response personnel with trained assigned duties, and a list of what emergency equipment should be on hand. Finally, all personnel should receive the proper training for that equipment, and for the containment or disposal methods for the product involved.

Be sure to:

- Identify all potential hazards and environmental factors that could trigger an emergency
- Develop emergency procedures for the gases being used
- Delegate roles and responsibilities for emergencies and ensure clear communication exists at all times
- Be familiar with your gas supplier's emergency response system
- Develop procedures for security and control during an emergency, including the need for a bomb threat program, where applicable
- Conduct regular training
- Carry out regular safety drills, to ensure that all staff members are aware of their responsibilities
- Have a central, easily accessible location for MSDS information
- Be prepared to act quickly and safely, in the event of an emergency

#### Cylinder Storage

- Cylinders can be stored indoors or outdoors
- It is important to refer to local and federal regulations for cylinder storage guidelines (i.e., national fire code)
- A "no smoking" policy must be enforced around cylinder storage areas
- Storage locations must be designated for gas use only (i.e., no storage of other chemicals)
- Emergency contact numbers, full and empty placards as well as cylinder type placards should be posted and clearly visible
- Cylinders should be stored in the upright position
- Cylinders should be secured with proper restraint devices
- Segregate cylinders according to hazard class
- Separate oxidizers and flammables (including "empty" cylinders) with a minimum distance of 20 feet, or with a two-metre high firewall with a fire rating of one hour

#### If Stored Indoors

- Storage area should be well ventilated free of flame, sparks or electrical circuits
- Storage area should be level, fireproof and dry
- Storage temperature should always be below 52°C (125°F)
- Storage area should be located at ground level, whenever possible
- Cylinders should be stored in environmentally friendly areas

#### If Stored Outdoors

- Storage area should be free of flame, sparks or electrical circuits
- The area should be level, fireproof, dry and well drained
- Cylinders should be stored in environmentally friendly areas
- All cylinders should be sheltered from the elements, whenever possible
- Cylinders should not be exposed to direct sunlight, with ambient temperatures no higher than 50°C (122°F)
- Ensure cylinder/equipment protection from rain/ snow/ice
- Cylinders should not be in direct contact with the ground

## **CGA Connections**

## Pure Gas CGA Selection Chart for Fittings

CGA Fittings Required	Pure Gas	CGA Fittings Required	Pure Gas
510/300	Acetylene <i>(510 - Female</i>	580/677/680	Helium
	thread -MALE regulator)	350	Hydrogen
	(300 - Male thread - FÉMALE	330	Hydrogen Chloride
500 /2 //	regulator)	330	Hydrogen Sulphide
590/346	Air	510	Isobutane
240/660/705	Ammonia	510	Isobutylene
580/677/680	Argon	580	Krypton
350	Arsine	350	Methane
660	Boron Trichloride	510	Methyl Chloride
330	Boron Trifluoride	705	Monomethylamine
510	1,3-Butadiene	580	Neon
510	n-Butane	660	Nitric Oxide
320	Carbon Dioxide	580/677/680	Nitrogen
350	Carbon Monoxide	640	Nitrogen Trifluoride
660	Chlorine	326	Nitrous Oxide
510	Cyclopropane	540	Oxygen*
350	Deuterium	350	Phosphine
678	Dichlorosilane	510	Propane
350	Disilane	510	Propylene
350	Ethane	350	Silane
350	Ethylene	330	Silicon Tetrafluoride
510	Ethylene Oxide	660	Sulphur Dioxide
320	Halocarbon 14	590	Sulphur Hexafluoride
350	Halocarbon 32	670	Tungsten Hexafluoride
660	Halocarbon 116	580	Xenon
660	Halocarbon 318		λειιυΠ

\* CGA varies with concentration of Oxygen: CGA 580 < 5 % CGA 590 > 5-23 % CGA 296 > 23%

# Index

#### #

π
1,3 Butadiene
6R107
30AR Series
050-70000 Series
202
204
400 Series
450B
460
500
504
505
510
539 Series
1170 Series
1190
1191
4300 Series
4700 Series
5300 Series
5400 Series
6040 Series
6103A
6104A
6284
6290 Series
6502
6503
6530 Series
7300 Series
7400 Series
8014KA
8057A
8066
8078
8099 Series
8124
8170 Series
8172 Series
8172 series
8270 Series
8270 series
8272 selles
8274
8280 Series
90001
90001
29002

#### Α

A208
A209
Accessories and Ancillary Equipment
Acetylene
Air
Alarm Boxes
Ammonia14,55, 132
Argon15, 56,57, 93, 133
Argon, Liquid
Arsine
Automatic Switchover, IntelliSwitch <sup>™</sup> 201

#### В

B40
BASELINE™
Benzene
BIP® Technology
Blending Tolerances
BOC
Boron Trichloride
Boron Trifluoride
Boron-11 Trifluoride
BTEX Calibration Standards123
BTU Standards
Butadiene, 1,317
Butane

### С

C12HV/1
C81-2
C200/1
C200/2
C701
C1061
C1062
C3030
C3040
C3060 Series
C3060S Series
C3200 Series
C3210 Series
C3700 Series
C6200 Series
C6300 Series276
C6400 Series
C7900 Series
C8012 Series

C8020 Series
C8040 Series
C8050 Series
C8060
C8200 Series
Carbon Dioxide
Carbon Monoxide 21, 62, 96, 139
Carbon Tetrafluoride143
CEM Calibration Mixtures115
Central Gas Supply 165, 166, 167, 168
Certified Environemntal Calibration Standards118, 119
CGA Connections
CH1061174
CH1062178
Check Valves
Chlorine
Control Valves, Lecture Bottle
Conversion Tables
Cross Purge Assemblies
Cryogenic Containers
Cryospeed Liquid Gas Service51
CS620 Series
CS320 Series
CS900
Cylinder Blanket, Thermacal™
Cylinder Comparison Chart6
Cylinder Handling Equipment
Cylinder Holder, Wall Mounted291
Cylinder Restraints
Cylinder Scales
Cylinder Stand, Small
Cylinder Storage Systems
Cylinder Wrenches

## D

D204
Detector Tubes
Deuterium
Dichlorosilane
Difluoromethane
Dimensions, Speciality Gas Cylinder5
Disilane
Diving Gas Standards90
Dynamic Gas Blending Systems252

### Ε

ECOCYL <sup>®</sup>	108
Economical Gauges	
Edwards Vacuum Pumps	163
Electron Capture Detector (ECD) Mixtures	
Electronic Grade Pure Gases	131
Electronic Grade Mixtures	161
Electronic Grade Pure Gases	132
Environmental Daily Standards (EDS1)	115
Environmental Daily Standards (EDS2)	115
Environmental Mixtures	
EPA Protocol Gas Standards	114
Ethane	24, 64
Ethanol	65
Ethylene	
Ethylene Oxide	
Excimer Laser Mixtures	

#### F

Flame Ionization Detector Mixtures94
Flame Resistance of Cloth Test94
Flammable Limit Gas Mixtures95
Flash Arrestors
Flowmeter Principles, Basic
Flowmeter Alarms
Flowmeter Engineering Drawings241
Flowmeter Replacement Parts
Flowmeters
Fluorine
FM-1000 230, 240, 242
FM-1050 228, 240, 241
FM-1100 232, 240, 241, 242
FM-1127 232, 240, 242
Furnace Atmosphere Mixture

#### G

Gas Cabinets	
Gas Detection, Stationary	
Gas Detection, Portable	
Gas Detection, Toxic	
Gas Distribution Equipment	
Gas Generators, HiQ <sup>®</sup> Specialty	
Gas Monitor, Portable	
Gas Panels	199, 206-215
Gas Purifiers	
Gas Purifier, High Capacity	
Gas Purifier, High Pressure	
Gas Purity	

# Index

Gas Warmers, In-line
Gaseous Mercury (Hg <sup>0</sup> ) Calibration Standards121
Gauges, Economical
Gauges, Test
General Terms and Conditions of Sale7
Generator, Hydrogen No-Maintenance Series
Generator, Hydrogen Pure Gas Series262
Generator, LC/MS 0 Nitrogen Series266
Generator, LC/MS 4 Nitrogen Series267
Generator, Nitrogen SIROCCO DS-PSA Series
Generator, Ultra Zero Air Series
Generator, Zero Air Series

#### Н

Halocarbon 14143
Halocarbon 32144
Halocarbon 116145
Halocarbon 318145
Hand Trucks, Cylinder
Helium
Helium, Liquid
Hexafluorethane145
Hexane
HiQ <sup>®</sup> REDLINE169
HiQ <sup>®</sup> REDLINE Point of Use
Hoses, Flexible Stainless Steel
Hydrogen
Hydrogen Chloride 31, 71, 99, 148
Hydrogen Cyanide71
Hydrogen Fluoride71
Hydrogen Sulphide

#### I

Indoor Air Quality Test Kit	305
Isobutane	, 73
Isobutylene	.34

### Κ

Krypton	 	

### L

L40	2
Laser Mixtures	8
Laserline	8
Lasershield	8
Leak Detection Mixtures	7
Lecture Bottles	3
Lecture Bottle Holders	0
Liquid Hydrocarbon Standards10	1

#### Μ

M5	
Manifold System, Multi-station	280
Mass Flow Equipment	
Mass Flow Controller System	
Mass Flow Product Overview	
Mass Flowmeter System	
Material Compatability	
Methane	
Methanol	76
Method TO-14A Calibration Standards	124
Method TO-14A Calibration Standard Subsets	125
Method TO-15/TO-17 Calibration Standard	.126, 127
Methods 26, 26A &321 Calibration Gas Standard .	120
Methyl Mercaptan	77
Methylsilane	149
Mixers	234
Mixture Specifications	54
Mixtures	53
Mixture Accuracy	8
MM17, Transportable	103
MM58, Transportable	106
MM105, Transportable	104
MM221, Transportable	105
Moisture Mixtures	87
Monomethylamine	37

#### Ν

Natural Gas Standards	
n-butane	
Neon	
Nitric Oxide	
Nitrogen	.40, 41, 79, 94, 97, 114, 115,
	150, 264, 265, 266, 267
Nitrogen, Liquid	
Nitrogen Dioxide	
Nitrous Oxide	43, 81, 152
Nitrogen Trifluoride	
Nuclear Counter Mixtures	

#### 0

Octafluorocyclobutane14	5
Oxygen 44, 82, 90, 15	3

#### Ρ

P2100
P2300
P2500 Series
P2700 Series
P2900
PG-1000 Series
Phosphine
Physical Data
Pigtail Assemblies
Pipeline Natural Gas Standards
PM-1000 Series
Point of Use Regulators, HiQ <sup>®</sup> REDLINE
Portable 6R Cylinder Package107
Portable Calibration Gas (PCG) Packaging System108
Propane
Proportioners
Propylene
Pure Gases
PUR-GAS™ Purifier Systems

### Q

Q2015	3
-------	---

#### R

R104
R200/1
R480 Series
Regulators
Rigid Pigtails

#### S

\$200	
S201	
S202	
\$203	
Safety	331, 338
Safety Seminars, Gas and Equipment	
Scales	288, 289
Silane	
Silicon Tetrafluoride	
Spargers	
Special Application Mixtures	
Speciality Gas Cylinder Dimensions	
Spectra Gas Environmental Standards	
Stainless Steel Flexible Hoses	
Storage Cabinet, Lecture Bottle	
Sulphur Dioxide	

Sulphur Hexafluoride
Switchovers and Gas Panels
Switchover, Automatic
Switchover, Semi-automatic

#### Т

Tee Purge Assemblies	
Thermal Conductivity Detector Mixture	
TO-15/TO-17 Subset Calibration Standards	126, 127
Toxic Gas Detector System	
Transducer Assemblies	
Trap, Carbon Dioxide	
Trap, High Capacity Indicating Moisture	
Trap, Hydrocarbon	
Trap, Indicating Moisture	
Trap, Oxygen	
Transportables	
Transportable Regulators	110, 111
Trichlorosilane	158
Trimethylsilane	159
Tube-Cube <sup>®</sup>	
Tungsten Hexafluoride	

#### U

U.S. EPA PAMS Calibration Standards1	28, 12	29
--------------------------------------	--------	----

#### ۷

Vacuum Pumps, Edwards	163
Valves, Check	286
Valve, Excess Flow Control	285
Valves, Lecture Bottle Control	290
Vehicle Emission Standards	116
Vinyl Chloride	
VOC Standards Make vs. Buy	122

#### W

W40	
WG	
Water	

#### Х

Xenon		
-------	--	--



## Gas and Equipment Safety Seminars

Compressed gases present several hazards. There are many special precautions that must be taken in order to ensure safe storage and usage. Learn more about these safety considerations by attending a Linde Gas and Equipment Safety Seminar.

This seminar is a mixture of classroom and hands-on training provided by a trained Linde representative. Training materials are provided by Linde. The program can be tailored to meet your specific safety considerations for the products you use. Everyone who moves or handles gas cylinders should attend.

Seminar Topics include:

- Storage requirements and incompatibilities
- Handling guidelines
- Handling liquefied gases and refrigerated liquids
- Material Safety Data Sheets and WHMIS labels
- Recommended personnel protective equipment
- Usage area
- Equipment selection, installation and operation
- Hazard prevention
- Product stewardship
- Emergency Response

Linde also offers site reviews to observe safety challenges and concerns.

To learn more about our Gas and Equipment Safety Seminars and Site Reviews, contact your local Sales Representative, or our Customer Service Centre at:

Tel (866) 385-5349 Fax (866)-385-5347 scientific@lindecanada.com www.lindecanada.com

## origami

[origami] (jap., from ori 'folding' and kami 'paper'), the art of folding paper to create figures and artistic decoration. Existed in Japan already at the 9<sup>th</sup> century, when paper became a common material. Figures can be all from very simple to artistic and complex. They have been used both in ceremonies and as toys, pedagogical examples, wrappings, lamp screens, etc.

Source: Encyclopedia Britannica

# Getting ahead through innovation

For more than 125 years Linde has offered more to our industrial gas customers - creating added value and competitive advantages that help you achieve greater profitability. Through the acquisition of BOC, we are now more prepared than ever to provide high quality gas solutions and world class technical support.

Linde offers a wide range of compressed and liquefied gases as well as chemicals, across a range of industries and applications. Linde gases are used in welding, steel production, refining, chemical processing, environmental protection and welding, as well as in food processing, glass production and electronics. We are also a leading global player in the development of environmentally friendly hydrogen technology.

At Linde, our Specialty Gas business is focused on just two things: developing better gas technology and serving you wherever you are in the world. From ultra high purity atmospheric and specialty gases, to custom gas delivery systems and safety products, we are dedicated to finding innovative ways to supply your laboratory and process applications.

Linde is backed by the global resources of the The Linde Group which, following the acquisition of The BOC Group, PLC, in 2006, makes it the world's leading industrial gases and engineering company. The Linde Group has more than two million customers in 70 countries, sales of \$18 billion (CDN) and 53,000 employees worldwide.